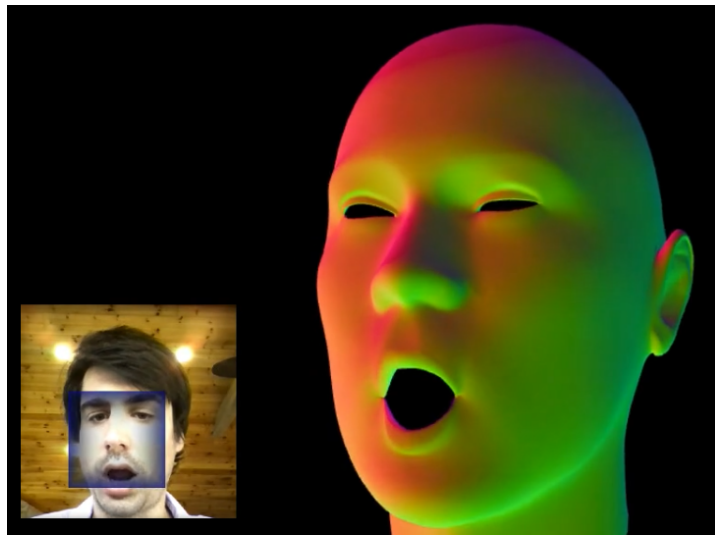


# JEELIZFACEEXPRESSIONS

XAVIER BOURRY (JEELIZ)



## 1 INTRODUCTION

*JEELIZFACEEXPRESSIONS* is an API to detect the user emotions and the rotation of the head from a video stream. *JEELIZFACEEXPRESSIONS* get the videostream, instantiate the neuron network and give in real-time user emotions. It is used by *WEBOJI* API. The 2 API have been separated because *JEFFACETRANSFER* could be used for other purpose than *webojis*. For example to detect if a client is satisfied or the mental state of a driver. *JEELIZFACEEXPRESSIONS* does not require *THREE.js*.

## 2 INTEGRATION

The application requires :

- The script **jeefacettransferNNC.js**,
- It is not launched directly, *WEBOJI* or other API should use *JEFFACETRANSFER*,
- A *<canvas>* element in the DOM. The video of the user with the detection window could be displayed on this canvas.

## 3 ATTRIBUTES (READ ONLY)

- *JEELIZFACEEXPRESSIONS.ready* : boolean, if the virtual fitter is ready or not

## 4 METHODS

### 4.1 Pre-init methods

All these methods SHOULD be called before *JEELIZFACEEXPRESSIONS.init()*.

- *JEELIZFACEEXPRESSIONS.set\_size(<integer> widthPx, <integer> heightPx)* : This function SHOULD be called before every other call, even *JEELIZFACEEXPRESSIONS.init()*. It sets the dimensions of the canvas in pixels,
- *JEELIZFACEEXPRESSIONS.onWebcamAsk(<function> callback)* : launch the callback just before asking for the webcam,
- *JEELIZFACEEXPRESSIONS.onWebcamGet(<function> callback)* : launch the callback just after getting the webcam video stream,
- *JEELIZFACEEXPRESSIONS.onContextLost(<function> callback)*: launch the callback if the webgl context is lost.

### 4.2 General methods

- *JEELIZFACEEXPRESSIONS.init(<object> spec)*: Init the library. *spec* is a dictionary with the following properties :

- *<string> canvasId*: ID of the *<canvas>* element,
- *<HTMLCanvasElement> canvas*: alternative to *<canvasId>*,
- *<string> NNCpath*: Where to find the neuron network model,
- *<string | object> NNC*: If *NNCpath* is not defined, JSON string content or parsed of the neuron network file,
- *<function> callbackReady(<string> errCode)* : callback function. If there is no error, *errCode* is set to *false*. See next section for the error codes,
- *<object> videoSettings*: dictionnary which overrides WebRTC MediaConstraints. It has the following properties:
  - \* *videoElement*: *<video>* element used. Not set by default. Useful to use a custom video. If specified, all other video settings are not used. A *<canvas>* or *<img>* element can also be provided,
  - \* *deviceId*: ID of the device, not set by default,
  - \* *facingMode*: default: *'user'*. to use the rear camera, set to *'environment'*,
  - \* *idealWidth*: ideal video width in pixels. default: *320*,
  - \* *idealHeight*: ideal video height in pixels. default: *240*,
  - \* *minWidth*: min video width in pixels. default: *240*,
  - \* *maxWidth*: max video width in pixels. default: *1280*,
  - \* *minHeight*: min video height in pixels. default: *240*,
  - \* *maxHeight*: max video height in pixels. default: *1280*,
  - \* *isAudio*: whether there is audio track or not. default: *false*.
- *JEELIZFACEEXPRESSIONS.onLoad(<function> callback)*: launch the callback function if JEELIZFACEEXPRESSIONS is ready, otherwise wait until it is ready,
- *JEELIZFACEEXPRESSIONS.switch\_sleep(<bool> isSleep)*: Stop the detection and the rendering loop, to save resources. It should be called when the fitter/viewer is not displayed,
- *JEELIZFACEEXPRESSIONS.get\_cv()*: return the DOM element of the video canvas,
- *JEELIZFACEEXPRESSIONS.get\_video()*: return the *<video>* element,
- *JEELIZFACEEXPRESSIONS.get\_videoStream()*: return the WebRTC raw video stream. It can be useful to record the audio track,
- *JEELIZFACEEXPRESSIONS.switch\_displayVideo(<boolean> isDisplayVideo)*: if true, display the video of the user on the DOM canvas element, with a marker to delimit the face. Can be used before the initialization of the API.
- *JEELIZFACEEXPRESSIONS.on\_detect(<function> callback)*: Launch the callback function if the face is detected or when the detection is lost. The callback is called with 1 argument, *true* if the face is detected, *false* if the detection is lost,

- *JEELIZFACEEXPRESSIONS.set\_animateDelay(<integer> delay)* : Change the delay between 2 detections. it can be helpful to free up some resources to speed up DOM transition or video encoding. The value is given in milliseconds,
- *JEELIZFACEEXPRESSIONS.set\_color([<float> R,<float> G,<float> B])*: set the color of the frame (if displaying the debug view only). R,G,B are between 0 and 1. Default is [0.0,0.5,1.0] (light blue).
- *JEELIZFACEEXPRESSIONS.destroy()*: Destroy the WebGL context, textures etc...

#### 4.3 Initialization error codes

These error codes can be returned as first argument of *callbackReady* :

- *false*: no error occurs,
- *ALREADY\_INITIALIZED*: the API has been already initialized,
- *NO\_CANVASID*: no canvas ID was specified,
- *INVALID\_CANVASID*: cannot found the *<canvas>* element in the DOM,
- *WEBCAM\_UNAVAILABLE*: cannot get access to the webcam (the user has no webcam, or it has not accepted to share the device, or the webcam is already busy),
- *GL\_INCOMPATIBLE*: WebGL is not available, or this WebGL configuration is not enough (there is no WebGL2, or there is WebGL1 without *OES\_TEXTURE\_FLOAT* or *OES\_TEXTURE\_HALF\_FLOAT* extension).

#### 4.4 Morph and rotation

These methods are used by higher level scripts (for example *WEBOJI*) to get the morph coefficients and the rotation from the neural network.

- *JEELIZFACEEXPRESSIONS.get\_nMorphs()*: returns the number of morphs,
- *JEELIZFACEEXPRESSIONS.get\_morphTargetInfluences()*: returns the array with the morph coefficients,
- *JEELIZFACEEXPRESSIONS.get\_morphTargetInfluencesStabilized()*: returns the array with the morph coefficients stabilized,
- *JEELIZFACEEXPRESSIONS.get\_morphUpdateCallback()*: function launched when the morph coefficients array is updated. The function is called with these arguments :
  - *<float> quality*: quality of the detection, between 0 (bad quality) and 1 (high quality),
  - *<float> benchmarkCoeff*: higher it is, less powerful is the computer of the user. Can be directly used as a factor of the blending coefficients for morphing amortization,
- *JEELIZFACEEXPRESSIONS.get\_rotation()*: return an array with the 3 euler angles which characterize the head rotation,
- *JEELIZFACEEXPRESSIONS.get\_rotationStabilized()*: same than

- *get\_rotation()* method but with more stabilization and automatic rotation if the head is not found,
- *JEELIZFACEEXPRESSIONS.get\_positionScale()*: return a 3 floats array,  $[P_x, P_y, s]$ .  $P_x$  and  $P_y$  are the 2D position coordinates (relative to viewport size, each between 0 and 1).  $s$  is the scale relative to the width (1 for full width).  $P_x$  and  $P_y$  are oriented respectively from left to right (in mirrored view) and from bottom to top.
- *JEELIZFACEEXPRESSIONS.is\_detected()*: returns if the face is detected or not.