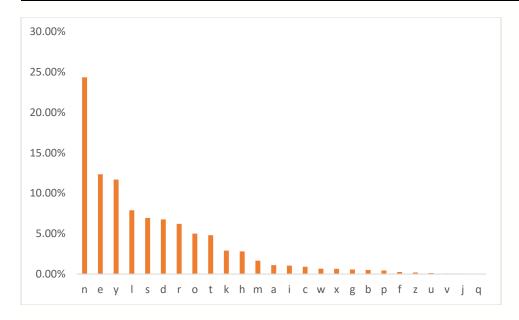
According to my analysis based on last letter we can judge the gender by 60%

```
select right(name,1) ,count(right(name,1)) as llmale from `bigquery-public-
data.usa_names.usa_1910_2013`
where gender = 'M'
group by right(name,1)
order by count(right(name,1)) desc;
```



```
select right(name,1) ,count(right(name,1)) as llfemale from `bigquery-public-
data.usa_names.usa_1910_2013`
where gender = 'F'
group by right(name,1)
order by count(right(name,1)) desc;

40.00%
35.00%
25.00%
10.00%
10.00%
a e n y i h l s r t d o m z u w k g x c b v j p f q
```

Question-3

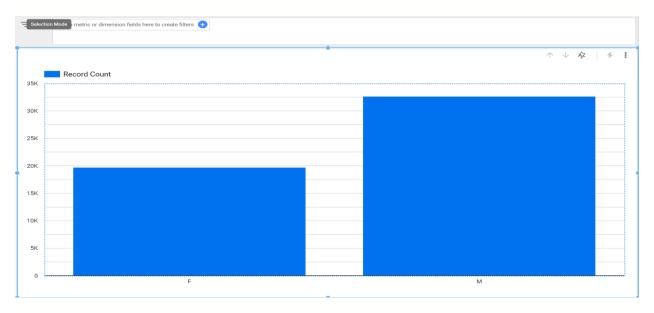
According to my analysis female population is greater than male population and Population is increasing from 1910 to 2013 and highest population in 2008

Year of highest female population from 1920 until now is 2008

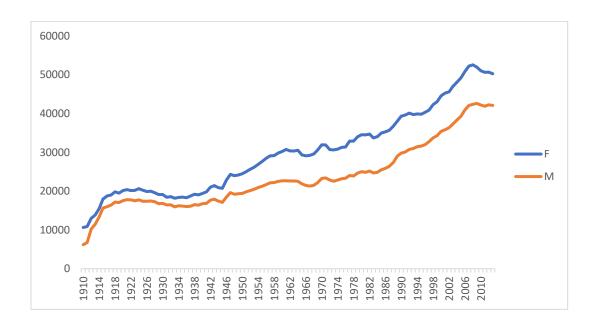
Total no of names is 32680

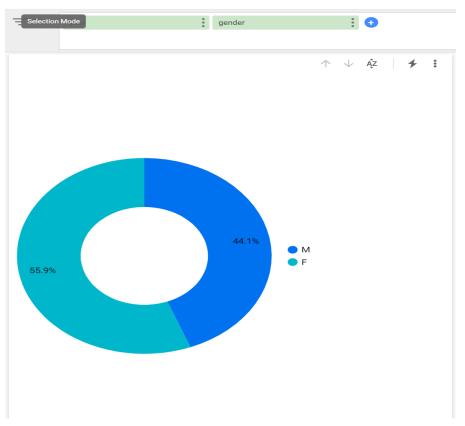
Where male names are 12933 and female names 19747

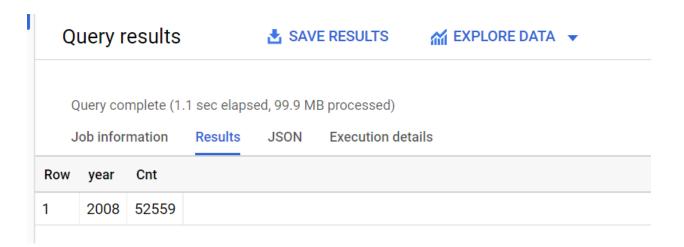
select name,count(name),gender from `bigquery-public-data.usa_names.usa_1910_2013`
group by name,gender;



select gender,year,count(name) from `bigquery-public-data.usa_names.usa_1910_2013`
group by gender,year;







Question -4

```
with cte_usa as(
select dense_rank()    over (
    order by count(name) desc )rn,

name,count(name) FROM `bigquery-public-data.usa_names.usa_1910_2013`
where year = 1960 and gender ='M'
group by name

)
select * FROM cte_usa
where rn = 4;
```

rn		name	f0_	
	4	Harry		48
	4	Theodore		48
	4	Jimmy		48
	4	Darryl		48
	4	Dan		48
	4	Kelly		48
	4	Vernon		48
	4	Dana		48
	4	Brett		48
	4	Tracy		48
	4	Stuart		48
	4	Joe		48
	4	Wesley		48