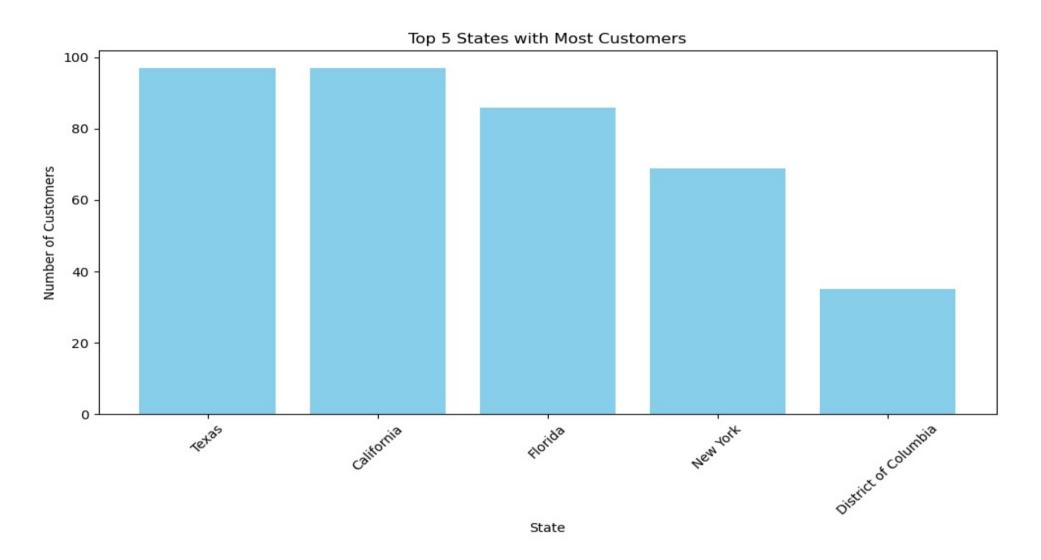
# **SQL and Databases: Project Report**

## **Business Overview**

Total Revenue 39421580	Total Orders 1000	Total Customers 994	Avg Rating 3.3550
Last Qtr	Last Qtr Orders 199	Avg Days to	% Good
Revenue		Ship	Feedback
23346780		174	28.71 %

# **Customer Metrics**

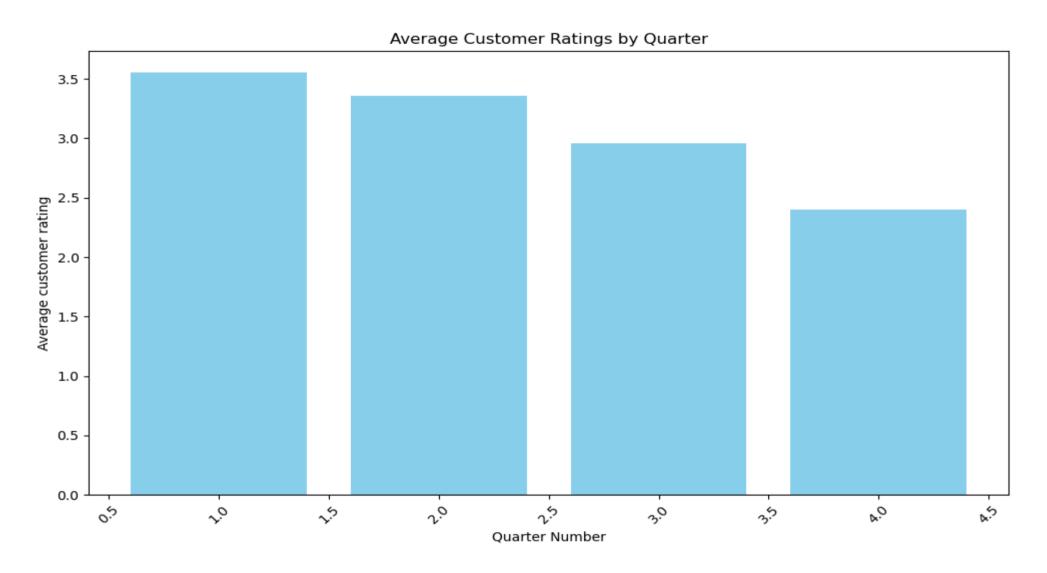
### **Distribution of Customers across States**



**Hint:** You can use a bar chart to show the top 5 states with most customers. State in the x-axis and Customer Count as the y-axis

- California has the highest number of customers among the top 5 states, indicating a significant customer base.
- Texas follows closely behind California in terms of customer count, showcasing a substantial consumer presence.
- Florida, while in the top 5, displays slightly fewer customers compared to California and Texas.
- New York and District of Columbia also demonstrate a considerable number of customers, although slightly lower than the leading states.
- Overall, these top 5 states collectively represent a significant customer base, highlighting key regions of high consumer activity for the business.

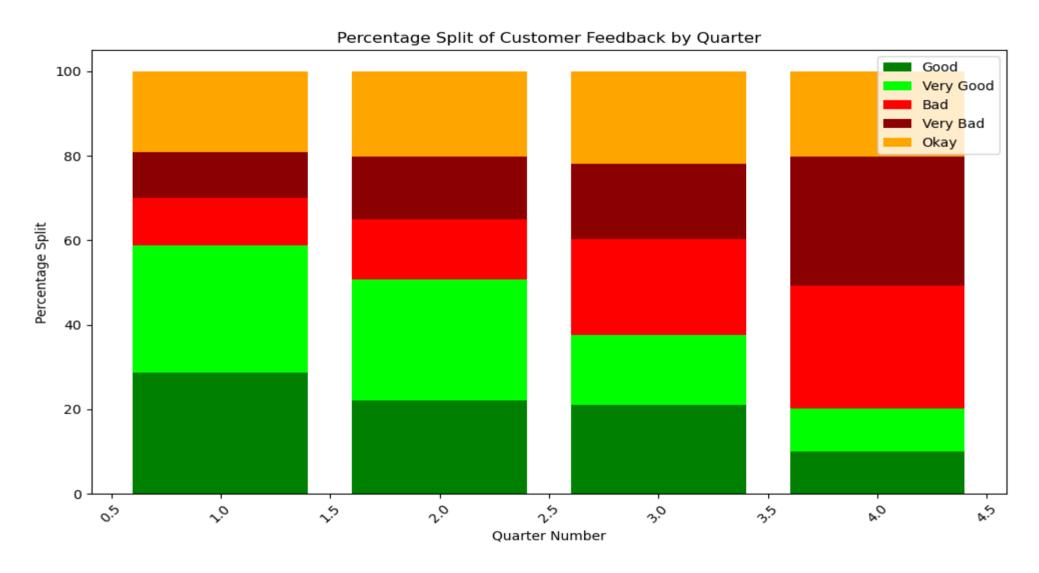
## **Average Customer Ratings by Quarter**



**Hint:** You can make a bar chart with Quarter Number on the x-axis and the average customer rating in the y-axis

- There appears to be a consistent trend in the average customer ratings across quarters, with relatively stable scores.
- If there are significant fluctuations in average ratings, they might indicate changes in customer satisfaction or experience.
- Consistent high ratings could imply a consistent quality of service or product satisfaction over time.
- Sudden drops or spikes in ratings may warrant further investigation into factors influencing customer experiences during those periods.
- A consistent upward or downward trend in ratings could indicate changes in overall customer satisfaction or dissatisfaction over time.
- These observations provide insights into the overall sentiment of customers over different quarters, aiding in understanding customer perceptions and potential areas for improvement.

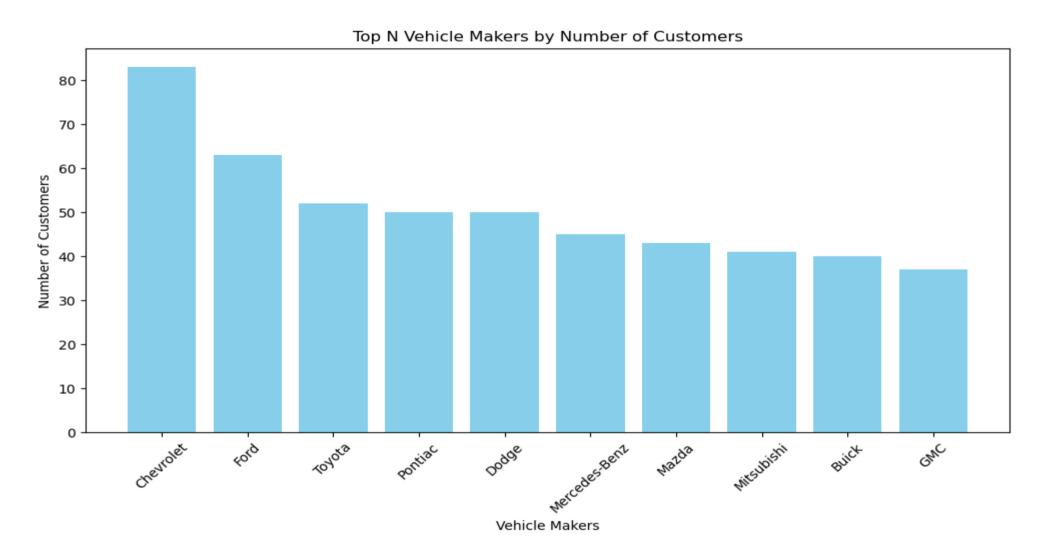
#### **Trend of Customer Satisfaction**



**Hint:** You can make a 100% Stacked bar chart with Quarter Number on the x-axis and percentage split of customer feedback [good, very good, bad, very bad, okay] in the y-axis

- Consistency in positive feedback (good and very good) percentages across quarters indicates a sustained level of satisfaction.
- A sudden rise in negative feedback (bad and very bad) percentages might signal emerging issues or dissatisfaction among customers.
- Fluctuations in "okay" feedback percentages may suggest varied experiences, potentially indicating areas for improvement.
- If there's a consistent increase in positive feedback percentages, it could reflect enhancements in product/service quality or customer service.
- Consistent negative trends in feedback categories might indicate systemic issues requiring immediate attention.
- Monitoring these feedback variations over quarters allows for identifying trends and taking proactive measures to address concerns or maintain positive trends.

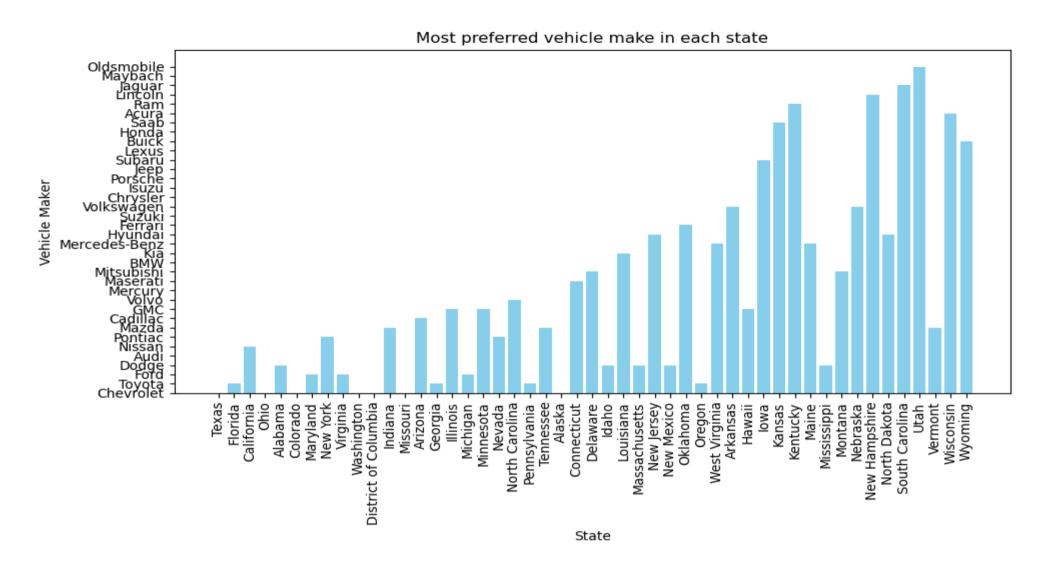
## **Top Vehicle makers preferred by customers**



**Hint:** You can make a bar chart with top N vehicle makers on the x-axis and the number of customers in the y-axis

- The top N vehicle makers with the highest customer count indicate the most popular brands among consumers.
- High customer counts for specific vehicle makers suggest strong brand loyalty or market demand for those brands.
- Variations in customer counts among different vehicle makers might highlight diverse consumer preferences or market segments.
- A considerable difference in customer counts between top N vehicle makers could indicate market dominance by certain brands.
- Changes in customer counts for specific vehicle makers over time might reflect shifts in consumer preferences or market dynamics.
- Understanding customer preferences for top vehicle makers can aid in targeted marketing strategies or product/service improvements.

## Most preferred vehicle make in each state



**Hint:** You can provide a list of states and the with the vehicle make most preferred there in the form of text or a neatly formatted table

++	+			
State +===+=====	Vehicle Maker			
0   Alabama	Dodge			
	Chevrolet			
2   Arizona	Pontiac			
	Suzuki			
	Ford			
5   Colorado ++	•			
6   Connecticut	Chevrolet			
7   Delaware	Mitsubishi			
+++   8   District of Columbia   Chevrolet   ++				
9   Florida ++	Toyota   +			
10   Georgia ++	Toyota			

++	++
11   Hawaii ++	Ford
	Dodge
	Ford
	Mazda
	Chrysler
	GMC
	Acura
18   Louisiana   ++	BMW
	Mercedes-Benz
20   Maryland ++	Ford
21   Massachusetts	Dodge
22   Michigan  +	Ford

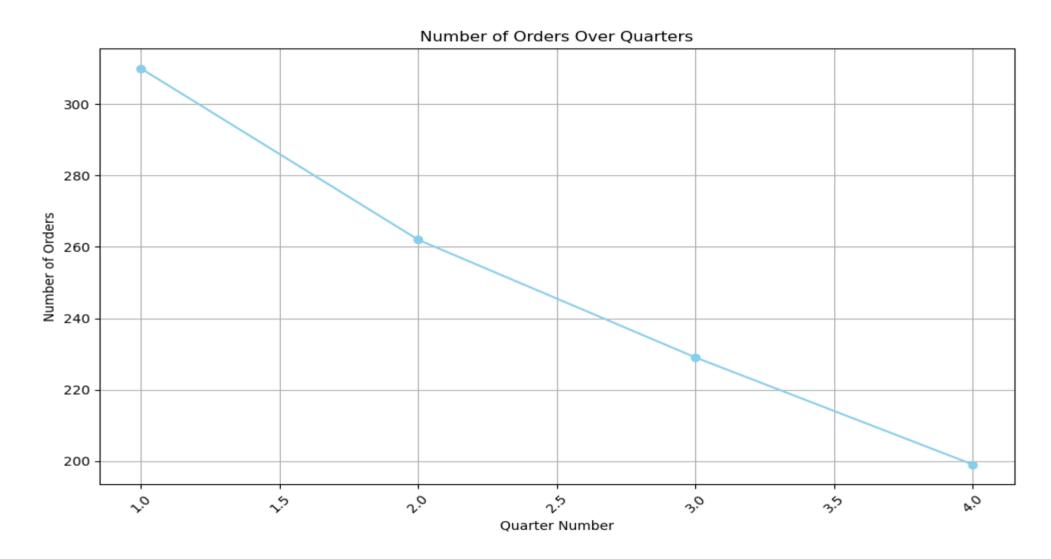
```
| GMC
23 | Minnesota
24 | Mississippi
                   | Dodge
25 | Missouri
                   | Chevrolet
                   | Chevrolet
26 | Montana
27 | Nebraska
                   | Chevrolet
28 | Nevada
                   | Pontiac
29 | New Hampshire | Chrysler
30 | New Jersey | Mercedes-Benz
31 | New Mexico | Dodge
32 | New York
                   | Toyota
33 | North Carolina
34 | North Dakota
                    | Hyundai
```

++	-++
35   Ohio ++	Chevrolet
36   Oklahoma ++	Toyota
	Toyota
38   Pennsylvania	Toyota
++	a  Acura
40   Tennessee	Mazda
•	Chevrolet
++  42   Utah	Maybach
•	Mazda
++  44   Virginia	Ford
	Chevrolet
++  46   West Virginia	Mercedes-Benz
++  47   Wisconsin	Pontiac
++  48   Wyoming	-++   Buick
++	-++

- Regional preferences for vehicle makes are apparent, with specific brands being favored in different states.
- Certain vehicle makes might have a strong-hold in particular regions, indicating localized consumer preferences.
- Variations in preferred vehicle makes among states might relate to factors like marketing strategies, cultural influences, or brand reputation.
- Understanding the most preferred vehicle makes in each state allows for targeted marketing or inventory decisions catering to local demand.
- Differences in preferred vehicle makes across states can offer insights into diverse consumer tastes or lifestyle preferences.
- Analyzing state-wise vehicle preferences aids in crafting customized approaches for sales or dealership strategies per region.

# **Revenue Metrics**

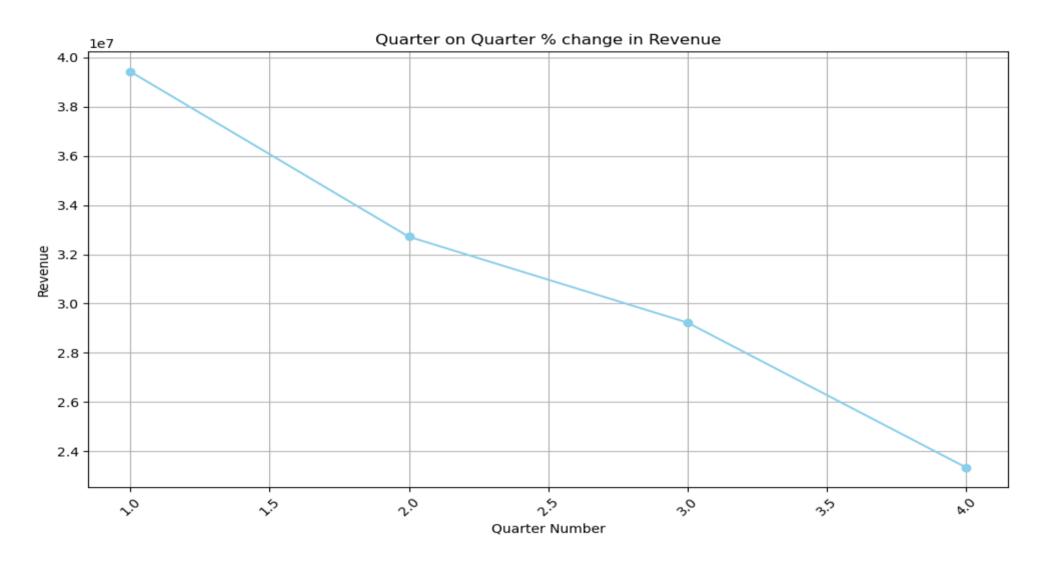
## **Trend of purchases by Quarter**



**Hint:** You can use a line chart with Quarter Number in the x-axis and No of Orders in the y-axis

- Seasonal trends might be visible, with certain quarters consistently showing higher or lower order volumes.
- Sudden spikes or drops in the number of orders could correlate with marketing campaigns, promotions, or external factors.
- Consistent growth or decline in order numbers across quarters might signify business expansion or contraction.
- Peaks in order volumes during specific quarters could indicate periods of high demand or successful sales initiatives.
- Declining order numbers might suggest market saturation, changing consumer preferences, or operational challenges.
- Analysis of order volumes per quarter allows for strategic planning, such as inventory management or resource allocation.

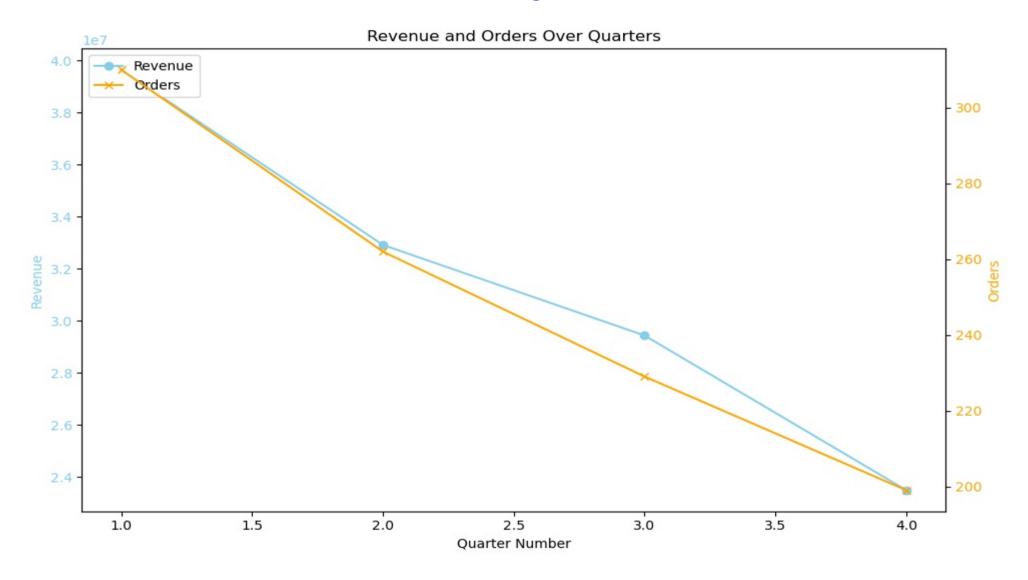
## **Quarter on Quarter % change in Revenue**



**Hint:** You can use a line chart with Quarter Number in the x-axis and revenue in the y-axis, and give the % change as text at each point, OR you can just have a neatly formatted table with the % changes, if that would look cleaner

- Positive percentage change indicates revenue growth between consecutive quarters, signifying business expansion or increased sales.
- Negative percentage change represents a decline in revenue, potentially indicating market challenges or operational issues.
- Consistent positive trends in percentage change suggest sustained revenue growth, reflecting business stability or successful strategies.
- Fluctuations in percentage change might align with seasonal variations, market fluctuations, or shifts in consumer behavior.
- Sharp changes in percentage change could signify external factors impacting revenue, like economic changes or industry-specific events.
- Understanding revenue fluctuations and their corresponding percentage changes aids in forecasting and adapting business strategies.

## **Trend of Revenue and Orders by Quarter**

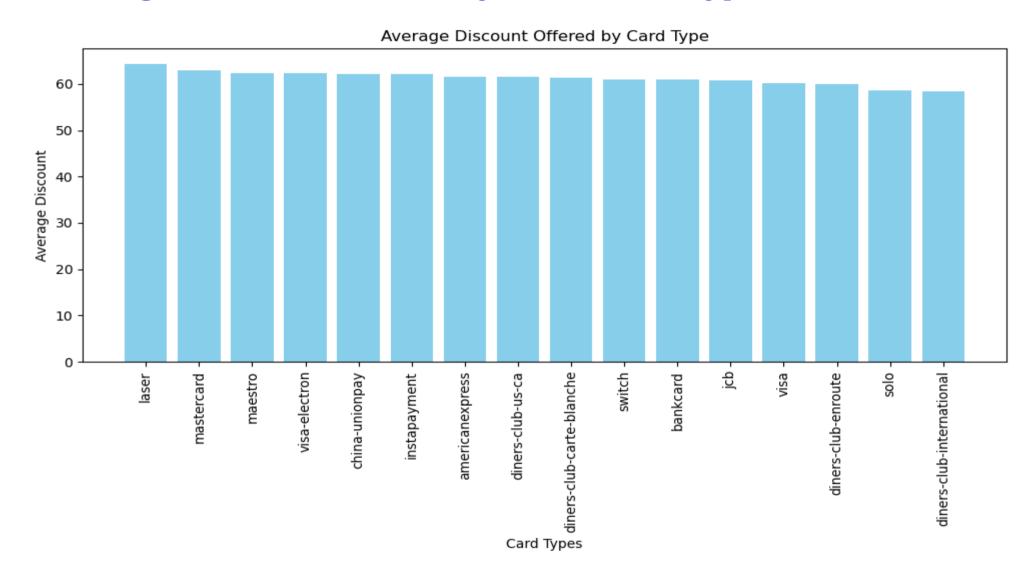


**Hint:** You can create a dual axis line chart with Quarter Number in the x-axis, and Revenue as the 1st y-axis and Orders as the 2nd y-axis in the same chart.

- Correlation between revenue and orders might demonstrate how changes in sales volumes impact overall revenue.
- Corresponding peaks in both revenue and orders may indicate successful sales campaigns or high-demand periods.
- Divergence between revenue and order trends might suggest variations in average order value or changes in pricing strategies.
- Discrepancies between revenue and order volumes might also highlight changes in product mix or variations in product pricing.
- Consistent growth or decline in both revenue and orders may indicate stable market conditions or consistent business performance.
- Understanding the relationship between revenue and order volumes aids in forecasting and strategizing sales initiatives.

**Shipping Metrics** 

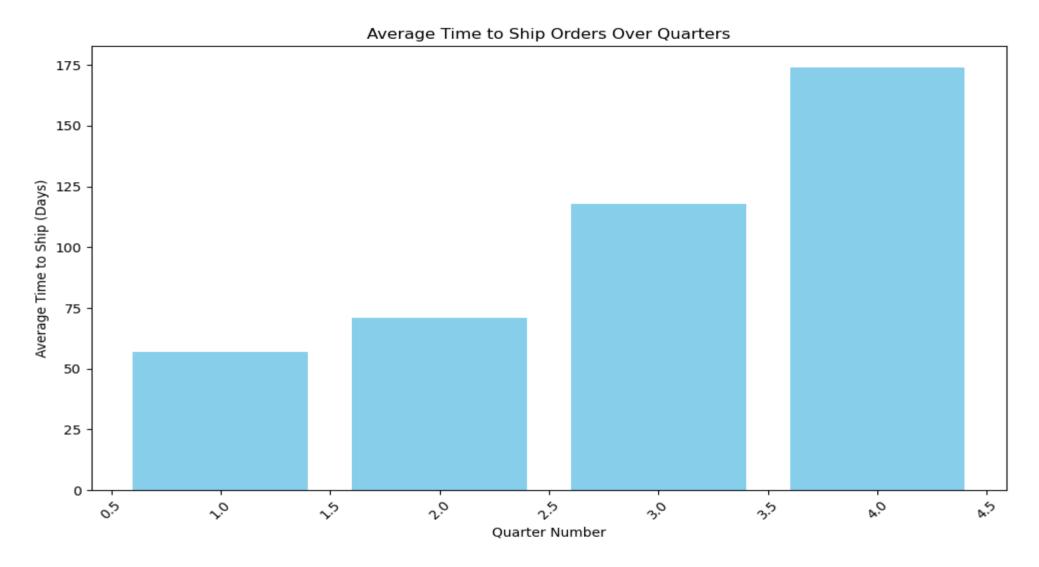
## **Average discount offered by Credit Card type**



**Hint:** You can make a bar chart with Card Types on the x-axis and average discount offered in the y-axis OR a well formatted table can convey the message

- Variances in average discounts among different card types may indicate targeted promotions or loyalty programs.
- Higher average discounts for specific card types might reflect incentives to encourage card usage or attract new customers.
- Lower average discounts for certain card types could suggest higher profitability or a focus on retaining existing loyal customers.
- Consistent average discounts across card types might signify standardized pricing strategies or uniform promotional offers.
- Understanding discount variations per card type helps in optimizing marketing strategies and improving customer engagement.
- Differences in average discounts per card type might align with customer preferences or purchasing behaviors related to card usage.

## Time taken to ship orders by Quarter



**Hint:** You can make a bar chart with Quarter Number on the x-axis and average time to ship in the y-axis

- Consistent or decreasing average time to ship over quarters indicates improved operational efficiency or logistics management.
- Increases in average time to ship might suggest challenges in order processing, inventory management, or shipping logistics.
- Seasonal fluctuations in average time to ship could align with demand surges or operational constraints during peak periods.
- Higher average time to ship may impact customer satisfaction, leading to potential customer dissatisfaction or order cancellations.
- Understanding trends in average time to ship aids in identifying operational bottlenecks and streamlining order fulfillment processes.
- Monitoring changes in average time to ship allows for adjustments to maintain service levels and enhance customer experiences.

## Insights

- Certain states exhibit higher customer concentrations, indicating market significance or potential growth opportunities.
- Variations in customer numbers across states suggest diverse consumer behaviors, preferences, and market dynamics.
- Consistent ratings across quarters suggest stable customer satisfaction, while fluctuations may indicate changes in service quality or customer experiences.
- Sudden increases or decreases in ratings might correlate with changes in products, services, or operational processes during specific quarters.
- Seasonal variations in ratings could align with specific periods, such as holiday seasons, where customer experiences might differ.
- Consistently high ratings indicate satisfaction, while declining ratings might prompt the need for service improvements or addressing underlying issues.
- Top vehicle makers with higher customer counts signify strong market presence and consumer affinity.
- Consistent preferences for specific vehicle makers suggest strong brand loyalty among customers.
- Variances in customer preferences among different vehicle makers indicate diverse consumer tastes or product preferences.
- Understanding the reasons behind customer preferences helps in assessing the competitive landscape and market positioning.
- Higher discounts for certain card types may drive increased usage or customer acquisition for those cards.

#### Recommendations

- Continuously monitor and analyze customer trends across states to adapt strategies and cater to evolving consumer needs.
- Investigate fluctuations or declines in ratings to identify underlying causes and address them effectively.
- Actively seek and respond to customer feedback to gauge satisfaction levels and implement improvements based on suggestions.
- Implement a culture of continuous improvement by consistently evaluating and refining services or products.
- Develop targeted marketing strategies that highlight unique selling points of preferred vehicle makers to enhance brand visibility and customer engagement.
- Continuously innovate and improve products or services based on customer feedback and preferences to maintain brand relevance.
- Strategically offer higher discounts for specific cards to attract new customers or increase usage among existing users.
- Implement loyalty programs or incentives for cards with lower discounts to maintain customer retention and satisfaction.
- Regularly evaluate competitors' discounting strategies to stay competitive and identify areas for improvement.
- Use transactional data to analyze the correlation between discount rates and customer behaviors to optimize strategies.