Karan Arora R.L. Chemistry Classes M: 99968-68554

Max Time: 1 hr Class = 12th Chemistry Test Max Marks: 25

Topic: Solution (upto Raoult's Law)

Q.1	Multiple choice questions: $[1 \times 5 = 5]$						
1)	The molarity of a solution obtained by mixing 750 mL of 0.5 M HCl with 250 mL of 2 M HCl will be :						
	a) 0.875 M	b) 1 M	c)	1.75 M	d)	0.0975 M	
2)	$6.02x10^{20}$ molecules of urea are present in 100 mL of its solution. The concentration of solution is :						
	a) 0.02 M	b) 0.01 M	c)	0.001 M	d)	0.1 M	
3)	If mole fraction of a solute in 1 kg benzene is 0.2, then molality of solute is :						
	a) 3.2	b) 2	c)	4	d)	3.6	
4)	Among the following, the	e azeotropic mixture is :					
	a) CCl ₄ + CHCl ₃		b)	$C_6H_{14} + C_7H_{16}$			
	c) $C_2H_5Br + C_2H_5Cl$		d)	Chlorobenzene + Bro	mol	benzene	
5)	Which of the following is an example of solid solution?						
	a) Sea water	b) Sugar solution	c)	Smoke	d)	22 carot gold	
Q.3 Q.4 Q.5 Q.6 Q.7	solution was reduced to 600 mL, 3.25 g of HCl is lost. Calculate the normality of the new solution. [2] Write two differences between a solution showing positive deviation and a solution showing negative deviation from Raoult's law. [2]						
Q.8	Define : (a) Molarity (•		[3	}]
Q.9	Define Raoult's law with positive deviation with example.					[3	;]
Q.10	How much urea (molar mass 60) should be dissolved in 50 g of water so that its vapour pressure						
	at room temperature is	reduced to 25 % . Calcu	ulate m	nolality of the solutio	n ob	otained. [3	;]

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Topic: Solution

(Osmotic Pressure, Elevation in B.P., Depression in F.P., Van't Hoff)

