Spectral Data Analysis and Prediction Report

1. Preprocessing Steps and Rationale

Data Cleaning:

- Missing Values: Checked for missing values and found none.
- Duplicate Records: No duplicate records were present.
- Feature Selection: Dropped the hsi id column, as it was unnecessary for modeling.

Feature Scaling:

• Standardization: Applied StandardScaler to normalize spectral reflectance values, ensuring all features have a mean of 0 and variance of 1.

2. Insights from Dimensionality Reduction

- Principal Component Analysis (PCA) was applied to reduce high-dimensional spectral features while preserving variance.
- PCA transformed data before model training, reducing redundancy among correlated features.
- Heatmap analysis revealed strong correlations among spectral bands, justifying dimensionality reduction.

3. Model Selection, Training, and Evaluation

Models Trained:

I have trained 3 models: Random Forest Regressor, XGBoost Regressor and CNN model and have compared the results of all three models.

1. Random Forest Regressor

- o Trained and evaluated using standard regression metrics.
- o Performed hyperparameter tuning to optimize model.

2. XGBoost Regressor

- o Trained with grid search to find optimal hyperparameters.
- o Demonstrated competitive performance in feature-rich environments.

3. Convolutional Neural Network (CNN)

- o Reshaped data for CNN input.
- o Designed a CNN model and trained it for spectral regression.
- o Evaluated the improved CNN model performance.

Performance Evaluation:

• Used RMSE, MAE, and R-squared to compare model accuracy.

Comparison of Random	Forest, XGBoost	, MLP, and Impro	ved CNN:
Model	MAE	RMSE	R ² Score
Random Forest	1782.6115	3709.7070	0.9508
Tuned XGBoost	1612.2167	3383.5868	0.9590
Improved CNN	1847.9323	4077.3849	0.9405

• XGBoost performed best in terms of prediction accuracy after tuning the model.

4. Key Findings and Suggestions for Improvement

• Findings:

Mean Absolute Error (MAE)

• XGBoost (1612.22) performs the best, followed by Random Forest (1782.61), and then the Improved CNN (1847.93).

Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE)

• XGBoost again performs the best (3383.59), followed by Random Forest (3709.71) and CNN (4077.38).

R² Score:

• XGBoost has the highest R² (0.9590), showing better explanatory power compared to Random Forest (0.9508) and CNN (0.9405).

• Suggestions for Improvement:

- o Further optimize CNN architecture for better spectral feature learning.
- o Explore additional feature engineering techniques.
- o Consider ensembling different models for improved robustness.