

GIT Department of Computer Engineering
CSE 222/505 - Spring 2020
Homework 5
Due date: 26.04.2020 – 23:55

Q1:

Implement **FileSystemTree** class to handle a file system hierarchy in a general tree structure. You need to implement **FileNode** class to handle the nodes of the tree. A node can be created either for a file or a directory. You will decide how discrimination is done between files and directories.

Your **FileSystemTree** implementation must have the following:

A constructor to create a file system with a root directory. Name of the root directory will be given as a parameter to the constructor.

addDir and **addFile** methods to add directories or files to the file system. The path of the new directory (or file) will be given as a parameter to the method.

remove method to remove a directory (or a file) from the file system. The path of the directory (or the file) will be given as a parameter to the method. The method will warn the user if the path cannot be found. If the directory includes some other directories (or files), method will list the contents and ask the user whether to remove or not.

search method to search the entire file system for a directory or a file including the given search characters in its name. The search characters will be given as the parameter of the method.

printFileSystem method to print the whole tree.

Give information about your traversal methods in your javadoc file.

Here are some code lines to help you understand what we expect:

```
//Create a file system with root directory
FileSystemTree myFileSystem = new FileSystemTree("root");

//Add directories and files using paths
myFileSystem.addDir("root/first_directory");
myFileSystem.addDir("root/second_directory");
myFileSystem.addFile("root/first_directory/new_file.txt");
myFileSystem.addDir("root/second_directory/new_directory");
myFileSystem.addFile("root/second_directory/new_directory/new_file.doc");
```

```
//Search file or directory names including "new"
myFileSystem.search("new");
//This will output:
// file - root/first_directory/new_file.txt
// dir - root/second_directory/new_directory
// file - root/second_directory/new_directory/new_file.doc

//Remove files or directories
myFileSystem.remove("root/first_directory/new_file.txt");
myFileSystem.remove("root/second_directory/new_directory");
```

Q2:

Implement **ExpressionTree** class of arithmetic operations which extends the **BinaryTree** class implementation given in your Data Structures book.

Your **ExpressionTree** implementation must have the following:

A constructor to initialize the tree structure with the given expression string. The expression string will be given as a parameter to the constructor. The expressions will include integer operands and arithmetic operators. Operands and operators will be separated by spaces. The constructor will use the overridden **readBinaryTree** method. You should override it such that it will be able to create an expression tree by reading both prefix and postfix expressions.

The **binaryTree** implementation of the book includes a **preOrderTraverse** method. You will add a **postOrderTraverse** method to traverse the tree post order.

The **binaryTree** implementation of the book includes a **toString** method which creates a string of the tree structure in preorder. You will add a **toString2** method which will create a string of the tree structure in post order. This method will use the **postOrderTaverse** method.

You will add **eval** method which evaluates the expression and returns the result as an integer.

Here are some sample code lines:

```
//Create a tree for preorder expression
ExpressionTree expTree = new ExpressionTree("+ + 10 * 5 15 20");

//Create a tree for postorder expression
ExpressionTree expTree2 = new ExpressionTree("10 5 15 * + 20 +");
```

```
//Evaluate expressions  
result1 = expTree.eval();  
result2 = expTree2.eval();
```

Q3. Coming soon

Q4. Coming soon

IMPORTANT: I will test your classes with my own test main, so use the class names, function names and function parameters as mentioned above.

RESTRICTIONS:

- Use only specified data types
- Can be only one main class in each question
- Don't use any other third part library

GENERAL RULES:

- For any question firstly use **course news forum** in Moodle, and then the contact TA.
- You can submit assignment one day late and will be evaluated over twenty percent (%40).

TECHNICAL RULES:

- Use given CSE222-VM to develop and test your Homeworks (**your code must be working on CSE222-VM**), CSE222-VM download link will be given on Moodle.
- Implement [clean code standards](#) in your code;
 - o Classes, methods and variables names must be meaningful and related with the functionality.
 - o Your functions and classes must be simple, general, reusable and focus on one topic.
 - o Use standard [java code name conventions](#).

REPORT RULES:

- Add all [javadoc](#) documentations for classes, methods, variables ...etc. All explanation must be meaningful and understandable.
- You should submit your homework code, Javadoc and report to Moodle in a "studentid_hw3.tar.gz" file.
- Use the given homework format including **selected parts from the table below:**

Detailed system requirements	
Use case diagrams (extra points)	
Class diagrams	X
Other diagrams	
Problem solutions approach	X
Test cases	X
Running command and results	X

GRADING :

- **No OOP design:** -100
- **No interface:** -95
- **No method overriding:** -95
- **No error handling:** -50
- **No inheritance:** -95
- **No polymorphism:** -95
- No javadoc documentation: -50
- No report: -90
- Disobey restrictions: -100
- **Cheating : -200**
- Your solution is evaluated over 100 as your performance.

CONTACT :

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