BULGARIA GENDER LANDSCAPE

This briefing showcases the gender landscape in Bulgaria on key indicators helpful for monitoring gender equality and designing effective policy interventions. Gender equality fosters productivity gains, minimizes losses in wealth, reduces poverty, boosts shared prosperity, and supports green, resilient, and inclusive development.

Click the measures below to explore the World Bank Gender Data Portal.

Compared to:	Base Year	Region			
>10% Higher Value	7				
Equal/No Change	\rightarrow				
>10% Lower Value	7				
No Data					

		Country Performance				Peer Comparison			
		Baseline		Latest		est	Latest		t
		Value	Year		Value	Year	ECA	имс	World
HUMAN ENDOWMENTS									
Learning-Adjusted Years of Schooling	Female Male	9.51 8.96	2010 2010	$\overset{\rightarrow}{\rightarrow}$	8.84 8.55	2020 2020	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
School enrollment, tertiary (% gross)	Female Male	66.1 50.0	2010 2010	7 7	82.0 65.3	2019 2019	80.4 69.7	NA NA	43.2 37.5
Female share of graduates from STEM programs, tertiary (%)		40.4	2010	\rightarrow	36.9	2017	NA	NA	NA
Fertility rate, total (births per woman)		1.57	2010	\rightarrow	1.56	2020	1.69	NA	2.39
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women 15-19)		44.7	2010	7	38.3	2020	15.8	NA	41.0
Births attended by skilled health staff (% of total)		NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Mortality from chronic vascular disease, cancer, diabetes or cardiorespiratory disease between 30 and 70 (%)	Female Male	17.0 34.5	2010 2010	$\overset{\rightarrow}{\rightarrow}$	16.4 32.1	2019 2019	11.4 21.8	NA NA	14.8 21.7
ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY									
Labor force participation rate (% 15+, modeled ILO estimate)	Female Male	47.8 59.4	2010 2010	\rightarrow \rightarrow	49.1 62.6	2021 2021	50.3 65.6	NA NA	46.3 71.7
Wage and salaried workers (% of employment, modeled ILO estimate)	Female Male	89.9 85.3	2010 2010	$\overset{\rightarrow}{\rightarrow}$	91.9 86.8	2019 2019	86.1 80.3	NA NA	54.6 53.0
Employment in agriculture (% of employment, modeled ILO estimate)	Female Male	5.20 8.22	2010 2010	<i>></i>	4.30 8.63	2019 2019	6.82 8.84	NA NA	25.3 27.6
Share of youth not in education, employment or training (% of youth population)	Female Male	21.8 20.3	2010 2010	K	15.2 13.7	2020 2020	15.1 11.6	NA NA	NA NA
Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work (% of 24 hour day)	Female Male	18.5 9.24	2010 2010		NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Received a public sector pension in the past year (% 15+)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		29.0 24.0	2017 2017	NA NA	8.83 9.38	9.06 8.62
Age dependency ratio (% of working-age population)		46.1	2010	7	56.6	2020	53.9	NA	54.6
Female migrants (% of international migrant stock)		55.6	2010	\rightarrow	50.9	2019	51.2	NA	46.7
Financial institution account (% 15+)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		73.6 70.6	2017 2017	NA NA	69.0 76.6	63.7 70.6
Borrowed to start, operate, or expand a farm or business (% 15+)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		1.84 2.17	2017 2017	NA NA	4.29 6.78	5.26 7.57
Female share of employment in senior and middle management (%)		38.6	2010	\rightarrow	39.2	2019	NA	NA	NA
Firms with female participation in ownership (% of firms)		33.9	2009	7	41.7	2019	33.7	NA	33.1
VOICE AND AGENCY									
Firms with female top manager (% of firms)		25.7	2009	7	28.8	2019	18.0	NA	17.8
Proportion of seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		20.8	2010	7	23.8	2021	31.1	NA	26.1
Women who were first married by 18 (% of women 20-24)		NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Proportion of women subjected to physical and/or sexual violence in the last 12 months (% of ever-partnered women 15-49)		NA	NA		9.00	2012	NA	NA	NA

The Europe and Central Asia (ECA) region includes 58 countries (all income levels), as classified by The World Bank Group. Bulgaria is an upper middle income (UMC) country, which includes 55 countries with a Gross National Income (GNI) per capita from \$4,096 to \$12,695 (calculated using the World Bank Atlas method). Data and definitions can be found on the Gender Data Portal.

Country Baseline provides a reference from 1990 to 2010. Latest Value shows the latest available comparison from 2011 onwards. The arrow icon represents country increases or decreases over 10 percent relative to the base year. Peer comparisons show how Bulgaria performs relative to the region, income group, and the world. Lighter and darker shades represent values 10 percent above and below regional peer values, respectively.





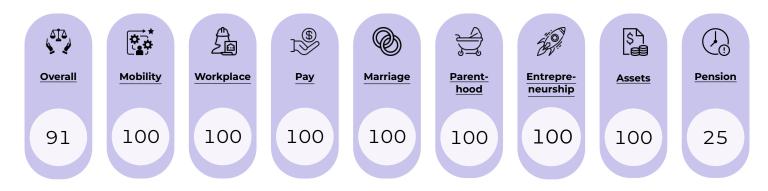




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Women, Business and the Law in Bulgaria

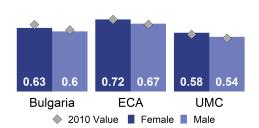
Women, Business and the Law (WBL) 2022 presents an index covering 190 economies, structured around the life cycle of a working woman. In total, 35 questions are scored across eight indicators. Bulgaria scores 91 out of 100, while the regional average across Europe and Central Asia is 80.



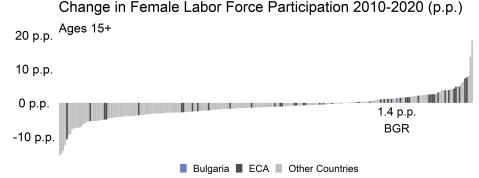
A Closer Look at Gender Equality in Bulgaria

Despite some progress, gender gaps, gender-based violence, and disadvantageous social norms facing women and girls persist, and gains in human capital of women and girls remain untapped. Turning human capital investments into economic gains means addressing multiple barriers to womens economic em-

Human Capital Index Score (0-1) Baseline compared to 2020



powerment, including improving their voice and agency.



Unpacking the Numbers in Bulgaria -

63 percent

A girl born today will be 63 percent as productive as if she enjoyed full education, health, and employment (2020)

14 points

Men and women have a 14 percentage point gap in labor force participation (2021)

9 percent

9 percent of women were subjected to physical or sexual violence in the last 12 months (2012)

3.2 times

Men hold 3.2 times as many seats in the national parliament as women (2021)

1.2 times

A man is 1.2 times as likely as a woman to have borrowed money to start, operate, or expand a farm or business (2017)

LEARN MORE

The World Bank in Gender: This portal features the latest research, news, and events around gender equality in international development.

Women, Business and the Law: This portal includes reports, data, and news on the laws and regulations that affect women's economic opportunity.

World Bank Group Gender Strategy (FY16-FY23):

This 2015 report outlines the World Bank Group's strategy to promote gender equality.

World Bank Gender Data Portal: This open data tool shares the latest statistics and research to improve understanding and inform policy choices.

ECA Gender Page: This page features policy research by the GIL, evaluating innovative solutions to close priority gender gaps in the region.







