MALDIVES GENDER LANDSCAPE

This briefing showcases the gender landscape in Maldives on key indicators helpful for monitoring gender equality and designing effective policy interventions. Gender equality fosters productivity gains and minimizes losses in wealth, reduces poverty, boosts shared prosperity, and supports green, resilient, and inclusive development.

Click the links below to explore the World Bank Gender Data Portal.

Compared to:	Base Year	Region
>10% Higher Value	7	
Equal/No Change	\rightarrow	
>10% Lower Value	7	
No Data		

		Country Performance				Peer Comparison			
		Baseline			Latest		Latest		
		Value	Year		Value	Year	SAS	ИМС	World
HUMAN ENDOWMENTS									
Learning-Adjusted Years of School	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Literacy rate (% age 15+)	Female Male	98.4 98.4	2006 2006	$\overset{\rightarrow}{\rightarrow}$	98.1 97.3	2016 2016	65.6 81.3	94.5 97.1	83.3 90.1
Fertility rate, total (births per woman)		2.21	2010	7	1.82	2020	2.34	1.83	2.39
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)		12.6	2010	7	6.62	2020	22.4	29.1	41.0
Unmet need for contraception (% of married women ages 15-49)		28.6	2009	\rightarrow	31.4	2017	13.8	4.39	NA
Pregnant women receiving prenatal care of at least four visits (% of pregnant women)		98.1	2009	\rightarrow	96.2	2016	NA	NA	NA
Maternal mortality ratio (modeled estimate per 100,000 live births)		67.0	2010	7	53.0	2017	163	41.0	211
Mortality from chronic vascular disease, cancer, diabetes or cardiorespiratory disease between 30 and 70 (%)	Female Male	14.0 18.6	2010 2010	7	9.30 13.6	2019 2019	19.6 25.0	12.2 21.1	14.8 21.7
ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY									
Labor force participation rate (% age 15+, modeled ILO estimate)	Female Male	36.9 65.8	2010 2010	$\overset{\rightarrow}{\rightarrow}$	34.3 67.5	2021 2021	22.0 71.8	55.5 72.9	46.3 71.7
Wage and salaried workers (% of employment, modeled ILO estimate)	Female Male	69.5 70.7	2010 2010	→ <i>7</i>	65.2 80.0	2019 2019	25.7 29.2	60.2 60.8	54.6 53.0
Female share of employment in senior and middle management (%)		16.7	2009	7	19.5	2016	NA	NA	NA
Employment in agriculture (% of employment, modeled ILO estimate)	Female Male	3.72 17.5	2010 2010	7	1.85 9.97	2019 2019	56.9 37.5	17.8 23.5	25.3 27.6
Share of youth not in education, employment or training (% of youth population)	Female Male	35.4 29.3	2009 2009	7	30.0 25.2	2019 2019	45.4 14.1	NA NA	NA NA
Age dependency ratio (% of working-age population)		42.5	2010	7	30.2	2020	51.2	45.5	54.6
Women who own land alone (% of women age 15-49)		NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Financial institution account (% age 15+)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		NA NA	NA NA	63.7 72.9	69.0 76.6	63.7 70.6
Borrowed to start, operate, or expand a farm or business (% age 15+)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		NA NA	NA NA	5.37 7.94	4.29 6.78	5.26 7.57
Firms with female participation in ownership (% of firms)		NA	NA		NA	NA	18.4	34.2	33.1
Firms with female top manager (% of firms)		NA	NA		NA	NA	11.0	19.1	17.8
VOICE AND AGENCY Proportion of seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		6.49	2010	7	4.60	2021	19.0	27.1	26.1
Women who were first married by age 18 (% of women ages 20-24)		3.90	2009	7	2.20	2017	NA	NA	NA
Proportion of women subjected to physical and/or sexual violence in the last 12 months (% of ever-partnered women ages 15-49)		6.40	2006		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Women who believe a husband is justified in beating his wife (any of five reasons, %)		30.8	2009	7	22.0	2017	NA	NA	NA
Women participating in the three decisions (own health care, major household purchases, and visiting family, % of women age 15-49)		48.6	2009	7	79.6	2017	NA	NA	NA

Data retrieved from World Bank Gender Data Portal. The South Asia (SAS) region includes 8 countries (all income levels), as classified by The World Bank Group. Maldives is an Upper middle income (UMC) country, which includes 55 countries with a Gross National Income (GNI) per capita from \$4,096 to \$12,695 (calculated using the World Bank Atlas method). Data definitions can be found on the Gender Data Portal. Country Baseline provides a reference value between 1990 and 2010. Latest Value shows the latest available comparison from 2011 onwards. Baseline comparisons are represented by an arrow icon that points to increases or decreases greater than 10 percent relative to the base year. Comparison to the regional average shows how Maldives performs relative to its peers in the region, income group, and the world. Darker and lighter shades represent values 10 percent or below or above its peers in the region, respectively.









MALDIVES GENDER LANDSCAPE

Women, Business and the Law in Maldives

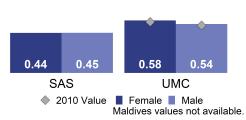
Women, Business and the Law (WBL) 2022 presents an index covering 190 economies, structured around the life cycle of a working woman. In total, 35 questions are scored across eight indicators. Maldives scores 73.8 out of 100, while the regional average across South Asia is 80.4.

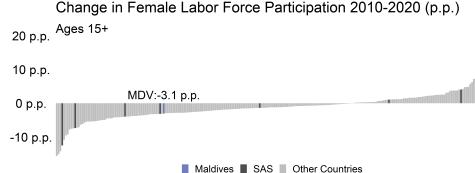


A Closer Look at Gender Equality in Maldives

Despite some progress, gender gaps persist, gender-based violence and disadvantageous social norms facing women and girls remain sticky, and gains in human capital of women and girls remain untapped. Turning human capital investments into economic gains means addressing multiple barriers to womens economic empowerment, including improving their voice and agency.

Human Capital Index Score (0-1) Baseline compared to 2020





Unpacking the Numbers in Maldives

93.1 percent

A girl has a 6.9000000000001 percent chance of not completing lower secondary school (2019)

0

2.2 percent of women ages 20 to 24 were first married by age 18 (2017)

12.9 percent

12.9 percent of women ages 15 to 49 experienced female genital mutilation in their lifetimes (2017)

1 in 20

5.8 percent of women are not able to visit family, relatives and friends on her own decision (2017)

LEARN MORE

- · The World Bank in Gender: This portal features the latest research, news, and events around gender equality in international development.
- Women, Business and the Law: This portal includes reports, data, and news on the laws and regulations that affect women's economic opportunity.
- World Bank Group Gender Strategy (FY16-FY23): This 2015 report outlines the World Bank Group's strategy to promote gender equality.
- · World Bank Gender Data Portal: This open data page shares the latest statistics and research to improve understanding and inform policy choices.
- · IFC Work in Gender: This page provides an overview of the work by IFC to promote gender equality in its global partnerships.
- · South Asia Gender Innovation Lab: This page features policy research by the GILs, identifies priority gender gaps and tests innovative solutions in the SAS region.







