IRAQ GENDER LANDSCAPE

This briefing showcases the gender landscape in Iraq on key indicators helpful for monitoring gender equality and designing effective policy interventions. Gender equality fosters productivity gains, minimizes losses in wealth, reduces poverty, boosts shared prosperity, and supports green, resilient, and inclusive development.

Click the measures below to explore the World Bank Gender Data Portal.

Compared to:	Base Year	Region
>10% Higher Value	7	
Equal/No Change	\rightarrow	
>10% Lower Value	7	
No Data		

		Country Performance				Peer Comparison			
		Baseline			Latest		Latest		
		Value	Year		Value	Year	MNA	UMC	World
HUMAN ENDOWMENTS									
Learning-Adjusted Years of Schooling	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		4.37 3.79	2020 2020	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
School enrollment, tertiary (% gross)	Female Male	12.0 20.1	2005 2005		NA NA	NA NA	43.1 39.1	NA NA	43.2 37.5
Female share of graduates from STEM programs, tertiary (%)		18.5	2004		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fertility rate, total (births per woman)		4.34	2010	7	3.54	2020	2.74	NA	2.39
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women 15-19)		77.2	2010	\rightarrow	71.8	2020	39.0	NA	41.0
Maternal mortality ratio (modeled estimate per 100,000 live births)		70.0	2010	7	79.0	2017	57.0	NA	211
Pregnant women receiving prenatal care of at least four visits (% of pregnant women)		NA	NA		67.9	2018	NA	NA	NA
Unmet need for contraception (% of married women 15-49)		NA	NA		14.3	2018	10.1	NA	NA
Mortality from chronic vascular disease, cancer, diabetes or cardiorespiratory disease between 30 and 70 (%)	Female Male	22.5 30.3	2010 2010	7	20.0 27.5	2019 2019	17.4 22.9	NA NA	14.8 21.7
ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY									
Labor force participation rate (% 15+, modeled ILO estimate)	Female Male	11.9 70.8	2010 2010	$\overset{\rightarrow}{\rightarrow}$	11.1 71.8	2021 2021	18.6 70.0	NA NA	46.3 71.7
Wage and salaried workers (% of employment, modeled ILO estimate)	Female Male	61.8 71.0	2010 2010	<i>7</i> →	96.3 75.2	2019 2019	73.8 69.8	NA NA	54.6 53.0
Employment in agriculture (% of employment, modeled ILO estimate)	Female Male	18.8 23.8	2010 2010	7	15.1 18.7	2019 2019	15.7 14.4	NA NA	25.3 27.6
Share of youth not in education, employment or training (% of youth population)	Female Male	70.5 21.6	2007 2007	<i>></i>	65.5 16.9	2012 2012	43.9 17.0	NA NA	NA NA
Received a public sector pension in the past year (% 15+)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		9.32 8.63	2017 2017	NA NA	8.83 9.38	9.06 8.62
Age dependency ratio (% of working-age population)		82.4	2010	7	69.9	2020	55.5	NA	54.6
Female migrants (% of international migrant stock)		37.8	2010	7	41.8	2019	45.1	NA	46.7
Financial institution account (% 15+)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		18.5 22.1	2017 2017	NA NA	69.0 76.6	63.7 70.6
Borrowed to start, operate, or expand a farm or business (% 15+)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		6.68 13.9	2017 2017	NA NA	4.29 6.78	5.26 7.57
Firms with female participation in ownership (% of firms)		NA	NA		6.80	2011	19.0	NA	33.1
VOICE AND AGENCY									
Firms with female top manager (% of firms)		NA	NA		2.30	2011	6.50	NA	17.8
Proportion of seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		25.2	2010	7	28.9	2021	17.0	NA	26.1
Women who were first married by 18 (% of women 20-24)		17.0	2006	7	27.9	2018	NA	NA	NA
Proportion of women in ministerial level positions (%)		10.3	2010	7	9.09	2020	14.0	NA	22.0
Proportion of women subjected to physical and/or sexual violence in the last 12 months (% of ever-partnered women 15-49)		NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Note: The Middle East and North Africa (MNA) region includes 21 countries (all income levels), as classified by The World Bank Group. Iraq is an upper middle income (UMC) country, which includes 55 countries with a Gross National Income (GNI) per capita from \$4,096 to \$12,695 (calculated using the World Bank Atlas method). Data and definitions can be found on the <u>Gender Data Portal</u>.

Country Baseline provides a reference from 1990 to 2010. Latest Value shows the latest available comparison from 2011 onwards. The arrow icon represents country increases or decreases over 10 percent relative to the base year. Peer comparisons show how Iraq performs relative to the region, income group, and the world. Lighter and darker shades represent values 10 percent above and below regional peer values, respectively.









IRAQ GENDER LANDSCAPE

Women, Business and the Law in Iraq

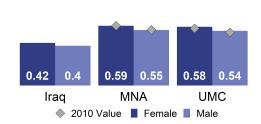
Women, Business and the Law (WBL) 2022 presents an index covering 190 economies, structured around the life cycle of a working woman. In total, 35 questions are scored across eight indicators. **Iraq scores 45 out of 100,** while the regional average across Middle East and North Africa is 80.



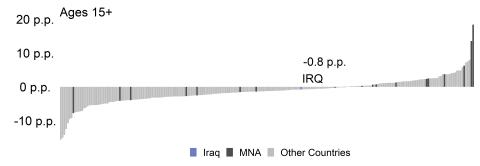
A Closer Look at Gender Equality in Iraq

Despite some progress, gender gaps, gender-based violence, and disadvantageous social norms facing women and girls persist, and gains in human capital of women and girls remain untapped. Turning human capital investments into economic gains means addressing multiple barriers to womens economic empowerment, including improving their voice and agency.

Human Capital Index Score (0-1)
Baseline compared to 2020



Change in Female Labor Force Participation 2010-2020 (p.p.)



— Unpacking the Numbers in Iraq —

42 percent

A girl born today will be 42 percent as productive as if she enjoyed full education, health, and employment (2020)

7 in 25

28 percent of women ages 20 to 24 were first married by age 18 (2018)

7.4 percent

7.4 percent of women ages 15 to 49 experienced female genital mutilation in their lifetimes (2018)

2.5 times

Men hold 2.5 times as many seats in the national parliament as women (2021)

1.7 times

A man is 1.7 times as likely to have used the internet to pay bills or to buy something online in the past year (2017)

LEARN MORE

<u>The World Bank in Gender</u>: This portal features the latest research, news, and events around gender equality in international development.

Women, Business and the Law: This portal includes reports, data, and news on the laws and regulations that affect women's economic opportunity.

World Bank Group Gender Strategy (FY16-FY23):

This 2015 report outlines the World Bank Group's strategy to promote gender equality.

<u>World Bank Gender Data Portal</u>: This open data tool shares the latest statistics and research to improve understanding and inform policy choices.

MENA Gender Innovation Lab: This page features policy research by the GIL, evaluating innovative solutions to close priority gender gaps in the region.







