

ANGOLA GENDER LANDSCAPE

This briefing showcases the gender landscape in Angola on key indicators helpful for monitoring gender equality and designing effective policy interventions. Gender equality fosters productivity gains and minimizes losses in wealth, reduces poverty, boosts shared prosperity, and supports green, resilient, and inclusive development.

Click the links below to explore the [World Bank Gender Data Portal](#).

Compared to:	Base Year	Region
>10% Higher Value	↗	
Equal/No Change	→	
>10% Lower Value	↘	
No Data	---	

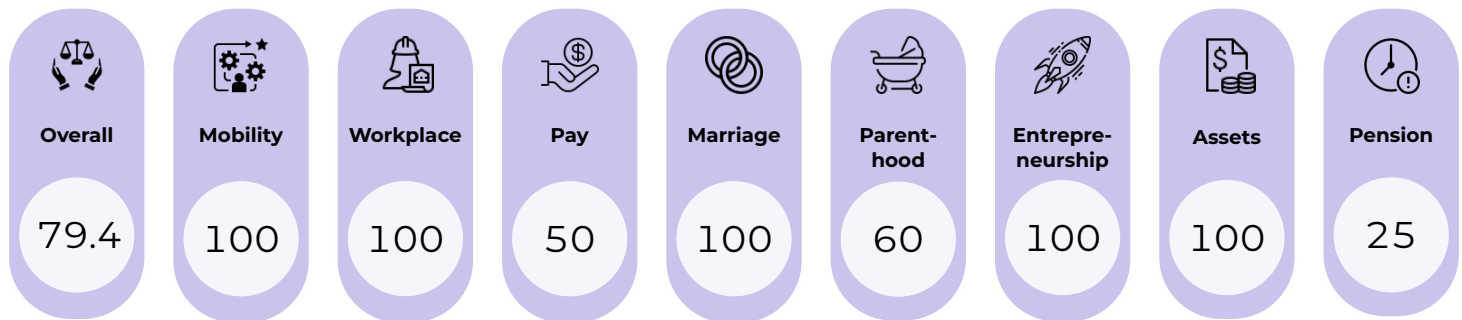
		Country Performance					Peer Comparison		
		Baseline			Latest		Latest		
		Value	Year		Value	Year	SSA	LMC	World
HUMAN ENDOWMENTS									
Learning-Adjusted Years of School	Female	NA	NA	---	3.63	2020	NA	NA	NA
	Male	NA	NA	---	4.83	2020	NA	NA	NA
Literacy rate (% age 15+)	Female	54.2	2001	→	53.4	2014	59.4	70.0	83.3
	Male	82.9	2001	→	80.0	2014	72.5	82.9	90.1
Lower secondary completion rate (% of relevant age group)	Female	13.8	2009	↗	16.8	2011	41.3	76.9	77.3
	Male	21.6	2009	↗	24.8	2011	46.0	74.3	76.7
Fertility rate, total (births per woman)		6.19	2010	↘	5.37	2020	4.56	2.67	2.39
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)		173	2010	↘	143	2020	98.0	41.4	41.0
Unmet need for contraception (% of married women ages 15-49)		NA	NA	---	38.0	2016	22.6	14.6	NA
Pregnant women receiving prenatal care of at least four visits (% of pregnant women)		NA	NA	---	60.7	2015	NA	NA	NA
Maternal mortality ratio (modeled estimate per 100,000 live births)		326	2010	↘	241	2017	534	253	211
Mortality from chronic vascular disease, cancer, diabetes or cardiorespiratory disease between 30 and 70 (%)	Female	21.8	2010	↘	19.4	2019	20.1	19.1	14.8
	Male	27.6	2010	→	25.2	2019	22.7	25.3	21.7
ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY									
Labor force participation rate (% age 15+, modeled ILO estimate)	Female	75.6	2010	→	74.0	2021	60.2	33.6	46.3
	Male	79.0	2010	→	79.1	2021	71.7	72.0	71.7
Wage and salaried workers (% of employment, modeled ILO estimate)	Female	17.1	2010	↘	12.7	2019	18.8	33.5	54.6
	Male	41.1	2010	↘	30.3	2019	30.4	38.0	53.0
Employment in agriculture (% of employment, modeled ILO estimate)	Female	55.5	2010	→	56.8	2019	52.6	41.9	25.3
	Male	42.5	2010	→	44.7	2019	53.2	36.0	27.6
Share of youth not in education, employment or training (% of youth population)	Female	30.9	2009	→	33.6	2014	NA	40.4	NA
	Male	20.3	2009	→	21.7	2014	NA	14.5	NA
Age dependency ratio (% of working-age population)		97.6	2010	→	94.5	2020	82.6	55.9	54.6
Women who own land both alone and jointly (% of women age 15-49)		NA	NA	---	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Financial institution account (% age 15+)	Female	NA	NA	---	22.3	2014	NA	51.7	63.7
	Male	NA	NA	---	36.1	2014	NA	60.6	70.6
Borrowed to start, operate, or expand a farm or business (% age 15+)	Female	NA	NA	---	2.65	2014	NA	6.81	5.26
	Male	NA	NA	---	4.47	2014	NA	9.00	7.57
Firms with female participation in ownership (% of firms)		56.6	2010	---	NA	NA	28.0	33.9	33.1
VOICE AND AGENCY									
Firms with female top manager (% of firms)		13.5	2010	---	NA	NA	16.2	20.0	17.8
Proportion of seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		38.6	2010	↘	29.5	2021	25.9	21.5	26.1
Women who were first married by age 18 (% of women ages 20-24)		NA	NA	---	30.3	2016	NA	NA	NA
Proportion of women subjected to physical and/or sexual violence in the last 12 months (% of ever-partnered women ages 15-49)		NA	NA	---	25.9	2016	NA	NA	NA
Women who believe a husband is justified in beating his wife (any of five reasons, %)		NA	NA	---	25.2	2016	NA	NA	NA

Note: Data retrieved from [World Bank Gender Data Portal](#). The Sub-Saharan Africa (SSA) region includes 48 countries (all income levels), as classified by The World Bank Group. Angola is an Lower middle income (LMC) country, which includes 55 countries with a Gross National Income (GNI) per capita from \$1,046 to \$4,095 (calculated using the World Bank Atlas method). Data definitions can be found on the [Gender Data Portal](#). Country Baseline provides a reference value between 1990 and 2010. Latest Value shows the latest available comparison from 2011 onwards. Baseline comparisons are represented by an arrow icon that points to increases or decreases greater than 10 percent relative to the base year. Comparison to the regional average shows how Angola performs relative to its peers in the region, income group, and the world. Darker and lighter shades represent values 10 percent or below or above its peers in the region, respectively.



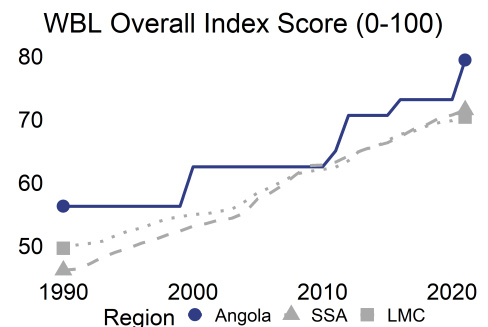
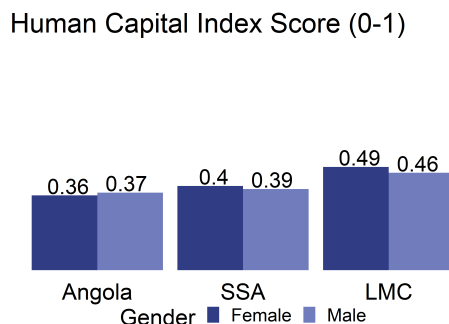
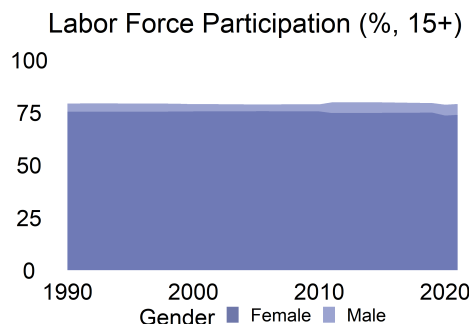
Women, Business and the Law in Angola

Women, Business and the Law (WBL) 2022 presents an index covering 190 economies, structured around the life cycle of a working woman. In total, 35 questions are scored across eight indicators. **Angola scores 79.4 out of 100**, while the regional average across Sub-Saharan Africa is 71.5.



A Closer Look at Gender Equality in Angola

The World Bank Group Gender Team integrates analyses of economic, social, health, and institutional factors in its global activities. This section provides comparative indicators and key statistics for Angola and its peers. Follow the links to explore further at the [Gender Data Portal](#).



Unpacking the Numbers in Angola

36 percent

A girl born in Angola will be 36 percent as productive as if she enjoyed complete education, health and employment (2020)

2.4 per 1,000

2.4 per thousand 15-year-old girls in Angola are expected to die from a maternal related cause during their lifetimes (2017)

1 in 12

1 in 12 married women (15 to 49) in Angola report having been subjected to sexual violence during their lifetimes (2016)

1 in 4

1 in 4 surveyed married women in Angola believe it is ever justified for a man to beat his wife for any reason (2016)

1.4 times likelier

A man is 1.4 times likelier to have used the internet to pay bills or buy something online in the last year than a woman in Angola (2014)

LEARN MORE

- **The World Bank in Gender:** This portal features the latest research, news, and events around gender equality in international development.
- **IFC's Work in Gender:** This page provides an overview of the work by IFC to promote gender equality in its global partnerships.
- **World Bank Group Gender Strategy (FY16-FY23):** This 2015 report outlines the World Bank Group's strategy to promote gender equality.
- **World Bank Gender Data Portal:** This open data page shares the latest statistics and research to improve understanding and inform policy choices.
- **Women, Business and the Law:** This portal includes reports, data, and news on the laws and regulations that affect women's economic opportunity.
- **AFR Gender Innovation Lab:** This page features policy-relevant research by the GILs, identifies priority gender gaps and tests innovative solutions in the SSA region.

