



COMOROS GENDER LANDSCAPE

This briefing showcases the gender landscape in Comoros on key indicators helpful for monitoring gender equality and designing effective policy interventions. Gender equality fosters productivity gains, minimizes losses in wealth, reduces poverty, boosts shared prosperity, and supports green, resilient, and inclusive development. Comoros is a Fragile, Conflict, or Violence (FCV) impacted country with high institutional and social fragility.

Click the measures below to explore the [World Bank Gender Data Portal](#).

Compared to:	Base Year	Region
>10% Higher Value	↗	
Equal/No Change	→	
>10% Lower Value	↘	
No Data	---	

		Country Performance						Peer Comparison		
		Baseline		Latest				Latest		
		Value	Year	Value	Year			SSA	LMC	World
HUMAN ENDOWMENTS										
Learning-Adjusted Years of Schooling	Female	NA	NA	---	5.17	2020		NA	NA	NA
	Male	NA	NA	---	5.12	2020		NA	NA	NA
Literacy rate (% 15+)	Female	63.5	2000	↘	53.0	2018		59.4	70.0	83.3
	Male	74.5	2000	↘	64.6	2018		72.5	82.9	90.1
Primary completion rate (% of relevant group)	Female	64.3	2008	↗	77.2	2017		68.8	91.7	89.9
	Male	82.1	2008	→	76.2	2017		71.9	91.3	90.3
Fertility rate, total (births per woman)		4.75	2010	↘	4.07	2020		4.56	2.67	2.39
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women 15-19)		76.5	2010	↘	61.5	2020		98.0	41.4	41.0
Pregnant women receiving prenatal care of at least four visits (% of pregnant women)		52.0	1996	→	48.9	2012		54.3	59.1	NA
Mortality from chronic vascular disease, cancer, diabetes or cardiorespiratory disease between 30 and 70 (%)	Female	21.3	2010	→	20.6	2019		20.1	19.1	14.8
	Male	21.2	2010	→	20.7	2019		22.7	25.3	21.7
Prevalence of HIV (% 15-24)	Female	0.10	2010	→	0.10	2020		1.68	NA	0.40
	Male	0.10	2010	→	0.10	2020		0.74	NA	0.20
ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY										
Labor force participation rate (% 15+, modeled ILO estimate)	Female	32.5	2010	→	32.1	2021		60.2	33.6	46.3
	Male	53.9	2010	→	54.5	2021		71.7	72.0	71.7
Wage and salaried workers (% of employment, modeled ILO estimate)	Female	24.4	2010	↗	31.2	2019		18.8	33.5	54.6
	Male	45.7	2010	→	48.9	2019		30.4	38.0	53.0
Employment in agriculture (% of employment, modeled ILO estimate)	Female	47.7	2010	↘	31.6	2019		52.6	41.9	25.3
	Male	44.0	2010	↘	36.3	2019		53.2	36.0	27.6
Share of youth not in education, employment or training (% of youth population)	Female	32.6	2004	→	33.1	2014		NA	40.4	NA
	Male	22.7	2004	→	21.4	2014		NA	14.5	NA
Age dependency ratio (% of working-age population)		78.6	2010	→	72.8	2020		82.6	55.9	54.6
Financial institution account (% 15+)	Female	NA	NA	---	17.9	2011		NA	51.7	63.7
	Male	NA	NA	---	25.7	2011		NA	60.6	70.6
Borrowed to start, operate, or expand a farm or business (% 15+)	Female	NA	NA	---	NA	NA		NA	6.81	5.26
	Male	NA	NA	---	NA	NA		NA	9.00	7.57
Firms with female participation in ownership (% of firms)		NA	NA	---	NA	NA		28.0	33.9	33.1
VOICE AND AGENCY										
Firms with female top manager (% of firms)		NA	NA	---	NA	NA		16.2	20.0	17.8
Proportion of seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		3.03	2010	↗	16.7	2021		25.9	21.5	26.1
Women who were first married by 18 (% of women 20-24)		29.7	1996	→	31.6	2012		NA	NA	NA
Proportion of women subjected to physical and/or sexual violence in the last 12 months (% of ever-partnered women 15-49)		NA	NA	---	4.90	2012		NA	NA	NA

Note: The Sub-Saharan Africa (SSA) region includes 48 countries (all income levels), as classified by The World Bank Group. Comoros is a lower middle income (LMC) country, which includes 55 countries with a Gross National Income (GNI) per capita from \$1,046 to \$4,095 (calculated using the World Bank Atlas method). Data and definitions can be found on the [Gender Data Portal](#). Data is as of June 24, 2022.

Country Baseline provides a reference from 1990 to 2010. Latest Value shows the latest available value from 2011 onwards. The arrow icon represents country increases or decreases over 10 percent relative to the base year. Peer Comparison shows how Comoros performs relative to its peers in the region, income group, and the world. Color coding represents values 10 percent above or below its peers in the region.



WORLD BANK GROUP

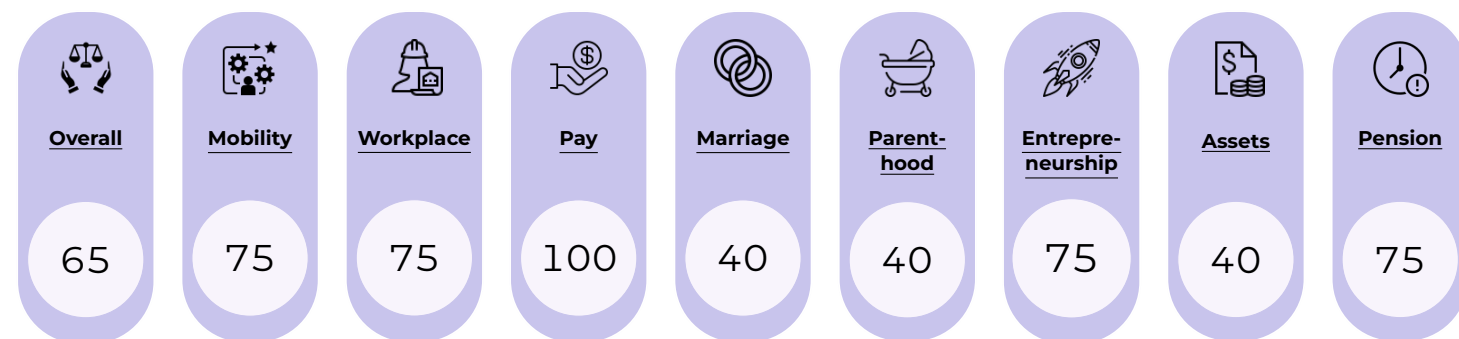


Accelerate Equality
Gender Equality and Development

COMOROS GENDER LANDSCAPE

Women, Business and the Law in Comoros

Women, Business and the Law (WBL) 2022 presents an index covering 190 economies, structured around the life cycle of a working woman. In total, 35 questions are scored across eight indicators. **Comoros scores 65 out of 100**, while the regional average across Sub-Saharan Africa is 80.

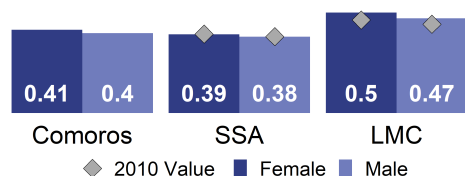


A Closer Look at Gender Equality in Comoros

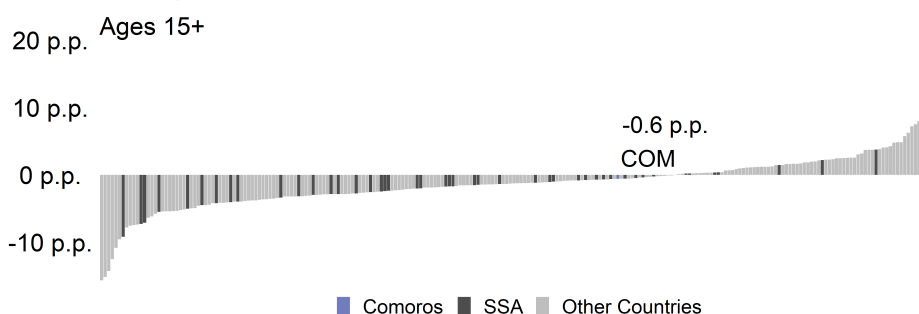
Despite some progress, gender gaps, gender-based violence, and disadvantageous social norms facing women and girls persist, and gains in human capital of women and girls remain untapped. Turning human capital investments into economic gains means addressing multiple barriers to women's economic empowerment, including improving their voice and agency.

Human Capital Index Score (0-1)

Baseline compared to 2020



Change in Female Labor Force Participation 2010-2020 (p.p.)



Unpacking the Numbers in Comoros

41 percent

A girl born today will be 41 percent as productive as if she enjoyed full education, health, and employment **(2020)**

11 in 100

11 percent of women 15 to 19 years old have had children or already pregnant **(2012)**

6 percent

6 percent of women report having ever experienced any form of sexual violence **(2012)**

49 in 100

49 percent of women are not able to visit family, relatives and friends on her own decision **(2012)**

12 in 13

92 percent of women do not have any land, both solely and jointly, registered under their name **(2012)**

LEARN MORE

The World Bank in Gender: This portal features the latest research, news, and events around gender equality in international development.

Women, Business and the Law: This portal includes reports, data, and news on the laws and regulations that affect women's economic opportunity.

World Bank Group Gender Strategy (FY16-FY23): This 2015 report outlines the World Bank Group's strategy to promote gender equality.

World Bank Gender Data Portal: This open data tool shares the latest statistics and research to improve understanding and inform policy choices.

AFR Gender Innovation Lab: This page features policy research by the GIL, evaluating innovative solutions to close priority gender gaps in the region.

