## MOZAMBIQUE GENDER LANDSCAPE

This briefing showcases the gender landscape in Mozambique on key indicators helpful for monitoring gender equality and designing effective policy interventions. Gender equality fosters productivity gains, minimizes losses in wealth, reduces poverty, boosts shared prosperity, and supports green, resilient, and inclusive development.

Click the measures below to explore the World Bank Gender Data Portal.

Compared to:	Base Year	Region
>10% Higher Value	7	
Equal/No Change	$\rightarrow$	
>10% Lower Value	7	
No Data		

		Country Performance			Peer Comparison				
		Baseline			Latest		Lates		t
		Value	Year		Value	Year	SSA	LIC	World
HUMAN ENDOWMENTS									
Learning-Adjusted Years of Schooling	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Literacy rate (% 15+)	Female Male	36.5 67.4	2009 2009	<i>7</i> ¹ →	50.3 72.6	2017 2017	59.4 72.5	NA NA	83.3 90.1
Lower secondary completion rate (% of relevant group)	Female Male	18.9 23.4	2010 2010	<i>7</i> →	24.3 24.1	2019 2019	41.3 46.0	NA NA	77.3 76.7
Fertility rate, total (births per woman)		5.39	2010	7	4.71	2020	4.56	NA	2.39
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women 15-19)		164	2010	7	142	2020	98.0	NA	41.0
Maternal mortality ratio (modeled estimate per 100,000 live births)		412	2010	7	289	2017	534	NA	211
Pregnant women receiving prenatal care of at least four visits (% of pregnant women)		53.1	2003	$\rightarrow$	51.0	2018	54.3	NA	NA
Unmet need for contraception (% of married women 15-49)		18.9	2004	7	23.1	2015	22.6	NA	NA
Mortality from chronic vascular disease, cancer, diabetes or cardiorespiratory disease between 30 and 70 (%)	Female Male	24.4 41.8	2010 2010	$\begin{array}{c} \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \end{array}$	23.9 38.8	2019 2019	20.1 22.7	NA NA	14.8 21.7
ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY									
Labor force participation rate (% 15+, modeled ILO estimate)	Female Male	82.7 81.7	2010 2010	$\overset{\rightarrow}{\rightarrow}$	77.7 78.9	2021 2021	60.2 71.7	NA NA	46.3 71.7
Wage and salaried workers (% of employment, modeled ILO estimate)	Female Male	4.37 19.1	2010 2010	フ フ	6.84 25.4	2019 2019	18.8 30.4	NA NA	54.6 53.0
Employment in agriculture (% of employment, modeled ILO estimate)	Female Male	86.4 64.9	2010 2010	$\begin{array}{c} \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \end{array}$	79.8 59.8	2019 2019	52.6 53.2	NA NA	25.3 27.6
Share of youth not in education, employment or training (% of youth population)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Age dependency ratio (% of working-age population)		95.1	2010	$\rightarrow$	88.4	2020	82.6	NA	54.6
Women who own land both alone and jointly (% of women 15-49)		NA	NA		2.40	2015	NA	NA	NA
Men who own land alone (% of men)		NA	NA		13.3	2015	NA	NA	NA
Financial institution account (% 15+)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		26.3 40.2	2017 2017	NA NA	20.5 28.7	63.7 70.6
Borrowed to start, operate, or expand a farm or business (% 15+)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		7.12 10.7	2017 2017	NA NA	10.6 12.8	5.26 7.57
Firms with female participation in ownership (% of firms)		24.4	2007	7	28.3	2018	28.0	NA	33.1
VOICE AND AGENCY Firms with female top manager (% of firms)		NA	NA		15.6	2018	16.2	NA	17.8
Proportion of seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		39.2	2010	$\rightarrow$	42.4	2021	25.9	NA	26.1
Women who were first married by 18 (% of women 20-24)		56.2	2009	$\rightarrow$	52.9	2015	NA	NA	NA
Proportion of women subjected to physical and/or sexual violence in the last 12 months (% of ever-partnered women 15-49)		NA	NA		15.5	2015	NA	NA	NA
Women who believe a husband is justified in beating his wife (any of five reasons, %)		54.1	2003	7	13.3	2015	NA	NA	NA

Note: The Sub-Saharan Africa (SSA) region includes 48 countries (all income levels), as classified by The World Bank Group. Mozambique is a low income (LIC) country, which includes 27 countries with a Gross National Income (GNI) per capita from \$0 to \$1,045 (calculated using the World Bank Atlas method). Data and definitions can be found on the Gender Data Portal.

Country Baseline provides a reference from 1990 to 2010. Latest Value shows the latest available comparison from 2011 onwards. The arrow icon represents country increases or decreases over 10 percent relative to the base year. Peer comparisons show how Mozambique performs relative to the region, income group, and the world. Lighter and darker shades represent values 10 percent above and below regional peer values, respectively.









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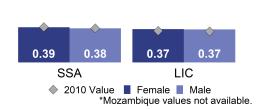
Women, Business and the Law in Mozambique **Women, Business and the Law (WBL) 2022** presents an index covering 190 economies, structured around the life cycle of a working woman. In total, 35 questions are scored across eight indicators. **Mozambique scores 82 out of 100,** while the regional average across Sub-Saharan Africa is 80.



### A Closer Look at Gender Equality in Mozambique

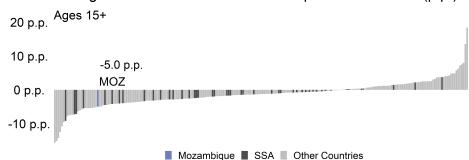
Despite some progress, gender gaps, gender-based violence, and disadvantageous social norms facing women and girls persist, and gains in human capital of women and girls remain untapped. Turning human capital investments into economic gains means addressing multiple barriers to womens economic empowerment, including improving their voice and agency.

Human Capital Index Score (0-1)
Baseline compared to 2020



economic gains means addressing multiple barriers to womens economic empowerment, including improving their voice and agency.

Change in Female Labor Force Participation 2010-2020 (p.p.)



### — Unpacking the Numbers in Mozambique ——

A girl has a 76
percent chance of
not completing
lower secondary
school <b>(2019)</b>

76 percent

### 23 in 50

46 percent of women 15 to 19 years old have had children or already pregnant **(2018)** 

### 6 percent

6 percent of women report having ever experienced any form of sexual violence (2015)

#### 1 in 5

20 percent of women are not able to visit family, relatives and friends on her own decision (2015)

#### 41 in 42

98 percent of women do not have any land, both solely and jointly, registered under their name (2015)

### **LEARN MORE**

<u>The World Bank in Gender</u>: This portal features the latest research, news, and events around gender equality in international development.

Women, Business and the Law: This portal includes reports, data, and news on the laws and regulations that affect women's economic opportunity.

World Bank Group Gender Strategy (FY16-FY23):

This 2015 report outlines the World Bank Group's strategy to promote gender equality.

<u>World Bank Gender Data Portal</u>: This open data tool shares the latest statistics and research to improve understanding and inform policy choices.

**AFR Gender Innovation Lab**: This page features policy research by the GIL, evaluating innovative solutions to close priority gender gaps in the region.







