SUDAN GENDER LANDSCAPE

This briefing showcases the gender landscape in Sudan on key indicators helpful for monitoring gender equality and designing effective policy interventions. Gender equality fosters productivity gains, minimizes losses in wealth, reduces poverty, boosts shared prosperity, and supports green, resilient, and inclusive development.

Click the measures below to explore the World Bank Gender Data Portal.

Compared to:	Base Year	Region
>10% Higher Value	7	
Equal/No Change	\rightarrow	
>10% Lower Value	7	
No Data		

		Country Performance				Peer Comparison				
		Baseline			Latest		Lates		t	
		Value	Year		Value	Year	SSA	LIC	World	
HUMAN ENDOWMENTS										
Learning-Adjusted Years of Schooling	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		4.33 4.29	2020 2020	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	
Literacy rate (% 15+)	Female Male	46.7 59.8	2008 2008	<i>7</i> ' →	56.1 65.4	2018 2018	59.4 72.5	54.1 68.9	83.3 90.1	
Lower secondary completion rate (% of relevant group)	Female Male	47.1 57.1	2010 2010	<i>></i>	50.4 51.2	2018 2018	41.3 46.0	35.3 43.1	77.3 76.7	
Fertility rate, total (births per woman)		4.88	2010	7	4.29	2020	4.56	4.49	2.39	
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women 15-19)		92.2	2010	7	54.4	2020	98.0	91.8	41.0	
Maternal mortality ratio (modeled estimate per 100,000 live births)		408	2010	7	295	2017	534	460	211	
Pregnant women receiving prenatal care of at least four visits (% of pregnant women)		47.1	2010	\rightarrow	50.7	2014	54.3	45.9	NA	
Unmet need for contraception (% of married women 15-49)		28.9	2010	\rightarrow	26.6	2014	22.6	23.5	NA	
Mortality from chronic vascular disease, cancer, diabetes or cardiorespiratory disease between 30 and 70 (%)	Female Male	21.9 25.5	2010 2010	$\begin{array}{c} \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \end{array}$	21.4 24.3	2019 2019	20.1 22.7	21.7 25.4	14.8 21.7	
ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY										
Labor force participation rate (% 15+, modeled ILO estimate)	Female Male	28.9 71.6	2010 2010	$\overset{\rightarrow}{\rightarrow}$	28.7 67.8	2021 2021	60.2 71.7	56.8 74.9	46.3 71.7	
Wage and salaried workers (% of employment, modeled ILO estimate)	Female Male	31.4 44.7	2010 2010	<i>7</i> →	36.5 48.9	2019 2019	18.8 30.4	13.2 24.9	54.6 53.0	
Employment in agriculture (% of employment, modeled ILO estimate)	Female Male	60.5 40.8	2010 2010	7	51.8 33.6	2019 2019	52.6 53.2	63.4 56.9	25.3 27.6	
Share of youth not in education, employment or training (% of youth population)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		46.4 20.0	2011 2011	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	
Age dependency ratio (% of working-age population)		86.1	2010	7	76.9	2020	82.6	82.8	54.6	
Women who own land both alone and jointly (% of women 15-49)		NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Men who own land alone (% of men)		NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Financial institution account (% 15+)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		9.98 20.2	2014 2014	NA NA	20.5 28.7	63.7 70.6	
Borrowed to start, operate, or expand a farm or business (% 15+)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		2.61 10.6	2014 2014	NA NA	10.6 12.8	5.26 7.57	
Firms with female participation in ownership (% of firms)		NA	NA		8.20	2014	28.0	23.3	33.1	
VOICE AND AGENCY										
Firms with female top manager (% of firms)		NA	NA		3.40	2014	16.2	12.2	17.8	
Proportion of seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		25.6	2010	7	30.5	2018	25.9	24.1	26.1	
Women who were first married by 18 (% of women 20-24)		32.9	2010	\rightarrow	34.2	2014	NA	NA	NA	
Proportion of women subjected to physical and/or sexual violence in the last 12 months (% of ever-partnered women 15-49)		NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Women who believe a husband is justified in beating his wife (any of five reasons, $\%$)		NA	NA		34.0	2014	NA	NA	NA	

Note: The Sub-Saharan Africa (SSA) region includes 48 countries (all income levels), as classified by The World Bank Group. Sudan is a low income (LIC) country, which includes 27 countries with a Gross National Income (GNI) per capita from \$0 to \$1,045 (calculated using the World Bank Atlas method). Data and definitions can be found on the Gender Data Portal. Data is as of June 24, 2022.

Country Baseline provides a reference from 1990 to 2010. Latest Value shows the latest available value from 2011 onwards. The arrow icon represents country increases or decreases over 10 percent relative to the base year. Peer Comparison shows how Sudan performs relative to its peers in the region, income group, and the world. Color coding represents values 10 percent above or below its peers in the region.









SUDAN GENDER LANDSCAPE

Women, Business and the Law in Sudan

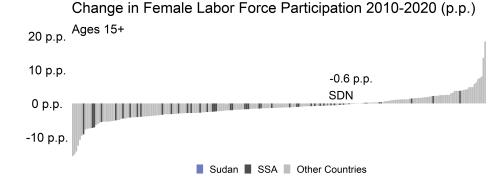
Women, Business and the Law (WBL) 2022 presents an index covering 190 economies, structured around the life cycle of a working woman. In total, 35 questions are scored across eight indicators. **Sudan scores 29 out of 100,** while the regional average across Sub-Saharan Africa is 80.

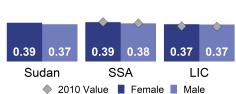


A Closer Look at Gender Equality in Sudan

Despite some progress, gender gaps, gender-based violence, and disadvantageous social norms facing women and girls persist, and gains in human capital of women and girls remain untapped. Turning human capital investments into economic gains means addressing multiple barriers to women's economic empowerment, including improving their voice and agency.

Human Capital Index Score (0-1)
Baseline compared to 2020





— Unpacking the Numbers in Sudan ——

38 percent

A girl born today will be 38 percent as productive as if she enjoyed full education, health, and employment (2020)

17 in 50

34 percent of women ages 20 to 24 were first married by age 18 (2014)

87 percent

87 percent of women ages 15 to 49 experienced female genital mutilation in their lifetimes (2014)

2.3 times

Men hold 2.3 times as many seats in the national parliament as women (2018)

1.9 times

A man is 1.9 times as likely to have used the internet to pay bills or to buy something online in the past year (2014)

LEARN MORE

<u>The World Bank in Gender</u>: This portal features the latest research, news, and events around gender equality in international development.

Women, Business and the Law: This portal includes reports, data, and news on the laws and regulations that affect women's economic opportunity.

World Bank Group Gender Strategy (FY16-FY23):

This 2015 report outlines the World Bank Group's strategy to promote gender equality.

<u>World Bank Gender Data Portal</u>: This open data tool shares the latest statistics and research to improve understanding and inform policy choices.

AFR Gender Innovation Lab: This page features policy research by the GIL, evaluating innovative solutions to close priority gender gaps in the region.







