COLOMBIA GENDER LANDSCAPE

This briefing showcases the gender landscape in Colombia on key indicators helpful for monitoring gender equality and designing effective policy interventions. Gender equality fosters productivity gains, minimizes losses in wealth, reduces poverty, boosts shared prosperity, and supports green, resilient, and inclusive development.

Click the measures below to explore the World Bank Gender Data Portal.

Compared to:	Base Year	Region
>10% Higher Value	7	
Equal/No Change	\rightarrow	
>10% Lower Value	7	
No Data		

	Country Performance				Peer Comparison			
	Baseline			Latest		Lates		t
	Value	Year		Value	Year	LAC	ИМС	World
Female Male	8.14 8.33	2010 2010		NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Female Male	98.5 86.8	2010 2010	7	82.7 73.8	2019 2019	82.3 77.6	90.0 88.8	77.3 76.7
	36.8	2002	7	33.4	2018	NA	NA	NA
	1.99	2010	7	1.77	2020	1.99	1.83	2.39
	76.8	2010	7	63.1	2020	60.3	29.1	41.0
	85.0	2010	\rightarrow	83.0	2017	74.0	41.0	211
	88.6	2010	\rightarrow	89.9	2016	90.9	NA	NA
	8.00	2010	7	6.70	2016	NA	NA	NA
Female Male	10.5 11.9	2010 2010	<i>K</i>	8.90 10.8	2019 2019	12.7 17.1	12.2 21.1	14.8 21.7
Female Male	55.4 81.0	2010 2010	$\overset{\rightarrow}{\rightarrow}$	52.2 78.0	2021 2021	48.5 72.5	55.5 72.9	46.3 71.7
Female Male	47.9 45.7	2010 2010	$\overset{\rightarrow}{\rightarrow}$	51.5 49.7	2019 2019	63.5 61.2	60.2 60.8	54.6 53.0
Female Male	7.00 26.2	2010 2010	<i>></i>	6.60 22.3	2019 2019	7.08 18.0	17.8 23.5	25.3 27.6
Female Male	32.8 14.4	2010 2010	$\overset{\rightarrow}{\rightarrow}$	32.4 15.6	2019 2019	29.5 18.3	NA NA	NA NA
Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		5.02 2.93	2017 2017	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
	51.2	2010	7	45.4	2020	49.1	45.5	54.6
Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		41.4 48.8	2017 2017	NA NA	69.0 76.6	63.7 70.6
Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		9.88 12.1	2017 2017	NA NA	4.29 6.78	5.26 7.57
	NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	35.3	2010	7	66.9	2017	49.9	34.2	33.1
	12.1	2010	7	18.9	2017	20.1	19.1	17.8
	12.7	2010	7	18.8	2021	34.4	27.1	26.1
	23.0	2010	\rightarrow	23.4	2015	NA	NA	NA
	21.4	2010	7	36.8	2020	27.9	21.4	22.0
	NA	NA		18.4	2015	NA	NA	NA
	Female Male Female Male	Female Male 8.14 mage Female Male 98.5 mage Female And Male 98.5 mage Female And Male 1.99 mage Female And Male 10.5 mage Female And Male 47.9 mage Male 45.7 mage Female And	Bas-Ine Value Year Female Male 8.14 2010 2010 2010 2010 2010 2010 2010 20	Baseline Value Year Female Male 8.14 2010 Female Male 98.5 2010	Baseline Late Value Value Year Value Female Male 8.14 2010 NA NA NA Female Male 98.5 2010	Pass Pass	Pass Pass	Pase Female Range Ran

The Latin America and Caribbean (LAC) region includes 42 countries (all income levels), as classified by The World Bank Group. Colom-Note: bia is an upper middle income (UMC) country, which includes 55 countries with a Gross National Income (GNI) per capita from \$4,096 to \$12,695 (calculated using the World Bank Atlas method). Data and definitions can be found on the Gender Data Portal. Data is as of June 24, 2022. Country Baseline provides a reference from 1990 to 2010. Latest Value shows the latest available value from 2011 onwards. The arrow icon represents country increases or decreases over 10 percent relative to the base year. Peer Comparison shows how Colombia performs relative to its peers in the region, income group, and the world. Color coding represents values 10 percent above or below its peers in the region.





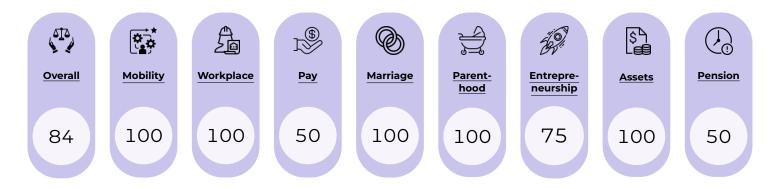




COLOMBIA GENDER LANDSCAPE

Women, Business and the Law in Colombia

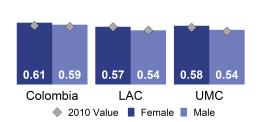
Women, Business and the Law (WBL) 2022 presents an index covering 190 economies, structured around the life cycle of a working woman. In total, 35 questions are scored across eight indicators. Colombia scores 84 out of 100, while the regional average across Latin America and Caribbean is 80.



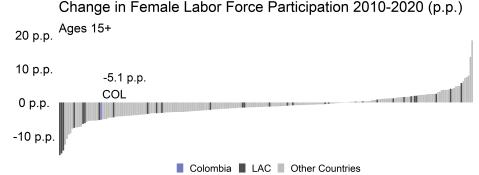
A Closer Look at Gender Equality in Colombia

Despite some progress, gender gaps, gender-based violence, and disadvantageous social norms facing women and girls persist, and gains in human capital of women and girls remain untapped. Turning human capital investments into economic gains means addressing multiple barriers to women's economic empowerment, including improving their voice and agency.

Human Capital Index Score (0-1)
Baseline compared to 2020



powerment, including improving their voice and agency.



— Unpacking the Numbers in Colombia —

A girl has a 17

A girl has a 17 17 percent chance of not completing lower secondary school (2019) 17 percent women years old children pregna

17 in 100

17 percent of women 15 to 19 years old have had children or already pregnant (2015)

18 percent

18 percent of women were subjected to physical or sexual violence in the last 12 months **(2015)**

3 in 25

12 percent of women are not able to visit family, relatives and friends on her own decision (2015)

39 in 40

98 percent of women do not have any land, both solely and jointly, registered under their name (2015)

LEARN MORE

<u>The World Bank in Gender</u>: This portal features the latest research, news, and events around gender equality in international development.

Women, Business and the Law: This portal includes reports, data, and news on the laws and regulations that affect women's economic opportunity.

World Bank Group Gender Strategy (FY16-FY23): This 2015 report outlines the World Bank Group's strategy to promote gender equality.

<u>World Bank Gender Data Portal</u>: This open data tool shares the latest statistics and research to improve understanding and inform policy choices.

LAC Gender Innovation Lab: This page features policy research by the GIL, evaluating innovative solutions to close priority gender gaps in the region.

<u>Colombia Gender Scorecard</u>: This report offers additional context about the gender dynamic in Colombia from the Poverty and Equity Team.







