CHILE GENDER LANDSCAPE

This briefing showcases the gender landscape in Chile on key indicators helpful for monitoring gender equality and designing effective policy interventions. Gender equality fosters productivity gains, minimizes losses in wealth, reduces poverty, boosts shared prosperity, and supports green, resilient, and inclusive development.

Click the measures below to explore the World Bank Gender Data Portal.

Compared to:	Base Year	Region
>10% Higher Value	7	
Equal/No Change	\rightarrow	
>10% Lower Value	7	
No Data		

		Country Performance				Peer Comparison				
		Baseline			Latest		Lates		t	
		Value	Year		Value	Year	LAC	HIC	World	
HUMAN ENDOWMENTS										
Learning-Adjusted Years of Schooling	Female Male	9.09 8.95	2010 2010	$\overset{\rightarrow}{\rightarrow}$	9.47 9.34	2020 2020	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	
School enrollment, tertiary (% gross)	Female Male	70.3 65.5	2010 2010	7	100.0 86.1	2019 2019	61.7 46.8	NA NA	43.2 37.5	
Female share of graduates from STEM programs, tertiary (%)		20.2	2010	\rightarrow	18.8	2017	NA	NA	NA	
Fertility rate, total (births per woman)		1.88	2010	7	1.61	2020	1.99	NA	2.39	
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women 15-19)		54.3	2010	7	38.3	2020	60.3	NA	41.0	
Maternal mortality ratio (modeled estimate per 100,000 live births)		20.0	2010	7	13.0	2017	74.0	NA	211	
Births attended by skilled health staff (% of total)		NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Contraceptive prevalence, any modern method (% of married women 15-49)		64.2	2006	\rightarrow	69.8	2016	NA	NA	53.6	
Mortality from chronic vascular disease, cancer, diabetes or cardiorespiratory disease between 30 and 70 (%)	Female Male	10.5 15.7	2010 2010	<i>\\</i>	8.30 12.0	2019 2019	12.7 17.1	NA NA	14.8 21.7	
ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY										
Labor force participation rate (% 15+, modeled ILO estimate)	Female Male	45.6 72.4	2010 2010	<i>></i>	44.2 65.5	2021 2021	48.5 72.5	NA NA	46.3 71.7	
Wage and salaried workers (% of employment, modeled ILO estimate)	Female Male	75.1 72.5	2010 2010	$\begin{array}{c} \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \end{array}$	74.2 71.8	2019 2019	63.5 61.2	NA NA	54.6 53.0	
Employment in agriculture (% of employment, modeled ILO estimate)	Female Male	5.14 14.1	2010 2010	→ _	4.74 12.0	2019 2019	7.08 18.0	NA NA	25.3 27.6	
Share of youth not in education, employment or training (% of youth population)	Female Male	24.5 14.4	2010 2010	→ <i>7</i>	22.5 19.3	2020 2020	29.5 18.3	NA NA	NA NA	
Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work (% of 24 hour day)	Female Male	15.9 5.07	2008 2008	7	22.1 9.85	2015 2015	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	
Age dependency ratio (% of working-age population)		45.9	2010	\rightarrow	45.9	2020	49.1	NA	54.6	
Financial institution account (% 15+)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		70.6 77.4	2017 2017	NA NA	92.9 94.5	63.7 70.6	
Borrowed to start, operate, or expand a farm or business (% 15+)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		2.26 5.64	2017 2017	NA NA	2.10 4.29	5.26 7.57	
Female share of employment in senior and middle management (%)		28.3	2009		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Firms with female participation in ownership (% of firms)		29.6	2010		NA	NA	49.9	NA	33.1	
VOICE AND AGENCY										
Firms with female top manager (% of firms)		4.50	2010		NA	NA	20.1	NA	17.8	
Proportion of seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		14.2	2010	7	35.5	2021	34.4	NA	26.1	
Women who were first married by 18 (% of women 20-24)		NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Proportion of women in ministerial level positions (%)		45.5	2010	7	30.4	2020	27.9	NA	22.0	
Proportion of women subjected to physical and/or sexual violence in the last 12 months (% of ever-partnered women 15-49)		NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	

The Latin America and Caribbean (LAC) region includes 42 countries (all income levels), as classified by The World Bank Group. Chile is a high income (HIC) country, which includes 80 countries with a Gross National Income (GNI) per capita from \$12,696 and above (calculated using the World Bank Atlas method). Data and definitions can be found on the Gender Data Portal.

Country Baseline provides a reference from 1990 to 2010. Latest Value shows the latest available comparison from 2011 onwards. The arrow icon represents country increases or decreases over 10 percent relative to the base year. Peer comparisons show how Chile performs relative to the region, income group, and the world. Lighter and darker shades represent values 10 percent above and below regional peer values, respectively.





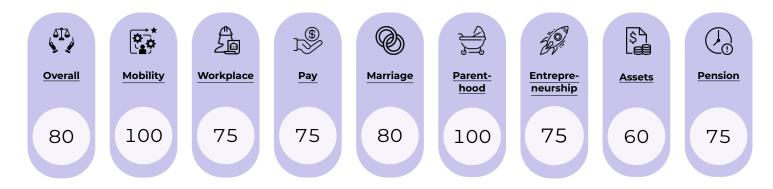




CHILE GENDER LANDSCAPE

Women, Business and the Law in Chile

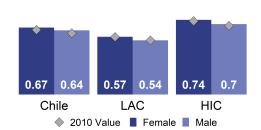
Women, Business and the Law (WBL) 2022 presents an index covering 190 economies, structured around the life cycle of a working woman. In total, 35 questions are scored across eight indicators. Chile scores 80 out of 100, while the regional average across Latin America and Caribbean is 80.

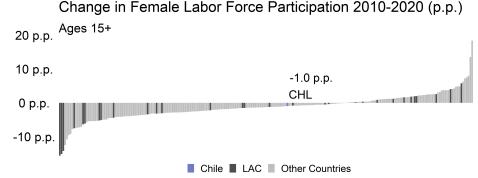


A Closer Look at Gender Equality in Chile

Despite some progress, gender gaps, gender-based violence, and disadvantageous social norms facing women and girls persist, and gains in human capital of women and girls remain untapped. Turning human capital investments into economic gains means addressing multiple barriers to womens economic empowerment, including improving their voice and agency.

Human Capital Index Score (0-1) Baseline compared to 2020





Unpacking the Numbers in Chile

67 percent

A girl born today will be 67 percent as productive as if she enjoyed full education, health, and employment (2020)

21 points

Men and women have a 21 percentage point gap in labor force participation (2021)

1.8 times

Men hold 1.8 times as many seats in the national parliament as women (2021)

1.3 times

A man is 1.3 times as likely to have used the internet to pay bills or to buy something online in the past year (2017)

LEARN MORE

The World Bank in Gender: This portal features the latest research, news, and events around gender equality in international development.

Women, Business and the Law: This portal includes reports, data, and news on the laws and regulations that affect women's economic opportunity.

World Bank Group Gender Strategy (FY16-FY23): This 2015 report outlines the World Bank Group's

World Bank Gender Data Portal: This open data tool shares the latest statistics and research to improve understanding and inform policy choices.

LAC Gender Innovation Lab: This page features policy research by the GIL, evaluating innovative solutions to close priority gender gaps in the region.

Chile Gender Scorecard: This report offers additional context about the gender dynamic in Chile from the Poverty and Equity Team.



strategy to promote gender equality.





