

ARGENTINA GENDER LANDSCAPE

This briefing showcases the gender landscape in Argentina on key indicators helpful for monitoring gender equality and designing effective policy interventions. Gender equality fosters productivity gains and minimizes losses in wealth, reduces poverty, boosts shared prosperity, and supports green, resilient, and inclusive development.

Click the links below to explore the [World Bank Gender Data Portal](#).

Compared to:	Base Year	Region
>10% Higher Value	↗	
Equal/No Change	→	
>10% Lower Value	↘	
No Data	---	

		Country Performance					Peer Comparison			
		Baseline		Latest		Latest				
		Value	Year		Value	Year	LAC	UMC	World	
HUMAN ENDOWMENTS										
Learning-Adjusted Years of School	Female	8.56	2010	→	8.49	2020	NA	NA	NA	
	Male	7.91	2010	→	8.33	2020	NA	NA	NA	
Lower secondary completion rate (% of relevant age group)	Female	83.8	2010	↗	96.7	2019	82.3	90.0	77.3	
	Male	79.4	2010	↗	90.5	2019	77.6	88.8	76.7	
Female share of graduates from STEM programmes, tertiary (%)		43.5	2010	---	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Fertility rate, total (births per woman)		2.35	2010	→	2.23	2020	1.99	1.83	2.39	
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)		63.3	2010	→	62.1	2020	60.3	29.1	41.0	
Unmet need for contraception (% of married women ages 15-49)		NA	NA	---	NA	NA	NA	4.39	NA	
Pregnant women receiving prenatal care of at least four visits (% of pregnant women)		NA	NA	---	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Maternal mortality ratio (modeled estimate per 100,000 live births)		51.0	2010	↘	39.0	2017	74.0	41.0	211	
Mortality from chronic vascular disease, cancer, diabetes or cardiorespiratory disease between 30 and 70 (%)		Female	13.2	2010	→	12.1	2019	12.7	12.2	14.8
ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY										
Labor force participation rate (% age 15+, modeled ILO estimate)		Male	73.6	2010	→	71.6	2021	72.5	72.9	71.7
Wage and salaried workers (% of employment, modeled ILO estimate)	Female	80.6	2010	→	76.6	2019	63.5	60.2	54.6	
	Male	73.6	2010	→	71.2	2019	61.2	60.8	53.0	
Female share of employment in senior and middle management (%)		32.1	2010	→	33.1	2019	NA	NA	NA	
Employment in agriculture (% of employment, modeled ILO estimate)	Female	0.38	2010	↘	0.03	2019	7.08	17.8	25.3	
	Male	1.88	2010	↘	0.08	2019	18.0	23.5	27.6	
Share of youth not in education, employment or training (% of youth population)	Female	24.2	2010	→	23.7	2020	29.5	NA	NA	
	Male	14.7	2010	↗	21.0	2020	18.3	NA	NA	
Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work (% of 24 hour day)	Female	17.5	2010	↗	23.4	2013	NA	NA	NA	
	Male	6.60	2010	↗	9.25	2013	NA	NA	NA	
Age dependency ratio (% of working-age population)		56.8	2010	→	55.8	2020	49.1	45.5	54.6	
Financial institution account (% age 15+)	Female	NA	NA	---	50.2	2017	NA	69.0	63.7	
	Male	NA	NA	---	45.4	2017	NA	76.6	70.6	
Borrowed to start, operate, or expand a farm or business (% age 15+)		Female	NA	NA	---	2.86	2017	NA	4.29	5.26
Firms with female participation in ownership (% of firms)		38.0	2010	↗	57.8	2017	49.9	34.2	33.1	
VOICE AND AGENCY										
Firms with female top manager (% of firms)		9.20	2010	↘	8.00	2017	20.1	19.1	17.8	
Proportion of seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		38.5	2010	↗	44.7	2021	34.4	27.1	26.1	
Proportion of women in ministerial level positions (%)		20.0	2010	→	18.2	2020	27.9	21.4	22.0	
Proportion of women subjected to physical and/or sexual violence in the last 12 months (% of ever-partnered women ages 15-49)		NA	NA	---	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	

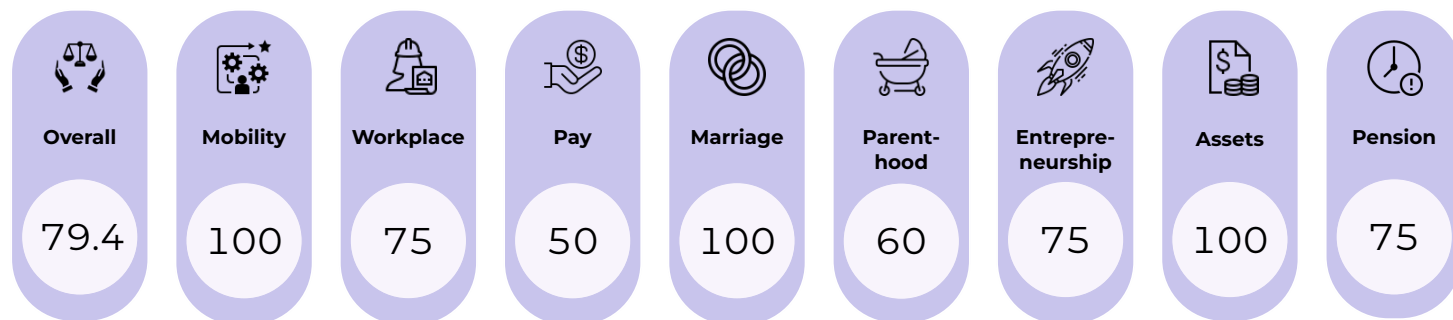
Note: Data retrieved from [World Bank Gender Data Portal](#). The Latin America and Caribbean (LAC) region includes 42 countries (all income levels), as classified by The World Bank Group. Argentina is an Upper middle income (UMC) country, which includes 55 countries with a Gross National Income (GNI) per capita from \$4,096 to \$12,695 (calculated using the World Bank Atlas method). Data definitions can be found on the [Gender Data Portal](#).

Country Baseline provides a reference value between 1990 and 2010. Latest Value shows the latest available comparison from 2011 onwards. Baseline comparisons are represented by an arrow icon that points to increases or decreases greater than 10 percent relative to the base year. Comparison to the regional average shows how Argentina performs relative to its peers in the region, income group, and the world. Darker and lighter shades represent values 10 percent or below or above its peers in the region, respectively.



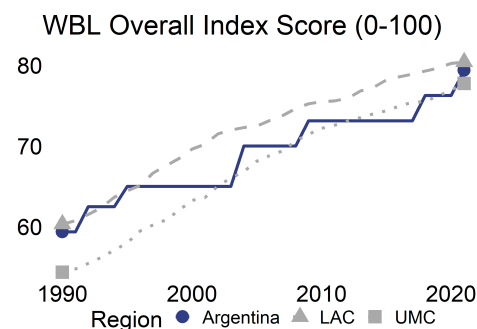
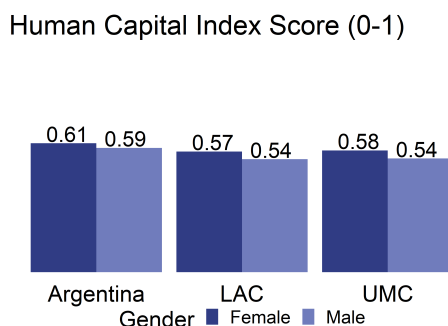
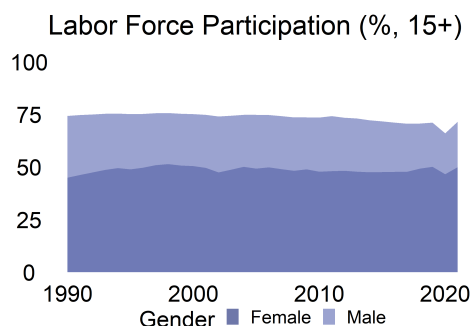
Women, Business and the Law in Argentina

Women, Business and the Law (WBL) 2022 presents an index covering 190 economies, structured around the life cycle of a working woman. In total, 35 questions are scored across eight indicators. **Argentina scores 79.4 out of 100**, while the regional average across Latin America and Caribbean is 80.4.



A Closer Look at Gender Equality in Argentina

The World Bank Group Gender Team integrates analyses of economic, social, health, and institutional factors in its global activities. This section provides comparative indicators and key statistics for Argentina and its peers. Follow the links to explore further at the [Gender Data Portal](#).



Unpacking the Numbers in Argentina

57 percent

A girl born in Argentina will be 57 percent as productive as if she enjoyed complete education, health and employment (2020)

0.4 per 1,000

0.4 per thousand 15-year-old girls in Argentina are expected to die from a maternal related cause during their lifetimes (2017)

1 in NA

1 in NA married women (15 to 49) in Argentina report having been subjected to sexual violence during their lifetimes (NA)

1 in 50

1 in 50 surveyed married women in Argentina believe it is ever justified for a man to beat his wife for any reason (2012)

0.3 times likelier

A man is 0.3 times likelier to have used the internet to pay bills or buy something online in the last year than a woman in Argentina (2017)

LEARN MORE

- **The World Bank in Gender:** This portal features the latest research, news, and events around gender equality in international development.
- **IFC's Work in Gender:** This page provides an overview of the work by IFC to promote gender equality in its global partnerships.
- **World Bank Group Gender Strategy (FY16-FY23):** This 2015 report outlines the World Bank Group's strategy to promote gender equality.
- **World Bank Gender Data Portal:** This open data page shares the latest statistics and research to improve understanding and inform policy choices.
- **Women, Business and the Law:** This portal includes reports, data, and news on the laws and regulations that affect women's economic opportunity.
- **LAC Gender Innovation Lab:** This page features policy-relevant research by the GILs, identifies priority gender gaps and tests innovative solutions in the LAC region.

