■ URUGUAY GENDER LANDSCAPE

This briefing showcases the gender landscape in Uruguay on key indicators helpful for monitoring gender equality and designing effective policy interventions. Gender equality fosters productivity gains, minimizes losses in wealth, reduces poverty, boosts shared prosperity, and supports green, resilient, and inclusive development.

Click the measures below to explore the World Bank Gender Data Portal.

Compared to:	Base Year	Region
>10% Higher Value	7	
Equal/No Change	\rightarrow	
>10% Lower Value	7	
No Data		

		Country Performance				Peer Comparison				
		Baseline			Latest		Lates		t	
		Value	Year		Value	Year	LAC	HIC	World	
HUMAN ENDOWMENTS										
Learning-Adjusted Years of Schooling	Female Male	8.79 8.18	2010 2010	$\overset{\rightarrow}{\rightarrow}$	8.80 8.30	2020 2020	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	
Lower secondary completion rate (% of relevant group)	Female Male	84.2 64.8	2010 2010	7 7	102 87.6	2019 2019	82.3 77.6	96.8 96.1	77.3 76.7	
Female share of graduates from STEM programs, tertiary (%)		44.3	2010	\rightarrow	44.0	2017	NA	NA	NA	
Fertility rate, total (births per woman)		2.01	2010	\rightarrow	1.95	2020	1.99	1.52	2.39	
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women 15-19)		60.8	2010	\rightarrow	57.3	2020	60.3	10.5	41.0	
Maternal mortality ratio (modeled estimate per 100,000 live births)		17.0	2010	\rightarrow	17.0	2017	74.0	11.0	211	
Pregnant women receiving prenatal care of at least four visits (% of pregnant women)		90.0	2007	7	76.8	2013	90.9	NA	NA	
Contraceptive prevalence, any modern method (% of married women 15-49)		74.8	2004		NA	NA	NA	NA	53.6	
Mortality from chronic vascular disease, cancer, diabetes or cardiorespiratory disease between 30 and 70 (%)	Female Male	12.4 23.4	2010 2010	<i>></i>	12.7 20.6	2019 2019	12.7 17.1	8.87 14.5	14.8 21.7	
ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY										
Labor force participation rate (% 15+, modeled ILO estimate)	Female Male	54.9 74.6	2010 2010	$\overset{\rightarrow}{\rightarrow}$	54.8 69.2	2021 2021	48.5 72.5	53.3 67.4	46.3 71.7	
Wage and salaried workers (% of employment, modeled ILO estimate)	Female Male	74.0 69.6	2010 2010	$\begin{array}{c} \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \end{array}$	74.7 68.8	2019 2019	63.5 61.2	90.3 85.9	54.6 53.0	
Employment in agriculture (% of employment, modeled ILO estimate)	Female Male	5.10 16.5	2010 2010	<i>\\</i>	3.84 12.1	2019 2019	7.08 18.0	1.88 3.44	25.3 27.6	
Share of youth not in education, employment or training (% of youth population)	Female Male	22.1 14.2	2010 2010	$\begin{array}{c} \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \end{array}$	20.2 15.4	2019 2019	29.5 18.3	13.5 12.8	NA NA	
Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work (% of 24 hour day)	Female Male	25.2 9.72	2007 2007	7	19.9 8.38	2013 2013	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	
Age dependency ratio (% of working-age population)		56.7	2010	\rightarrow	54.9	2020	49.1	54.3	54.6	
Financial institution account (% 15+)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		60.6 67.6	2017 2017	NA NA	92.9 94.5	63.7 70.6	
Borrowed to start, operate, or expand a farm or business (% 15+)	Female Male	NA NA	NA NA		2.16 3.80	2017 2017	NA NA	2.10 4.29	5.26 7.57	
Female share of employment in senior and middle management (%)		23.6	2010	7	35.2	2019	NA	NA	NA	
Firms with female participation in ownership (% of firms)		23.1	2010	7	37.0	2017	49.9	38.6	33.1	
VOICE AND AGENCY										
Firms with female top manager (% of firms)		19.4	2010	7	10.6	2017	20.1	17.3	17.8	
Proportion of seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		15.2	2010	7	24.2	2021	34.4	31.2	26.1	
Women who were first married by 18 (% of women 20-24)		NA	NA		24.6	2013	NA	NA	NA	
Proportion of women in ministerial level positions (%)		21.4	2010	7	14.3	2020	27.9	28.2	22.0	
Proportion of women subjected to physical and/or sexual violence in the last 12 months (% of ever-partnered women 15-49)		NA	NA		2.80	2013	NA	NA	NA	

The Latin America and Caribbean (LAC) region includes 42 countries (all income levels), as classified by The World Bank Group. Uruguay is a high income (HIC) country, which includes 80 countries with a Gross National Income (GNI) per capita from \$12,696 and above (calculated using the World Bank Atlas method). Data and definitions can be found on the Gender Data Portal. Data is as of June 24, 2022.

Country Baseline provides a reference from 1990 to 2010. Latest Value shows the latest available value from 2011 onwards. The arrow icon represents country increases or decreases over 10 percent relative to the base year. Peer Comparison shows how Uruguay performs relative to its peers in the region, income group, and the world. Color coding represents values 10 percent above or below its peers in the region.





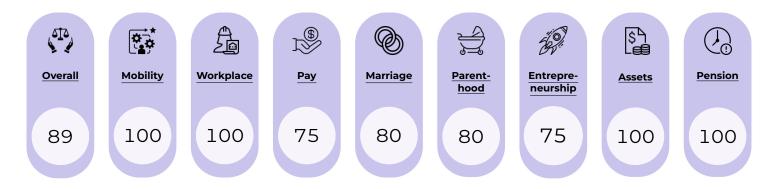




URUGUAY GENDER LANDSCAPE

Women, Business and the Law in Uruguay

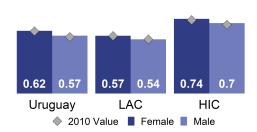
Women, Business and the Law (WBL) 2022 presents an index covering 190 economies, structured around the life cycle of a working woman. In total, 35 questions are scored across eight indicators. Uruguay scores 89 out of 100, while the regional average across Latin America and Caribbean is 80.



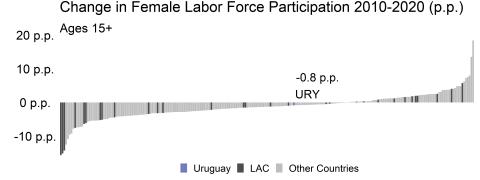
A Closer Look at Gender Equality in Uruguay

Despite some progress, gender gaps, gender-based violence, and disadvantageous social norms facing women and girls persist, and gains in human capital of women and girls remain untapped. Turning human capital investments into economic gains means addressing multiple barriers to women's economic empowerment, including improving their voice and agency.

Human Capital Index Score (0-1)
Baseline compared to 2020



werment, including improving their voice and agency.



— Unpacking the Numbers in Uruguay ——

62 percent

A girl born today will be 62 percent as productive as if she enjoyed full education, health, and employment (2020)

1 in 4

25 percent of women ages 20 to 24 were first married by age 18 (2013)

2.8 percent

2.8 percent of women were subjected to physical or sexual violence in the last 12 months (2013)

3.1 times

Men hold 3.1 times as many seats in the national parliament as women (2021)

1.3 times

A man is 1.3 times as likely to have used the internet to pay bills or to buy something online in the past year (2017)

LEARN MORE

<u>The World Bank in Gender</u>: This portal features the latest research, news, and events around gender equality in international development.

Women, Business and the Law: This portal includes reports, data, and news on the laws and regulations that affect women's economic opportunity.

World Bank Group Gender Strategy (FY16-FY23): This 2015 report outlines the World Bank Group's strategy to promote gender equality.

<u>World Bank Gender Data Portal</u>: This open data tool shares the latest statistics and research to improve understanding and inform policy choices.

LAC Gender Innovation Lab: This page features policy research by the GIL, evaluating innovative solutions to close priority gender gaps in the region.

Uruguay Gender Scorecard: This report offers additional context about the gender dynamic in Uruguay from the Poverty and Equity Team.







