

DNS Abuse

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01st November 2021

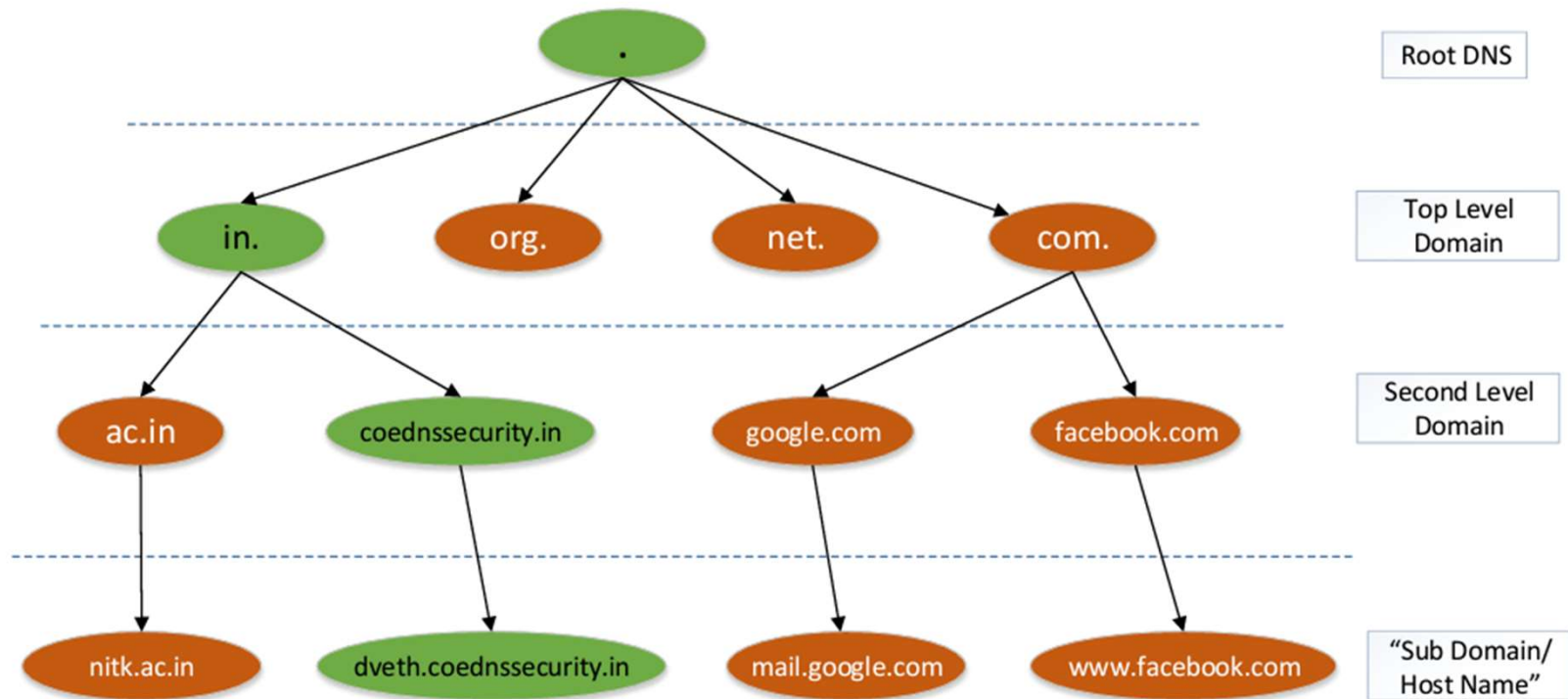
Agenda

- DNS – What, Why & How
- DNS Abuse
 - Introduction
 - Motivation & usage
 - Types & Methodologies
 - Famous attacks
 - DNS Abuse during Covid Era
 - Tools to identify abuse
 - Do's & Don'ts

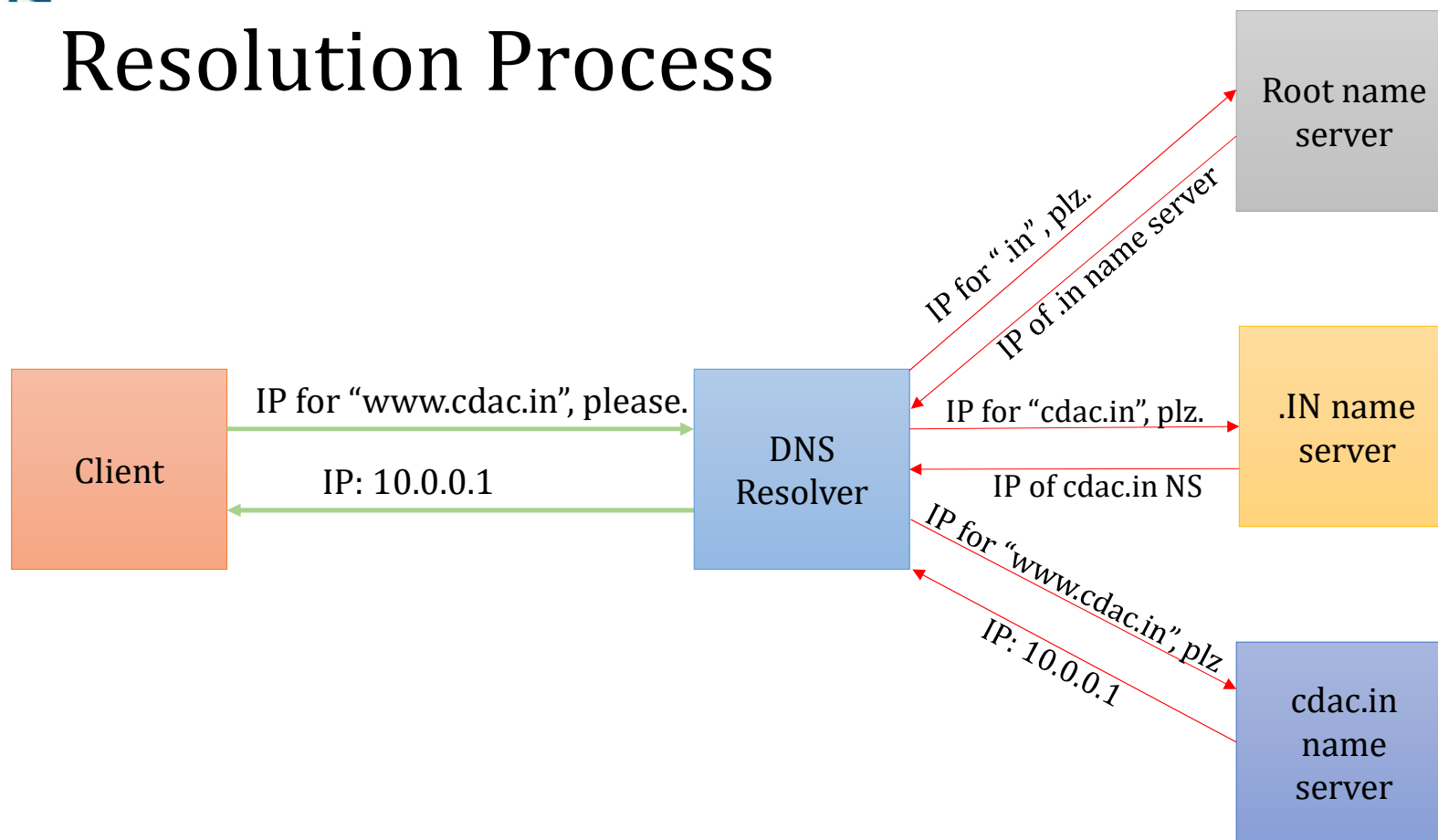
DNS

- A map from Domain name to IP Address & Back
 - www.cdac.in. → 196.1.113.45
 - www.cdac.in. → 2405:8a00:6029::45
- Technically
 - Application Layer Protocol
 - Uses UDP 53
 - TCP for Zone Transfer
 - Decentralized structure
 - Hierarchical Namespace

Structure of DNS



Resolution Process



DNS Abuse

- Abuse of the DNS
 - Disrupt the DNS infrastructure
 - E.g.: Denial of service, Data modification
- Abuse using the DNS (Misuse)
 - Perpetrate using DNS infrastructure
 - E.g. Reflection, Amplification, Tunnelling

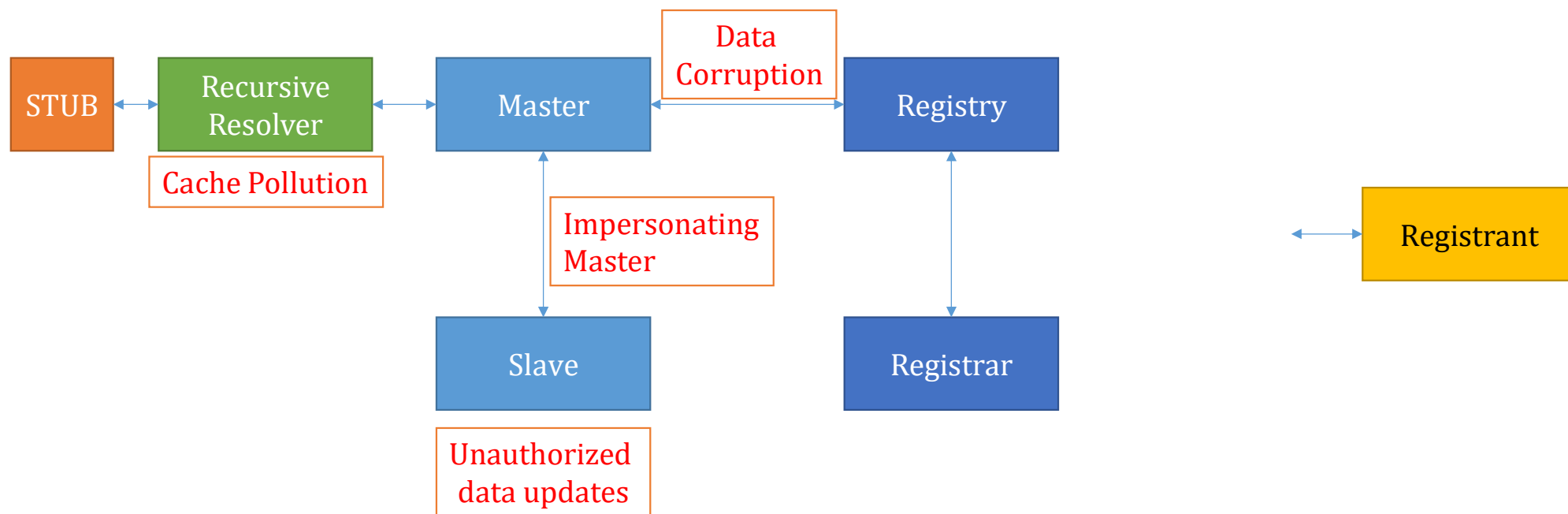
Purpose/usage

- Domains for malicious purposes
 - Website Content Abuse
 - CSAM
 - Human Trafficking
 - Material inciting violence
 - Selling Illegal/Counterfeit Products/Medicines
 - Data Exfiltration (Malware)
 - Phishing (Bait & Switch, imitator, traffic monetization, surveys....)
 - Scam (Stranded Traveller, Advance-fee scam, Lottery, Shipping, Romance...)
 - Malware distribution/C&C
 - Cybersquatting (Domain Parking)

Purpose/usage

- DNS Infrastructure or other's domain
 - Cache Poisoning
 - Attack obfuscation
 - Host Bots
 - DNS Hijacking
 - DNS data modification
 - Denial of service (NX/All Query)
 - Man in the Middle attacks
 - Tunnelling (Bypassing peripheral enterprise security)

DNS Infrastructure Attack Landscape



*MiTM between each entity

*DNS Software Vulnerability wherever applicable

Few Culprits

- Hackers
- Scammers
- Hacktivists
- Human Hacking (Social engineering)
- DNS software vulnerability
- Lack of DNSSEC, Key Rollover
- Open Resolver misconfigurations
- Lack of skilled manpower

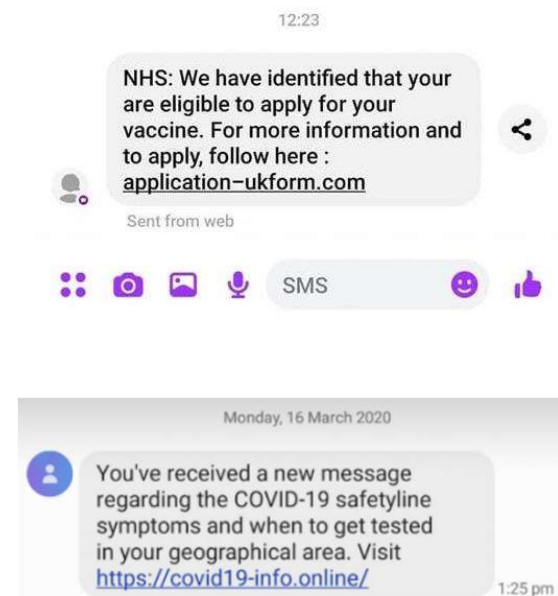
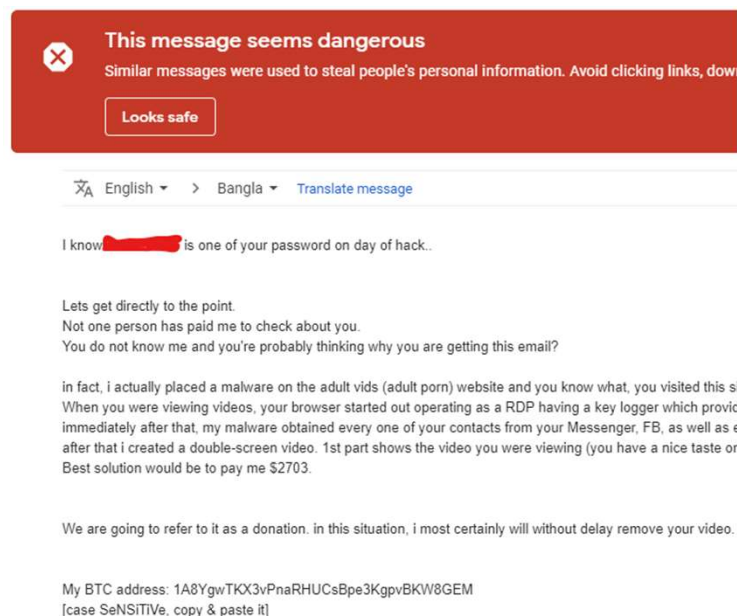
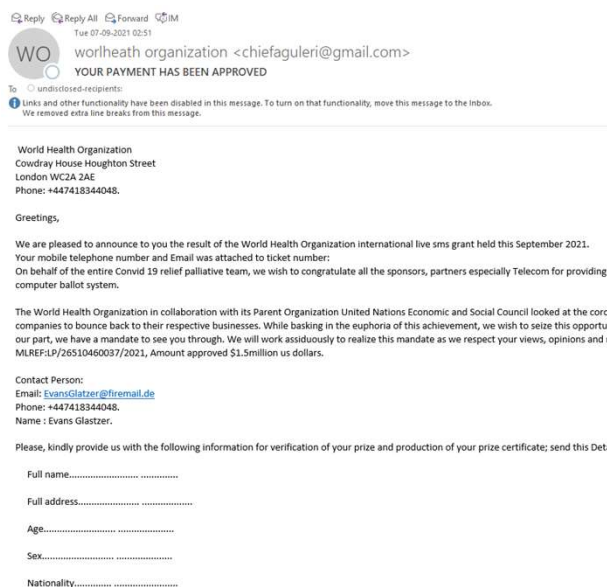
Why DNS is targeted?

- Disrupt DNS = Disrupt Internet = Disrupt Service
 - Disruption of e-commerce activities, government services, social media engagement, learning, entertainment
- Exploit Vector
 - Malicious domain registration (Anyone can register even free of cost)
 - DNS data corruption (No integrity check)
 - DNS cache poisoning (No query response authentication)
 - Hijack name resolution/registration service
 - Large namespace
 - Homoglyphs: covid.info, c0v1d.info, covid.iñfo
 - Typosquatting: onlinesbi.com, onlinsbi.com
 - Punycode: covid.iñfo -> covid.xn--info-wwc

Categories of DNS Abuse

- Malware
 - Domains that facilitate hosting or distribution of malware
 - Malicious software (virus, spyware, adware, ransomware etc.) disrupting/exploiting/taking control of user's system and/or divulge information to remote system.
- Phishing
 - Domains that masquerade as trusted websites
 - Tricking/Luring users to copycat website to divulge sensitive information
- Botnet
 - Domains that are used for hosts controlling botnets and their C&C
 - Malware infected systems under command of remote admin. Used in DNS reflection/amplification attack.
- Pharming
 - Domains that host fraudulent sites
 - Redirection to fraudulent sites or services usually through DNS hijacking/poisoning.
- SPAM:
 - Domains that are included in spams and those who host spam mail exchange
 - Unsolicited bulk email. (Serves as Delivery mechanism for above ones)

Examples



Difficulty in Tracking/Tracing

- Privacy Protected or Bogus Whois data
- Fast Flux, Double Flux Hosting
- Obfuscation (URL shortening, One-time use URL)
- Attackers are sophisticated, motivated, creative
- IoT Scale and vulnerability (Default Password, Misconfiguration,
- Slow Attack
- Easy to obtain TLS certificates

Famous Attacks

The 2013 Spamhaus attack

- Attack traffic rate upto 300 Gbps
- A teenage hacker-for-hire in Britain
- Resource
 - 31,000 misconfigured open DNS resolvers, each at 10 Mbps
 - Source: 3 networks that allowed IP spoofing
- Attack on IX
- Lasted for 4 days (intermittently)
- Cloudflare helped mitigate

Source: <https://blog.cloudflare.com/the-ddos-that-almost-broke-the-internet/>

DDoS attack on Dyn (2016)

- Claimed magnitude of 1.2 Tbps
- Access to major sites like Twitter, Netflix, Paypal disrupted
- Resource
 - Mirai Malware
 - 1 Lakh+ malicious endpoints (IoT)
 - Numerous DNS lookup requests.

Source: <https://www.wsj.com/articles/denial-of-service-web-attack-affects-amazon-twitter-others-1477056080>

DNSpionage (2018) & Sea Turtle (2019)

- Attack campaign using HTTP and DNS communication with C&C
- Method
 - Used Spear-phishing emails
 - Change NS record
 - Slow attack
 - Data & Intelligence gathering (Email Transcripts)
 - Target TLD: .se & .ch
- Target:
 - public and private entities (ISP, Telecom), including national security, law enforcement organization
 - primarily in the Middle East and North Africa.
 - ~40 organizations in 13 countries

Source: <https://blog.talosintelligence.com/2019/04/seaturtle.html>

<https://blog.talosintelligence.com/2019/04/dnspionage-brings-out-karkoff.html>

Sea Turtle (2019)



Source: <https://blog.talosintelligence.com/2019/04/seaturtle.html>

DNS Abuse (Covid Times)

- Domains Registered
 - Jan - Nov 2020: 2.5 Lakh (approx.)
 - May – Nov 2020: 9K out of 1.47 Lakh found to have some misuse out of which 2.5K with high confidence
- Pattern of Registration
 - Keywords: covid, corona, pandemic, sars-cov, lockdown, chloroquine
 - Translated: confinmento, cloroquina
 - Homoglyphs: c0v1d, c0rona, pamdemic
 - Punycode: xn--corona-0yd
 - 60% of domains contained keywords corona, mask, covid and virus
 - 94% domains in english

```
Domain Name: coednssecurity.in
Registry Domain ID: D414400000006446126-IN
Registrar WHOIS Server:
Registrar URL: https://publicdomainregistry.com/
Updated Date: 2018-10-02T19:21:38Z
Creation Date: 2018-08-03T11:20:57Z
Registry Expiry Date: 2028-08-03T11:20:57Z
Registrar: Endurance Digital Domain Technology LLP
Registrar IANA ID: 801217
Registrar Abuse Contact Email:
Registrar Abuse Contact Phone:
Domain Status: clientTransferProhibited http://www.icann.org
Registry Registrant ID: REDACTED FOR PRIVACY
Registrant Name: REDACTED FOR PRIVACY
Registrant Organization: Centre for Development of Advanced
Registrant Street: REDACTED FOR PRIVACY
Registrant Street: REDACTED FOR PRIVACY
Registrant Street: REDACTED FOR PRIVACY
Registrant City: REDACTED FOR PRIVACY
Registrant State/Province: Karnataka
Registrant Postal Code: REDACTED FOR PRIVACY
Registrant Country: IN
Registrant Phone: REDACTED FOR PRIVACY
Registrant Phone Ext: REDACTED FOR PRIVACY
Registrant Fax: REDACTED FOR PRIVACY
Registrant Fax Ext: REDACTED FOR PRIVACY
Registrant Email: Please contact the Registrar listed above
Registry Admin ID: REDACTED FOR PRIVACY
```

- Frunk Young <North@bantengsimatamerah551.com>
to me

This message seems dangerous
Similar messages were used to steal people's personal information
Looks safe

Google Transparency Report

OverviewSite status

Safe Browsing site status

Google's Safe Browsing technology examines billions of URLs per day looking for unsafe websites. Every day, we discover thousands of new unsafe sites, many of which are legitimate websites that have been compromised. When we detect unsafe sites, we show warnings on Google Search and in web browsers. You can search to see whether a website is currently dangerous to visit.

Search by URL

⚠️

The site ahead

Attackers currently use programs on your computer to steal passwords, messages, and other information.

To get Chrome

Details

[illegible]

Some Remedies

- DNSSEC
- Mail Exchanger Security: SPF, DKIM
- Awareness: DNS Tools, Modus Operandi
- Open DNS Resolver
 - Configure well!
- Scam: Don't believe too much on your luck
- End Point Protection
- Report

Thank You