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C strings help
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Summer 2015

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#include <stdio.h>
                                                 Reading string data from a file
#include <string.h>
int main()
  FILE *fp;
  char c[50],itemname[10][50];
  int qty[10];
  double price[10], cost[10];
  double total cost = 0.0;
  int n = 0:
     fp = fopen("E:/kroger3.txt", "r");
                                                         //open the file to read...
  while (!feof(fp))
     fscanf(fp, "%s[^\n]", c);
       strcpy(itemname[n],c);
                                                  //copy the buffer to string array
     fscanf(fp, "%d", &qty[n]);
     fscanf(fp, "%lf", &price[n]);
      n = n + 1;
    fclose(fp);
                          //update value of data sets from the file
    n = n - 1;
  printf("\n==> Data accessed from input file....\n");
```

Code fragment to implement <u>linear search</u> with strings

```
 \begin{aligned} & \text{printf("\nEnter the city to search\n");} \\ & \text{scanf("\%s", key);} \end{aligned} \\ & \text{for } (c=0; c < n; c++) \\ & \{ \\ & \text{if } (\text{strcmp(city[c], key}) == 0) \\ & \{ \\ & \text{printf("\n\%s is present at index \%d, means position \%d\n", key, c, c+1);} \\ & \text{break;} \\ & \} \\ & \} \\ \end{aligned}
```

```
if (c == n)
printf("\n%s is not present in array.\n", key);
```

User input from keybaord for strings

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#define SIZE 5
int main()
        int i,j;
        char *names[SIZE];
        char *temp[SIZE];
//get the names of the cities from keybaord....
        puts("Enter names of cities \n");
        for (i = 0; i < SIZE; i++)
                names[i]=malloc(100);
                fgets( names[i], 99, stdin);
// Implementing string sort......
for (i = 0; i < SIZE-1; i++)
                for (j = i+1; j < SIZE; j++)
                        if (strcmp( names[i], names[j]) >0)
                            strcpy(temp, names[i]);
                            strcpy(names[i], names[j]);
                            strcpy(names[j], temp);
Note:
strcmp(name[i], key == 0) means, key and name[i] are the same
strcmp(name[i], name[j] > 0) means, sort A --> Z or alphabetize
strcmp(name[i], name[j] < 0) means, sort Z--> A or reverse-alphabetize
```