

Merge Sorted Array

You are given two sorted arrays, nums1 , and nums2 , with m and n valid elements respectively. Merge nums2 into nums1 in-place, so that nums1 becomes a single sorted array of length $m+n$.

Ex:

Input:

$\text{nums1} = [1, 2, 3, 0, 0, 0]$, $m = 3$

$\text{nums2} = [2, 5, 6]$, $n = 3$

Output:

$[1, 2, 2, 3, 5, 6]$

Algorithm:

- 1) Take input of two sorted arrays nums1 , nums2 and their lengths, m , n .
- 2) copy elements from nums2 into nums1
 - start filling from index m in nums1
 - After this, nums1 contains all elements
- 3) sort the merged array
 - use bubble sort to order all $m+n$ elements in nums1 in decreasing order
 - compare adjacent elements, swap if left is bigger than right
 - Repeat until fully sorted and return sorted array

code,

```
for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
```

```
    nums1[m+j] = nums2[j]    // add nums2 element  
                                to nums1
```

```
}
```

// sorting the array

```
for (int i = 0; i < m+n-1; i++) {
```

```
    for (int j = 0; j < m+n-1-i; j++) {
```

```
        if (nums1[j] > nums1[j+1]) { // if elements out of  
                                         order
```

```
            int temp = nums1[j];    // swap
```

```
            nums1[j] = nums1[j+1];
```

```
            nums1[j+1] = temp
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

Time complexity: $O((m+n)^2)$

Space complexity: $O(1)$