

Squares of a Sorted Array

Given an integer array `nums` sorted in non-decreasing order, return an array of the squares of each number sorted in non-decreasing order.

Ex:

Input: `nums = [-4, -1, 0, 3, 10]`

Output: `[0, 1, 9, 16, 100]`

Constraints:

$\rightarrow 1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 10^4$

$\rightarrow -10^4 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10^4$

Algorithm:

- 1) Input a sorted array `nums`
- 2) Iterate through elements of array and replace each element with its square
 $\text{nums}[i] * = \text{nums}[i]$.
- 3) Sort the array using bubble sort
 \rightarrow compare each pair of elements and swap if left one is bigger than right one
 \rightarrow keep repeating until whole array is sorted
- 4) Return the sorted array.

time complexity : $O(n^2)$
space complexity : $O(1)$

code:

```
for (int i=0; i<nums.length; i++) {  
    nums[i] = nums[i]; // replace element with its square  
}
```

```
} // sort using Bubble sort  
for (int i=0; i<nums.length-1; i++) { // each pass move  
    // largest element to correct place  
    for (int j=0; j<nums.length-1-i; j++) {
```

```
        // swap if left is bigger than right
```

```
        int temp = nums[j];
```

```
        nums[j] = nums[j+1];
```

```
        nums[j+1] = temp;
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
return nums;
```

```
// returns the sorted array.
```