1. **What is Single Page Application?**

Single page applications work within a single browser session and allow users to jump between parts of the system without requiring the entire page to reload.

1. **Difference between npm & npx ?**

* Node package Manager is a tool: used to install, maintain, uninstall javascript modules (packages)
* NPX: (Node package Execution) If we want directly run a package for once
* NPM is for management -vs- NPX is one time execution

1. **What is babel & Web-pack?**

* Bable is a transpiler & also a compiler.
* It will take ES6 input & converts it to ES5 for our browsers to understand.
* It also converts JSX (JavaScript Extended) language to JS.
* Web-pack is basically bundling tool used by react:
* It will bundle all the CSS & html files & will add to Index.html file. (Using <link> tags)

1. **Explain Class based components -vs- functional components?**

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| --- | --- |
| **Functional Components** | **Class Components** |
| Functional components are written as a JavaScript function. | Class components are written as a JavaScript class. |
| Functional components do not have a state or lifecycle methods. | Class components have a state and can implement lifecycle methods like componentDidMount and componentDidUpdate. |
| **Performance** is Faster as they do not have state and lifecycle, react needs to do less work to render these components. | **Performance** is Slower as they have state and lifecycle, react needs to do comparatively more work to render these components. |
| Functional components codes tend to be shorter and more concise | Class components code require the boilerplate code, such as a constructor method and the use of “this” to access props and state. |

1. **What is Hooks? What are different types of Hooks?**

Hooks are functions that let you “hook into” React state and lifecycle features from function components. Hooks don't work inside classes — they let you use React without classes.

Types of Hooks are:

* ‘useState’: It is the most commonly used React Hook. It allows functional components to have state variables. It takes an initial state value as the argument and returns an array with two elements — the current state value and a function to update that state.
* ‘useEffect’: It enables performing side effects, such as data fetching, subscriptions, or DOM manipulations after the component has been rendered.
* ‘useRef’: Provides a way to create mutable references to values or DOM elements that persist across renders. Often used for accessing or manipulating DOM elements.

1. **What is a state in React?**

State is an Object, and we use the state to store data, that will be used by our component. A component's state can change over time; whenever it changes, the component re-renders.

1. **What does setState() method do?**

* **s**etState() method will modify value of the state.
* Then it will Schedule a call to our render method.

1. **What is an Event Handler?**

Event Handler are functions which will be called (invoked) by the browsers

when an event occurs.

1. **What are Synthetic events?**

Synthetic events are representative of real events a.k.a wrapper around real

events. Because we have to deal with different implementation of event

functions in different browsers, a synthetic event acts as a specification for a

single event access all browsers.

1. **What is a target?**

A target inside a synthetic event object is the element on which the event has occurred. As we cannot use DOM functions like document.getElementById() etc inside react, we use event object to fetch the element present inside ‘target variable’.

1. **What is Virtual DOM?**

The virtual DOM (VDOM) is a programming concept where an ideal, or “virtual”, representation of a UI is kept in memory and synced with the “real” DOM by a library such as ReactDOM. This process is called reconciliation.

1. **What is the difference between state-vs-props?**

* Props are used to pass data from one component to another.
* The state is a local data storage that is local to the component only and cannot be passed to other components.

1. **Why is event.preventDefault() used?**

* Ideally when a form is submitted it will be taken to the next page (consecutive page). event.preventDefault(); method when invoked avoids it from happening.
* We do this because, we do not want to lose our current state variable values.

1. **What is ReactJS?**

React is a JavaScript library that makes building user interfaces easy. It was developed by Facebook.

1. **Does React use HTML?**

No, It uses JSX, which is similar to HTML.

1. **Define the term Redux in React.**

Redux is a library used for front end development. It is a state container for JavaScript applications which should be used for the applications state management. You can test and run an application developed with Redux in different environments.

1. **What is the ‘Store’ feature in Redux?**

Redux has a feature called ‘Store’ which allows you to save the application’s entire State at one place. Therefore all it’s component’s State are stored in the Store so that you will get regular updates directly from the Store.