1Create an array with zero and ones and print the output?

```
In [2]: pip install numpy

Requirement already satisfied: numpy in c:\programdata\anaconda3\lib\site-pac
    kages (1.20.1)
    Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.

In [3]: import numpy as np
    array_size = 10
    zeros_and_ones_array = np.random.randint(2, size=array_size)
    print(zeros_and_ones_array)
[0 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 1]
```

2 Create an array and print the output?

```
In [5]:
    my_list = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
    print(my_list)

[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
```

3 Create an array whose initial content is random and print the output?

```
In [7]: pip install numpy

Requirement already satisfied: numpy in c:\programdata\anaconda3\lib\site-pac kages (1.20.1)
Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.

In [8]: import numpy as np array_size = 5 random_array = np.random.random(array_size) print(random_array)

[0.63798602 0.16032906 0.92968192 0.13070191 0.11576051]
```

4 create an array with the range of values with even intervals?

```
In [10]: pip install numpy

Requirement already satisfied: numpy in c:\programdata\anaconda3\lib\site-pac kages (1.20.1)
Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.

In [11]: import numpy as np start_value = 0 end_value = 10 interval = 2 even_interval_array = np.arange(start_value, end_value, interval) print(even_interval_array)

[0 2 4 6 8]
```

5 Create an array with values that are spaced linearly in a specified interval?

```
In [13]: pip install numpy

Requirement already satisfied: numpy in c:\programdata\anaconda3\lib\site-pac kages (1.20.1)
Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.

In [14]: import numpy as np start_value = 0 end_value = 10 num_values = 6 linearly_spaced_array = np.linspace(start_value, end_value, num_values) print(linearly_spaced_array)

[ 0. 2. 4. 6. 8. 10.]
```

6 Access and manipulate elements in the array?

```
In [16]: import numpy as np
    my_array = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
    first_element = my_array[0]
    print(first_element)
```

7 Create a two dimentional array and check the shape of the array?

1

```
In [18]: pip install numpy

Requirement already satisfied: numpy in c:\programdata\anaconda3\lib\site-pac kages (1.20.1)
Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.

In [20]: import numpy as np
    two_dimensional_array = np.array([[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 9]])
    shape = two_dimensional_array.shape
    print(two_dimensional_array)
    print("Shape of the array:", shape)

[[1 2 3]
    [4 5 6]
    [7 8 9]]
    Shape of the array: (3, 3)
```

8 Using the range() and linspace() function to evenly space values in a specified interval?

```
In [22]:
    start_value = 0
    end_value = 10
    step = 2
    evenly_spaced_integers = range(start_value, end_value, step)
    evenly_spaced_integers_list = list(evenly_spaced_integers)
    print(evenly_spaced_integers_list)
[0, 2, 4, 6, 8]
```

9 Create an array of random values between 0 and 1 in a given shape?

```
In [23]:
    start_value = 0
    end_value = 10
    step = 2
    evenly_spaced_integers = range(start_value, end_value, step)
    evenly_spaced_integers_list = list(evenly_spaced_integers)
    print(evenly_spaced_integers_list)
[0, 2, 4, 6, 8]
```

10 Repeat each element of an array by a

```
In [25]: import numpy as np
    original_array = np.array([1, 2, 3])
    repeat_times = 3
    repeated_array = np.repeat(original_array, repeat_times)
    print(repeated_array)
[1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3]
```

11 How do you know the shape and size of an array?

```
In [26]: import numpy as np
    my_array = np.array([[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6]])
    shape = my_array.shape
    size = my_array.size

    print(shape)
    print(size)

(2, 3)
6
```

12 Create ann array that indicates the total number of elements in an array?

```
In [27]: import numpy as np
    original_array = np.array([[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 9]])
    total_elements_array = np.array([original_array.size])
    print(total_elements_array)
[9]
```

13 To find the number of dimensions of the array?

```
In [28]: import numpy as np
    my_array = np.array([[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6]])
    a = my_array.ndim
    print(a)
```

2

14 Create an array and reshape into a new array?

```
In [29]: import numpy as np
    original_array = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8])
    new_shape = (2, 4)
    reshaped_array = original_array.reshape(new_shape)
    print("Original Array:")
    print(original_array)
    print("Reshaped Array:")
    print(reshaped_array)

Original Array:
    [1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8]
    Reshaped Array:
    [[1 2 3 4]
    [5 6 7 8]]
```

15 Create a null array of size 10?

```
In [30]:
    null_array = [0] * 10
    print(null_array)

[0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]
```

16 Array with numbers divisible by 7?

```
In [31]: array_divisible_by_7 = np.arange(10, 50)[np.arange(10, 50) % 7 == 0]
print("\n15. Numbers divisible by 7:")
print(array_divisible_by_7)

15. Numbers divisible by 7:
[14 21 28 35 42 49]
```

16 Perform operations using arrays?

```
In [32]: array_op1 = np.array([1, 2, 3])
    array_op2 = np.array([3, 2, 1])
    print("\n16. Arithmetic operations:")
    print("Addition:", array_op1 + array_op2)
    print("Subtraction:", array_op1 - array_op2)
    print("Multiplication:", array_op1 * array_op2)
    print("Division:", array_op1 / array_op2)

16. Arithmetic operations:
    Addition: [4 4 4]
    Subtraction: [-2 0 2]
    Multiplication: [3 4 3]
    Division: [0.333333333 1. 3. ]
```

17: Relational operations using arrays?

```
In [33]: array_rel1 = np.array([1, 2, 3])
    array_rel2 = np.array([2, 2, 2])
    print("\n17. Relational operations:")
    print("Equal:", array_rel1 == array_rel2)
    print("Not Equal:", array_rel1 != array_rel2)
    print("Greater than:", array_rel1 > array_rel2)
    print("Less than:", array_rel1 < array_rel2)

17. Relational operations:
    Equal: [False True False]
    Not Equal: [ True False True]
    Greater than: [False False True]
    Less than: [ True False False]</pre>
```

18: Use Arithmetic operators and print the output using arrays?

```
In [34]: array_arithmetic = np.array([1, 2, 3])
    array_arithmetic += 2 # Adds 2 to each element of the array
    print("\n18. Arithmetic operations on an array:")
    print("After adding 2:", array_arithmetic)
18. Arithmetic operations on an array:
    After adding 2: [3 4 5]
```

19: Use Relational operators and print the results using arrays (Repeats Problem Statement 17)

```
In [35]: array_rel1 = np.array([1, 2, 3])
    array_rel2 = np.array([2, 2, 2])
    print("\n17. Relational operations:")
    print("Equal:", array_rel1 == array_rel2)
    print("Not Equal:", array_rel1 != array_rel2)
    print("Greater than:", array_rel1 > array_rel2)
    print("Less than:", array_rel1 < array_rel2)</pre>
```

17. Relational operations:
Equal: [False True False]
Not Equal: [True False True]
Greater than: [False False True]
Less than: [True False False]