Homework 03

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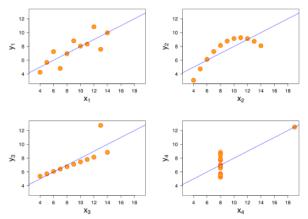
Overview

1 Q1: Linear Regression

2 Q2: Hastie and Tibshirani Summary

Linear Regression Problem 1: Simplicity

- + Computationally easy
- Can only accurately represent simple relationships
- Can only accurately represent linear relationships

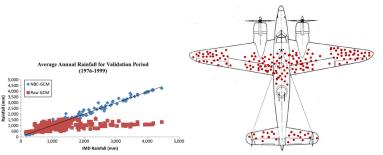




Linear Regression Problem 2: Selection Bias

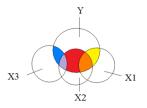
Linear regression is susceptible to selection bias

- A type of overfitting
- Occurs when a type of data is over-represented in test set



Linear Regression Problem 3: Multicolinearity

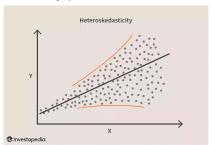
- When multiple predictors share a linear relationship
- Small changes are magnified in the model
- Heavily correlated predictors may cause redundancy in model





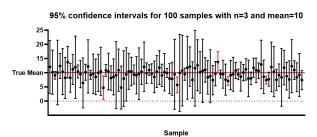
Linear Regression Problem 4: Heteroscedasticity

- Divergent data
- May be easily bound between two curves
- Difficult to accurately predict



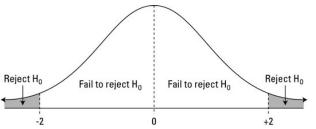
Tibshirani Lecture: Linear Regression

- Linear Regression
 - Simple approximation method
 - Great for estimating slope of data
 - From this one may generate confidence interval



Tibshirani Lecture: Linear Regression

- Linear Regression
 - Simple approximation method
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- Hypothesis Testing
 - Testing against a null hypothesis
 H₀: No relationship between X and Y.
 - Testing for the probability of independent variable distribution



- Multiple Linear Regression
 - Fitting data to a hyperplane instead of line
 - Works best when variables are independent

hyperplane