

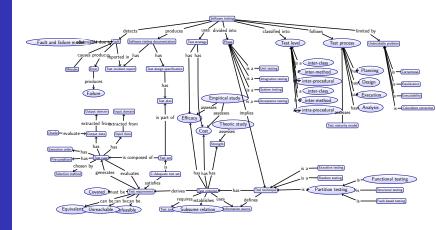


Software testing JUnit

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Software testing



JUnit

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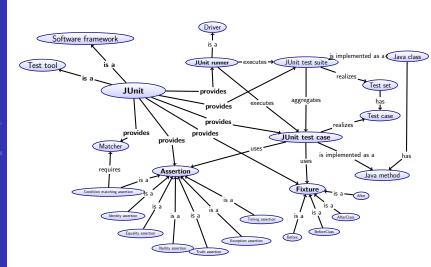
Exception assert Timing assertion Truth assertion

Condition matchir assertion

Fixture Before

BeforeC After

After AfterClas





JUnit

Test case
Test suite
Assertion
Identity asserti

Nullity assertion
Equality assertion
Exception assertion
Timing assertion
Truth assertion
Condition matching assertion
Exception
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What is it?

JUnit is an open-source framework to provide support for documenting and automating the execution of test sets for Java programs.

General information

- Developed by Kent Beck and Erich Gamma (in 1994).
- Hosted at http://www.junit.org/ and http://sf.net/projects/junit/.

Features

- Test cases implemented using annotations.
- Useful assertions collection.
- Fixtures enhances the design of test sets.

JUnit

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Fixture

Requirements

 JUnit requires the Java Development Kit version 1.5 or newer.

Download

- Download JUnit at http://sourceforge.net/projects/junit/.
 - Current version is 4.8.1.
 - The application is distributed as a JAR file (comprised of just the JUnit library) and a compressed ZIP file (with the JUnit library and documentation).
 - Download the ZIP file.
- 2. Uncompress the file on a given directory that you have written permission.



JUnit

Test suite
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How to run it?

• To execute the JUnit application, you must add the JUnit library (junit-4.8.1.jar) to the Java Classpath.

Classpath configuration

 You can add the library to the CLASSPATH environment variable.

```
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```

• You can use the -cp option when running the tests. This is the recommended option!

```
java -cp / opt / junit - 4.8.1 / junit - 4.8.1 . jar < program >
```



JUnit

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Truth assertion
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assertion

Is it working?

- To check whether JUnit was correctly installed, you can run the JUnit test suite.
 - The class with all the test cases for JUnit is org.junit.tests.AllTests.
 - This class is located at the root of JUnit installation directory.

Example: JUnit shakedown



Test case

A test case is a pair consisting of test data (a set of values, one for each input variable) to be input to the program and the expected output.

JUnit test case

A JUnit test case is the implementation of a test case as a Java method annotated with @org.junit.Test.

How to define a test case

- In general, each test case is defined in a different method within a Java class.
- Test methods neither accept parameters nor return a value.

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Identity assertio
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Exception asserti

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How to compile a test case

- To compile a test case, run the Java compiler against the test case file.
 - Remember to include the JUnit library in the classpath.

Example: JUnit test case compilation



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Test case Test suite

Identity assertion

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assertion Fixture

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AfterClas

How to run a test case

 To run JUnit test cases from the command line, run javaorg.junit.runner.
 JUnitCoreTestClass1TestClass2.

Example: JUnit test case execution



Outcomes

- A test case fails when the generated output value is different than the expected output value.
- A test case succeeds when the generated output value is equal to the expected output value.

How does it detects a failures?

 A JUnit test case fails when an assertion fails (when an AssertionError exception is thrown by the test case).

Example: JUnit test case execution outcomes



Fixture
Before
BeforeClass
After

Test suite

A JUnit test suite is a class that contains tests from many JUnit test cases classes.

How to define a test suite?

- To create a JUnit test suite, the class (which is usually empty) should be annotated with @SuiteClasses({TestClass1.class,...}).
- To run the JUnit test suite, the class must be annotated with @RunWith(Suite.class)

Example: JUnit test suite



JUnit Test case Test suite

Assertion
Identity assertion
Nullity assertion
Equality assertion
Exception assertion
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assertion

Before BeforeClas After AfterClass

Assertion

An assertion is a statement that evaluates as true.

- Assertions work as oracles: they confront obtained and expected outputs, pointing any discrepancies, and enabling the automatic test cases execution.
- JUnit only records failed assertions.

Example: Test case with assertion

JUnit Test case Test suit

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Nullity assertion
Equality assertion
Exception asserti
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Condition n assertion Fixture Before

After

JUnit assertions

- Instead of using Java's default assertion mechanism, one can use assertions provided by JUnit.
- JUnit implements several assertions in the class Assert:
 - assertThat
 - assertArrayEquals, assertEquals
 - assertSame, assertNotSame
 - assertTrue, assertFalse
 - assertNull, assertNotNull
 - fail

Assertion Identity assertion

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Test case Test suite Assertion

Identity assertion

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assertion Fixture

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After

Identity assertion

Identity assertions checks if two objects refer to the same object or not.

Methods

- assertSame
- assertNotSame

Example: Identity assertion



Assertion Nullity assertion

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Nullity assertion

Exception accor

Timing assertion

Truth assertion Condition matchi

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Nullity assertion

Nullity assertions check if an object is null.

Methods

- assertNull
- assertNotNull

Example: Nullity assertion



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Test case Test suite Assertion Identity as

Equality assertion

Timing assertion
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Condition matching

Fixture Before BeforeClas

After Class

Equality assertion

Equality assertions checks if the objects are equal (has the same content).

Equality and identity

• Identity assertion implies Equality assertion.

Methods

- assertArrayEquals
- assertEquals

Example: Equality assertion



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Exception assertion

An Exception assertion checks whether an exception is thrown by the test case.

Annotation

- If the JUnit test case expects an exception to be thrown, it must declare the expected exception in the @Test annotation, at the expected parameter
 - (e.g., @Test(expected=IndexOutOfBoundsException. class).

Example: Exception assertion



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Timing assertion

A timing assertion checks if the test case is executed in a given time frame.

Annotation

- JUnit test cases can be annotated with a timeout parameter
 - E.g., @Test(timeout=2000)
- If the test takes longer than the specified number of milliseconds to run, the test fails.

Example: Timing assertion



Assertion Truth assertion

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Equality assertion

Exception assertion

Timing asserti

Truth assertion

Condition match assertion

Before

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Truch assertion

A truth assertion checks if a condition is true or false.

Methods

- assertTrue
- assertFalse

Example: Truth assertion



Condition matching assertion

Condition matching assertion

A condition matching assertion checks whether a given object matches the condition specified by the assertion.

Method

- assertThat
 - The AssertThat assertion provides more readable and typeable statements, combinations of any matcher statement, more readable failure messages, and custom matchers.



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Fixture

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After

After AfterClass

Fixture

- Fixtures are actions that should be executed before or after a test case (usually to set up pre-conditions).
- It defines a fixed state of a set of objects used as a baseline for running tests.

Why should I use fixtures?

 The purpose of a test fixture is to ensure that there is a well known and fixed environment in which tests are run so that results are repeatable.



Before

Before fixture

Before is a fixture that is used to set up pre-conditions for a test case.

How to use it?

- The Before fixture is created by annotating a method with @Before.
- Before fixtures run before a JUnit test case.
- Before fixtures declared in the superclasses will be run before those of the current class.
- No ordering is defined when running Before fixtures declared in the same class.

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Exception assertion
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Condition matching
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Condition matching
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BeforeClass

AfterClass

BeforeClass

BeforeClass is a fixture that is used to set up preconditions for a test set.

How to use it?

- The BeforeClass fixture is created by annotating a method with @BeforeClass.
- BeforeClass fixtures run before all the JUnit test cases in a class have been run.
- BeforeClass fixtures declared in the superclasses will be run after those of the current class.
- No other ordering is defined when running BeforeClass fixtures declared in the same class.



After

After is a fixture that is used to cleanup modifications made for or by a test case.

How to use it?

- The After fixture is created by annotating a method with @After.
- After fixtures run after a JUnit test case.
- After fixtures declared in the superclasses will be run before those of the current class.
- No ordering is defined when running After fixtures declared in the same class.



AfterClass

AfterClass is a fixture that is used to cleanup modifications made for or by a test set.

How to use it?

- The AfterClass fixture is created by annotating a method with @AfterClass.
- AfterClass fixtures run after all the JUnit test cases in a class have been run.
- AfterClass fixtures declared in the superclasses will be run after those of the current class.
- No other ordering is defined when running AfterClass fixtures declared in the same class.



AfterClass

References

- AMMANN, P.; OFFUTT, J. *Introduction to software testing*. Cambridge, UK: Cambridge University Press, 2008. Disponível em: http://cs.gmu.edu/offutt/softwaretest/>.
- MATHUR, A. P. Foundations of Software Testing. [S.I.]: Pearson Education, 2008. 689 p.

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Identifier

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JUnit

JUnit test cas

suite

JUnit assertioi

- The program determines if a given identifier is valid or not in a variant of Pascal language, called Silly Pascal.
- A valid identifier must begin with a letter and must contain only letter or digits.
- Moreover, it must have at least one character and no more than six characters.

Identifier Test set fixture

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JUnit test case

JUnit test suite

JUnit

```
package identifier;
import org.junit.Test;
import org.junit.Assert;
public abstract class IdentifierTestSet
{
   protected Identifier id;
    @Before
   public void setUp() {
     id = new Identifier();
   }
}
```



Identifier Test set 1

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```
package identifier:
import org.junit.*
public class IdentifierTestSet1 extends IdentifierTestSet
  @Test
  public void validate1() {
    boolean result = id.validateIdentifier("Abcd5");
    Assert . assert Equals (true . result ):
  @Test
  public void validate2() {
    boolean result = id.validateldentifier("x12345");
    Assert.assertEquals(true, result);
  @Test
  public void validate3() {
    boolean result = id.validateIdentifier("&123"):
    Assert . assert False (result);
 @Test
  public void validate4() {
    boolean result = id.validateldentifier("Inv@lido"):
    Assert . assert False (result);
```

```
....
```

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JUnit

JUnit assertio

```
package identifier:
import org.junit.*;
public class IdentifierTestSet2 extends IdentifierTestSet
  @Test
  public void validate5() {
    Assert . assertNotNull (id);
  @Test (expected=IndexOutOfBoundsException.class)
  public void stringException() {
    String str = new String("JUnit Example");
    str.substring(30);
  @Test(timeout=2000)
  public void looping() {
    boolean result = id.validateldentifier("Abcd5"):
    Assert . assert Equals (true . result ):
  @Ignore("Out of the program scope")
  @Test (expected=IndexOutOfBoundsException.class)
  public void stringException2() {
    String str = new String("JUnit Example");
     str.substring(30);
```



Identifier Test set 2

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JUnit

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suite

JUnit assertio

```
package identifier;
import org.junit.runner.RunWith;
import org.junit.runners.Suite;
@RunWith(Suite.class)
@Suite.SuiteClasses({
    IdentifierTestSet1.class,
    IdentifierTestSet2.class
})
public class AllTests {
```



JUnit shakedown

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JUnit test cas

JUnit test

JUnit assertion



JUnit test case example

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Test case implementation

```
import org.junit.Test;
import org.junit.Assert;
import java.util.*;
public class ExampleTestCase
        @Test
         public void test1() {
                 Assert . assert Equals ("Test", "Test"):
        @Test
         public void test2() {
                 List < String > words = new ArrayList < String > ();
                 words.add("Test");
                 Assert . assert Not Null (words . get (0));
                 Assert . assert True (words . contains ("Test"));
        @Test
         public void test3() {
                 List < String > words = new ArrayList < String > ();
                 Assert . assert True (words . contains ("Test123"));
```

Test case compilation

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javac \ -cp /opt/junit -4.8.1/junit -4.8.1.jar ExampleTestCase.java

JUnit

JUnit test case

Test case

Test case compilation

Test case execution
Outcomes of the
execution

execution

JUnit test

JUnit assertion

Test case execution

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JUnit assertion $\begin{tabular}{ll} \# \ java & \setminus & -cp \ /opt/junit -4.8.1/junit -4.8.1.jar:. \\ & org.junit.runner.JUnitCore \\ & ExampleTestCase \\ \end{tabular}$

Test case outcomes

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Software testing
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JUnit

JUnit test case

implementation

Test case execution

Outcomes of the execution

suite

JUnit

```
$ iava \
-cp / opt / junit - 4.8.1 / junit - 4.8.1. jar : .
org.junit.runner.JUnitCore
ExampleTestCase
JUnit version 4.8.1
F
Time: 0.004
There was 1 failure:

    test3 (ExampleTestCase)

java . lang . Assertion Error :
at org.junit.Assert.fail(Assert.java:91)
at org.iunit. Assert. assert True (Assert. iava: 43)
at org.junit.Assert.assertTrue(Assert.java:54)
at ExampleTestCase.test3(ExampleTestCase.java:24)
[ ... ]
at org.junit.runner.JUnitCore.run(JUnitCore.java:117)
at org.junit.runner.JUnitCore.runMain(JUnitCore.java:98)
at org.junit.runner.JUnitCore.runMainAndExit(JUnitCore.java:53)
at org.iunit.runner.JUnitCore.main(JUnitCore.iava:45)
FAILURES!!!
Tests run: 3. Failures: 1
```

JUnit test suite example Test suite definition

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JUnit test suite

JUnit test suite example Test suite execution

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Assertion

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JUnit test suite

```
import org.junit.Test;
public class AssertionTestCase
{
    @Test
    public void validate0() {
        assert (2 + 2) == 4;
    }
    @Test
    public void validate1() {
        throw new AssertionError();
    }
}
```

Identity assertion

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JUnit

JUnit test case

suite

```
import org.junit.Test;
import org.junit.Assert;

public class IdentityTestCase
{
    @Test
    public void validate0() {
        String s = "test";
        Assert.assertSame(s, s);
    }

    @Test
    public void validate1() {
        String s1 = "test";
        String s2 = "test";
        Assert.assertNotSame(s1, s2);
    }
```

Equality assertion

Software testing

JUnit

JUnit test case

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```
import org.junit.*;
public class EqualityTestCase
  @Test
  public void validateO() {
    String s1 = "test";
    String s2 = "test"
    Assert.assertEquals(s1, s2);
  @Test
  public void validate1() {
    String s = "test";
    Assert.assertEquals(s, s);
  @Test
  public void validate2() {
    String [] s1 = \{\};
    String [] s2 = \{\};
    Asssert.assertArrayEquals(s1, s2);
  @Test
  public void validate3() {
    String [] s1 = {"test"};
    String [] s2 = {\text{"test"}};
    Asssert.assertArrayEquals(s1, s2);
```

Nullity assertion

Software testing

JUnit

JUnit test case

suite

```
import org.junit.Test;
import org.junit.Assert;

public class NullityTestCase {
    @Test
    public void validate0() {
        String s = null;
        Assert.assertNull(s);
    }
    @Test
    public void validate1() {
        String s = "test";
        Assert.assertNotNull(s);
    }
}
```

Truth assertion

Software testing

JUnit

JUnit test case

suite

```
import org.junit.Test;
import org.junit.Assert;

public class TruthTestCase
{
    @Test
    public void validate0() {
        String s1 = "test";
        String s2 = "test"
        Assert.assertFalse(s1 == s2);
}

@Test
    public void validate1() {
        String s = "test";
        Assert.assertTrue(s == s);
    }
}
```

Condition matching assertion

Software testing

JUnit

JUnit test case

suite

```
import org.junit.Test;
import org.junit.Assert;

public class EqualityTestCase {
    @Test
    public void validate0() {
    String s = "test";
    assertThat(s, eq("test"));
    }

    @Test
    public void validade1() {
    String s = "test";
    assertThat(s, isA(String.class));
    }
}
```

Exception assertion

Software testing

JUnit

JUnit test case

suite

```
import org.junit.Test;
import org.junit.Assert;

public class ExceptionTestCase
{
    @Test(expected=NullPointerException.class)
    public void validate0() {
        Integer i = null;
        i.toString();
    }
}
```

Timing assertion

Software testing

JUnit

JUnit test case

suite

```
import org.junit.Test;
import org.junit.Assert;

public class EqualityTestCase
{
    @Test(timeout=1000)
    public void validate0() {
        int counter = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i < 10;) {
            counter += i;
        }
    }
}</pre>
```