

# Pokémon and Machine Learning: Mega-evolve Prediction

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Machine Learning Operations Final Project

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# Agenda

## 1 Dataset Introduction and EDA Insights

Brief overview of the data and key insights from the EDA

## 2 Pipeline Staging and Evaluation Framework

Review of pipeline and metrics used for evaluation

## 3 Modeling Methodology

Summary of AutoML and Mlflow results

## 4 Model Monitoring Approach

Overview of model monitoring setup and usage method

## 5 Data Change

Discussion of data changes for drift detection confirmation

## 6 Results and Demo

Review of all results and model monitoring drift detection demo

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# Introduction – Why Pokémon?

## Data Background

- From Niantic, the company developed Pokémon Go
- It contains 21 features (variables) spanning 721 Pokémon (N=721)

## Analysis Objective

- Strongest primary type (species)
- Features that correlated with Mega-evolve
- Build a **predictive model** to determine whether a Pokémon can **Mega-evolve**

## Analysis Significance

- For the Pokémon game itself, provide data-driven insights about Pokémon stats to guide future balance and design
- Enable Pokémon-related companies to use data-driven decision making for designing new Pokémon and potentially increasing revenue
- For Pokémon players (like me!), this helps us understand which Pokémon are most likely to succeed in battle



## What is a Mega Evolution?



- Increased attack/defense
- Bonus skills
- Exclusive features

# High-level Dataset Introduction: Pokémon Characters

**721**

Total  
Rows

**21**

Features  
Available

**13**

Numerical  
Features

**7**

Categorical  
Features

**2**

Prediction  
Classes

## Dataset Overview:

- This dataset focuses on the stats and features of Pokémon from Generations 1 through 6
- It contains 21 features (variables) spanning 721 Pokémon

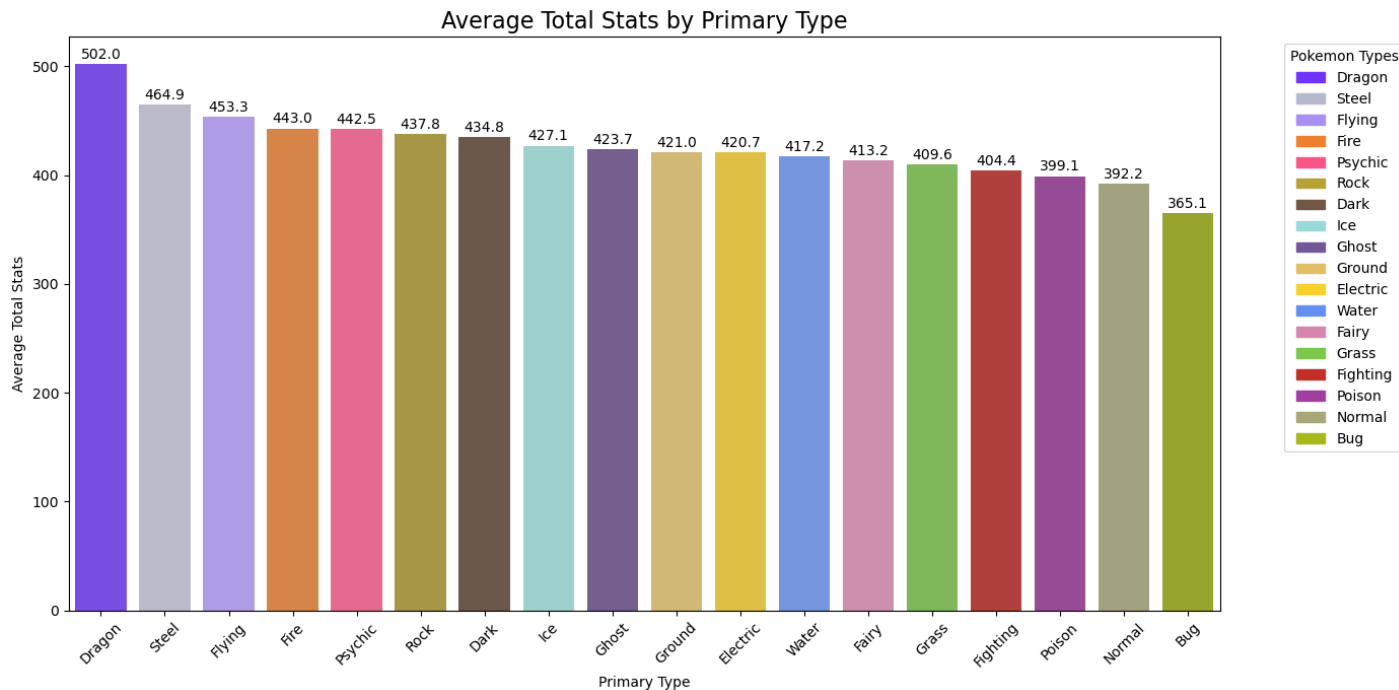


## Target Variable:

**hasMegaEvolution**



# Overall, Dragon is the most powerful Primary Type across the dataset



Dragon has highest average total scores

Only Dragon has 500+ average total score

# Specifically, Dragon's stats is higher than all other types' stat

Dragon Type Stats vs Average

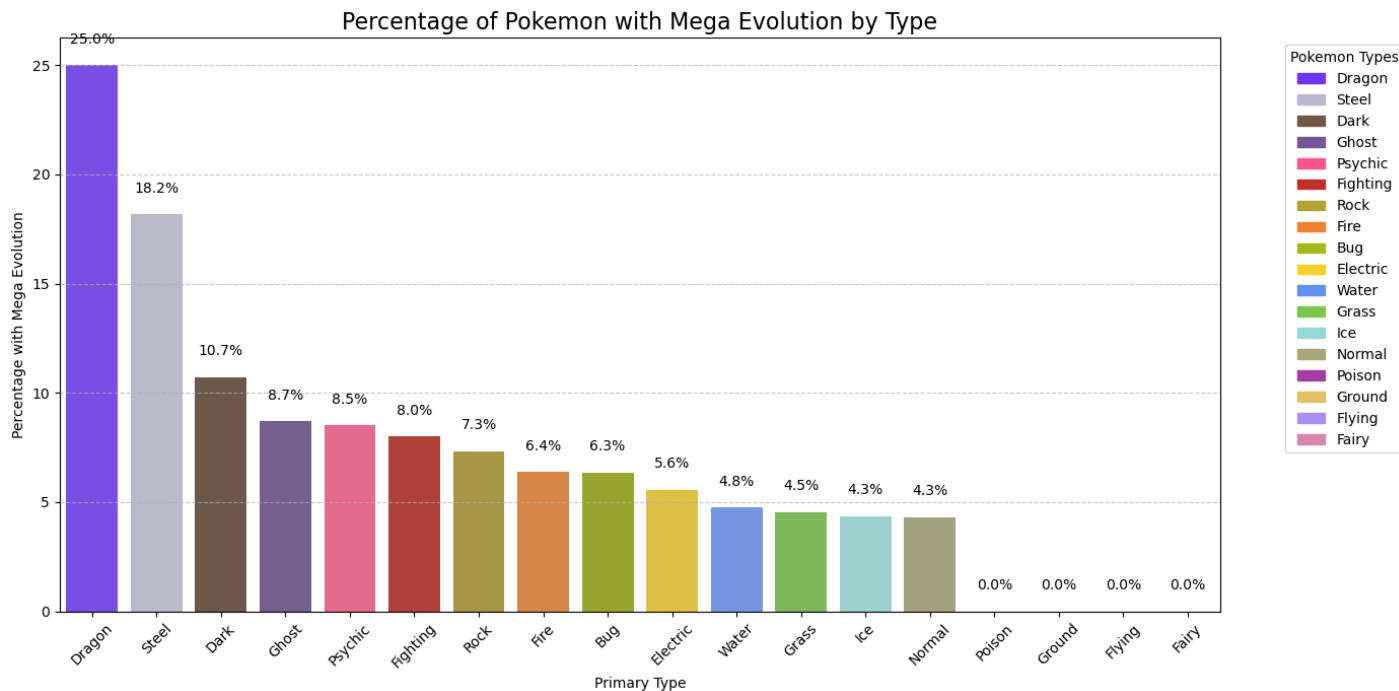


Dragon's average stats is higher than all other characters

Attack is the most significant one



# However, beyond Dragon, we see that the data presents a class imbalance



Severe class imbalance present

Used SMOTE for effective modeling

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For the evaluation metric, we chose accuracy since it is the most wholistic

		Predicted	
		Evolution	No Evolution
Actual	Evolution	 TP	 FN
	No Evolution	 FP	 TN

**Accuracy:**

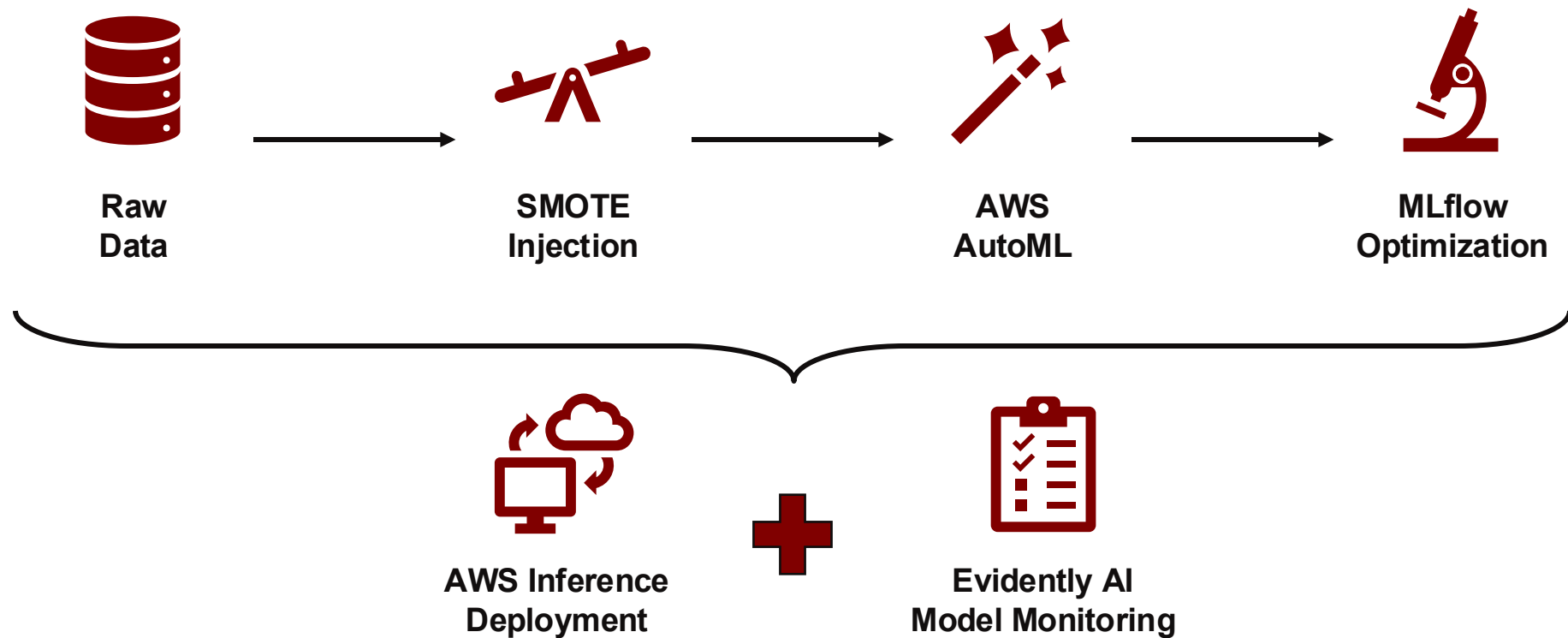
$$\frac{(TP + TN)}{(TP + TN + FP + FN)}$$



Overall Correctness

- Balanced representation of both classes after SMOTE
- Easy to interpret with regards to character evolution
- Appropriate given the equal cost of FPs and FNs

For prediction, we used a multi-stage pipeline with AutoML, MLflow, and AWS



## Specifically, our MLflow pipeline tests 10 models via random search

**n\_estimators**

**2 – 7**

**learning\_rate**

**0.01 – 0.1**

**max\_depth**

**2 – 4**

**min\_samples\_split**

**5 – 20**

**R  
A  
N  
D  
O  
M  
  
S  
E  
A  
R  
C  
H**

① n\_estimators: 2, learning\_rate: 0.054, max\_depth: 3, min\_samples\_split: 11

② n\_estimators: 7, learning\_rate: 0.080, max\_depth: 2, min\_samples\_split: 6

③ n\_estimators: 5, learning\_rate: 0.086, max\_depth: 3, min\_samples\_split: 15

④ n\_estimators: 7, learning\_rate: 0.022, max\_depth: 3, min\_samples\_split: 11

⑤ n\_estimators: 5, learning\_rate: 0.010, max\_depth: 2, min\_samples\_split: 16

⑥ n\_estimators: 5, learning\_rate: 0.092, max\_depth: 3, min\_samples\_split: 11

⑦ n\_estimators: 3, learning\_rate: 0.065, max\_depth: 2, min\_samples\_split: 18

⑧ n\_estimators: 2, learning\_rate: 0.093, max\_depth: 2, min\_samples\_split: 14

⑨ n\_estimators: 2, learning\_rate: 0.045, max\_depth: 3, min\_samples\_split: 6

⑩ n\_estimators: 7, learning\_rate: 0.099, max\_depth: 3, min\_samples\_split: 16

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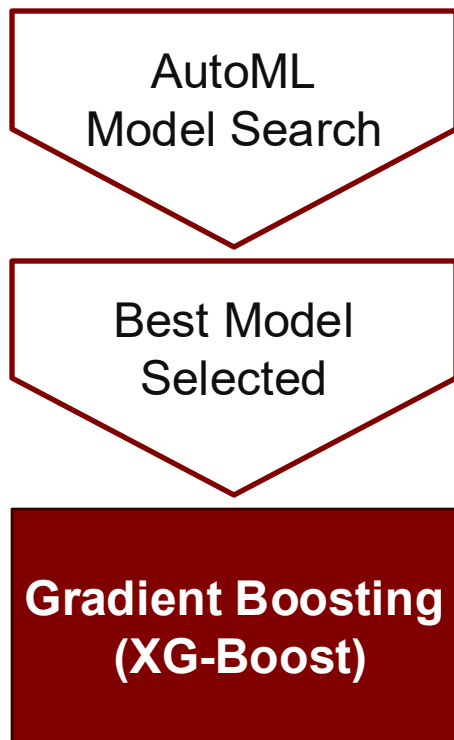
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From AWS AutoML, we found that gradient boosting was the best algorithm



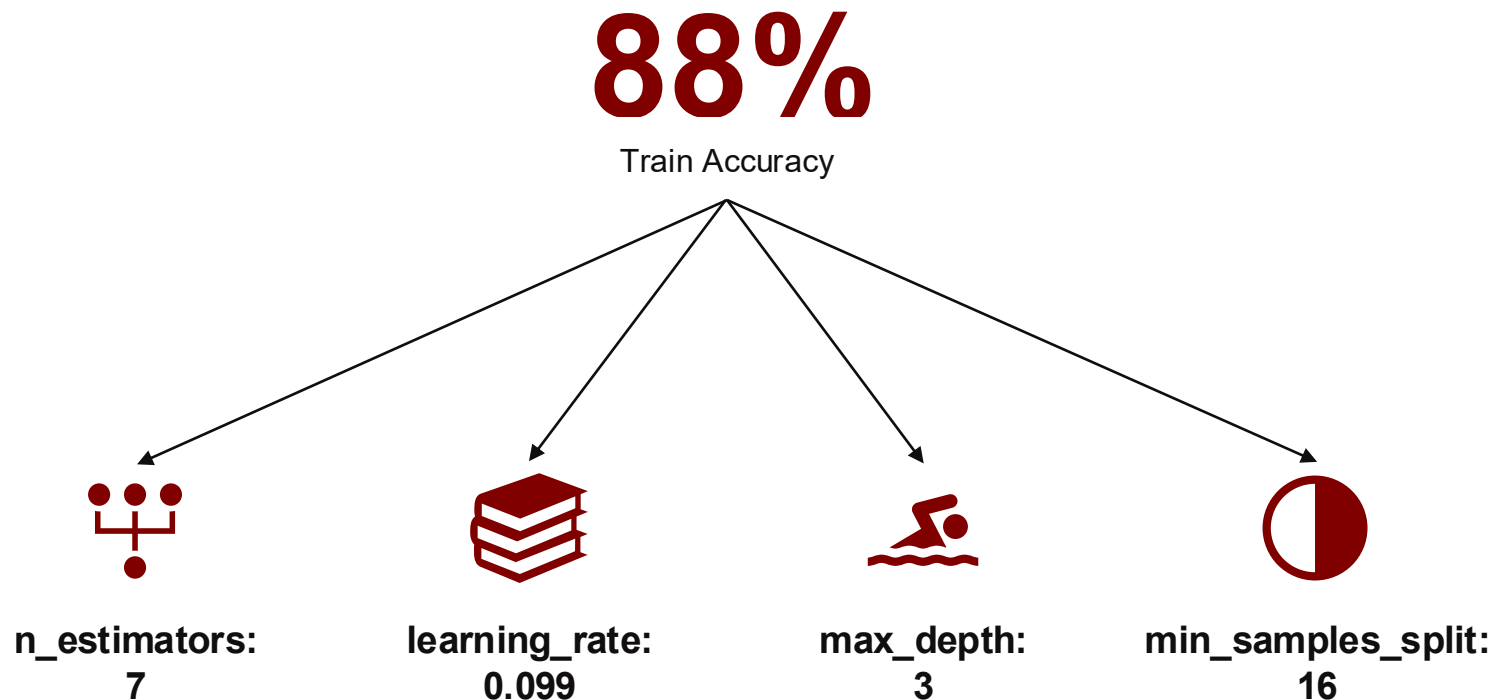
### Best Candidate Model

- **Accuracy:** 97%
- **Objective Metric:** Validation Accuracy
- **Detected Algorithm Family:** XG-Boost/Gradient Boosting

### Best Candidate Model Hyperparameters

- **max\_depth:** 4
- **eta:** 0.66
- **num\_round:** 364
- **colsample\_bytree:** 0.96
- **gamma:** 0.00035
- **lambda:** 0.96

After MLflow experimentation, our deployed model achieves 88% train accuracy





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## To monitor data and prediction drift, we used Evidently AI via the AWS Suite



➔ **Evidently integrates seamlessly with AWS workflow**

➔ **S3 centralizes records for reliable audits and traceability**

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## We made four key changes to X\_test to test the model monitoring effectiveness

### Change #1:

Swapped column 0 and column 1

### Change #2:

Swapped column 2 and column 7

### Change #3:

Randomized column 2

### Change #4:

Randomized column 4

**New Accuracy 74%**  
*(16% decrease)*

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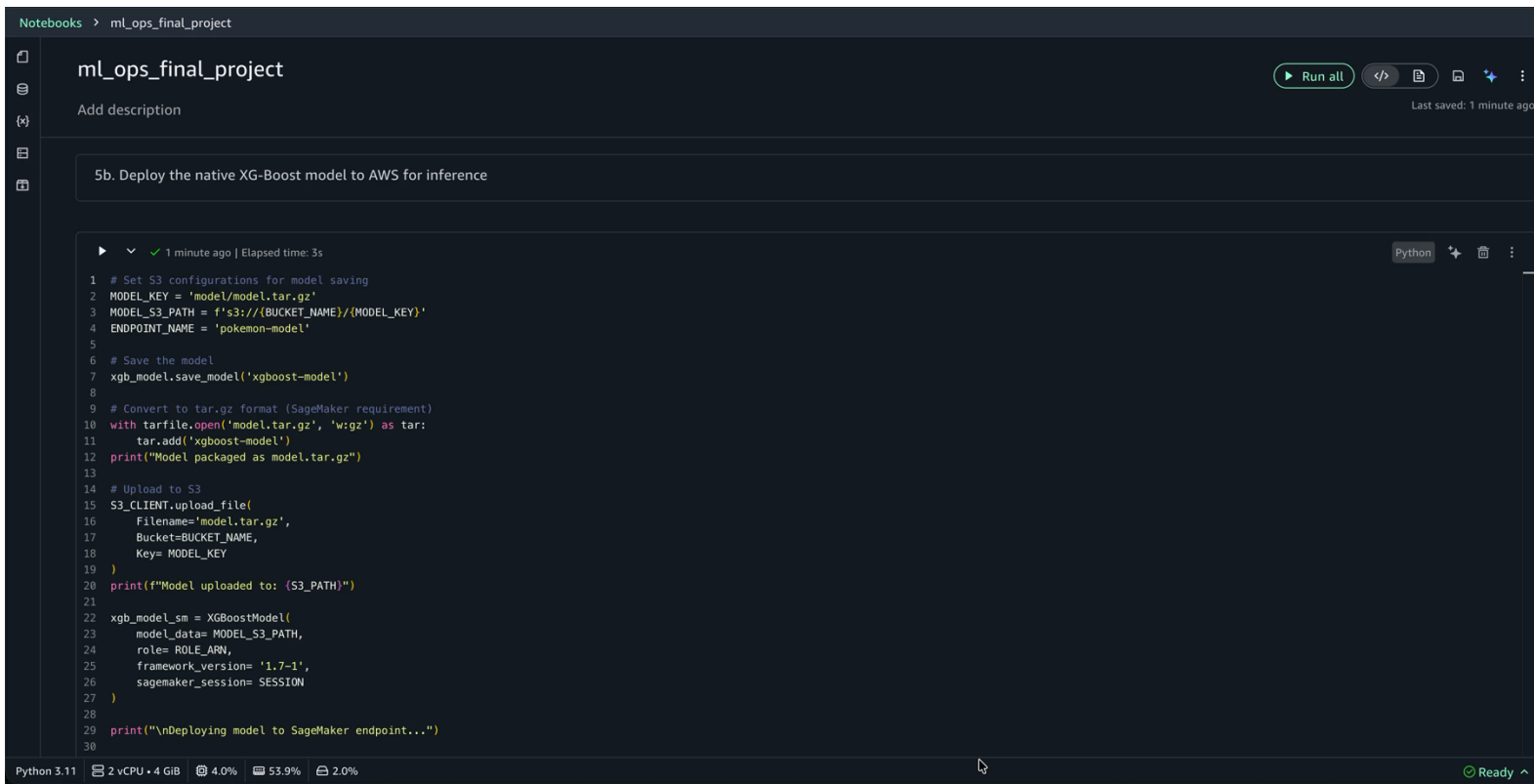
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# Demo – Model Monitoring In Action!



The screenshot shows a Jupyter Notebook titled "ml\_ops\_final\_project" in a dark-themed interface. The notebook is part of a "Notebooks" collection. A description field is present with the text "5b. Deploy the native XG-Boost model to AWS for inference". The code cell contains a Python script for saving, packaging, and deploying an XGBoost model to SageMaker. The script includes comments and uses the `xgboost` and `boto3` libraries. The status bar at the bottom indicates the environment is "Python 3.11" with "2 vCPU • 4 GiB" memory, "4.0%" CPU usage, "53.9%" memory usage, and "2.0%" disk usage. The interface is "Ready".

```
1 # Set S3 configurations for model saving
2 MODEL_KEY = 'model/model.tar.gz'
3 MODEL_S3_PATH = f's3://{BUCKET_NAME}/{MODEL_KEY}'
4 ENDPOINT_NAME = 'pokemon-model'
5
6 # Save the model
7 xgb_model.save_model('xgboost-model')
8
9 # Convert to tar.gz format (SageMaker requirement)
10 with tarfile.open('model.tar.gz', 'w:gz') as tar:
11     tar.add('xgboost-model')
12 print("Model packaged as model.tar.gz")
13
14 # Upload to S3
15 S3_CLIENT.upload_file(
16     Filename='model.tar.gz',
17     Bucket=BUCKET_NAME,
18     Key= MODEL_KEY
19 )
20 print(f"Model uploaded to: {S3_PATH}")
21
22 xgb_model_sm = XGBoostModel(
23     model_data= MODEL_S3_PATH,
24     role= ROLE_ARN,
25     framework_version= '1.7-1',
26     sagemaker_session= SESSION
27 )
28
29 print("\nDeploying model to SageMaker endpoint...")
30
```

# Drift Report Comparison: X\_test

1  
Tests

1  
Success

0  
Warning

0  
Fail

0  
Error

All tests ▾

## Number of Drifted Features



The drift is detected for 2 out of 21 features. The test threshold is lt=3.

Details

Feature name	Statetest	Drift score	Threshold	Data Drift
Type_2	K-S p_value	0.017	0.05	Detected
Has_Type_2	Z-test p_value	0.002	0.05	Detected
prediction	Z-test p_value	0.163	0.05	Not detected
Type_1	K-S p_value	0.562	0.05	Not detected
Total	K-S p_value	0.053	0.05	Not detected
Speed	K-S p_value	0.217	0.05	Not detected
Sp_Def	K-S p_value	0.08	0.05	Not detected
Sp_Atk	K-S p_value	0.468	0.05	Not detected
Height_m	K-S p_value	0.17	0.05	Not detected
Weight_kg	K-S p_value	0.545	0.05	Not detected
Has_Egg_Group_2	Z-test p_value	0.077	0.05	Not detected
Generation	K-S p_value	0.945	0.05	Not detected
Egg_Group_2	K-S p_value	0.545	0.05	Not detected
Egg_Group_1	K-S p_value	0.999	0.05	Not detected
Defense	K-S p_value	0.056	0.05	Not detected

# Drift Report Comparison: X\_test\_modified

1	0	0	1	0
Tests	Success	Warning	Fail	Error

All tests

Number of Drifted Features

!

The drift is detected for 7 out of 21 features. The test threshold is lt=3.

Details

Feature name	Statetest	Drift score	Threshold	Data Drift
prediction	Z-test p_value	0.0	0.05	Detected
Attack	K-S p_value	0.0	0.05	Detected
Type_2	K-S p_value	0.0	0.05	Detected
Type_1	K-S p_value	0.0	0.05	Detected
Total	K-S p_value	0.0	0.05	Detected
Sp_Def	K-S p_value	0.005	0.05	Detected
Has_Type_2	Z-test p_value	0.002	0.05	Detected
Speed	K-S p_value	0.217	0.05	Not detected
Sp_Atk	K-S p_value	0.468	0.05	Not detected
Height_m	K-S p_value	0.17	0.05	Not detected
Has_Egg_Group_2	Z-test p_value	0.077	0.05	Not detected
HP	K-S p_value	0.295	0.05	Not detected
Generation	K-S p_value	0.945	0.05	Not detected
Egg_Group_2	K-S p_value	0.545	0.05	Not detected
Egg_Group_1	K-S p_value	0.000	0.05	Not detected



# GitHub Link:

<https://github.com/bhstoller/ml-ops-fp/tree/main>

**Questions?**