

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#include <unistd.h>
```

```
void bubbleSort(int arr[], int n) {
```

```
    int i, j, temp;
```

```
    for(i = 0; i < n-1; i++) {
```

```
        for(j = 0; j < n-i-1; j++) {
```

```
            if(arr[j] > arr[j+1]) {
```

```
                temp = arr[j];
```

```
                arr[j] = arr[j+1];
```

```
                arr[j+1] = temp;
```

```
            }
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
int main() {
```

```
    int n, i;
```

```
    printf("Enter number of elements: ");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
    int arr[n];
```

```
    printf("Enter %d elements: ", n);
```

```
    for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
        scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
```

```
    pid_t pid = fork();
```

```
    if(pid < 0) {
```

```
        printf("Fork failed!\n");
```

```

        exit(1);
    }

else if(pid == 0) { // Child Process

    printf("\nChild Process (PID: %d) sorting array...\n", getpid());

    bubbleSort(arr, n);

    printf("Sorted Array by Child: ");

    for(i = 0; i < n; i++)

        printf("%d ", arr[i]);

    printf("\n");

    // Convert integers to strings for execve arguments
    char *args[n + 2];

    args[0] = "./reverse"; // name of new program
    for(i = 0; i < n; i++) {

        char *num = malloc(10);

        sprintf(num, "%d", arr[i]);

        args[i+1] = num;

    }

    args[n+1] = NULL;

    printf("\nExecuting reverse program using execve()...\n");

    execve(args[0], args, NULL);

    // If execve fails

    perror("execve failed");

    exit(1);

}

else { // Parent Process

```

```
        wait(NULL);

        printf("\nParent Process (PID: %d) finished.\n", getpid());
    }

    return 0;
}
```

nano main\_sort.c

program 2

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
    int i;

    printf("\nNew Program Executed Successfully (PID: %d)\n", getpid());
    printf("Array in Reverse Order: ");

    for(i = argc - 1; i > 0; i--) {
        printf("%s ", argv[i]);
    }
    printf("\n");

    return 0;
}
```

nano reverse.c

compile both :gcc main\_sort.c -o main\_sort

gcc reverse.c -o reverse

./main\_sort

input

Enter number of elements: 5

Enter 5 elements: 9 3 7 1 5

output

Child Process (PID: 3287) sorting array...

Sorted Array by Child: 1 3 5 7 9

Executing reverse program using execve()...

New Program Executed Successfully (PID: 3287)

Array in Reverse Order: 9 7 5 3 1

Parent Process (PID: 3286) finished.