

2C30362

D	D	M	M	Y	Y	Y	Y

## Test - I

### Module - I

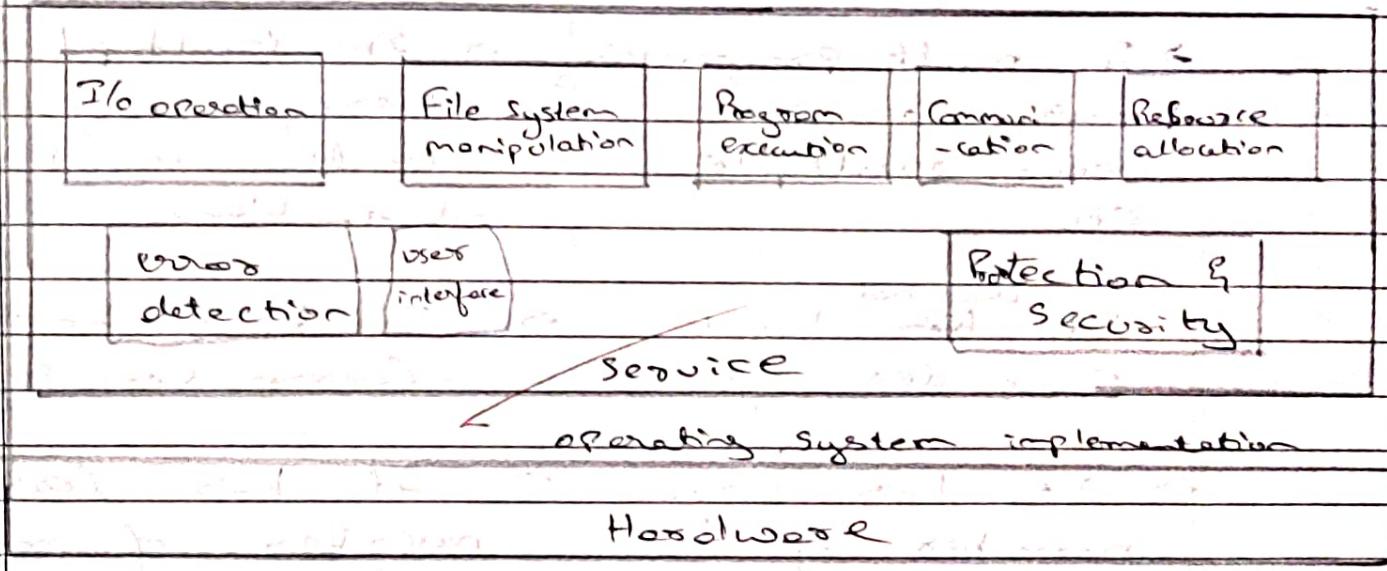
- i) a) An operating System is a software which acts as intermediate between user and Computer and Computer hardware.
- The operating System manages the Computer hardware through application layer.
- The operating System executes the Program in a convenient and easy manner.
- b) The services of operating System are:-
- i) User Interface : here the user commands the operating system like graphical user interface or command, a command line system etc.
  - ii) I/O operations - Here operating system allows the data to and from the I/O device to execute the program.
  - iii) File - System Manipulation - The file of operating system can read & write the data in file, either b/w the Processor is in the same Processor or b/w the Processor is in different Processor or different machine.



- (ii) Communication :- Inter - communication System, CPU, Storage System all are connected through the communication.
- (i) Resource allocation :- main memory, Secondary memory, storage space, I/O devices. All are allocated to multiple files and multiple device in the resource.
- (iii) Error detection :- It detects the error in the file and operates the billing or statification for the future performance.
- (iv) Protection & Security :- The operating system service is protects & checks the all programs. System are workers for the main system are in control.
- (v) Program execution :- The operating system can be execute our the program in RAM, execute the program, terminate the program from the service.

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## User Interface / operating Programming



### Q6A-i) Multiprocessor system

→ It executes the program in multiple CPU resources

→ It is large number of execution of program and each has its own memory resource

→ It involves independent execution of the tasks

### Clustered System

→ It executes the program in same resources or memory space

→ Every program can access some memory resource

→ It involve interleaved

in the execution of the task at the same time

DD MM YY  
DD MM YY

(ii)

## Multi-programming

## multitasking

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| → In multi programming every program using multiple CPU | → In multitasking every program execution in process at a time |
| → It <del>does</del> does not host computer system      | → It has host computer system                                  |
| → It has large number of memory allocation              | → It has less number of memory allocation                      |
| → It is executed one by one in multiple resource        | → It is executed at a time in a single resource                |
| → It is less flexible                                   | → It is more flexible  |
| → <del>Costly</del> expensive                           | → Cost Saving  |
| → Isolation is not required.                            | → Scalability<br>→ Isolation is required                       |

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### Module - 2

Ques:- i) FCFS

Process	A-T	B-T	C-T	TAT	WT
P <sub>1</sub>	0	9	9	9	0
P <sub>2</sub>	4	13	13	17	8
P <sub>3</sub>	2	9	22	20	11
P <sub>4</sub>	8	3	5	27	24

mode = ~~non-preemptive~~ non-preemptive      Criteria :- Arrival time  
Gantt chart :-

P <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>	P <sub>3</sub>	P <sub>4</sub>
0 9	9 13	13 22	22 27

avg waiting time =  $\frac{38}{4} = 9.5$

avg TAT =  $\frac{65}{4} = 16.25$

ii) SJF, [P<sub>1</sub> P<sub>2</sub> P<sub>3</sub> P<sub>4</sub>]

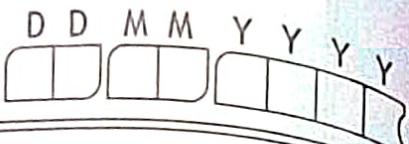
Process	A-T	B-T	C-T	TAT	WT	R-T
P <sub>1</sub>	0	9	9	9	0	0
P <sub>2</sub>	4	13	13	12	8	8
P <sub>3</sub>	2	9	27	25	16	16
P <sub>4</sub>	8	5	18	15	10	10

mode = ~~non-preemptive~~ non-preemptive

Criteria :- Burst time

Gantt chart :-

P <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>	P <sub>3</sub>	P <sub>4</sub>
0 9	9 13	13 18	18 27



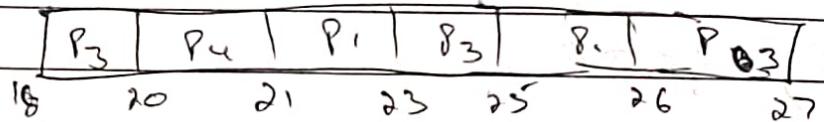
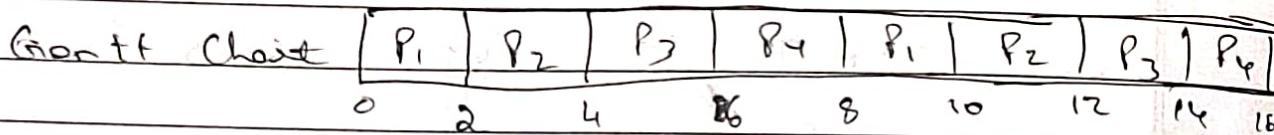
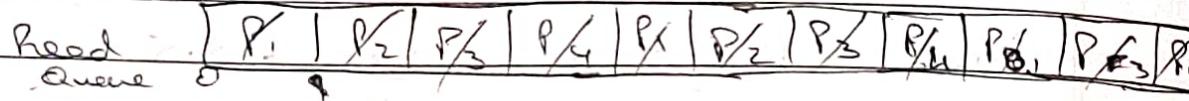
$$\text{avg Waiting time} = \frac{34}{4} = 8.5$$

$$\text{avg T.A.T} = \frac{61}{4} = 15.25$$

### iii) Round Robin ( $Q=2\text{ ms}$ )

	Process	A-T	B-T	C-T	T.A-T	W-T	<del>W-T</del>
1	P1	0	9.5	26	26	17	
2	P2	1	4.2	12	11	7	
3	P3	2	9.5	27	25	16	
4	P4	3	5.5	21	18	13	

mode: Preemptive :  $\Rightarrow$  Time Quantum



$$\text{avg W-T} = \frac{53}{4} = 13.25$$

$$\text{avg T.A.T} = \frac{80}{4} = 20$$

D	D	M	M	Y	Y	Y	Y
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#### iv) Priority

Process	A-T	B-T	Priority	C-T	TAT	W-T
P1	0	8 <sup>st</sup>	3	29	29	20
P2	1	4 <sup>th</sup>	2	10	9	5
P3	2	9 <sup>th</sup>	1	24	22	13
P4	3	8 <sup>th</sup>	4	15	12	7

Completion = Burst time + waiting time  
Gantt chart:-

P <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>	P <sub>4</sub>	P <sub>3</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>	-P <sub>4</sub>	P <sub>3</sub>	P <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>3</sub>
0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	15

P <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>3</sub>	P <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>3</sub>	P <sub>1</sub>
17	19	21	23	24

avg W-T =  $\frac{45}{4} = 11.25$

avg TAT =  $\frac{72}{4} = 18$

4(b)A:-

#### Process

It executes the program with multiple CPU

#### Threads

It executes the program with same memory location.

D D M M Y Y Y Y

- It has multiprocessor  
They have independent program but execute
- In thread they are same memory source
- It has large several threads programs & each has memory resource
- Resource are same for all program in thread
- It has multiprocessor system
- If has one-to one thread model
- Many to one thread model
- Many to many thread model

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Ques

## Quiz

- 1) a:- a) fork
- 2) a:- a) When process is scheduled to run after some execution
- 3) a:- b) communication b/w two process

- 4) a:- b) Program Counter

- 5) a:- b) stack & heap with pointers

Ans:

Ans:

Ques:- A process has 1000 pages. Each page is 4 KB in size.

Each page is mapped to a frame of size 4 KB.

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