

PRICE TRACKER

Database Management Systems Project Winter Semester, 2020

GROUP NO. 12

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INTRODUCTION:

Price tracking is a cost-effective way to track, compare, and analyze the prices of products in this competitive world. Today, purchasing goods and services online is a prevalent practice among millions of people worldwide. Purchasing online is convenient, easy, and economically advantageous, as multiple e-commerce platforms offer competitive prices. Thus, both sellers and buyers are bound to execute price monitoring, comparison, and analysis. The number of online purchases is constantly growing based on the decreasing price rate through variation given by price tracker App/web.

PROJECT DEFINITION:

This website tracks prices and quantity of products. Each product is included in one Category. FOR EG. product = 'iphone' and Category = 'Electronics And Gadgets' but each such Category contains many products in itself. FOR EG Category = 'Electronics And Gadgets' has many Products = { 'iPhone', 'Laptop', 'Headphones', etc. }. Products can be dependent on Age Groups such as Male, Female and Kids. FOR EG. Few products are only for females where some for Males and some for kids where some products are neutral w.r.t. (independent of) Age groups (FOR EG. Furniture). But for Each age Group, there will be many Products. Each Product can have many Brand FOR EG. product = 'Laptop', Brand = {'Asus', 'Lenovo', 'Dell', etc.}. Each Brand can have many products FOR EG. Brand = 'Sony', Product = {'PlayStation', 'Smart Phones', 'Televisions', etc.}. Further, Each Brand can have products having different Categories. FOR EG. Brand = 'Nike' Category = { 'Shoes', 'Clothings', 'Sport items', etc. }. Each Category can contain many products having different Brands. FOR EG. Category = 'Clothings' Brand = { 'Levis', 'Under Armour', 'Armaani', etc. }. Every website contains a specific stock of product with it where they can also note the number of Sold Products i.e. Quantities Sold. Each product can have many Quantities. Every Product has Prices which changes whenever there is a Sale or Festive but the M.R.P. almost always remains constant. Few Products

may have Offers with them where the users can be benefitted and extra discounts can be earned.

A user uses this website and it may register to which his / hers' history can be saved. Thus, users can have their search history and other activity tracked. Each (registered)user of the website can have a lot of Activity and Search History data. Each history can correspond to more than one product searched for or Editted by the Admin.

ENTITY-RELATIONSHIP DIAGRAM:

ENTITIES

Primary Key : product(product_id), brand(brand_id), user_detail(user_id),
category(category_id), group_detail(age_group_id), product_details (product_id
+brand_id + category_id +age_group_id), history(history_id);

Cardinality:

product - category(M-1)

product - brand (M-N)

brand - category (M-N)

product - group_detail (M-N)

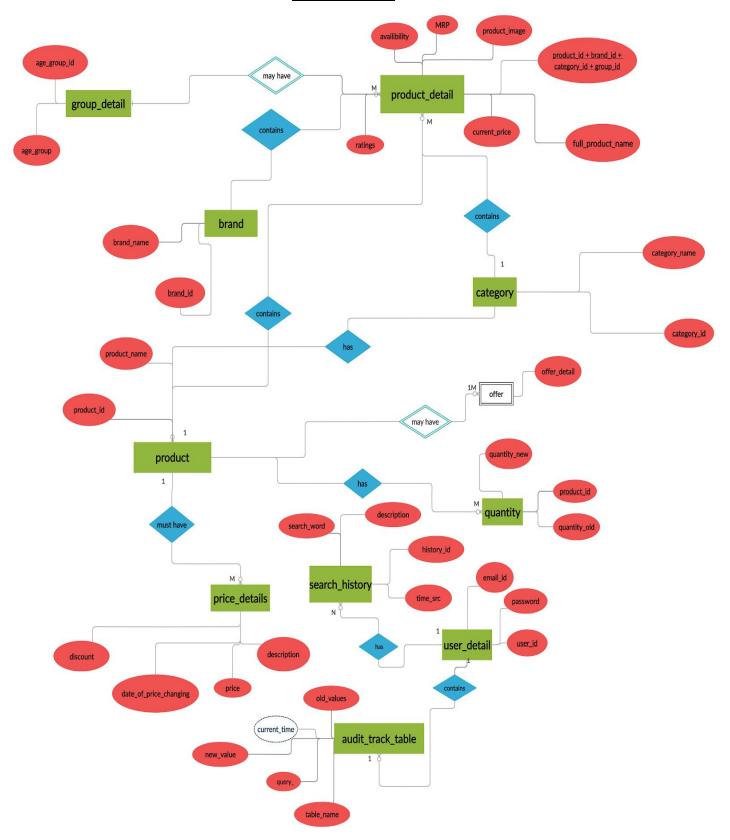
product - offer(1-M)

product - quantity (1-M)

product - price_details (1-M)

history - user_detail (1-M)

E-R DIAGRAM



DATA DICTIONARY:

Audit_table_track

Column	Туре	Null	Default	Links to	Comments	MIME
user_id	varchar(50)	No		user_detail s -> user_id		
table_nam e	varchar(50)	No				
old_value	varchar(50)	No				
new_value	varchar(50)	No				
query	varchar(50)	No				
crt_time	datetime	No	CURRENT_TIMESTAMP			

Indexes

Keyname	Туре	Unique	Packed	Column	Cardinality	Collation	Null	Comment
user_id	BTREE	Yes	No	user_id	0	A	No	

Brand

Column	Туре	Null	Default	Links to	Comments	MIME
brand_id (<i>Primary</i>)	int(11)	No				
brand_name	varchar(1000)	No				

Indexes

Keyname	Туре	Unique	Packed	Column	Cardinality	Collation	Null	Comment
PRIMARY	BTREE	Yes	No	brand_id	52	Α	No	

Category

Column	Туре	Null	Default	Links to	Comments	MIME
category_id (Primary)	int(11)	No				
category_name	varchar(1000)	No				

Indexes

Keyname	Туре	Unique	Packed	Column	Cardinality	Collation	Null	Comment
PRIMARY	BTREE	Yes	No	category_id	7	A	No	

Deals

Column	Type	Null	Default	Links to	Comments	MIME
product_id	int(11)	No		product -> product_id		
deals_detail s	varchar(500)	No				

Indexes

Keyname	Туре	Unique	Packed	Column	Cardinality	Collation	Null	Comment
product_id	BTREE	No	No	product_id	6	А	No	

Group_detail

Column	Туре	Null	Default	Links to	Comments	MIME
age_group_id (Primary)	int(10)	No				
age_detail	varchar(15)	No				

PRIMARY	BTREE	Yes	No	age_group_id	4	Α	No	
age_detail	BTREE	Yes	No	age_detail	4	Α	No	

Price_details

Column	Туре	Null	Default	Links to	Comments	MIME
product_id	int(11)	No		product -> product_id		
date_of_price_changing	date	No				
price	float	No				
description	varchar(50)	No				
discount	float	No				

Indexes

Keynam e	Type	Uniqu e	Packe d	Column	Cardinalit y	Collatio n	Null	Comme nt
product_i	BTRE	Yes	No	product_id	162	Α	No	
d	E			date_of_price_changi	810	Α	No	
				ng				

Product

Column	Туре	Null	Default	Links to	Comments	MIME
product_id (Primary)	int(11)	No				
product_name	varchar(1000)	No				

Keyname	Type	Unique	Packed	Column	Cardinality	Collation	Null	Comment
PRIMARY	BTREE	Yes	No	product_id	81	Α	No	

Product_details

Column	Туре	Null	Default	Links to	Comments	MIME
product_id	int(11)	No	0	product -> product_id		
category_id	int(11)	No		category -> category_id		
age_group_id	int(10)	Yes	NULL	group_detail -> age_group_id		
brand_id	int(11)	No		brand -> brand_id		
full_product_name	varchar(500)	No				
available	char(1)	No				
mrp	float	No				
images	blob	No				
rating	int(5)	No				
current_price	float	No				_

Keyname	Туре	Uniqu e	Packe d	Column	Cardinalit y	Collatio n	Nul I	Comme nt
prod_cat_brd_age_id_	BTRE	Yes	No	brand_id	71	Α	No	
uniq	E			product_id	71	Α	No	
				category_id	71	Α	No	
				age_group _id	71	А	Yes	
product_id	BTRE E	No	No	product_id	71	А	No	
category_id	BTRE E	No	No	category_id	14	А	No	

age_group_id	BTRE E	No	No	age_group _id	10	А	Yes	
brand_id	BTRE E	No	No	brand_id	71	А	No	

Quantity

Column	Туре	Null	Default	Links to	Comments	MIME
product_id	int(11)	No		product -> product_id		
quantity_new	int(11)	No				
quantity_old	int(11)	No				
demand	float	No				

Indexes

Keyname	Туре	Unique	Packed	Column	Cardinality	Collation	Null	Comment
product_id	BTREE	Yes	No	product_id	81	Α	No	

Search_history

Column	Туре	Null	Default	Links to	Comment s	MIME
history_id (<i>Primary</i>)	int(11)	No				
user_id	varchar(50)	No		user_detail s -> user_id		
search_word	varchar(200 0)	No				

description	varchar(200 0)	No			
time_src	datetime	No	CURRENT_TIMESTAM P		

Indexes

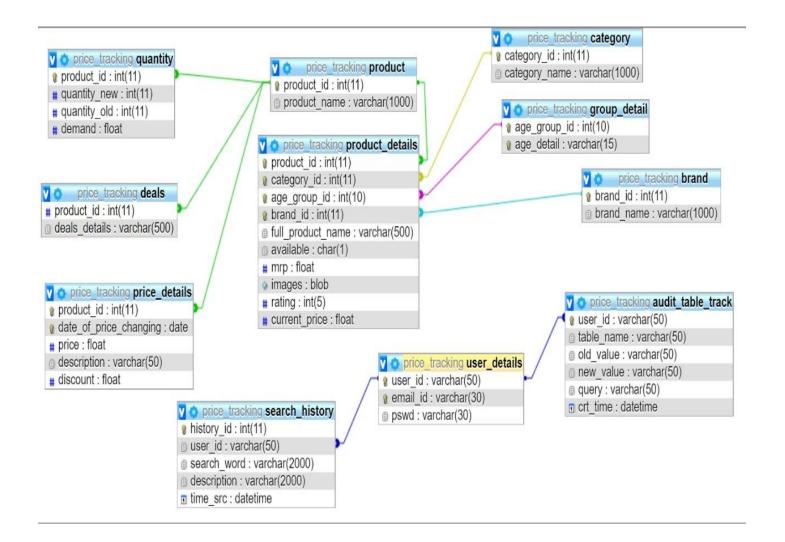
Keyname	Туре	Unique	Packed	Column	Cardinality	Collation	Null	Comment
PRIMARY	BTREE	Yes	No	history_id	0	Α	No	
user_id	BTREE	No	No	user_id	0	А	No	

User_details

Column	Туре	Null	Default	Links to	Comments	MIME
user_id (Primary)	varchar(50)	No				
email_id	varchar(30)	No				
pswd	varchar(30)	No				

Keyname	Туре	Unique	Packed	Column	Cardinality	Collation	Null	Comment
PRIMARY	BTREE	Yes	No	user_id	0	Α	No	
email_id	BTREE	Yes	No	email_id	0	А	No	

CLASS DIAGRAM:



STORED PROCEDURES:

Search Product:

```
DELIMITER$$
CREATE DEFINER=`root`@`localhost` PROCEDURE `search_prod`(IN `xyz` VARCHAR(50))
    NO SQL
BEGIN
SELECT search_product() as sp;
SELECT DISTINCT product_details.product_id ,product_details.full_product_name
,product_details.mrp, product_details.current_price FROM product_details WHERE
LCASE(product_details.full_product_name) like LCASE(concat('%',xyz,'%'));
END$$
DELIMITER;
```

Show brand:

```
DELIMITER $$
CREATE DEFINER='root'@'localhost' PROCEDURE 'show_brand'(IN 'cat_id' INT)
 NO SQL
bgn1: BEGIN
DECLARE b_id int default 1000;
DECLARE c_id int default 100;
DECLARE x1 int default 0;
DECLARE c_brand_cat CURSOR FOR SELECT Distinct brand_id, category_id from
product_details;
DECLARE CONTINUE HANDLER FOR NOT FOUND SET x1 = 1;
OPEN c_brand_cat;
set x1 = 0;
      FETCH c_brand_cat into b_id, c_id;
      while(x1=0) DO
            if (c_id = cat_id) then
                   bgn2: BEGIN
                   DECLARE x2 int default 0;
                   DECLARE id_b int default 1000;
```

```
DECLARE name varchar(30);
                   DECLARE c_brand CURSOR for SELECT * from brand;
                   DECLARE CONTINUE HANDLER FOR NOT FOUND SET x2 = 1;
                   OPEN c brand:
            set x2 = 0:
                   FETCH c_brand into id_b, name;
                          x2while : while(x2 = 0) do
                                 if(id_b = b_id) THEN
                                      select b_id, name, c_id;
                                      LEAVE x2while;
                                end if:
                          FETCH c_brand into id_b, name;
                           end while x2while;
                   CLOSE c_brand;
                   END bgn2;
             end if:
            FETCH c_brand_cat into b_id, c_id;
      end while:
CLOSE c_brand_cat;
END bgn1$$
DELIMITER;
```

DEMAND:

```
DELIMITER $$
CREATE DEFINER=`root`@`localhost` PROCEDURE `demand`()
bgn1: BEGIN
DECLARE prod_id int DEFAULT 0;
DECLARE x1 int DEFAULT 0;
DECLARE c1 CURSOR for SELECT distinct product_id from price_details;
DECLARE CONTINUE HANDLER FOR NOT FOUND SET x1 = 1;
open cl;
set x1 = 0;
      FETCH c1 into prod_id;
      w1: while(x1=0) DO
      bgn2:BEGIN
            DECLARE prid int;
            DECLARE dateX_new date;
            DECLARE pr_new float;
            DECLARE dateX_old date;
```

```
DECLARE pr_old float;
            DECLARE quan_old int;
             DECLARE quan_new int;
             DECLARE elas_demand float;
             DECLARE c2 CURSOR for select quantity.product_id, date_of_price_changing, price,
quantity_old, quantity_new from price_details, quantity where quantity.product_id = prod_id
AND price_details.product_id = prod_id ORDER by date_of_price_changing DESC LIMIT 2;
             open c2;
                   FETCH c2 into prid, dateX_new, pr_new, quan_old, quan_new;
                   FETCH c2 into prid, dateX_old, pr_old, quan_old, quan_new;
                   set elas_demand = (quan_new - quan_old)*100/(pr_new - pr_old);
                   Select prid, elas_demand;
                   Update quantity set demand = elas_demand where quantity.product_id =
prid;
             close c2:
             end bgn2;
      FETCH c1 into prod_id;
      end while w1;
END ban1$$
DELIMITER;
                                          Sell:
DELIMITERSS
```

```
CREATE DEFINER=`root`@`localhost` PROCEDURE `sell`()
NO SQL
bgn1: BEGIN
DECLARE done INT DEFAULT 0;
DECLARE dn INT DEFAULT 0;
DECLARE Total FLOAT DEFAULT 0;
DECLARE id int DEFAULT 0;
DECLARE di int DEFAULT 0;
DECLARE name VARCHAR(30);
DECLARE c1 CURSOR FOR SELECT
  ((quantity_old - quantity_new)*100)/quantity_old , product_id from quantity;
DECLARE CONTINUE HANDLER FOR NOT FOUND SET done = 1;
OPEN c1;
SET done = 0;
      FETCH c1 INTO Total, id;
      reloop: while done = 0 do
```

```
bgn2: BEGIN
     DECLARE c2 CURSOR FOR SELECT product_id, full_product_name from product_details;
     DECLARE CONTINUE HANDLER FOR NOT FOUND SET dn = 1;
     OPEN c2:
     SET dn = 0:
      FETCH c2 into di,name;
      repool: while dn=0 DO
                   IF (di = id) then
                         SELECT di, name, total;
                         LEAVE repool;
                   END IF:
                   FETCH c2 into di, name;
      END WHILE repool;
      CLOSE c2;
      END bgn2;
      FETCH c1 into total, id;
     END while reloop;
CLOSE c1;
END bgn1$$
DELIMITER;
                              Find current price:
```

DELIMITER \$\$ CREATE DEFINER='root'@'localhost' PROCEDURE 'fetch_cprice'() bgn1 : BEGIN DECLARE x1 int default 0; DECLARE pid int DEFAULT 0; DECLARE dateX date; DECLARE c1 CURSOR FOR select max(date_of_price_changing), product_id from price_details group by product_id; DECLARE CONTINUE HANDLER FOR NOT FOUND SET x1 = 1; open c1; set x1 = 0; FETCH c1 into dateX, pid; yw : while(x1=0) DO bgn2 : Begin Declare x2 int;

```
Declare id int:
      Declare prx float;
      Declare xdate date:
      Declare c2 Cursor for select product_id,price,date_of_changing_price from price_details;
      DECLARE CONTINUE HANDLER FOR NOT FOUND SET x2 = 1;
      open c2;
      set x2 = 0;
             FETCH c2 into id, prx, xdate;
             xw: while (x2=0) DO
             if(id = pid AND xdate = dateX) then
                    UPDATE product_details set current_details = prx where product_id = pid;
                    leave xw:
             end if:
             FETCH c2 into id, prx, xdate;
             end while xw;
      END bgn2;
      FETCH c1 into dateX, pid;
      end while yw;
END bgn1$$
DELIMITER;
                                      SORTING:
DELIMITER $$
CREATE DEFINER=`root`@`localhost` PROCEDURE `sort_method`(IN `num` INT, IN `ind` INT)
 NO SQL
BEGIN
if( num = 1 and ind =1) THEN
select DISTINCT product_details.product_id,product_details.full_product_name,
product_details.mrp ,product_details.current_price, product_details.rating from product_details,
price_details where price_details.product_id = product_details.product_id order by
product_details.current_price DESC;
ELSEIF ( num = 1 and ind = 2)THEN
select DISTINCT product_details.product_id,product_details.full_product_name,
product_details.mrp,product_details.current_price, product_details.rating from product_details,
price_details where price_details.product_id = product_details.product_id order by
product_details.current_price asc;
ELSEIF ( num = 2 and ind = 1)THEN
```

select DISTINCT product_details.product_id,product_details.full_product_name, product_details.mrp ,product_details.current_price, product_details.rating from product_details, price_details where price_details.product_id = product_details.product_id order by product_details.full_product_name DESC;

ELSEIF (num = 2 and ind = 2) THEN

select DISTINCT product_details.product_id,product_details.full_product_name, product_details.mrp ,product_details.current_price, product_details.rating from product_details, price_details where price_details.product_id = product_details.product_id order by product_details.full_product_name asc;

ELSEIF (num = 3 and ind = 1) THEN

select product_details.product_id, product_details.full_product_name, product_details.mrp ,product_details.current_price , product_details.rating from product_details inner join price_details on price_details.product_id = product_details.product_id where date_of_price_changing in(select max(date_of_price_changing) from price_details group by product_id) ORDER by price_details.discount DESC;

ELSEIF (num = 3 and ind =2) THEN

select product_details.product_id, product_details.full_product_name, product_details.mrp ,product_details.current_price , product_details.rating from product_details inner join price_details on price_details.product_id = product_details.product_id where date_of_price_changing in(select max(date_of_price_changing) from price_details group by product_id) ORDER by price_details.discount asc;

ELSEIF(num = 4 and ind = 1) THEN

select DISTINCT product_details.product_id,product_details.full_product_name, product_details.mrp ,product_details.current_price, product_details.rating from product_details, price_details order by product_details.rating DESC;

ELSEIF (num = 4 and ind = 2) THEN

select DISTINCT product_details.product_id,product_details.full_product_name, product_details.mrp ,product_details.current_price ,product_details. rating from product_details, price_details order by product_details.rating ASC;

ELSEIF (num = 5 and ind = 1) THEN

select DISTINCT product_details.product_id, product_details.full_product_name, product_details.mrp ,product_details.current_price ,product_details.rating from product_details, quantity where product_details.product_id = quantity.product_id order by quantity.demand desc;

ELSEIF (num = 5 and ind =2) THEN

select DISTINCT product_details.product_id, product_details.full_product_name, product_details.mrp ,product_details.current_price , product_details.rating from product_details , quantity where product_details.product_id = quantity.product_id order by quantity.demand asc;

end if; End \$\$

DELIMITER;

FILTERING:

DELIMITER \$\$

CREATE DEFINER='root'@'localhost' PROCEDURE 'filter_method'(IN 'num' INT, IN 'name' VARCHAR(20), IN 'min' INT, IN 'max' INT)

NO SQL

DETERMINISTIC

BEGIN

if (num = 1) then

select DISTINCT product_details.product_id

,product_details.full_product_name,product_details.mrp,product_details.current_price
,product_details.rating from product_details , brand where product_details.brand_id =
brand.brand_id and brand.brand_name = name;

ELSEIF (num = 2) then

select DISTINCT product_details.product_id

<code>,product_details.full_product_name,product_details.mrp,product_details.current_price</code>
<code>,product_details.rating from product_details</code>, <code>product where product_details.current_price</code>
<code>between min and max</code>:

ELSEIF (num = 3) then

select DISTINCT product_details.product_id

,product_details.full_product_name,product_details.mrp,product_details.current_price
,product_details.rating from product_details, deals where product_details.product_id =
deals.product_id;

ELSEIF (num =4) THEN

select DISTINCT product_details.product_id

,product_details.full_product_name,product_details.mrp,product_details.current_price

,product_details.rating from product_details,price_details where product_details.product_id =
price_details.product_id and price_details.description = name;

```
end if;
end$$
DELIMITER;
```

Track Tables:

```
DELIMITER $$
CREATE DEFINER='root'@'localhost' PROCEDURE 'track_table'(IN 't_name' VARCHAR(50), IN
`type_of_query` VARCHAR(10))
 NO SQL
BEGIN
if(t_name ="product")then
      IF (type_of_query= "insert") THEN
  insert INTO audit_table_track (TABLE_NAME,new_value,query) VALUES
(t_name,new.product_id,type_of_query);
      ELSEIF (type_of_query="update") THEN
  insert into audit_table_track (TABLE_NAME,old_value,new_value,query) VALUES
(t_name,old.product_id,new.product_name,type_of_query);
      ELSE
  insert into audit_table_track (TABLE_NAME,old_value,query) VALUES
(t_name,old.product_id,type_of_query);
      end if:
ELSEIF(t_name = "brand")then
      IF (type_of_query= "insert") THEN
  insert INTO audit_table_track (TABLE_NAME,new_value,query) VALUES
(t_name,new.brand_id,type_of_query);
      ELSEIF (type_of_query="update") THEN
  insert into audit_table_track (TABLE_NAME,old_value,new_value,query) VALUES
(t_name,old.brand_id,new.brand_name,type_of_query);
      ELSE
  insert into audit_table_track (TABLE_NAME,old_value,query) VALUES
(t_name,old.brand_id,type_of_query);
      end if;
ELSEIF(t_name ="category") THEN
      IF (type_of_query = "insert") THEN
```

```
insert INTO audit_table_track (TABLE_NAME,new_value,query) VALUES
(t_name,new.category_id,type_of_query);
      ELSEIF (type_of_query="update") THEN
  insert into audit_table_track (TABLE_NAME,old_value,new_value,query) VALUES
(t_name,old.category_id,new.category_name,type_of_query);
      ELSE
 insert into audit_table_track (TABLE_NAME,old_value,query) VALUES
(t_name,old.category_id,type_of_query);
      end if:
ELSEIF(t_name="group_detail")THEN
      IF (type_of_query = "insert") THEN
  insert INTO audit_table_track (TABLE_NAME,new_value,query) VALUES
(t_name,new.age_group_id,type_of_query);
      ELSEIF (type_of_query="update") THEN
  insert into audit_table_track (TABLE_NAME,old_value,new_value,query) VALUES
(t_name,old.age_group_id,new.age_group,type_of_query);
      ELSE
 insert into audit_table_track (TABLE_NAME,old_value,query) VALUES
(t_name,old.age_group_id,type_of_guery);
      end if;
END if;
END$$
DELIMITER;
```

STORED FUNCTIONS:

Product Search:

```
DELIMITER $$
CREATE DEFINER=`root`@`localhost` FUNCTION `search_product`() RETURNS int(11)
 NO SQL
BEGIN
DECLARE pid INT DEFAULT 0;
DECLARE pn varchar(100);
DECLARE on varchar(50);
DECLARE bn varchar(50);
DECLARE con varchar(500);
DECLARE b INT DEFAULT 0;
DECLARE cl CURSOR for SELECT DISTINCT product_details.product_id,product_product_name,
category_name,brand.brand_name FROM product ,category ,brand ,product_details
where product_details.product_id = product_product_id and product_details.category_id =
category.category_id and product_details.brand_id = brand.brand_id;
DECLARE CONTINUE HANDLER FOR NOT FOUND SET b = 1;
OPEN c1:
SET b = 0;
      FETCH c1 INTO pid ,pn,cn,bn;
      WHILE b = 0 DO
      set con =concat(bn,' ',pn,' ',cn);
      update product_details set full_product_name = con where
product_details.product_id = pid;
      FETCH c1 INTO pid ,pn,cn,bn;
```

```
END WHILE;
CLOSE c1;
RETURN 0;
end$$
DELIMITER;
```

Sign up:

```
DELIMITER $$
CREATE DEFINER=`root`@`localhost` FUNCTION`check_user_id`(`userid` INT(30)) RETURNS
char(1) CHARSET utf8
  NO SQL
DETERMINISTIC
BEGIN
DECLARE uid varchar(30);
DECLARE x INT DEFAULT 0;
DECLARE i INT DEFAULT 0;
DECLARE n INT DEFAULT 0;
DECLARE temp char(1);
DECLARE c_check CURSOR FOR SELECT user_detail.user_id FROM user_detail;
SELECT COUNT(user_detail.user_id) FROM user_detail INTO n;
OPEN c_check;
SET i = 0;
WHILE i<n DO
      FETCH c_check into uid;
      IF uid = userid THEN
            set x = x+1;
      END IF;
      SET i = i + 1;
END WHILE:
CLOSE c_check;
IF x = 1 THEN
      set temp = 'Y';
ELSE
      set temp = 'N';
END IF;
```

```
return temp;
END$$
DELIMITER;
```

Check log in:

```
DELIMITER$$
CREATE DEFINER=`root`@`localhost` FUNCTION `check_login`(`userid` VARCHAR(30), `pass`
VARCHAR(20)) RETURNS char(1) CHARSET latin1
BEGIN
DECLARE i INT DEFAULT 0;
DECLARE n INT DEFAULT 0;
DECLARE uid varchar(30);
DECLARE psd varchar(20);
DECLARE x INT DEFAULT 0;
DECLARE c_check CURSOR FOR SELECT user_detail.user_id, user_detail.pswd FROM user_detail;
SELECT COUNT(user_detail.user_id) FROM user_detail INTO n;
OPEN c_check;
SET i = 0:
WHILE i<n DO
      FETCH c_check into uid, psd;
      IF uid = userid and pass = psd THEN
             set x = x+1;
      end if;
      SET i = i + 1;
END WHILE;
CLOSE c_check;
IF x = 1 then
      return 'Y';
ELSE
      return 'N';
END IF;
END$$
DELIMITER;
```

TRIGGERS:

On Sign Up:

```
DELIMITER$

CREATE TRIGGER trig_register BEFORE insert on user_detail

FOR EACH ROW

BEGIN

IF check_user_id(new.user_id)='Y' THEN

msg = concat('Error: User Exists...Try new User id');

signal sqlstate '45002' set message_text = msg;

ELSE

INSERT into logger(content) values ("The user details are successfully registered..");

END IF;

END$

DELIMITER;
```

Price Check:

```
DELIMITER$$
CREATE TRIGGER `check_price` BEFORE INSERT ON `dummy2`
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
DECLARE msg varchar(128);
DECLARE n int DEFAULT 0;
SELECT mrp from product_details WHERE PRODUCT_ID = NEW.PRODUCT_ID into n;
       IF new.price > n then
             set msg = concat('Error: Price is more than MRP...');
             signal sqlstate '45001' set message_text = msg;
      ELSE
      --Otherwise calculate discount on this product
          INSERT INTO price_details(product_id, date_of_price_changing, price, description,
discount) VALUES (new.product_id, new.date_of_price_changing, new.price, new.description,
(n - new.price)*100/n);
      END IF;
```

Track tables through triggers

```
CREATE TRIGGER 'track_brand_delete' AFTER DELETE ON 'brand'
FOR EACH ROW BEGIN
      call track_table("brand","delete");
END
CREATE TRIGGER 'track brand insert' AFTER INSERT ON 'brand'
FOR EACH ROW BEGIN
      call track_table("brand","insert");
END
CREATE TRIGGER 'track_brand_update' AFTER UPDATE ON 'brand'
FOR EACH ROW BEGIN
      call track_table("brand","update");
END
CREATE TRIGGER 'track_category_delete' AFTER DELETE ON 'category'
FOR EACH ROW BEGIN
      call track_table("category", "delete");
END
CREATE TRIGGER 'track_category_insert' AFTER INSERT ON 'category'
FOR EACH ROW BEGIN
      call track_table("category","insert");
END
CREATE TRIGGER 'track_category_update' AFTER UPDATE ON 'category'
FOR EACH ROW BEGIN
      call track_table("category","update");
END
CREATE TRIGGER 'track_group_delete' AFTER DELETE ON 'group_detail'
FOR EACH ROW BEGIN
      call track_table("group_detail","delete");
end
CREATE TRIGGER 'track_group_insert' AFTER INSERT ON 'group_detail'
FOR EACH ROW BEGIN
```

```
call track_table("group_detail","insert");
end
CREATE TRIGGER 'track_group_update' AFTER UPDATE ON 'group_detail'
FOR EACH ROW BEGIN
      call track_table("group_detail","update");
end
CREATE TRIGGER 'track_product_delete' AFTER DELETE ON 'product'
FOR EACH ROW BEGIN
      call track_table("product","delete");
END
CREATE TRIGGER 'track_product_insert' AFTER INSERT ON 'product'
FOR EACH ROW BEGIN
call track_table("product","insert");
END
CREATE TRIGGER 'track_product_update' AFTER UPDATE ON 'product'
FOR EACH ROW BEGIN
      call track_table("product","update");
END
```

FEW Example of calling Functions and Procedure Using PHP:

```
if(isset($_POST['sort']) AND isset($_POST['gender'])){
    if($_POST['sort'] == "Sort by Prices"){
        if($_POST['gender'] == 0)
        $sql = "CALL sorting_method(1, 2);";
```

```
$sql = "CALL sorting method(1, 1);";
   }else if($ POST['sort'] == "Sort by Rating"){
           $sql = "CALL sorting method(4, 2);";
           $sql = "CALL sorting method(4, 1);";
   }else if($ POST['sort'] == "Sort by Discount"){
      if($ POST['sort']==0)
           $sql = "CALL sorting method(3, 2);";
           $sql = "CALL sorting method(3, 1);";
      if($ POST['sort']==0)
          $sql = "CALL sorting method(5, 2);";
           $sql = "CALL sorting method(5, 1);";
   }else if($ POST['sort'] == "Sort by Name"){
      if($ POST['gender']==0)
           $sql = "CALL sorting method(2, 2);";
           $sql = "CALL sorting method(2, 1);";
      $sql = "SELECT product id, full product name, mrp,
$sql = "SELECT product id, full product name, mrp,
```

```
$prod name = $ POST['searchX'];
             $prod name = NULL;
         $sql="CALL search prod('".$prod name."')";
                 $cat num = NULL;
             $d = array();
             $d = explode("cat_", $cat_num);
 $check in = $ COOKIE['check lin'];
 $pass in = $ POST['password'];
$sql = "SELECT check login('".$userid_in."', '".$pass_in."') AS
```

Languages Used And basic Requirements:

Database → MYSQL Front End → HTML, CSS, JS, Bootstrap Generating Charts → CHART.js, PYTHON3 Database-Front End Connectivity → PHP, jquery

Software Used → XAMPP (WIN10 or UBUNTU 18.04)

Output Images:







PRICETracker

Learn Collaborative project by Manav,

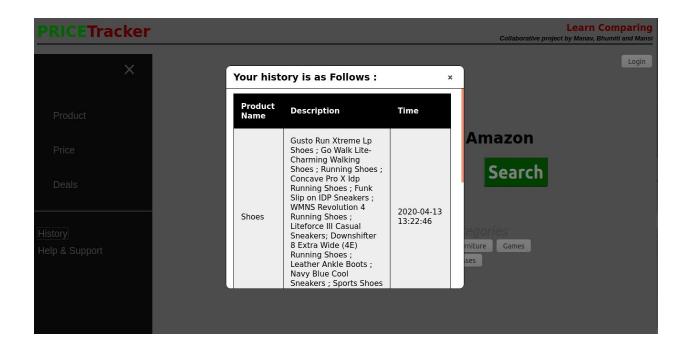
Ξ

Free Price Tracker for Amazon



Main frame : Searching for Shoes

No.	Product Name MRP	
12	Gusto Run Xtreme Lp Shoes	3600
13	Go Walk Lite-Charming Walking Shoes	3500
14	Running Shoes	2000
15	Concave Pro X Idp Running Shoes	1000
16	Funk Slip on IDP Sneakers	800
17	WMNS Revolution 4 Running Shoes	2000
18	Liteforce III Casual Sneakers	1999
19	Downshifter 8 Extra Wide (4E) Running Shoe	3000
22	Leather Ankle Boots	300
49	Navy Blue Cool Sneakers	1000
50	Sports Shoes	750
51	Sneakers shoes	460



Sorting Filtering xxxUSERxxx LOG-IN

No.	Product Name	M. R. P.
1	Rockerz 450 Wireless Bluetooth Headphone (Luscious Black)	1500
2	iPhone 11 Pro (256GB) - Space Grey	80000
3	iPhone XR (64GB) - Black	48500
4	ZenBook Duo UX481 Intel Core i7 10th Gen 14-inch FHD Thin & Light Laptop	112000
5	Airdopes 311v2 True Wireless Earbuds with HD Sound and Charging Case (Active Black)	2999
6	BassHeads 225 in-Ear Super Extra Bass Headphones (Molten Orange)	600
7	Inspiron Core i5 8th Gen 8250U 2018	54400
Ω	Flin 3 Stealth Waterproof Portable Rhietooth Speaker with Rich Deep Rass (Rlack). Without Mic	1200

Select one of the Filter method

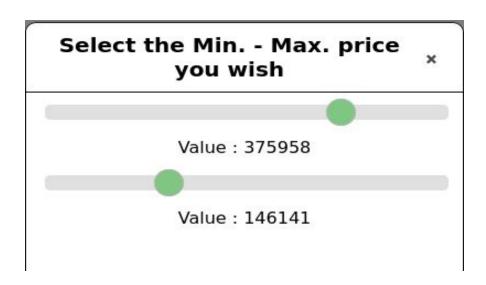
×

Select Brand

Select Price Range

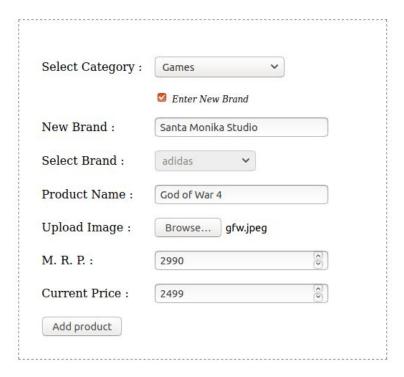
Select Products with Deals

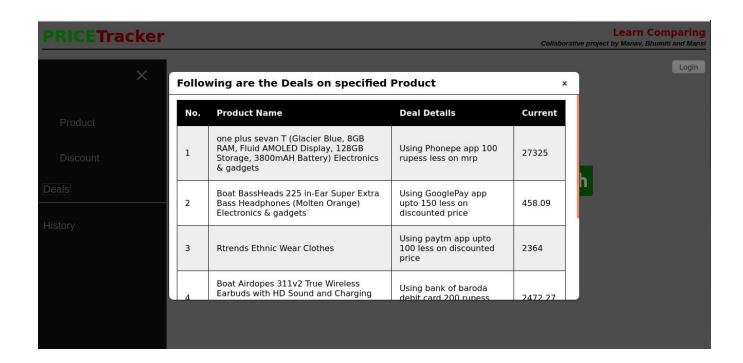
Select Sale



Add Product



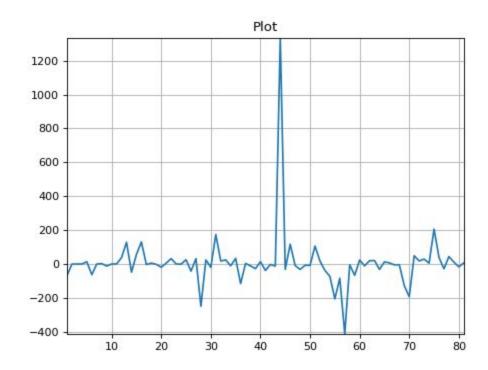




ZenBook Duo UX481 Intel Core i7 10th Gen 14-inch FHD Thin & Light Laptop



BRAND:	ASUS		
CATEGORY:	Electronics & gadgets		
M. D. D. (Camanana, Dalan)	112000	Compat (Discount) Briss .	



This is a plot of Elasticity of Demand of Products
[We have used Stationary Data so actual value for products may differ]