

# MINIPROJECT on CD MANAGEMENT

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# ABSTRACT

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## Objective :

This software is basically a CD management software which can be used in a CD's store. It keeps the record of all the CD's present in the CD's store and we can also add more records for the fresh arrivals. This project can search the CD's available in the store, by various modes like Singer name, CD name.

## Requirements :

- The three requirements – updating , searching and displaying the data. All the data you need to store is textual.

# ABSTRACT

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## Concepts :

This program uses the concept of shell programming.

- Functions
- Files
- Command with options(i.e., echo -e , track , etc.,)
- Control structures

## Data files used :

- title.cdb , tracks.cdb , temp\_file

# ANALYSIS

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## MODULES:

- 1 : ADDING
- 2 : MODIFYING
- 3 : DELETING
- 4 : SEARCHING
- 5 : DISPLAYING

# MODULES DESCRIPTION

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## Module 1:

- Adding the details of a new CD:

The user enters the track information for this CD, catalog name, title, type and artist or composer.

## Module 2:

- Modifying the data of an CD:

This allows you to re-enter information for a CD . Notice that you search(using `grep` ) for lines that start (^)with the `$cdcatnum` followed by a comma ,and that you need to wrap the expansion of `$cdcatnum` in `{}`.

# MODULES DESCRIPTION

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## Module 3:

- Deleting a CD details:

This strips entries from the database files, using `grep -v` to remove all matching strings. Notice that you must use a temporary file(`temp_file`).

## Module 4:

- Searching for a CD:

This searches for the catalog name text in the CD title file, using the `grep` command.

# MODULES DESCRIPTION

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## Module 5:

- Displaying the list of all CD's:

This opens the temporary file reads one by one and then displays all the tracks list .

All the modules uses the data files declared globally.



# DESIGN OF THE ROJECT

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**FLOWHARI.DOCX**

# Hardware/Software Requirements

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<b>HARDWARE</b>	<b>SOFTWARE</b>
Linux environment	Processor : SoC
Vi editor – Shell programming	RAM : 2 GB -64 bit
	Hard disk: 20 GB – 64 bit

# Status of the project

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TASK	PERCENTAGE COMPLETE
Analysis	100%
Design	81%
Development	100%

# CONCLUSION

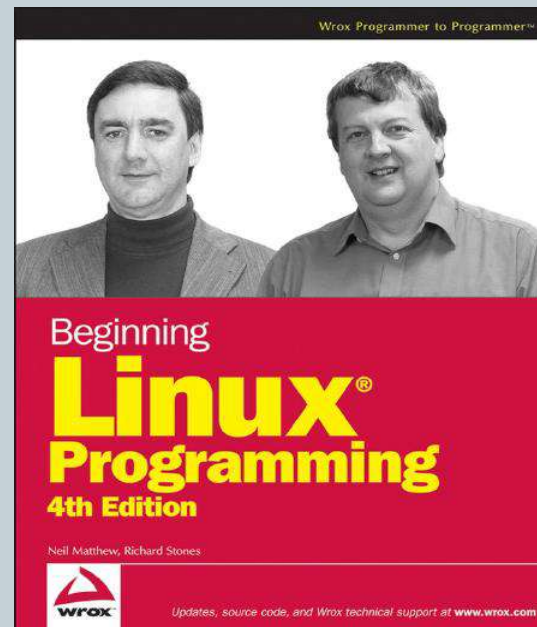
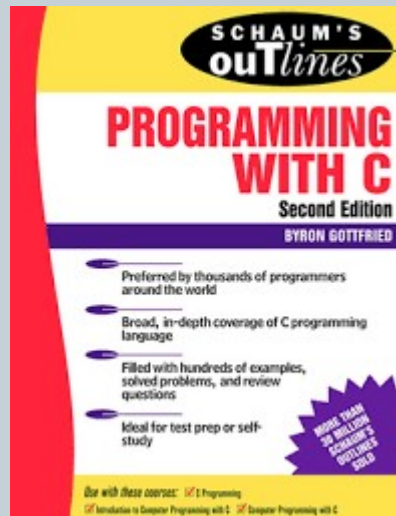
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- This system provides an easy way for the operator to interact with the database and to manipulate the data in the database.
- The operator can add, delete and update the records in the database with ease.
- Provide easy, accurate, unambiguous and faster data access.

# REFERENCES

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The project is referred from :  
Beginning Linux Programming 4<sup>th</sup> edition  
Nail Matthew, Richard Stones



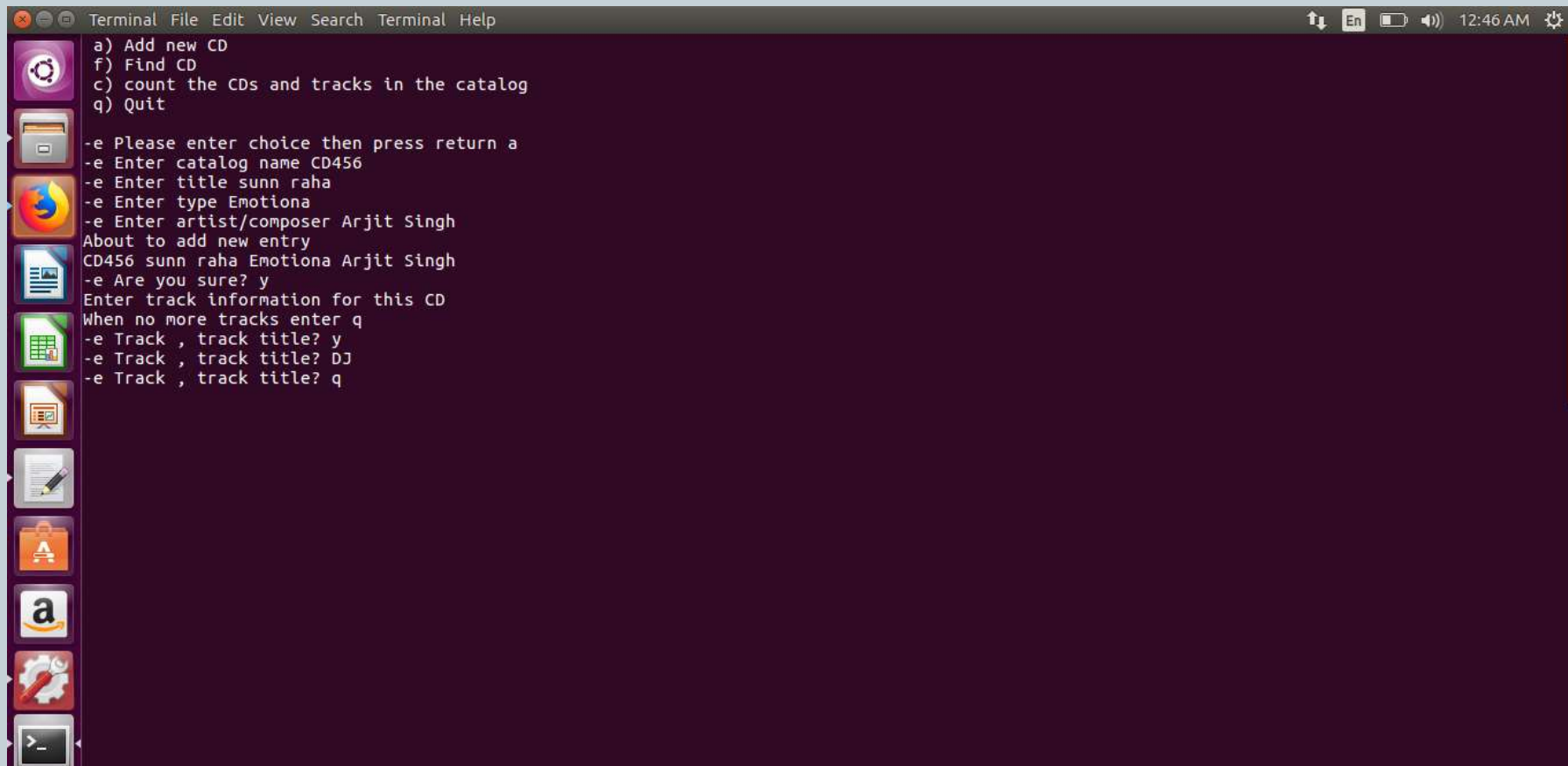
# RESULTS

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- This system is very simple in design and to implement.
- This project main intention is to make task easy for CD database.
- Easy handling of huge amount of data regarding CD tracks.

# RESULTS

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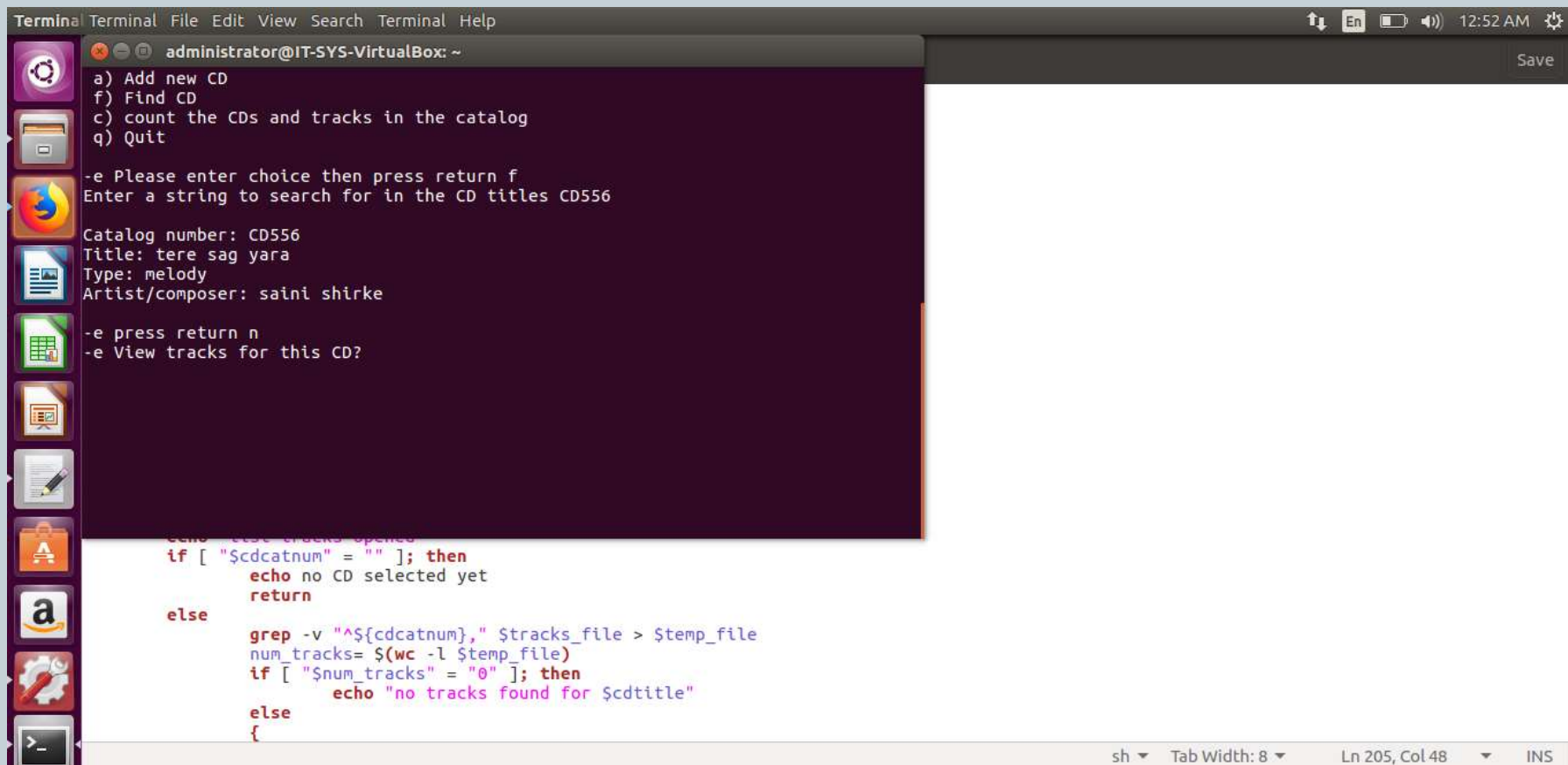


```
Terminal File Edit View Search Terminal Help
a) Add new CD
f) Find CD
c) count the CDs and tracks in the catalog
q) Quit

-e Please enter choice then press return a
-e Enter catalog name CD456
-e Enter title sunn raha
-e Enter type Emotiona
-e Enter artist/composer Arjit Singh
About to add new entry
CD456 sunn raha Emotiona Arjit Singh
-e Are you sure? y
Enter track information for this CD
When no more tracks enter q
-e Track , track title? y
-e Track , track title? DJ
-e Track , track title? q
```

# RESULTS

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The screenshot shows a terminal window titled 'Terminal' with a menu bar (Terminal, File, Edit, View, Search, Terminal, Help) and a status bar (sh, Tab Width: 8, Ln 205, Col 48, INS). The terminal content is as follows:

```
administrator@IT-SYS-VirtualBox: ~
a) Add new CD
f) Find CD
c) count the CDs and tracks in the catalog
q) Quit

-e Please enter choice then press return f
Enter a string to search for in the CD titles CD556

Catalog number: CD556
Title: tere sag yara
Type: melody
Artist/composer: saini shirke

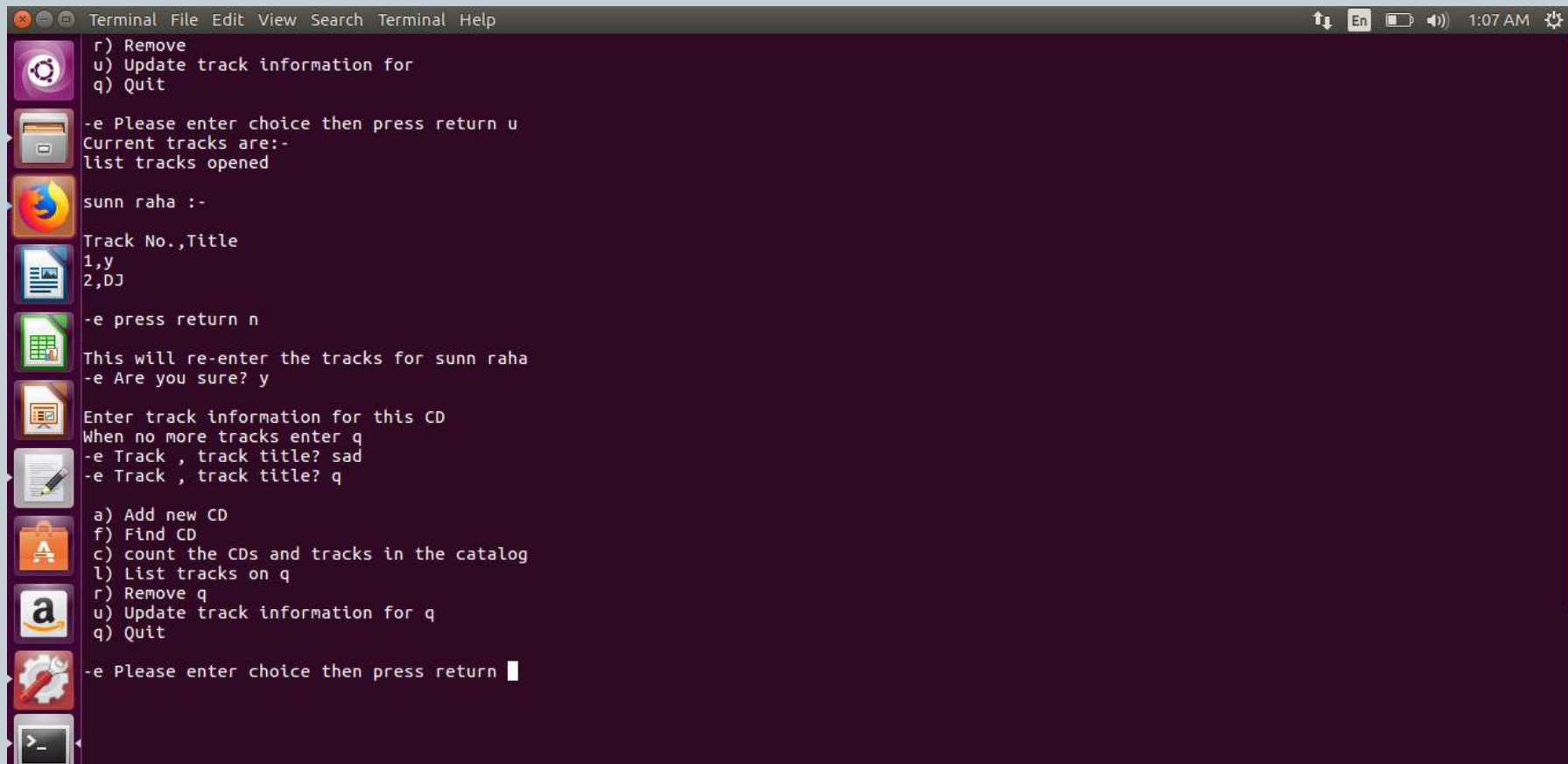
-e press return n
-e View tracks for this CD?

if [ "$cdcatnum" = "" ]; then
    echo no CD selected yet
    return
else
    grep -v "^${cdcatnum}," $tracks_file > $temp_file
    num_tracks=$(wc -l $temp_file)
    if [ "$num_tracks" = "0" ]; then
        echo "no tracks found for $cdtitle"
    else
    {
```



# RESULTS

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```
Terminal File Edit View Search Terminal Help
r) Remove
u) Update track information for
q) Quit

-e Please enter choice then press return u
Current tracks are:-
list tracks opened

sunn raha :-
Track No.,Title
1,y
2,DJ

-e press return n
This will re-enter the tracks for sunn raha
-e Are you sure? y

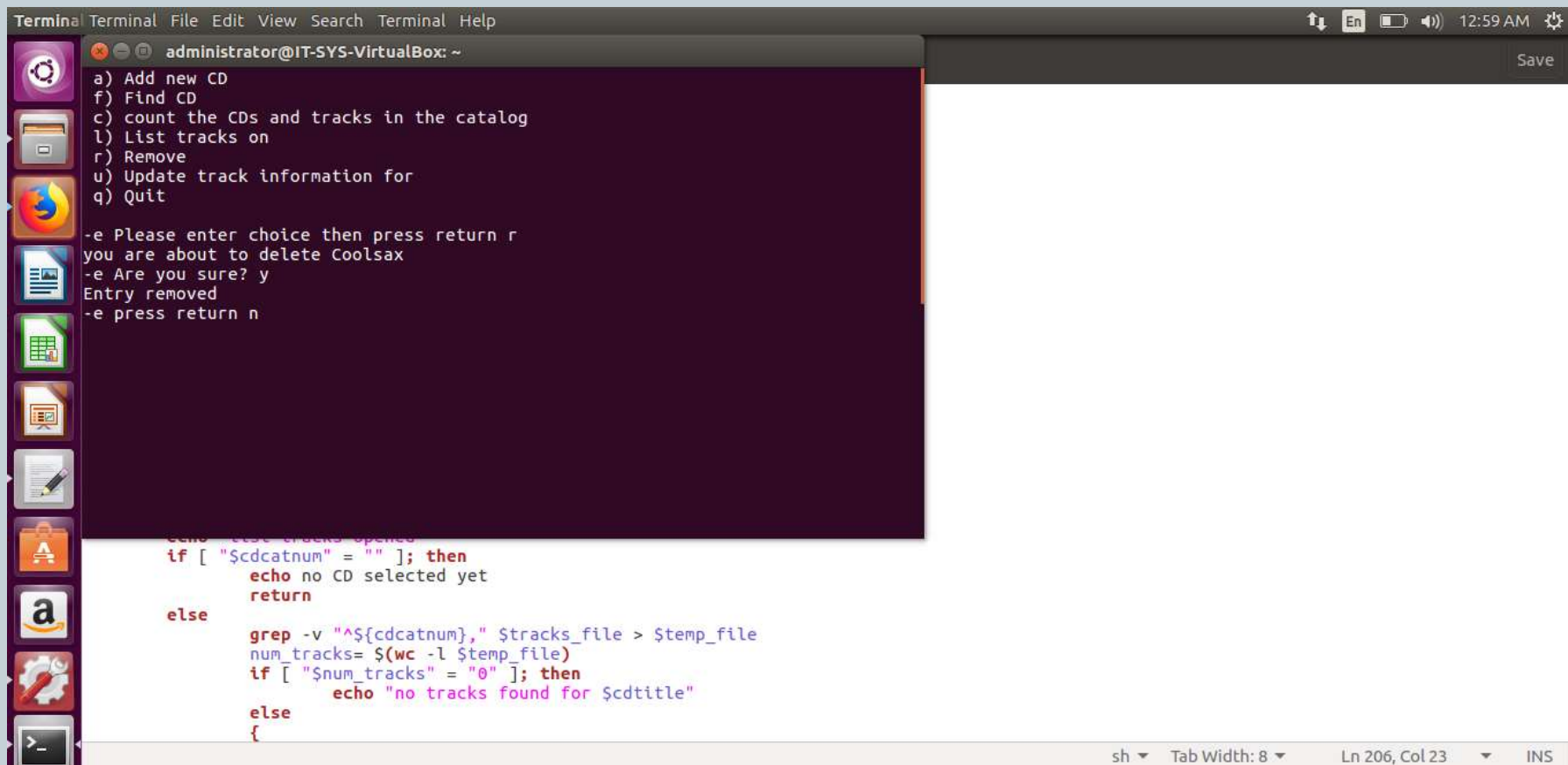
Enter track information for this CD
When no more tracks enter q
-e Track , track title? sad
-e Track , track title? q

a) Add new CD
f) Find CD
c) count the CDs and tracks in the catalog
l) List tracks on q
r) Remove q
u) Update track information for q
q) Quit

-e Please enter choice then press return
```

# RESULTS

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The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "administrator@IT-SYS-VirtualBox: ~". The window has a menu with options: a) Add new CD, f) Find CD, c) count the CDs and tracks in the catalog, l) List tracks on, r) Remove, u) Update track information for, and q) Quit. The user has entered 'r' to remove a CD. The program prompts for the CD number, and the user enters 'Cool sax'. The program asks for confirmation, and the user enters 'y'. The program then prompts for the new CD number, and the user enters 'n'. The program then displays a list of tracks for the selected CD. The terminal output is as follows:

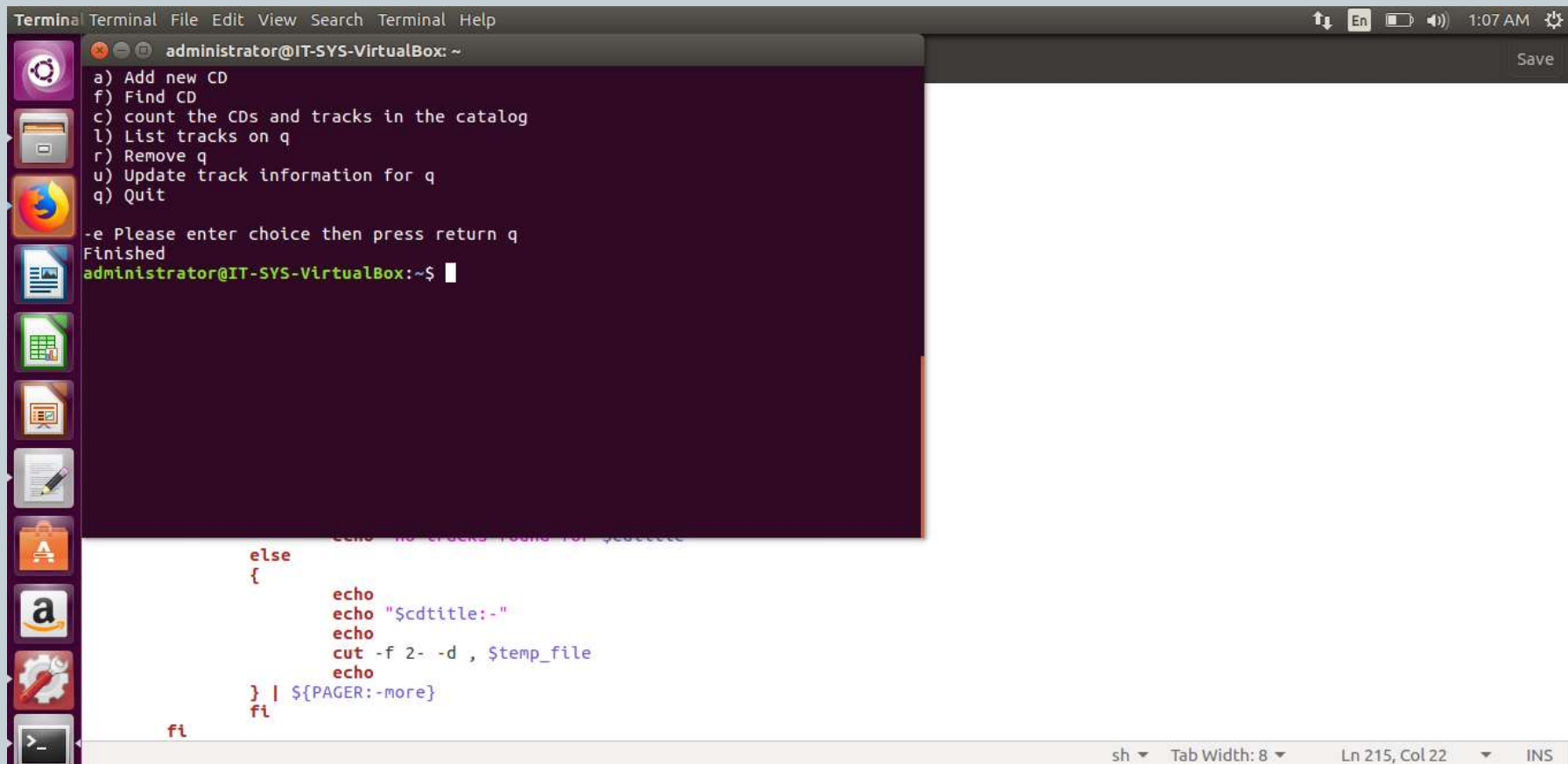
```
Terminal Terminal File Edit View Search Terminal Help
administrator@IT-SYS-VirtualBox: ~
a) Add new CD
f) Find CD
c) count the CDs and tracks in the catalog
l) List tracks on
r) Remove
u) Update track information for
q) Quit
-e Please enter choice then press return r
you are about to delete Cool sax
-e Are you sure? y
Entry removed
-e press return n

if [ "$cdcatnum" = "" ]; then
    echo no CD selected yet
    return
else
    grep -v "^${cdcatnum}," $tracks_file > $temp_file
    num_tracks=$(wc -l $temp_file)
    if [ "$num_tracks" = "0" ]; then
        echo "no tracks found for $cdtitle"
    else
    {
```

The terminal window also shows a status bar at the bottom with the text "sh Tab Width: 8 Ln 206, Col 23 INS".

# RESULTS

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```
Terminal Terminal File Edit View Search Terminal Help
administrator@IT-SYS-VirtualBox: ~
a) Add new CD
f) Find CD
c) count the CDs and tracks in the catalog
l) List tracks on q
r) Remove q
u) Update track information for q
q) Quit
-e Please enter choice then press return q
Finished
administrator@IT-SYS-VirtualBox:~$

else
{
    echo
    echo "$cdtitle:-"
    echo
    cut -f 2- -d , $temp_file
    echo
} | ${PAGER:-more}
fi
```

sh Tab Width: 8 Ln 215, Col 22 INS

Thank  
you

