Program to show how to accept runtime string in c#.net

```
using System;
namespace HelloWorld
{
class Program
 {
  static void Main(string[] args)
   Console.WriteLine("Enter The Word ");
   String n1=Console.ReadLine();
   Console.WriteLine("How Many Times ");
   int no1=Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
   for(int i=1;i<=no1;i++)
   {
     Console.WriteLine("\n"+n1);
   }
  }
}
Output:-
Enter The Word
```

hello

How Many Times

2

hello

hello

Program to print "Teach one, Each one, Tree one" for given number of times.

Output:-

Enter A Number:-

2

Teach One, Each One, Tree One

Teach One, Each One, Tree One

Program to demonstrate Arithmetic Operators in c#.net

```
using System;
public class operaters
static public void Main()
{
int a,b,c;
Console.WriteLine("Enter value of a=");
a=Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
Console.WriteLine("Enter value of b=");
b=Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
c=a+b;
Console.WriteLine("Addition of a and b="+c);
Console.ReadLine();
c=a-b;
Console.WriteLine("Substraction of a and b ="+c);
Console.ReadLine();
c=a/b;
Console.WriteLine("Division of a and b = "+c);
Console.ReadLine();
c=a*b;
Console.WriteLine("Multiplication of a and b="+c);
Console.ReadLine();
c=a%b;
Console.WriteLine("Modulation of a and b="+c);
```

```
Console.ReadLine();
}

Output:-
Enter value of a=
10
Enter value of b=
30
Addition of a and b=40

Substraction of a and b=-20

Division of a and b =0

Multiplication of a and b=300
```

Modulation of a and b=10

Program to demonstrate inheritance in c#.net

```
using System;
namespace CSharp_Shell
{
  public class stud
 {
public string Class="sybca";
 public string name="Bhupesh";
public class exam:stud
 public string s1="C#";
  public string s2="audit";
  public string s3="rdbms";
  public class result:exam
  public int sc=20;
 public int sa=30;
 public int sr=40;
 public static void Main(string[] args)
        result r=new result();
     Console.WriteLine(r.Class);
        Console.WriteLine(r.name);
        Console.WriteLine(r.s1);
Console.WriteLine(r.s2);
        Console.WriteLine(r.s3);
     Console.WriteLine(r.sc);
        Console.WriteLine(r.sa);
      Console.WriteLine(r.sr);
        Console.ReadLine();
  }
```

```
}
```

Output:=

sybca

Bhupesh

C#

audit

rdbms

20

30

40

Program To demonstrate simple inheritance in c#.net.

```
using system;
class student
  {
     public void baseclass()
       Console.WriteLine("Base class");
     }
  }
  class Program:student
  {
     public void deriveclass()
     {
       Console.WriteLine("Derived class ");
     }
     static void Main(string[] args)
       Program p = new Program();
       p.baseclass();
       p.deriveclass();
       Console.ReadLine();
     }
  }
Output:-
```

Base class

Derived class

#program to demonstrate multiple inheritance.

```
using System;
```

```
class student
  {
     public void baseclass()
       Console.WriteLine("Base class");
     }
  interface exam
     void interfacemethod();
  }
  class Program:student,exam
     public void deriveclass2()
       Console.WriteLine("Derived class of student");
     public void interfacemethod()
     {
       Console.WriteLine("interface method");
     }
     static void Main(string[] args)
     {
       Program p = new Program();
       p.baseclass();
       p.interfacemethod();
       p.deriveclass2();
```

```
Console.ReadLine();
}
```

Outpur:-

Base class

interface method

Derived class of student

Addition of a.b and c=60

program to demonstrate use of polymorphism in c#.net.

```
using System;
Namespace CSharp_Shell
    Public class Program
        Void add(int a,int b)
       Int c=a+b;
       Console.WriteLine("Addition of a and b="+c);
        Void add(int a,int b,int c)
       Int c1=a+b+c;
       Console.WriteLine("Addition of a.b and c="+c1);
    Public static void Main(string [] args)
     {
                       Program p=new Program();
                       p.add(10,20);
                       p.add(10,20,30);
                       Console.ReadLine();
     }
  }
 }
Output:-
Addition of a and b=30
```

Program to demonstrate function definition and function call in c#.net.

```
using System;
namespace CSharp_Shell
{
 public class Program
  {
   void print()
       Console.WriteLine("hello");
    public static void Main()
       Program p=new Program();
      p.print();
      Console.ReadLine();
     }
 }
Output:-
```

Hello

program to demonstrate parameterize function in c#.net.

```
using System;
namespace CSharp_Shell
{
      Public class Program
  {
  Int x=0;
  Void print(int x,int y)
               x=x+y;
       Console.WriteLine(x);
       }
    Public static void Main()
   {
       Program p=new Program();
      p.print(5,5);
      }
}
Output:-
```

10

Program to show table of given number using while loop.

```
using System;
public class PrintWorld
 public static void Main()
       {
       int i = 1;
       int n;
       Console.WriteLine("Enter A Number");
     n = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
     Console.WriteLine("table of given number");
      while (i <= 10)
         {
               Console.WriteLine( n * i);
               i++;
       }
      Console.ReadLine();
   }
 }
Output:-
Enter A Number
table of given number
3
6
9
12
15
18
21
24
27
```

30

program to demonstrate while loop in c#.net show series of given number.

```
using System;
namespace CSharp_Shell
{
  public class Program
    public static void Main()
                       int i=1,n;
                       Console.WriteLine("Enter a number:-");
                  n=Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
                  Console.WriteLine("seris of 1 to 10 in for loop:-");
                  while(i<=n)
                  {
                       Console.WriteLine(i);
                       i++;
                  }
                    Console.ReadLine();
    }
  }
```

Output:-

```
Enter a number:-
3
seris of 1 to 10 in for loop:-
1
2
3
```

program to demonstrate for loop in c#.net show series of given number.

```
using System;
namespace CSharp_Shell
{
  public class Program
    public static void Main()
     { int i,n;
                       Console.WriteLine("Enter a number:-");
                  n=Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
                  Console.WriteLine("seris of 1 to 10 in for loop:-");
                  for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
                  {
                       Console.WriteLine(i);
                                  Console.ReadLine();
                  }
  }
  }
  }
Output:-
Enter a number:-
4
seris of 1 to 10 in for loop:-
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
```

Demonstration of continue statement in for loop

```
using System;
namespace CSharp_Shell
  public class Program
  {
    public static void Main()
     {
       for(int x = 1; x \le 12; x++)
  {
     if (x == 3)
         continue;
       Console.WriteLine(x);
    }
  Console.ReadLine();
 }
   }
Output:-
1
2
4
5
```

6

```
7
8
9
10
11
12
Assignment no-14
# demonstration of continue statement in while loop.
using System;
namespace CSharp_Shell
  public static class Program
  {
    public static void Main()
     {
      int i=1;
      while(i <= 12)
      {
       i++;
      if(i==5)
       continue;
       Console.WriteLine(i);
      }
     }
  }
Output:-
1
2
4
5
6
```

```
7
8
9
10
11
12
Assignment no-15
# Program to show first 3 even numbers in for loop.
using System;
namespace CSharp_Shell
  public class Program
  {
    public static void Main()
                       int i;
                       int n;
                       Console.WriteLine("Enter a number:-");
                  n=Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
                  Console.WriteLine("first 3 even numbers of given number in for loop:-");
                  for(i=1;i<=6;i++)
                    {
                       if(i\%2 == 0)
                       Console.WriteLine(i);
                    }
                  Console.ReadLine();
  }
}
Output:-
```

```
Enter a number:-
6
first 3 even numbers of given number in for loop:-
2
4
6
//*Assignment no-16
//# Program to demonstrate if else statement in c#.net.
using System;
namespace CSharp_Shell
  public class Program
  {
    public static void Main()
                       int age;
                       Console.WriteLine("Entet age of candidate");
                       age=Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
                       if(age >= 18)
                          Console.WriteLine("Eligible for vote");
                       else
               Console.WriteLine("Not eligible for vote");
       Console.ReadLine();
     }
  }
}
```

Output:-

Entet age of candidate

Program to demonstrate default constructor and parameterize constructor in c#.net

```
using System;

class Program
{
    Program() // Non Paramiterize Constrctor
    {
        Console.WriteLine("Non Paramiterize Constrctor");
    }
    Program(string name) // Paramiterize Constrctor
    {
        Console.WriteLine("My Name is: "+name);
    }
    static void Main(string[] args)
    {
        Program p = new Program();
        Program p2 = new Program("Bhupesh");
        Console.ReadLine();
    }
}
```

Output:-

Non Paramiterize Constrctor

My Name is: Bhupesh

#Program to demonstrate destructor in c#.net.

```
using System;
class Program
{
    Program()
    {
        Console.WriteLine("Constructor called");
    }
    ~Program()
    {
        Console.WriteLine("Destructor invoke");
    }
    public static void Main()
    {
        Program p = new Program();
        Console.ReadLine();
    }
}
```

Output:-

Constructor called

program to show function overriding in c#.net.

```
using System;
namespace CSharp_Shell
  public class Program
  {
       public virtual void showinfo()
        {
               Console.WriteLine("base class method");
        }
  }
  class b:Program
  {
       public override void showinfo()
               Console.WriteLine("derived class method");
        }
    public static void Main()
       b B1 = new b();
                       B1.showinfo();
                       B1.showinfo();
       Console.ReadLine();
     }
  }
```

Output:-

derived class method derived class method

*Assignment no-20

Program to demonstrate array in c#.net.

```
using System;
namespace array
  public class Array
  {
    public static void Main()
     {
       int num;
      int [] a=\{1,2,3,4,5,6\};
      Console.WriteLine("enter any number:-");
      num=Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
      if(num==a[0])
               Console.WriteLine("true");
      else
               if(num==a[1])
            Console.WriteLine("true");
      else
               if(num==a[2])
                       Console.WriteLine("true");
        {
      else
               if(num==a[3])
        {
                  Console.WriteLine("true");
        }
      else
               if(num==a[4])
                  Console.WriteLine("true");
        {
        }
```

Output:-

enter any number:-

5

True

Program to show maximum and minimum number in an array.

```
using System;
namespace CSharp_Shell
  public static class Program
  {
    public static void Main()
     {
      int [] a={12,34,56,78,89};
      int i,max,min;
      max=a[0];
      min=a[0];
      for(i=1;i<5;i++)
        if(a[i]>max)
       max=a[i];
      if(a[i] < min)
       min=a[i];
      }
      Console.WriteLine("Maximum number:-"+max);
      Console.WriteLine("Minimum number:-"+min);
      Console.ReadLine();
```

```
}
  }
}
Output:-
Maximum number:-89
Minimum number:-12
*Assignment no-22
# Program to demonstrate call by value in c#.net.
using System;
namespace CSharp_Shell
  public class Program
       void get(int x)
       {
       x=10;
       Console.WriteLine(x);
       }
    public static void Main()
     {
                    int x=20;
                       Program p=new Program();
                       Console.WriteLine("before function call:-"+x);
                       p.get(x);
                       Console.WriteLine("after function call:-"+x);
       Console.ReadLine();
     }
  }
Output:-
before function call:-20
10
after function call:-20
```

```
# Program to demonstrate call by value in c#.net.
```

```
using System;
namespace CSharp_Shell
  public class Program
  {
       void get(ref int x)
       {
       x=10;
       Console.WriteLine(x);
        }
    public static void Main()
     {
                     int x=20;
                       Program p=new Program();
                       Console.WriteLine("before function call:-"+x);
                       p.get(ref x);
                       Console.WriteLine("after function call:-"+x);
       Console.ReadLine();
     }
  }
```

Output:-

```
before function call:-20
```

10

after function call:-10

Output:-

#Program to demonstrate exception handling in c#.net.

```
using System;
    class Program
     {
       static void Main(string[] args)
       {
         Console.WriteLine("Enter First Number ");
         int n1 = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
         Console.WriteLine("Enter Second Number ");
         int n2 = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
         try
            int result = n1 / n2;
         catch (DivideByZeroException e)
         {
            Console.WriteLine("integer divide by 0 exception");
            Console.WriteLine(e.Message);
         }
         Console.ReadLine();
       }
     }
```

Enter First Number

10

Enter Second Number

0

integer divide by 0 exception

Attempted to divide by zero.

Windows Application Development

Assignment no-25

//Demonstration of TextBox, CheckBox, Radio Button, Button, Label, GroupBox.

```
First Name lokesh

Hobbes   Dance   oricket

Gender   Male   Female

Show Information

student information

lokesh
Dance
Male
```

```
lblgend.Text = rdb1.Text;
}
if (rdb2.Checked == true)
{
    lblgend.Text = rdb2.Text;
}
}
}
```

#Create a C# application using ListBox, ComboBox control



```
lB1.Items.Add("A");
         lB1.Items.Add("B");
         lB1.Items.Add("C");
    }
  }
}
```

Demonstrate use of DateTimePicker

```
Form1
                                       select first date
                    Wednesday, March 30, 2022
  select second date
                   OWednesday,
                                March
                                       30, 2022
using System;
using System. Windows. Forms;
namespace WindowsFormsApplication1
  public partial class Form1: Form
    public Form1()
       InitializeComponent();
    private void dateTimePicker2_ValueChanged(object sender, EventArgs e)
       int d;
       DateTime firstdate = Convert.ToDateTime(dateTimePicker1.Text);
```

DateTime seconddate = Convert.ToDateTime(dateTimePicker2.Text);

```
d = firstdate.Subtract(seconddate).Days;
textBox1.Text = Math.Abs(d).ToString();
}
}
```

```
//demonstration use of timer control.

9
3/30/2022 1:58:24 PM

using System;
using System. Windows.Forms;
```

```
using System,
using System.Windows.Forms;

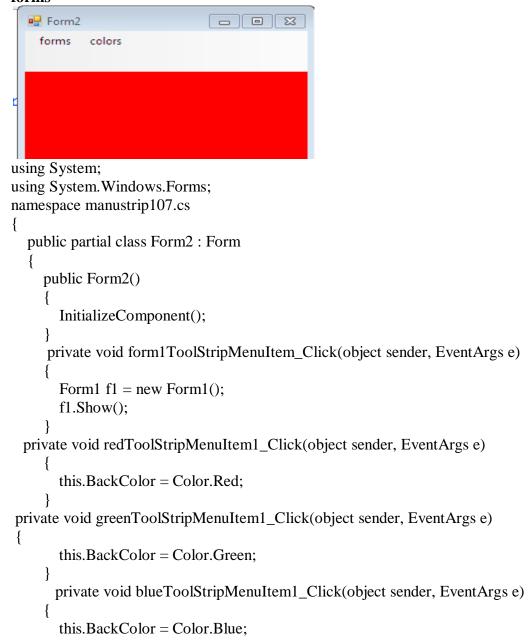
namespace timer
{
    public partial class Form1 : Form
    {
        int t;
        public Form1()
        {
            InitializeComponent();
            timer1.Start();
            timer2.Start();
        }

        private void timer1_Tick(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            t++;
            label1.Text = t.ToString();
            if (t == 10)
            {
                 timer1.Stop();
                 label1.Text = "time out";
            }
        }
        private void timer2_Tick(object sender, EventArgs e)
```

```
{
    label2.Text = DateTime.Now.ToString();
}
}
```

}

//demonstration of menustrip control to change background color and open different forms



//Demonstration of PictureBox.



```
using System;
using System. Windows. Forms;
namespace manustrip107.cs
  public partial class Form1 : Form
    int count=-1;
    public Form1()
       InitializeComponent();
     private void bt2_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
       if (count \leq 8)
         count = count + 1;
       pictureBox1.SizeMode = PictureBoxSizeMode.StretchImage;
       pictureBox1.Image=imageList1.Images[count];
    private void bt1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
       if (count \geq 0)
         count = count - 1;
       pictureBox1.Image = imageList1.Images[count];
 }
```

Assignment No: 31

#Demonstrate Simple Database Connectivity using wizard.

Creating Database and Table:

Create the Customers table

- 1. Open Visual Studio and create new C# Window Application.
- 2. In Server Explorer -> Select Data Connections-> Right Click-> Select Create New SQL server Database.
- 3. Specify in wizard Data Source=. Or actual server name and Database Name=HR.
- 4. Go to **Server Explore**-> Expand **database HR**->Right-click on **Tables** and select **Add New Table**.

The Table Designer opens and shows a grid with one default row, which represents a single column in the table that you're creating. By adding rows to the grid, you'll add columns in the table.

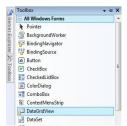
5. In the grid, add a row for each of the following entries:

Column name	Data type	Allow nulls
EmpID	nchar(5)	False (cleared)
EName	nvarchar(50)	False (cleared)
ContactName	nvarchar (50)	True (selected)
Phone	nvarchar (24)	True (selected)

- 6. Open the shortcut menu for the **Tables** node, select **Refresh**, and then expand the **Tables** node.
- 7. Open the shortcut menu for the emp table, and then select **Show Table Data** or **View Data**.
- 8. Add 5 records.

Retrieving Data from database using DataGridView Control.

9. Drag and drop DataGridView control from toolbox to form window.



10. Now choose a data source by right clicking on the DataGridView and then click on **Add Project Data Source**. We will be adding a new data source to the project right now.

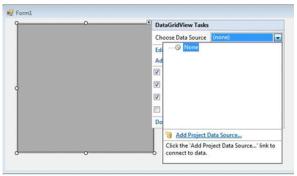


Figure 3.

11. Now select data source type, I am choosing Database in this example. After selecting Database, click next.

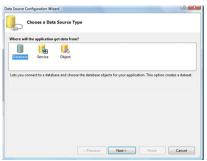
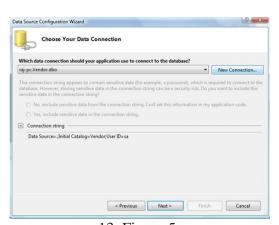


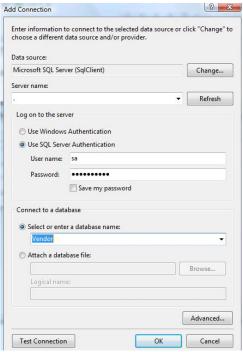
Figure 4

12. Choose your data connection, if you already have a connection available select that, otherwise make new connection, and follow the steps and after that click next.



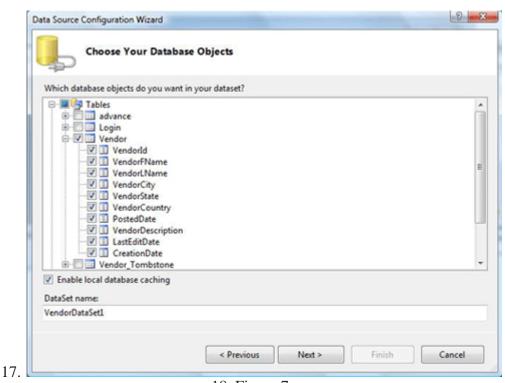
13. Figure 5.

14. Add Connection Wizard.



15. Figure 6

16. Choose you database objects, and click next, if you want local database caching then check enable local database caching check box and click next.



18. Figure 7.

19. Select table for caching.

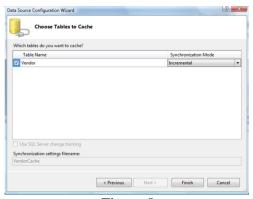
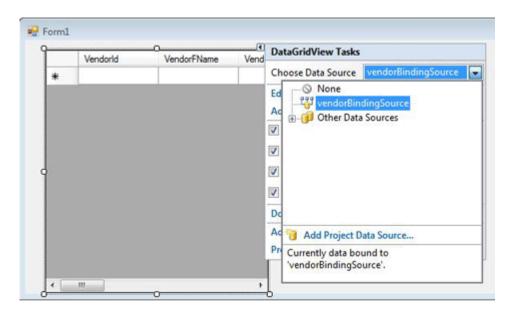


Figure 8.

20. Now your data source is created, right click on DataGridView control and on the option Choose Data Source, select the data source you just created.



21. Build and Run Application.