

## Part – A

## Section – A (10 x 1= 10)

- The value of  $0.3\overline{2}$  in the form  $\frac{p}{q}$ , where p and q are integers and  $q \neq 0$   
 (a)  $\frac{8}{25}$  (b)  $\frac{29}{90}$  (c)  $\frac{32}{99}$  (d)  $\frac{32}{199}$
- The smallest irrational number to be added to  $3 + \sqrt{2}$  to get a rational number  
 (a)  $3 - \sqrt{2}$  (b)  $\sqrt{2} - 3$  (c)  $\sqrt{3} + 2$  (d)  $-\sqrt{2}$
- If  $x = 2$  and  $y = 3$ , then the value of  $x^y + y^x$   
 (a) 15 (b) 17 (c) 19 (d) 21
- Every rational number is  
 (a) A natural number (b) an integer (c) a real number (d) a whole number
- If  $(2, -3)$  is a solution of the linear equation  $2x + 3y - k = 0$ , then value of k is  
 (a) 5 (b) -5 (c) 13 (d) -13
- The graph of the linear equation  $3x - y = 2$  cuts the y-axis at the point  
 (a) (0,2) (b) (0, -2) (c) (-2,0) (d) (2,0)
- The measure of an angle which is  $32^\circ$  less than its supplement is  
 (a)  $148^\circ$  (b)  $58^\circ$  (c)  $74^\circ$  (d)  $122^\circ$
- An exterior angle of a triangle is  $110^\circ$  and its two opposite interior angles are equal. Each of these angles is  
 (a)  $70^\circ$  (b)  $110^\circ$  (c)  $35^\circ$  (d)  $55^\circ$
- In  $\triangle ABC$ , if  $BC = AB$  and angle  $B = 80^\circ$  then angle A will be equal to  
 (a)  $80^\circ$  (b)  $40^\circ$  (c)  $50^\circ$  (d)  $100^\circ$
- A data is such that its maximum value is 75 and range is 20, then the minimum value is  
 (a) 95 (b) 20 (c) 75 (d) 55

## Section – B (2 x 3 = 6)

- If two lines intersect each other, then the vertically opposite angles are equal.
- The taxi fare in a city is as follows: For the first kilometer, the fare is Rs 8 and for the subsequent distance it is Rs 5 per km. Taking the distance covered as x km and total fare as Rs y. Write a linear equation for this information, and draw its graph.

## Case –Study ( 1x4= 4 )

13. Four friends Ram, Raju, Ravi and Ritu are standing in reference to a well situated at the origin with the following respective coordinates (2,4), (-2,4), (-2,-4) and (2,-4).

(i) By plotting this point on a graph paper, the figure obtained is rectangle, find the perimeter of the rectangle.

(a) 12 cm (b) 24cm (c) 48 cm (d) 8 cm

(ii) Find the distance between Ram and Raju

(a) 2 cm (b) 3 cm (c) 4 cm (d) 5 cm

(iii) Raju stands in which quadrant

(a) Quadrant I (b) Quadrant II (c) Quadrant III (d) Quadrant IV

(iv) Abscissa of (-2,-4) is

(a) -2 (b) -4 (c) 2 (d) 4

Part – B

Section – A (10 x 1= 10)

- The value of  $(3+\sqrt{3})(3-\sqrt{3})$  is:  
(a) 9 (b) 6 (c) 3 (d) 27
- Class mark of the class 150-160 is:  
(a) 150 (b) 155 (c) 160 (d) 165
- For two parallel lines sum of interior angles on the same side of a transversal line is:  
(a)  $360^\circ$  (b)  $180^\circ$  (c)  $90^\circ$  (d)  $0^\circ$
- If the measure of each base angle of an isosceles triangle is seven times the measure of the vertex angle, then the measure of the vertex angle is  
(a)  $84^\circ$  (b)  $48^\circ$  (c)  $12^\circ$  (d)  $24^\circ$
- Which of the following is not a criterion for congruency of triangles?  
(a) SAS (b) SSA (c) ASA (d) SSS
- The value of  $(3 + \sqrt{5})^2 (3 - \sqrt{5})^2$  is  
(a) 4 (b) 14 (c) 15 (d) 16
- $(256/625)^{-3/4}$  in its simplest form is equal to  
(a) 25/64 (b) 64/125 (c) 125/64 (d) 64/25
- The value of  $[8^{-4/3} \div 2^{-2}]^{1/2}$  is  
(a)  $\frac{1}{2}$  (b) 2 (c)  $\frac{1}{4}$  (d) 4
- In a grouped frequency distribution, the class intervals are 0-10, 10-20, 20-30, .....then the class width is  
(a) 5 (b) 10 (c) 15 (d) 20
- The distance between the graph lines of the equations  $x = 5$  and  $x = -7$   
(a) 2 (b) 5 (c) 7 (d) 12

Section –B (2x3=6)

- AD is an altitude of an isosceles triangle ABC in which  $AB = AC$ . Show that  
(i) AD bisect BC (ii) AD bisect angle A
- In a city, the weekly observations made in a study on the cost of living index are given in the following table.  
Draw a histogram

Classes	140-150	150-160	160-170	170-180	180-190	190-200
Frequency	5	10	20	9	6	2

Case- Study (1x4)

- ABC is an equilateral triangle. Answer the following question on the basis of above information.  
(i) The perimeter of an equilateral triangle is 60 m. the area is .....  $m^2$ .  
(a)  $10\sqrt{3}$  (b)  $15\sqrt{3}$  (c)  $20\sqrt{3}$  (d)  $100\sqrt{3}$   
(ii) The length of each side of an equilateral triangle having an area of  $9\sqrt{3} cm^2$ .  
(a) 4 (b) 6 (c) 8 (d) 36  
(iii) The area of an equilateral triangle with side  $2\sqrt{3} cm$  is  
(a) 0.866 (b) 1.732 (c) 3.496 (d) 5.196  
(iv) If the area of an equilateral triangle is  $2\sqrt{3} cm^2$ , then the perimeter is  
(a)  $\sqrt{3}$  (b)  $2\sqrt{2}$  (c)  $3\sqrt{2}$  (d)  $6\sqrt{2}$