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```
1 // DAA Practical 1
 2 // 1. Stack
 3 #include<iostream>
4 #include<string>
    using namespace std;
 6 □ class Stack {
 7
      private:
8
        int top;
9
      int arr[5];
10
      public:
11
12 垣
        Stack() {
13
         top = -1;
          for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
14 白
15
            arr[i] = 0;
16
17
      bool isEmpty() {
18 白
        if (top == -1)
19
20
          return true;
21
        else
22
          return false;
23
24
      bool isFull() {
25 白
26
        if (top == 4)
27
          return true;
        else
28
29
          return false;
30
```

```
31
32 垣
      void push(int val) {
        if (isFull()) {
33 垣
           cout << "stack overflow" << endl;</pre>
34
35
         } else {
          top++; // 1
36
37
          arr[top] = val;
38
39
40
41 申
      int pop() {
42 🖨
        if (isEmpty()) {
           cout << "stack underflow" << endl;</pre>
43
44
          return 0;
         } else {
45
           int popValue = arr[top];
46
47
           arr[top] = 0;
48
          top--;
49
           return popValue;
50
51
52
53 垣
      int count() {
54
        return (top + 1);
55
56
      int peek(int pos) {
57 申
58 🖨
        if (isEmpty()) {
           cout << "stack underflow" << endl;</pre>
59
60
           return 0;
```

```
61
         } else {
62
          return arr[pos];
63
64
65
66 ₽
      void change(int pos, int val) {
        arr[pos] = val;
67
        cout << "value changed at location " << pos << endl;</pre>
68
69
      }
70
71 白
      void display() {
72
        cout << "All values in the Stack are " << endl;
        for (int i = 4; i >= 0; i--) {
73 白
74
          cout << arr[i] << endl;</pre>
75
76
77 L };
78
79 □ int main() {
      Stack s1;
80
      int option, postion, value;
81
82
83 垣
      do {
        cout << "What operation do you want to perform? Select Option number. Enter 0 to exit." << endl;
84
85
        cout << "1. Push()" << endl;</pre>
86
        cout << "2. Pop()" << endl;</pre>
87
        cout << "3. isEmpty()" << endl;</pre>
        cout << "4. isFull()" << endl;</pre>
88
        cout << "5. peek()" << endl;</pre>
89
90
        cout << "6. count()" << endl;</pre>
```

```
cout << "7. change()" << endl;</pre>
91
         cout << "8. display()" << endl;</pre>
92
         cout << "9. Clear Screen" << endl << endl;</pre>
 93
 94
95
         cin >> option;
         switch (option) {
 96 白
         case 0:
 97
98
           break;
99
         case 1:
           cout << "Enter an item to push in the stack" << endl;</pre>
100
           cin >> value;
101
           s1.push(value);
102
103
           break;
104
         case 2:
           cout << "Pop Function Called - Poped Value: " << s1.pop() << endl;</pre>
105
106
           break;
         case 3:
107
108
           if (s1.isEmpty())
109
              cout << "Stack is Empty" << endl;</pre>
110
            else
111
              cout << "Stack is not Empty" << endl;</pre>
112
           break;
113
         case 4:
           if (s1.isFull())
114
115
              cout << "Stack is Full" << endl;</pre>
116
            else
              cout << "Stack is not Full" << endl;</pre>
117
           break;
118
119
         case 5:
           cout << "Enter position of item you want to peek: " << endl;
120
```

```
121
           cin >> postion;
122
           cout << "Peek Function Called - Value at position " << postion << " is " << s1.peek(postion) << endl;</pre>
123
           break:
124
         case 6:
           cout << "Count Function Called - Number of Items in the Stack are: " << s1.count() << endl;</pre>
125
126
           break:
         case 7:
127
           cout << "Change Function Called - " << endl;</pre>
128
129
           cout << "Enter position of item you want to change : ";</pre>
130
           cin >> postion;
           cout << endl;
131
           cout << "Enter value of item you want to change : ";
132
           cin >> value:
133
           s1.change(postion, value);
134
135
           break;
136
         case 8:
137
           cout << "Display Function Called - " << endl;</pre>
           s1.display();
138
           break;
139
         case 9:
140
           system("cls");
141
142
           break;
143
         default:
           cout << "Enter Proper Option number " << endl;</pre>
144
145
146
147
       } while (option != 0);
148
```

```
1 // 2. Queue
 2 #include<iostream>
    using namespace std;
4 □ class Queue {
 5
      private:
        int front;
 6
      int rear;
 8
      int arr[5];
 9
10
      public:
11申
        Queue() {
12
          front = -1;
13
          rear = -1;
14 申
          for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
            arr[i] = 0;
15
16
17
      bool isEmpty() {
18 🗦
        if (front == -1 && rear == -1)
19
20
          return true;
21
        else
22
          return false;
23
      bool isFull() {
24 白
25
        if (rear == 4)
26
          return true;
27
        else
          return false;
28
29
      void enqueue(int val) {
```

```
31 🖨
        if (isFull()) {
          cout << "Queue full" << endl;</pre>
32
33
          return;
        } else if (isEmpty()) {
34
35
          rear = 0;
36
          front = 0:
37
          arr[rear] = val;
38
        } else {
39
          rear++;
40
          arr[rear] = val;
41
42
43
44
45 申
      int dequeue() {
        int x = 0;
46
47 白
        if (isEmpty()) {
          cout << "Queue is Empty" << endl;</pre>
48
49
          return x;
         } else if (rear == front) {
50
51
          x = arr[rear];
52
          rear = -1;
53
          front = -1;
54
          return x;
55
         } else {
56
          cout << "front value: " << front << endl;</pre>
          x = arr[front];
57
58
          arr[front] = 0;
59
          front++;
60
          return x;
```

```
61 |
62
      }
63
      int count() {
64 🗦
65
        return (rear - front + 1);
66
67
68 申
      void display() {
        cout << "All values in the Queue are - " << endl;
69
        for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
70申
          cout << arr[i] << " ":
71
72
73
74
75 L
76
77 □ int main() {
78
      Queue q1;
      int value, option;
79
80
81 □
      do {
82
        cout << "\n\nWhat operation do you want to perform? Select Option number. Enter 0 to exit." << endl;
        cout << "1. Enqueue()" << endl;</pre>
83
        cout << "2. Dequeue()" << endl;</pre>
84
        cout << "3. isEmpty()" << endl;</pre>
85
86
        cout << "4. isFull()" << endl;</pre>
87
        cout << "5. count()" << endl;</pre>
        cout << "6. display()" << endl;</pre>
88
        cout << "7. Clear Screen" << endl << endl;</pre>
89
90
```

```
91
         cin >> option;
 92
 93 🖨
         switch (option) {
 94
         case 0:
 95
            break:
 96
         case 1:
 97
            cout << "Enqueue Operation \nEnter an item to Enqueue in the Queue" << endl;
 98
           cin >> value;
 99
           q1.enqueue(value);
           break:
100
101
         case 2:
            cout << "Dequeue Operation \nDequeued Value : " << q1.dequeue() << endl;</pre>
102
103
           break;
104
         case 3:
105
           if (q1.isEmpty())
             cout << "Queue is Empty" << endl;</pre>
106
107
           else
108
              cout << "Queue is not Empty" << endl;</pre>
109
           break;
110
         case 4:
111
           if (q1.isFull())
112
             cout << "Queue is Full" << endl;
113
            else
114
              cout << "Queue is not Full" << endl;</pre>
115
           break;
116
         case 5:
117
            cout << "Count Operation \nCount of items in Queue : " << q1.count() << endl;</pre>
118
           break;
119
         case 6:
           cout << "Display Function Called - " << endl;</pre>
120
```

```
121
           q1.display();
           break;
122
123
         case 7:
           system("cls");
124
125
           break;
126
         default:
           cout << "Enter Proper Option number " << endl;</pre>
127
128
129
130
       } while (option != 0);
131
132
       return 0;
133
134 L }
135
136
137
```

```
1 // 3. Linked List
    #include<iostream>
    using namespace std;
 5 □ class Node {
      public:
 6
        int key;
 7
 8
      int data;
9
      Node * next;
10
11 🖨
      Node() {
12
        key = 0;
13
        data = 0;
14
        next = NULL;
15 -
      Node(int k, int d) {
16 🖨
17
        key = k
18
        data = d;
19
20 - };
21
22 □ class SinglyLinkedList {
23
      public:
24
        Node * head;
25
26 🖨
      SinglyLinkedList() {
27
        head = NULL;
28
29 🖨
      SinglyLinkedList(Node * n) {
30
        head = n;
31
32
33
      // 1. CHeck if node exists using key value
34 🖨
      Node * nodeExists(int k) {
35
        Node * temp = NULL;
```

```
36
37
        Node * ptr = head;
        while (ptr != NULL) {
38 🖨
39 🖨
          if (ptr -> key == k) {
            temp = ptr;
40
41
42
          ptr = ptr -> next;
43
44
45
        return temp;
46
47
48
      // 2. Append a node to the list
49 
      void appendNode(Node * n) {
        if (nodeExists(n -> key) != NULL) {
50白
          cout << "Node Already exists with key value : " << n -> key << ". Append another node with different Key value" << endl;
51
52
        } else {
          if (head == NULL) {
53 🖨
54
            head = n;
55
            cout << "Node Appended" << endl;</pre>
56
          } else {
57
            Node * ptr = head;
58 🖨
            while (ptr -> next != NULL) {
59
              ptr = ptr -> next;
60
61
            ptr -> next = n;
            cout << "Node Appended" << endl;</pre>
62
63
64
65
66
      // 3. Prepend Node - Attach a node at the start
67
      void prependNode(Node * n) {
68 🖨
        if (nodeExists(n -> key) != NULL) {
69 🖨
          cout << "Node Already exists with key value : " << n -> key << ". Append another node with different Key value" << endl;
70
```

```
71
         } else {
 72
           n -> next = head;
 73
           head = n:
           cout << "Node Prepended" << endl;
 74
75
76
       }
77
       // 4. Insert a Node after a particular node in the list
 78
 79 白
       void insertNodeAfter(int k, Node * n) {
         Node * ptr = nodeExists(k);
 80
 81 白
         if (ptr == NULL) {
           cout << "No node exists with key value: " << k << endl;
 82
 83
         } else {
 84 🖨
           if (nodeExists(n -> key) != NULL) {
             cout << "Node Already exists with key value : " << n -> key << ". Append another node with different Key value" << endl;
 85
 86
           } else {
 87
             n -> next = ptr -> next;
             ptr -> next = n:
 88
             cout << "Node Inserted" << endl;</pre>
 89
 90
 91
 92
 93
       // 5. Delete node by unique key
 94
 95 垣
       void deleteNodeByKey(int k) {
 96 🖨
         if (head == NULL) {
           cout << "Singly Linked List already Empty. Cant delete" << endl;</pre>
 97
 98
         } else if (head != NULL) {
 99 🖨
           if (head -> key == k) {
100
             head = head -> next;
             cout << "Node UNLINKED with keys value : " << k << endl;
101
102
           } else {
103
             Node * temp = NULL;
104
             Node * prevptr = head;
105
             Node * currentptr = head -> next;
```

```
106 🖨
             while (currentptr != NULL) {
107 🖨
               if (currentptr -> key == k) {
                 temp = currentptr;
108
                 currentptr = NULL;
109
110
               } else {
111
                 prevptr = prevptr -> next;
112
                 currentptr = currentptr -> next;
113
114
115 白
             if (temp != NULL) {
116
               prevptr -> next = temp -> next;
117
               cout << "Node UNLINKED with keys value : " << k << endl;
118
             } else {
119
               cout << "Node Doesn't exist with key value : " << k << endl;</pre>
120
121
122
123
124
       // 6th update node
125
       void updateNodeByKey(int k, int d) {
126 🖨
127
         Node * ptr = nodeExists(k);
128
129 🖨
         if (ptr != NULL) {
           ptr -> data = d;
130
           cout << "Node Data Updated Successfully" << endl;</pre>
131
132
         } else {
           cout << "Node Doesn't exist with key value : " << k << endl;
133
134
135
136
137
138
       // 7th printing
139 🖨
       void printList() {
         if (head == NULL) {
140 🖨
```

```
141
            cout << "No Nodes in Singly Linked List";</pre>
142
          } else {
143
            cout << endl << "Singly Linked List Values : ";</pre>
            Node * temp = head:
144
145
            while (temp != NULL) {
146 🗎
147
              cout << "(" << temp -> key << "," << temp -> data << ") --> ";
148
              temp = temp -> next;
149
           }
150
151
152
153
154 L
     };
155
156 □ int main() {
157
       SinglyLinkedList s:
158
159
       int option:
160
       int key1, k1, data1;
161 🖨
       do {
          cout << "\nWhat operation do you want to perform? Select Option number. Enter 0 to exit." << endl;
162
          cout << "1. appendNode()" << endl;</pre>
163
164
          cout << "2. prependNode()" << endl;</pre>
          cout << "3. insertNodeAfter()" << endl;</pre>
165
          cout << "4. deleteNodeByKey()" << endl;</pre>
166
167
          cout << "5. updateNodeByKey()" << endl;</pre>
          cout << "6. print()" << endl;</pre>
168
          cout << "7. Clear Screen" << endl << endl;</pre>
169
170
          cin >> option:
171
         Node * n1 = new Node();
172
         //Node n1;
173
174
          switch (option) {
175 🖯
```

```
176
         case 0:
177
           break;
178
         case 1:
           cout << "Append Node Operation \nEnter key & data of the Node to be Appended" << endl;
179
180
           cin >> kev1:
           cin >> data1;
181
           n1 -> kev = kev1:
182
           n1 -> data = data1;
183
           s.appendNode(n1);
184
           //cout<<n1.key<<" = "<<n1.data<<endl;
185
186
           break:
187
188
         case 2:
           cout << "Prepend Node Operation \nEnter key & data of the Node to be Prepended" << endl;
189
190
           cin >> key1;
191
           cin >> data1;
192
           n1 -> kev = kev1;
           n1 -> data = data1;
193
           s.prependNode(n1);
194
195
           break;
196
197
         case 3:
           cout << "Insert Node After Operation \nEnter key of existing Node after which you want to Insert this New node: " << endl;
198
199
           cin >> k1:
200
           cout << "Enter key & data of the New Node first: " << endl;
           cin >> kev1:
201
           cin >> data1;
202
           n1 \rightarrow key = key1;
203
           n1 -> data = data1;
204
205
           s.insertNodeAfter(k1, n1);
206
207
           break:
208
209
         case 4:
210
```

```
211
           cout << "Delete Node By Key Operation - \nEnter key of the Node to be deleted: " << endl;
212
           cin >> k1;
213
           s.deleteNodeByKey(k1);
214
215
           break;
216
         case 5:
217
           cout << "Update Node By Key Operation - \nEnter key & NEW data to be updated" << endl;
218
           cin >> key1;
219
           cin >> data1;
           s.updateNodeByKey(key1, data1);
220
221
222
           break:
223
         case 6:
224
           s.printList();
225
226
           break;
227
         case 7:
228
           system("cls");
229
           break;
230
         default:
           cout << "Enter Proper Option number " << endl;</pre>
231
232
233
234
       } while (option != 0);
235
236
       return 0;
237 L }
238
```

```
1 // 4. Tree
 2 #include <iostream>
 4 struct Node {
    int data;
 6
   Node* left;
   Node* right;
 9 ₱ Node(int data) {
        this->data = data;
10
       this->left = nullptr;
11
       this->right = nullptr;
12
13 | }
14 <sup>⊥</sup> };
15
16 p class BinaryTree {
   public:
17
18
   Node* root;
19
20 

BinaryTree() {
        root = nullptr;
21
22 - }
23
24 poid addNode(int data) {
        Node* newNode = new Node(data);
25
26
        if (root == nullptr) {
27 申
28
        root = newNode;
        } else {
29
```

```
30
        Node* focusNode = root;
31
        Node* parent:
32
        while (true) {
33 垣
34
            parent = focusNode:
35
36申
            if (data < focusNode->data) {
37
            focusNode = focusNode->left;
            if (focusNode == nullptr) {
38 ₽
39
                parent->left = newNode;
40
                return;
41
42
             else {
43
            focusNode = focusNode->right;
            if (focusNode == nullptr) {
44 \oplus
45
                parent->right = newNode;
46
                return:
47
48
49
50
51
52
53 void preOrderTraversal(Node* focusNode) {
        if (focusNode != nullptr) {
54申
        std::cout << focusNode->data << " ":
55
56
        preOrderTraversal(focusNode->left);
57
        preOrderTraversal(focusNode->right);
58
```

```
59 | }
60 L };
61
62 int main() {
    BinaryTree tree;
63
64
    tree.addNode(50);
65
    tree.addNode(25);
66
    tree.addNode(75);
67
    tree.addNode(12);
68
    tree.addNode(37);
69
    tree.addNode(43);
70
    tree.addNode(30);
71
72
73
    tree.preOrderTraversal(tree.root);
74
    return 0;
75
76 <sup>L</sup> }
77
```

