# **AWS IAM Interview Questions and Answers**

#### 1. What is IAM in AWS?

#### Answer:

IAM (Identity and Access Management) is a service that helps manage access to AWS resources securely by creating users, groups, roles, and policies.

### 2. What are IAM users, groups, and roles?

#### Answer:

- User: Represents an individual with access to AWS.
- **Group**: A collection of users with the same permissions.
- Role: Grants temporary access to AWS services, typically used by applications or external
  accounts.

## 3. What is an IAM policy?

#### Answer:

An IAM policy is a JSON document that defines permissions to allow or deny actions on AWS resources.

## 4. What are managed policies and inline policies?

#### Answer:

- Managed Policies: Predefined and reusable policies created by AWS or the user.
- Inline Policies: Policies directly attached to a single IAM user, group, or role.

### 5. What is the difference between IAM roles and IAM users?

### Answer:

- IAM User: Represents an individual and has permanent access credentials.
- IAM Role: Grants temporary access to AWS resources and is used by applications or other AWS services.

### 6. How can you secure access to IAM users?

#### Answer:

- Enable Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA).
- Use strong passwords with a password policy.
- Grant least privilege by assigning only necessary permissions.

# 7. What is an IAM policy simulator?

## Answer:

It's a tool to test and troubleshoot IAM policies to ensure they work as expected before applying them.

## 8. How do you implement Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA)?

#### Answer:

- Go to the IAM console, select the user, and click **Security credentials**.
- Enable MFA and follow the steps to pair an MFA device like a mobile authenticator app.

## 9. What are permission boundaries in IAM?

## Answer:

Permission boundaries are limits that control the maximum permissions an IAM entity (user or role) can have, regardless of the policies attached.

### 10. What is AWS STS (Security Token Service)?

#### Answer:

AWS STS provides temporary security credentials for users or applications to access AWS resources securely.

# 11. What are resource-based policies and identity-based policies?

### Answer:

- Resource-Based Policy: Attached to a resource (e.g., S3 bucket policy).
- Identity-Based Policy: Attached to an IAM user, group, or role.

### 12. How do you troubleshoot an "Access Denied" error in AWS?

#### Answer:

- Check if the IAM policy allows the required action.
- Verify the resource-based policy (if applicable).
- Use the IAM **Policy Simulator** to test the permissions.

# 13. How can you delegate access using IAM roles across AWS accounts?

## Answer:

- Create a role in the target account.
- Configure a trust relationship to allow access from the source account.
- Attach necessary policies to the role.

#### 14. What are service-linked roles?

#### Answer:

Service-linked roles are predefined roles that allow AWS services to access other AWS resources on your behalf.

# 15. What is the difference between AWS Organizations SCPs and IAM policies?

### Answer:

- SCP (Service Control Policy): Applies at the organizational level to set limits on permissions.
- IAM Policy: Applies to individual users, groups, or roles.

## 16. How would you enforce MFA for all IAM users?

# Answer:

- Create an IAM policy that denies all actions unless MFA is enabled.
- Attach the policy to all users or groups.

# 17. How would you give read-only access to an external partner for specific resources?

### Answer:

- Create a role with read-only permissions.
- Set a trust relationship for the partner's AWS account.
- Share the role's ARN with the partner.

# 18. How do you audit and monitor IAM activity?

## Answer:

Use AWS CloudTrail to log and monitor IAM activities like logins and API calls.

# 19. What is a least-privilege policy?

## Answer:

It's a policy that grants only the permissions needed to perform a task, minimizing the risk of unauthorized actions.

## 20. How do you connect a Lambda function securely to an RDS instance?

### Answer:

- Create an IAM role with permissions to access RDS.
- Attach the role to the Lambda function.
- Use VPC settings if required for network access.

# 21. How do you restrict API calls from specific IP addresses in IAM?

#### Answer:

Use a condition in the IAM policy with the aws:SourceIp key to allow or deny actions based on specific IP ranges