



















- add the experimentalDecorators:true option to your tsconfig.json file
- tsconfig.json:
- {
- "compilerOptions": {
- "target": "ES5",
- "experimentalDecorators": true
- }
- }

- Decorators are essentially metadata that you can add to the definition of a number of code elements.
- Decorators are expressed in the form @<name>, where name must evaluate to a function at runtime.
- This function will pass information about the element decorated

```
    function logConstructor(inConstructor: Function) {

    console.log(inConstructor);

  @logConstructor

    class Spaceship {

    constructor() { console.log("constructor"); }

  const s = new Spaceship();

    we decorate the Spaceship class with function,
```

logConstructor(),

- A Decorator is a special kind of declaration that can be attached to a <u>classdeclaration</u>, <u>method</u>, <u>accessor</u>, <u>property</u>, or <u>parameter</u>.
- Decorators use the form @expression, where expression must evaluate to a function that will be called at runtime with information about the decorated declaration.
- For example, given the decorator @sealed we might write the sealed function as follows:
- function sealed(target) {
- // do something with 'target' ...
- }

 function logConstructor(inConstructor: Function) { console.log(inConstructor); @logConstructor class Spaceship { constructor() { console.log("constructor"); } const s = new Spaceship(); we decorate the Spaceship class with function,

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- function sealed(target) {
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Decorator Factory

 A Decorator Factory is simply a function that returns the expression that will be called by the decorator at runtime.

```
function first() {
console.log("first(): factory evaluated");
return function (target: any, propertyKey: string, descriptor: PropertyDescriptor) {
console.log("first(): called");
};
function second() {
console.log("second(): factory evaluated");
return function (target: any, propertyKey: string, descriptor: PropertyDescriptor) {
console.log("second(): called");
class ExampleClass {
@first()
@second()
method(){}
```

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function first() {
console.log("first(): factory evaluated");
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return function (target: any, propertyKey: string, descriptor: PropertyDescriptor) {
console.log("second(): called");
class ExampleClass {
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- output to the console:
- first(): factory evaluated
- second(): factory evaluated
- second(): called
- first(): called

```
function first() {
console.log("first(): factory evaluated");
return function (target: any, propertyKey: string, descriptor: PropertyDescriptor) {
console.log("first(): called");
};
function second() {
console.log("second(): factory evaluated");
return function (target: any, propertyKey: string, descriptor: PropertyDescriptor) {
console.log("second(): called");
class ExampleClass {
@first()
@second()
method(){}
```

- output to the console:
- first(): factory evaluated
- second(): factory evaluated
- second(): called
- first(): called

```
    function logConstructorFactory(inEnabled:

  boolean) {
if (inEnabled) {

    return function(inConstructor: Function) {

    console.log(inConstructor);

} else {
return function() { };
```

```
@logConstructorFactory(true)
class Spaceship {
constructor() { console.log("Spaceship constructor"); }
@logConstructorFactory(false)
class Spacestation {
constructor() { console.log("Spacestation constructor"); }
const s = new Spaceship();
const t = new Spacestation();
```

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- When executed, in the console you'll see
- VM73:11 class Spaceship {
- constructor() { console.log("Spaceship constructor"); }
- }
- VM73:16 Spaceship constructor
- VM73:22 Spacestation constructor

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Third-Party Libraries

- Add in third-party TypeScript libraries
- Example, to use the popular Lodash library in your code
- npm install --save lodash
- also import another related library:
- npm install --save-dev @types/lodash
- This extra library is called a type declaration file, or a type binding file sometimes, and it's what tells TypeScript (tsc, more specifically) all about the types that Lodash uses and provides.

Debugging TypeScript Apps

```
Source Maps
 tsc --sourceMap app.ts
  "version": 3,

    "file": "app.js",

"sourceRoot": "",

    "sources": ["app.ts"],

"names": [],
"mappings":
  "AAAA,SAAS,KAAK,CAAC,SAAiB;IAC9B,KAAK,CAAC,YAAU,SAAS,MAA
  G,CAAC,

    CAAC;AAChC,CAAC;AACD,KAAK,CAAC,gBAAgB,CAAC,CAAC"
```

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  G,CAAC,

    CAAC;AAChC,CAAC;AACD,KAAK,CAAC,gBAAgB,CAAC,CAAC"
```