

# Fake News Detection using Python & Machine Learning

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## 1. Introduction

This project aims to detect whether a news article is Fake or Real using Machine Learning and Natural Language Processing techniques. The system uses TF-IDF vectorization for text feature extraction and Passive Aggressive Classifier for classification.

## 2. Objectives

- Detect fake news using Machine Learning.
- Apply Natural Language Processing techniques.
- Train and evaluate a classification model.
- Provide real-time prediction for user input.

## 3. Technologies Used

- Python
- Pandas
- NumPy
- Scikit-learn
- Joblib

## 4. Project Architecture

Step 1: Load Dataset (news.csv) Step 2: Preprocess Data (remove null values) Step 3: Convert text into TF-IDF features Step 4: Train Passive Aggressive Classifier Step 5: Evaluate model using accuracy and confusion matrix Step 6: Save model and vectorizer Step 7: Predict new news input

## 5. Model Details

The Passive Aggressive Classifier is well-suited for large-scale text classification problems. It updates the model only when misclassification occurs, making it efficient and accurate. TF-IDF (Term Frequency - Inverse Document Frequency) converts textual data into numerical format by measuring word importance in documents.

## 6. Project Structure

FakeNewsDetection/ ■■■■■ data/ ■■■■■ news.csv ■■■■■ src/ ■■■■■ train\_model.py ■■■■■ predict.py ■■■■■ model/ ■■■■■ requirements.txt ■■■■■ README.md

## 7. Results

The model typically achieves high accuracy (above 90%) depending on dataset quality. It can classify news articles as FAKE or REAL effectively.

## 8. Conclusion

This project demonstrates how Machine Learning and NLP can help combat misinformation by automatically classifying news content. It is suitable for academic submission, portfolio showcase, and practical implementation.