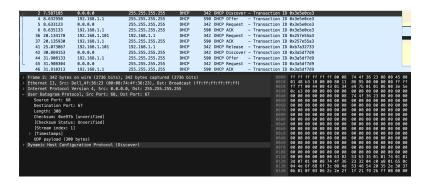
Computer Networks - Lab 4

Bhuvana Kanakam - SE21UCSE035

DHCP Document

1. Are DHCP messages sent over UDP or TCP?

DHCP messages are sent over UDP (User Datagram Protocol).



2. Draw a timing datagram illustrating the sequence of the first four-packet Discover/Offer-/Request/ACK DHCP exchange between the client and server. For each packet, indicated the source and destination port numbers. Are the port numbers the same as in the example given in this lab assignment?



3. What is the link-layer (e.g., Ethernet, MAC) address of your host?

```
> Frame 2: 342 bytes on wire (2736 bits), 342 bytes captured (2736 bits)
> Ethernet II, Src: Dell_4f:36:23 (00:08:74:4f:36:23), Dst: Broadcast (ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:)
> Destination: Broadcast (ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:)
> Source: Dell_4f:36:23 (00:08:74:4f:36:23)
    Type: IPv4 (0x0800)
> Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 0.0.0.0, Dst: 255.255.255
> User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 68, Dst Port: 67
> Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (Discover)
```

4. What values in the DHCP discover message differentiate this message from the DHCP request message?

The discover and request are different in the options part.

5.What is the value of the Transaction-ID in each of the first four (Discover/Offer/Request/ACK) DHCP messages? What are the values of the Transaction-ID in the second set (Request/ACK) set of DHCP messages? What is the purpose of the Transaction-ID

```
amic Host Configuration Protocol (Discover)
Message type: Boot Request (1)
Hardware type: Ethernet (0x01)
Hardware address length: 6
Hops: 0
Transaction ID: 0x3e5e0ce3
Seconds elapsed: 0
Bootp flags: 0x0000 (Unicast)
Client IP address: 0.0.0.0
Your (client) IP address: 0.0.0.0
Next server IP address: 0.0.0.0
Relay agent IP address: 0.0.0.0
Client MAC address: Dell_4f:36:23 (00:08:74:4f:36:23)
Server host name not given
Boot file name not given
Magic cookie: DHCP
Option: (53) DHCP Message Type (Discover)
Option: (116) DHCP Auto-Configuration
Option: (61) Client identifier
Option: (50) Requested IP Address (192.168.1.101)
Option: (12) Host Name
Option: (60) Vendor class identifier
Option: (55) Parameter Request List
Option: (255) End
Padding: 0000000000000000000
```

```
Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (Request)
  Message type: Boot Request (1)
  Hardware type: Ethernet (0x01)
  Hardware address length: 6
  Hops: 0
   Transaction ID: 0x3e5e0ce3
  Seconds elapsed: 0
  Bootp flags: 0x0000 (Unicast)
  Client IP address: 0.0.0.0
  Your (client) IP address: 0.0.0.0
  Next server IP address: 0.0.0.0
  Relay agent IP address: 0.0.0.0
  Client MAC address: Dell_4f:36:23 (00:08:74:4f:36:23)
  Server host name not given
  Boot file name not given
Magic cookie: DHCP
  Option: (53) DHCP Message Type (Request)
Option: (61) Client identifier
  Option: (50) Requested IP Address (192.168.1.101)
Option: (54) DHCP Server Identifier (192.168.1.1)
  Option: (12) Host Name
  Option: (60) Vendor class identifier
  Option: (55) Parameter Request List
  Option: (255) End
  Padding: 000000000000
```

field?

The transaction ID's are same for Discover, Offer, Request, ACK.

Discover Transaction ID: 0x3e5e0ce3 Offer Transaction ID: 0x3e5e0ce3 ACK Transaction ID: 0x3e5e0ce3 Request Transaction ID: 0x3e5e0ce3

```
DHCP Discover - Transaction ID 0x3e5e0ce3
DHCP Offer - Transaction ID 0x3e5e0ce3
DHCP Request - Transaction ID 0x3e5e0ce3
DHCP ACK - Transaction ID 0x3e5e0ce3
```

6. A host uses DHCP to obtain an IP address, among other things. But a host's IP address is not confirmed until the end of the four-message exchange! If the IP address is not set until the end of the four-message exchange, then what values are used in the IP datagrams in the four-message exchange? For each of the four DHCP messages (Discover/Offer/Request/ACK DHCP), indicate the source and destination IP addresses that are carried in the encapsulating IP datagram.

The DCHP client and server both use 255.255.255.255 as the destination address. The client uses source IP address 0.0.0.0, while the server uses its actual IP address as the source.

Source	Destination	Protoci ^	Lengtr	Info	
0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	DHCP	342	DHCP	Discover
192.168.1.1	255.255.255.255	DHCP	590	DHCP	Offer
0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	DHCP	342	DHCP	Request
192.168.1.1	255.255.255.255	DHCP	590	DHCP	ACK

7. What is the IP address of your DHCP server?

Your (client) IP address: 192.168.1.101

8. What IP address is the DHCP server offering to your host in the DHCP Offer message? Indicate which DHCP message contains the offered DHCP address.

The DHCP server offered the IP address 192.168.1.101 to my client machine. The DHCP message with "DHCP Message Type = DHCP Offer" contained the offered IP.

9. In the example screenshot in this assignment, there is no relay agent between the host and the DHCP server. What values in the trace indicate the absence of a relay agent? Is there a relay agent in your experiment? If so what is the IP address of the agent?

The IP address 0.0.0.0 indicates the absence of the relay agent. No, there is no relay agent in my experiment.

10. Explain the purpose of the router and subnet mask lines in the DHCP offer message. The router line indicates to the client what its default gateway should be. The subnet mask line tells the client which subnet mask it should use.

```
Option: (53) DHCP Message Type (ACK)
Option: (1) Subnet Mask (255.255.255.0)
Length: 4
Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
Option: (3) Router
Length: 4
Router: 192.168.1.1
```

11. Explain the purpose of the lease time. How long is the lease time in your experiment? The lease time is the amount of time the DHCP server assigns an IP address to a client. During the lease time, the DHCP server will not assign the IP given to the client to another client, unless it is released by the client. Once the lease time has expired, the IP address can be reused by the DHCP server to give to another client. In my experiment, the lease time is 1 day.

```
Option: (53) DHCP Message Type (ACK)
Option: (1) Subnet Mask (255.255.255.0)
Option: (3) Router
Option: (6) Domain Name Server
Option: (15) Domain Name
Option: (51) IP Address Lease Time
Length: 4
IP Address Lease Time: 1 day (86400)
```

12. What is the purpose of the DHCP release message? Does the DHCP server issue an acknowledgment of receipt of the client's DHCP request? What would happen if the client's DHCP release message is lost?

The client sends a DHCP Release message to cancel its lease on the IP address given to it by the DHCP server. The DHCP server does not send a message back to the client acknowledging the DHCP Release message. If the DHCP Release message from the client is lost, the DHCP server would have to wait until the lease period is over for that IP address until it could reuse it for another client.