```
In [14]:
              import numpy as np
            2 import pandas as pd
           3 | import tensorflow as tf
           4 import re
           5 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
           6 from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer
           7 from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad sequences
           8 from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
           9 from tensorflow.keras.layers import Embedding, SimpleRNN, Dense
          10 from sklearn.model selection import train test split
          11 from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
          12 from tensorflow.keras.utils import to categorical
In [15]:
              df = pd.read csv(r"C:\Users\admin\Desktop\sentiment analysis 1.csv")
In [16]:
              def clean text(text):
                   return re.sub(r'[^a-zA-Z\s]', '', text.lower()).strip()
            2
              df["cleaned_text"] = df["text"].apply(clean_text)
In [17]:
              df.head(5)
Out[17]:
                                         text
                                                label
                                                                         cleaned_text
                    I love this product! It's fantastic.
                                                             i love this product its fantastic
             The experience was horrible and terrible. negative the experience was horrible and terrible
                                               neutral
           2
                         It's okay, nothing special.
                                                                  its okay nothing special
              Best purchase ever, highly recommend!
                                              positive
                                                      best purchase ever highly recommend
                 Waste of money, very disappointed. negative
                                                          waste of money very disappointed
In [18]:
              tokenizer = Tokenizer(num_words=10000, oov_token="<00V>")
              tokenizer.fit on texts(df["cleaned text"])
              X = pad sequences(tokenizer.texts to sequences(df["cleaned text"]), maxlen=200)
           4 | df["encoded_label"] = LabelEncoder().fit_transform(df["label"])
            5 y = to categorical(df["encoded label"], num classes=3)
           1 X train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
In [19]:
In [20]:
           1
              model = Sequential([
                   Embedding(10000, 128, input_length=200),
            2
           3
                   SimpleRNN(64),
           4
                   Dense(64, activation='relu'),
           5
                  Dense(3, activation='softmax')
           6
              ])
```

```
model.compile(loss="categorical_crossentropy", optimizer="adam", metrics=["accuracy"])
In [22]:
          history = model.fit(X train, y train, epochs=5, batch size=64, validation data=(X test, y test)
       Epoch 1/5
       2/2 [=================== ] - 3s 242ms/step - loss: 1.1233 - accuracy: 0.3418 - val_loss:
       1.0804 - val_accuracy: 0.4000
       Epoch 2/5
       1.0845 - val_accuracy: 0.4500
       Epoch 3/5
       1.0710 - val_accuracy: 0.3500
       Epoch 4/5
       1.0530 - val_accuracy: 0.5500
       Epoch 5/5
       1.1110 - val_accuracy: 0.3500
In [23]:
          plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Train')
          plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='Validation')
        3
          plt.legend()
          plt.show()
              Train
        0.65
              Validation
        0.60
        0.55
        0.50
        0.45
        0.40
        0.35
                  1.0
                      1.5
                          2.0
                              2.5
               0.5
                                  3.0
                                     3.5
                                         4.0
           0.0
        1 label_encoder = LabelEncoder()
In [24]:
          df["encoded_label"] = label_encoder.fit_transform(df["label"])
        3 y = to categorical(df["encoded label"], num classes=3)
In [25]:
          def predict sentiment(text):
        1
             seq = pad sequences(tokenizer.texts to sequences([clean text(text)]), maxlen=200)
        2
        3
             prediction = model.predict(seq)[0]
             return label_encoder.inverse_transform([np.argmax(prediction)])[0]
In [26]:
          print(predict_sentiment("The product was amazing! I loved it."))
          print(predict_sentiment("It was okay, nothing special."))
          print(predict_sentiment("Very poor craftsmanship, fell apart."))
       positive
       1/1 [======] - 0s 26ms/step
       neutral
       1/1 [=======] - 0s 17ms/step
       positive
In [ ]:
```