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R BATCH

CRYPTOGRAPHY AND NETWORK SECURITY

FUZZING

AFL FUZZER

CPP CODE

A simple HTTP protocol request line parser and print the info of the requestline .

```
#include<iostream>
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<fstream>
using namespace std ;
void parse file(char *filename, vector<string> &lines){
  ifstream input file(filename);
  if (!input file.is open()) {
           << filename << "'" << endl;
      exit(-1);
  while (getline(input file, line)){
      lines.push back(line);
   input file.close();
bool parse_http(vector<string> &lines){
```

```
if(lines.size() > 1){
   exit(-1);
unordered map<string , string> headers ;
unordered set<string> methods = {"GET" , "POST" , "DELETE" , "PUT"} ;
unordered set<string> httpversions = {"HTTP/0.9", "HTTP/1.0", "HTTP/1.1"};
istringstream ss(lines[0]);
string word ;
cout << "[+] Parsing Requestline : " << lines[0] << endl ;</pre>
string method , path , httpname ;
vector<string> req line ;
while(ss >> word) {
    req line.push back(word) ;
if(req line.size() > 3){
for(auto &word : req line) {
   if(idx == 0){
        if (methods.find(word) == methods.end()){
```

```
if(word[0] != '/'){
           path = word ;
           if(httpversions.find(word) == httpversions.end()){
                cout << "unknown method" ;</pre>
           httpname = word ;
   cout << "METHOD : " << method << endl ;</pre>
   cout << "path : " << path << endl ;</pre>
   cout << "httpname : " << httpname << endl ;</pre>
int main(int argc , char **argv){
  if(argc < 2){
  parse_file(argv[1],lines);
   int *ptr ;
```

```
ptr = NULL ;

if(parse_http(lines)) {
    cout << "successfully parsed http" ;
    // lets crash by deferencing a null pointer
    *ptr = 5 ;
}
else {
    cout << "failed to parse" ;
}
</pre>
```

The input should match the rfc abnf grammar for the requestline otherwise the code will exit . The afl fuzzer will starts with a seed value and starts fuzzing the code what possible ways we can crash the binary by covering all the paths in the code . AFL fuzzer is a feedback based fuzzer , by analyzing how the given input , change the output of the program and use it as a seed for the next input to the program . AFL fuzzer do both code coverage and path coverage in a given binary , so we can completely analyze the binary for various mutated inputs . Code Coverage refers to the amount of code that was triggered by a particular test case. Path Coverage refers to the number of potential sequence of code statements (or paths) that were triggered by a test case.

Seed Value:

For the initial seed we are going to give HTE / HPPT/5.4 as the input.

VALID HTTP Requestline Syntax according to RFC

```
Request-line = method path http-name
Method = "GET", "POST", "PUT", "DELETE"
Path = "/"<ascii-char>
Http-name = HTTP/ DIGIT "." DIGIT
```

The afl fuzzer will start from the initial given seed value and it will try to match the defined grammar or any crashes occured are also reported.

AFL RUNNING

```
File Actions Edit View Help
hannah@hannah:-/Documents/research/fuzzing × hannah@hannah:-/Documents/research/fuzzing ×

- (hannah@ hannah) - [-/Desktop]
- (c.../Documents/research/fuzzing

- (hannah@hannah) - [-/Documents/research/fuzzing]
- (hannah@hannah) - [-
```

CRASHES REPORTED

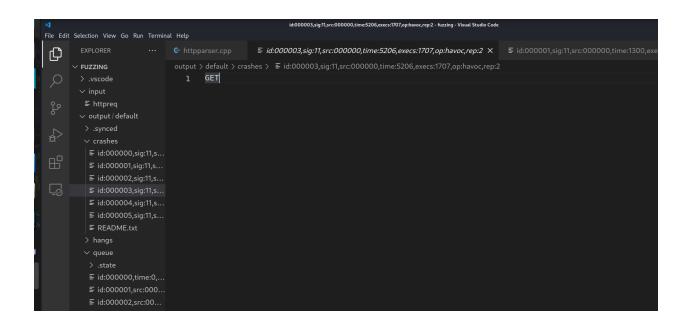
All crashed for a given input will be in the output/crashes folder

1. Empty input, as in parse_http function there is no check on minimum size of lines vector so by accessing lines[0] will crash.

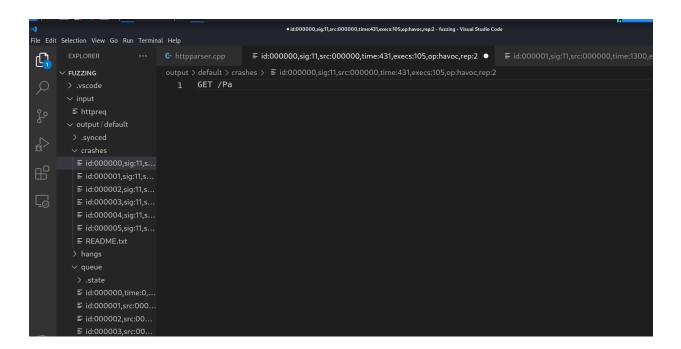


2. There should be three strings required for the requestline as there is no check for it in the code, do deferencing will result in crash.

Request only with http method result in crash



Request without httpname will result in a crash



AFL FUZZING SCREEN

LIBFUZZER

In Libfuzzer, instead of main function we need to provide int LLVMFuzzerTestOneInput(const uint8_t *Data, size_t Size) function, where the libfuzzer start fuzzing by giving input in *data character array. LibFuzzer is linked with the library under test, and feeds fuzzed inputs to the library, the fuzzer then tracks which areas of the code are reached, and generates mutations on the corpus of input data in order to maximize the code coverage.

CPP Code

```
#include<iostream>
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<fstream>

using namespace std;

string convertToString(const char* a, int size)
```

```
int i;
  for (i = 0; i < size; i++) {
      s = s + a[i];
  return s;
extern "C" int LLVMFuzzerTestOneInput(const uint8 t *Data, size t Size) {
  string input = convertToString((char *)Data , Size);
  unordered map<string , string> headers ;
  unordered set<string> methods = {"GET" , "POST" , "DELETE" , "PUT"} ;
  unordered set<string> httpversions = {"HTTP/0.9", "HTTP/1.0",
"HTTP/1.1"};
  istringstream ss(input);
  string word;
  int idx = 0;
  vector<string> req line ;
  while(ss >> word) {
      req line.push back(word) ;
  if(req line.size() > 3){
```

```
for(auto &word : req line) {
   if(idx == 0){
        if(methods.find(word) == methods.end()){
       method = word ;
   else if(idx == 1){
       if(word[0] != '/'){
       path = word ;
   else if(idx == 2){
        if(httpversions.find(word) == httpversions.end()){
       httpname = word ;
   else{
    idx++;
```

Compiling the code with clang++

Running the fuzzer

```
- Fuzzing - Julius parses input

INFO: Seed: 134524893

INFO: Loaded i modules (421 inline 8-bit counters): 421 [0x5ba209, 0x5bb435),

INFO: Loaded i modules (421 inline 8-bit counters): 421 [0x5ba20, 0x5c510),

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INFO: Infiles found in input

INFO: - nax_len is not provided; libruzer will not generate inputs larger than 4096 bytes

INFO: corpus: files: 1 inin: 140 hazs: 140 total: 140 rss: 27Mb

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INFO: seed: corpus: files: 1 inin: 140 hazs: 140 total: 140 rss: 27Mb

INFO: corpus: files: 1 inin: 140 hazs: 140 total: 140 rss: 28Mb l: 13/14 MS: 1 ChangeBit: 140 corpus: 140 rss: 200 corp: 17/80 lin: 14 exec/s: 0 rss: 28Mb l: 13/14 MS: 2 ChangeBitInit-ChangeBitInit-ChangeByte-CrossOver-

INFO: corpus: files: 1 inin: 140 rss: 1 inin: 140 r
```