

Tutorial 11: Carrier frequencies and Bandwidths

* LoRaWAN uses ISM band

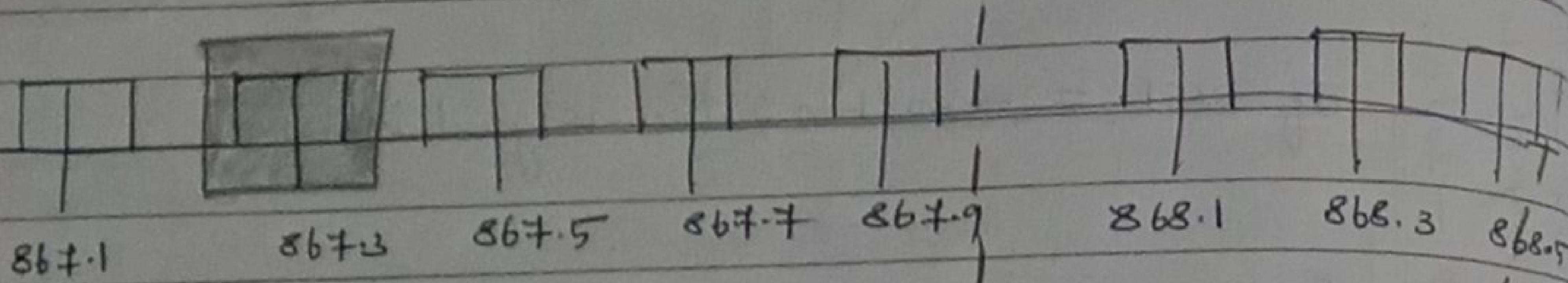
* Anything uplink or downlink uses 8 different channels with different frequency, bandwidth & spreading factor.
[Regional parameters]

* uplink frequency,

Δ - 125 KHz, @ SF=1-7, for dl=5-8

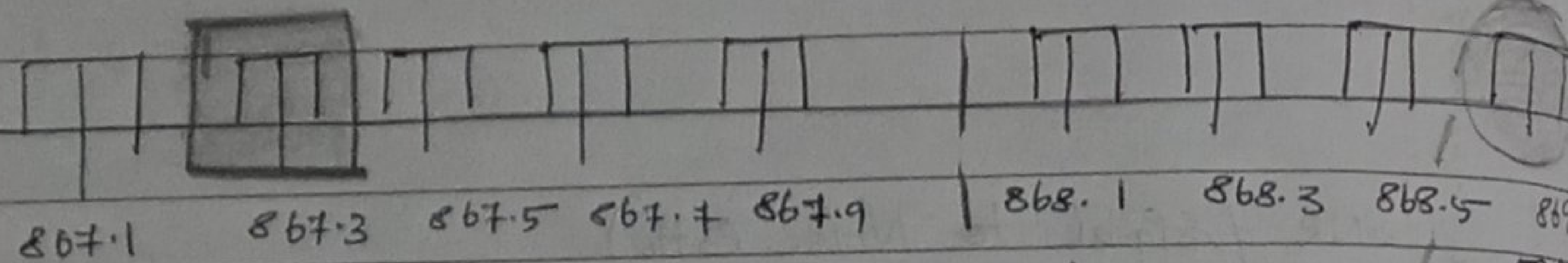
\square - 250 KHz, @ SF=7, for dl=5-8

\bigcirc - 125 KHz, @ SF=9, for dl=5-8



Carrier frequency . MHz

* Downlink frequency,



863-870
Europe

Name	Band (MHz)	Limitation
G	8630 — 870	EIRP < 25 mW
G1	868 — 868.6	EIRP < 25 mW
G2	868.7 — 869.2	EIRP < 25 mW
G3	869.4 — 869.65	EIRP < 500 mW
G4	869.7 — 870	EIRP < 25 mW

* LoRaWAN only

→ 125

→ 250

→ 500

* Europe only

→ 125

→ 250

flow

← B

← 1/2 B

← 1/2 B

Carrier

f_{low} =
f_{high} =

flow =

f_{high} =

* Dwell Time

* Dwell time to transmit

* Hop from one not transmit

* LoRaWAN only uses bandwidth Range

→ 125 KHz

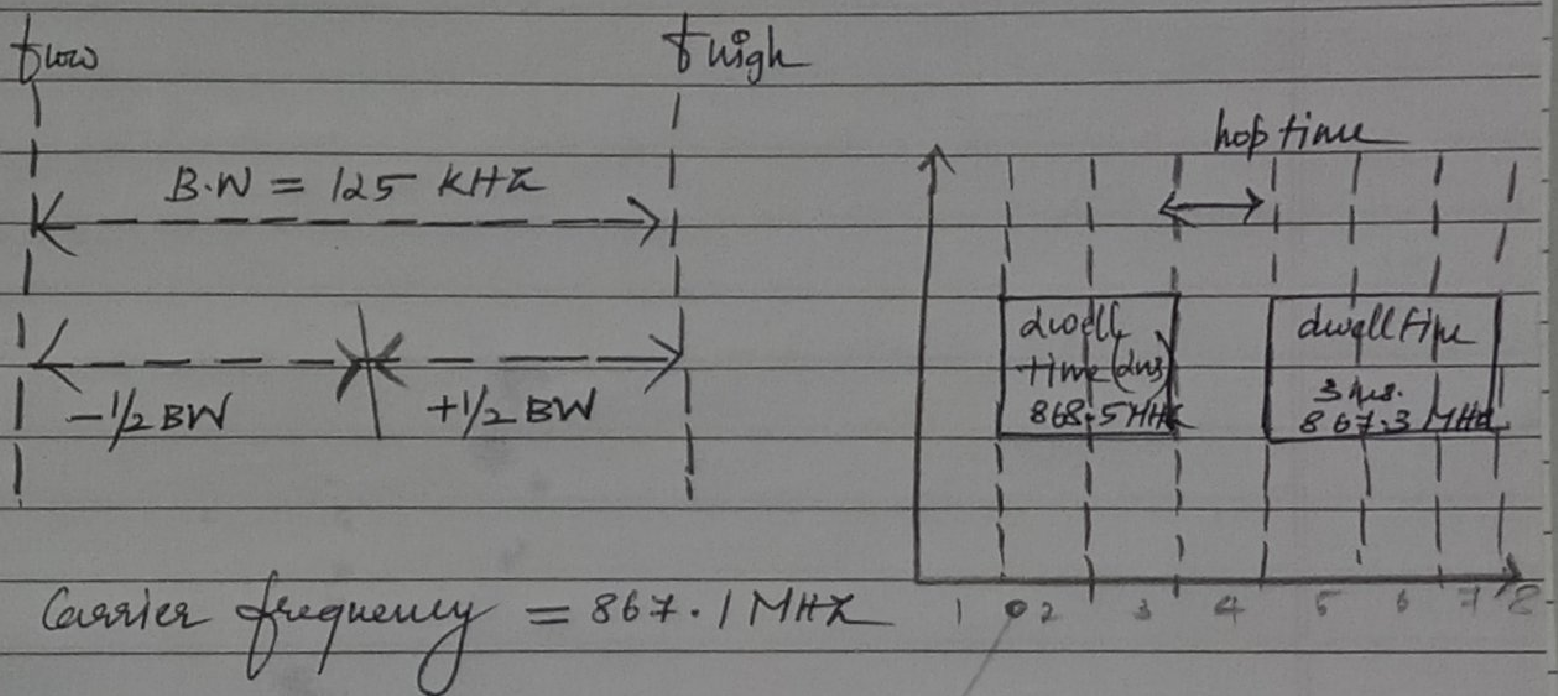
→ 250 KHz

→ 500 KHz

* EUSRP only uses two freq. bandwidth

→ 125 KHz.

→ 250 KHz.



$$f_{low} = \text{Carrier frequency} - \frac{\text{Bandwidth}}{2}$$

$$f_{high} = \text{Carrier frequency} + \frac{\text{Bandwidth}}{2}$$

$$f_{low} = 867.1 - \frac{0.125}{2} = 867.0375 \text{ MHz}$$

$$f_{high} = 867.1 + \frac{0.125}{2} = 867.1625 \text{ MHz}$$

* Dwell Time & Hop time

* Dwell time (transmit time): is the amount of time needed to transmit on a frequency

* Hop time is the amount of time needed to change from one frequency to other, in which radio is not transmitting