

Solve the following system (when consistent) and write the solution in parametric and vector form

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & -1 & 4 \\ -1 & 1 & 3 & -3 \\ 0 & 2 & 5 & 5 \end{array} \right]$$

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**Problem Solving** - What are the terms/strategies I may need? What do I know?

- Definition for a matrix in RREF:
  - a) All leading entries are 1
  - b) Leading entries go down and to the right
  - c) all zero rows are at the bottom
  - d) All entries above and below a leading 1 are 0.
- Strategy for getting to RREF to solve a system:
  - 1) Choose a leading non-zero row to be your pivot (easiest number possible)
  - 2) Switch this to the first available row without a pivot.
  - 3) Row reduce below the pivot so that all entries are zero below
  - 4) Continue steps 1-3 until you cannot choose any more leading non-zero entries.
  - 5) Start with the last pivot and eliminate all entries above the pivot so they are zero.
  - 6) Repeat step 5 for all pivots
  - 7) Divide all rows so that the leading pivots are 1.
  - 8) Once in RREF, write out the equation in parametric form (solve for each variable) by identifying free variables.
  - 9) Once you have parametric form, you can store the solution in a vector by considering  $\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$

\* At any stage, feel free to divide a row to make the numbers smaller, but do so in such a way that you avoid fractions.

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**Steps & Process** – Try to answer the question writing in many steps to avoid small errors.

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & -1 & 4 \\ -1 & 1 & 3 & -3 \\ 0 & 2 & 5 & 5 \end{array} \right] R_2 \rightarrow R_2 + R_1 \quad \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & -1 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 5 & 5 \end{array} \right] R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - 2R_2 \quad \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & -1 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} R_1 \rightarrow R_1 + R_3 \\ R_2 \rightarrow R_2 - 2R_3 \end{array}$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 7 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -5 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right]$$

Here we see that the solution in parametric form will be  $x_1 = 7, x_2 = -5, x_3 = 3$

Storing this in a vector, we get the vector form solution:  $\begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ -5 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$

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**Solidify Understanding** – Explain why the steps makes sense by connecting to math you know.

- How do you get a matrix to RREF?
- Why is having a matrix in RREF so helpful?
- Why are free variables easy to identify when the matrix is in RREF?

For Video Please click the link below:

[Video](#)