Find the following complex numbers in the standard form a + bi:

a) 
$$(5+3i)+(3-7i)$$
 b)  $(5+3i)(3-7i)$ 

c) 
$$\frac{5+3i}{3-7i}$$

**Problem Solving** - What are the terms/strategies I may need? What do I know?

If v and w are complex numbers such that v = a + bi and w = c + diThen, v + w = (a + c) + (b + d)iv - w = (a - c) + (b - d)ivw = (a + bi)(c + di) = ac + adi + bci - bd = (ac - bd) + (ad + bc)i $\frac{v}{w} = \frac{a+bi}{c+di} = \frac{a+bi}{c+di} * \frac{c-di}{c-di} = \frac{(ac-bd)}{c^2+d^2} + \frac{(ad+bc)i}{c^2+d^2}$  (multiplying the conjugate)

Property of Complex numbers:  $i^2 = -1$ 

Find the following complex numbers in the standard form a + bi:

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## **Steps & Process**

a) 
$$(5+3i) + (3-7i) = (5+3) + (3-7)i$$
  
= 8-4i

b) 
$$(5+3i)(3-7i) = 3*5+3*3i+5*(-7)i-21i^2$$
  
=  $15-26i+21$   
=  $36-26i$ 

c) 
$$\frac{5+3i}{3-7i} = \frac{5+3i}{3-7i} * \frac{3+7i}{3+7i}$$

$$=\frac{15+35i+9i+21i^2}{9+21i-21i-49i^2}$$

$$= \frac{15+44i-21}{9+49} = \frac{-6}{58} + \frac{44}{58}i = \frac{-3}{29} + \frac{22}{29}i$$

Find the following complex numbers in the standard form a + bi:

a) 
$$(5 + 3i) + (3 - 7i)$$

b) 
$$(5 + 3i)(3 - 7i)$$

c) 
$$\frac{5+3i}{3-7i}$$

**Solidify Understanding** – Explain why the steps makes sense by connecting to math you know.

Why do we use the conjugate when dividing complex numbers?

Why do we have the property that  $i^2 = -1$ ?

Can we convert these complex values into polar form?

For Video Please click the link below:

<u>Video</u>