



CONTENT

- Overview
 - Vision & Mission
 - Corporate Profile
- Namibia's Development Policy Perspectives
- Role of Public Enterprises
- Earn-in Framework
- Summary and Conclusions





OVERVIEW

- Epangelo Mining Company (Pty) Ltd was established in 2008 under the Companies Act, 1973.
- Government of the Republic of Namibia is the sole share holder
- Gazetted as an SOE in 2013 under the SOEGC Act

VISION & MISSION

- To be the leading, diversified mining company in Namibia
- To ensure national participation in the discovery, exploitation and beneficiation of Namibia's mineral resources whilst developing and consolidating a portfolio of high quality assets and services for the benefit of its stakeholders



CORPORATE PROFILE

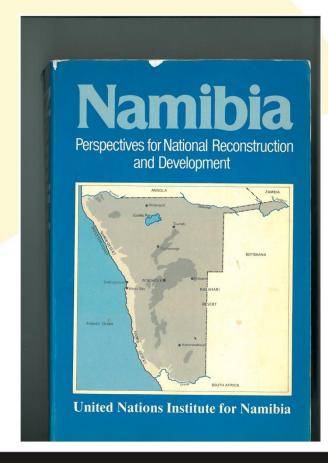
- Company has 5 Directors and 10 employees
- Company owns 40 EPLs
- Funded through the national budget
- Owns 10% of Swakop Uranium
- Based in Windhoek



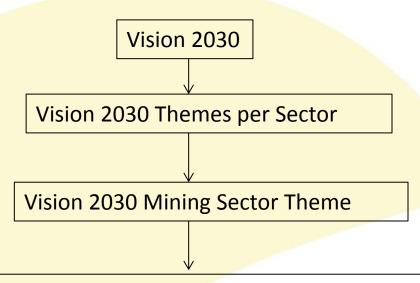
PUBLIC ENTERPRISES - DEFINITION & ROLE

A Public Enterprise is defined as an organisation that combines the characteristics of an instrument of public policy and that of a

business organisation



NAMIBIA'S POLICY PERSPECTIVES



"To ensure that Namibia's mineral resources are strategically exploited and optimally beneficiated, providing equitable opportunities for all Namibians to participate in the industry, while ensuring that environmental impacts are minimized and investments resulting from mining are made to develop other sustainable industries and human capital for long-term national development."



NAMIBIA'S POLICY PERSPECTIVES

Key issues emanating from mining them in Vision 2030 are:

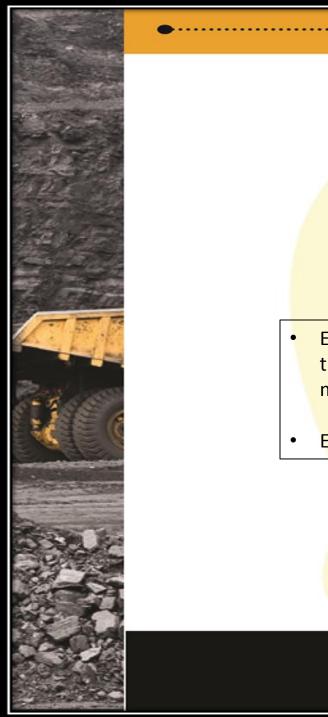
- "strategy"
- <u>"beneficiate"</u>
- <u>"participate"</u>
- "equity"
- <u>"environment"</u>
- "invest"
- <u>"sustainable"</u>
- <u>"develop human capital"</u>



EPANGELO AS "INSTRUMENT OF PUBLIC POLICY"

The principles guiding the company's <u>participatory Public</u>
<u>Enterprise approach</u> include:

- Revenue generation for the State (indirectly for the benefit of all Namibians)
- Increased "equitable" Namibian participation and ownership
- Employment creation and "investing in human capital development"
- Diversification of the mining industry (away from dependence on diamonds); including placing emphasis on beneficiation
- Sustainable use of resources (triple bottom line)



- Resolution by Cabinet to declare certain minerals to be "strategic"
- Reserving licensing of such minerals, once declared, "exclusively" for the State Owned Mining Companies
- Epangelo's strategy is to systematically evaluate the potential of its EPL's with the aim of discovering new deposits and eventually to develop them into mineable reserves; jointly with private investment partners.
- Epangelo currently has 40 EPL's that at various stages of exploration.



EPANGELO AS "A BUSINESS ORGANISATION"

The first part of the definition of a <u>Public Enterprise</u> is concerned with WHAT such enterprise is aiming to achieve.

The second part is concerned with the HOW?

The characteristics of Epangelo Mining as a business organization are contained in its Memorandum of Association, which aims at "Exploration, Mining, Mineral Processing, Trading of Minerals and Financing of Businesses".



EXPLORATION

The exploration process is a series of deductive steps (starting with the conceptual planning stage, through definition stage) that lead to the discovery of minerals.

including:

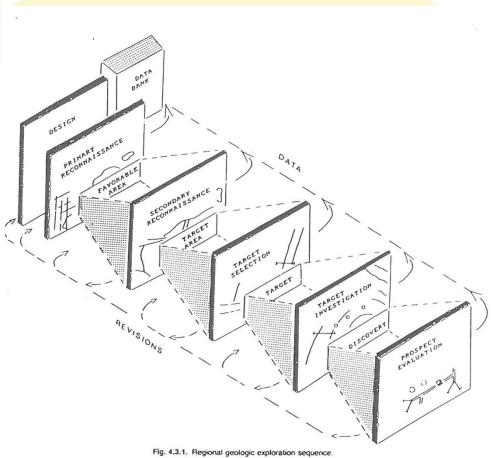
- Planning
- Literature search
- Data accumulation
- Area reconnaissance
- Target selection
- Target appraisal and testing
- Orebody development
- Mine development and
- Mine production initiation.

Main areas of concentration

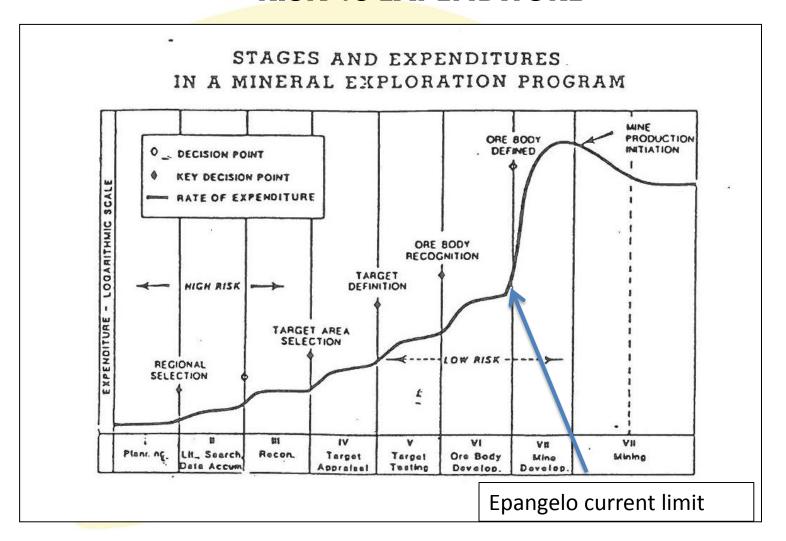
"Discovery" used in this sense is its economic definition as an accumulation of mineral substances that can be extracted at a profit.

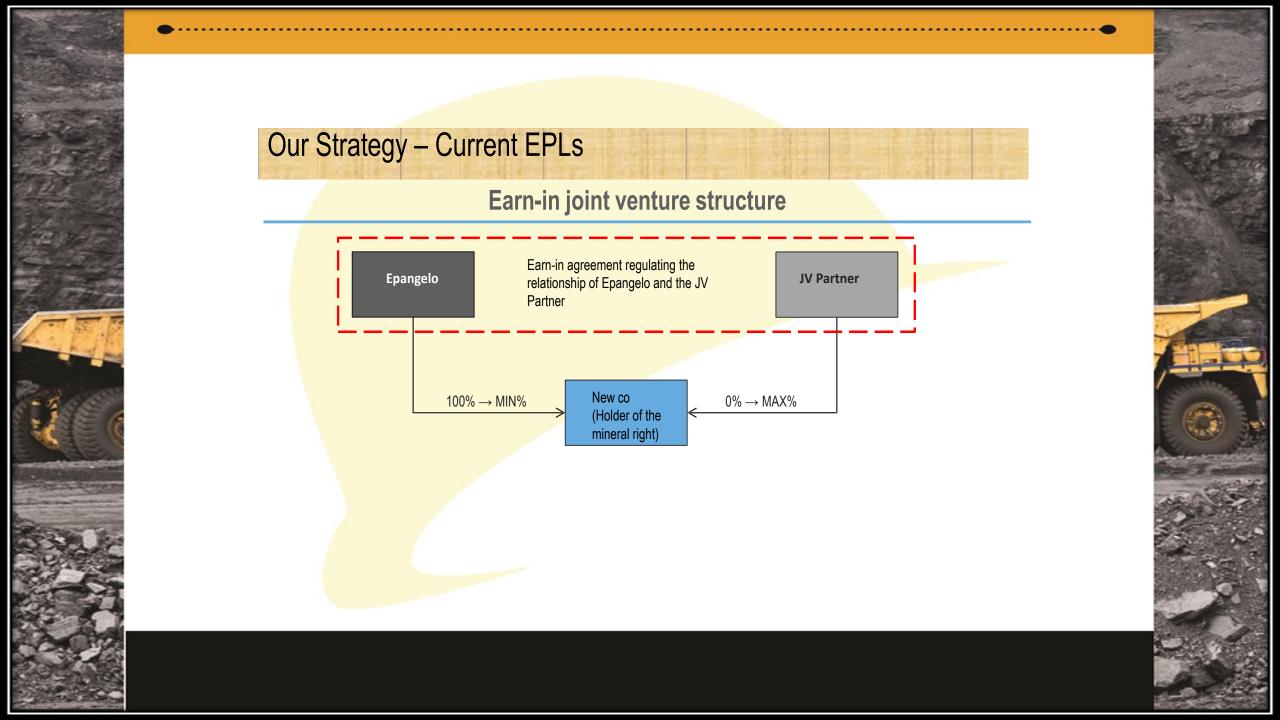
John Lindemann, "The Minerals Exploration Process", The Mines Magazine, October 1982

ILLUSTRATION OF EXPLORATION STAGES



RISK vs EXPENDITURE







SUMMARY & CONCLUSION

20 YEAR STRATEGIC VIEW

- YEAR 1-5:
 - Establishment (N\$ asset by 2015)
- YEAR 5-10
 - Sustain and Consolidate
 - Financial, Social, Environmental
- YEAR 10-15
 - Return on Investment
- YEAR 15-20
 - Growth, Expansion



CONCLUSION (continued) WHAT EPANGELO IS NOT

- Epangelo is an instrument of public policy but it does not make policies
- Epangelo does not issue EPLs
- It is not a replacement for private participation in the mining industry
- It is not a BEE
- It is not a substitute for Affirmative action

