Review for FPP Final

The Final exam will be timed 10:00 am to 12:30 on Thursday (March 21) in Verill hall room № V32. The final exam will be closed book, closed notes, and no use of laptops or electronic devices.

- 1. **T/F, Multiple Choice, Short Answer.** These will draw upon the following list of topics from Lessons 7-12.
 - a. *Recursion*. Be familiar with the following points:
 - What must be true for a recursion to be a *valid* recursion?
 - Be able to implement (in code) a recursive strategy to solve a problem (as in practice).
 - b. Be familiar with the different **advantages and disadvantages** of the different **ADT**'s and implementations we have discussed in class: ArrayList, LinkedList, BST, Hashtable, Set.
 - c. Know the classes and interfaces involved in creating a user-defined Collection (like a List) in a way that can make use of Collections sorting and searching methods. Review when the List and Random access interfaces are implemented and the reasons for using the class AbstractList. Be familiar with what you need to do to a list that you create so that it can work with the sort and search functions available in the Collections class.
 - d. Know how to use an **Iterator** object to iterate through the elements of a list. Know the difference between the **Iterable** and **Iterator** interfaces. Know the role of Iterator in the use of the for each construct. Be familiar with the new (as of Java 8) **forEach method** both **how to use it** and where it is defined
 - e. Be familiar with the top level of the exceptions hierarchy provided in Java. Understand the difference between errors, unchecked exceptions(runtime exceptions), and checked exceptions. Know the most common examples of each type.
 - f. Understand the **finally** keyword and be able to think through the behavior of a code sample like the one given in the finally Exercise at the end of Lesson 12.
 - g. Know which **background data structures** are typically used to implement Array Lists, Linked Lists, Binary Search Trees, Hashtables, and Sets.
 - h. Understand how the **hashCode** function is used in a class to support the use of objects as keys in a **hashtable**. Understand how a hashtable transforms input keys to hashcodes to **hashvalues** (and know the difference between these). Know why equal objects must have equal hashCodes and why it is *desirable*

- for unequal objects to have different hashCodes. Be familiar with best practices concerning the creation of a hashCode. Make sure you can write code to override hashCode in any class that you create.
- i. Given a sequence of ordered values (like integers or Strings), be able to follow the insertion rules to **insert** them into an initially empty **BST** and **delete** the elements. Be able to load a BST by hand using an insertion sequence.
- j. Be able to write the code for a **linked list implementation**. In particular, be sure that you are familiar with the technique for iterating from a top **node** (like a header) to some target node in the list. You may be asked to use Nodes to implement other data structures.
- k. Understand how each of the following types of data structures is designed and implemented (in a general way): array lists, linked lists, stacks, queues hashtables, bsts, hashsets. Note that stacks and queues can be implemented in more than one way.
- 1. Be able to explain why, for ordering objects, sometimes the **Comparable** interface is not enough.
- m. Be able to explain what it means for a **Comparator** to be consistent with equals, and why comparators *should be* consistent with equals. Be able to create your own Comparator so that it is consistent with equals and be able to use it in a call to Collections.sort.
- n. Be able to use the new **forEach default method of Iterable**.
- 2. **Programming Questions.** There will be three programming questions:
 - a. *Implement a data structure*. You will be given the type of background data structure to use; you will use that background data structure to implement some or all the main operations of the main data structure. (SinglyLinkedList, DoublyLinkedList, Queue, or Stack using Node)
 - b. *Solve a problem using recursion*. This problem will be similar to problems you did in practices and lab 7.
 - c. Polymorphism.
- 3. **SCI.** You will be asked to write a short essay to explain how one or more SCI principles are displayed in the realm of computer science. Richer content will be awarded more credit.

True/False, Multiple Choice,	Programming (3 problems)	SCI	
Short Answer (~32 points)	(~33 points)	(3 points)	