## Machine Learning and Data Mining II LABWORK 1: PCA REPORT

## **Groupwork:**

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## I. Study the dataset

- Choose 2 datasets from UCI Machine Learning Repository with more than 3 dimensions.(http://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/)
  - 1.Accelerometer: http://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Accelerometer
  - 2. Synchronous Machine Data Set:

http://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Synchronous+Machine+Data+Set

- For each dataset, determine which feature is discrete or continuous? Is it quantitative or qualitative? Explain.
  - 1.continuous and qualitative because this dataset was generated for use on 'Prediction of Motor Failure Time Using An Artificial Neural Network' project (DOI: 10.3390/s19194342), a cooler fan with weights on its blades was used to generate vibrations.
  - 2.discrete and quantitative because Synchronous machine data were obtained in real time from the experimental operating environment.
- Calculate mean, variance, covariance, correlation of the selected datasets.
   1.Accelerometer
  - mean:

```
Showing 1 to 14 of 153,000 entries, 5 total columns
Console Terminal × Background Jobs ×
R 4.0.2 · ~/ ≈
> view(accelerometer)
> dim(accelerometer)
[1] 153000 5
 attach(accelerometer)
  mean(x)
[1] 0.9956222
[1] 0.00535134
> mean(z)
[1] -0.1177692
[1] 0.5990115
> var(y)
[1] 0.5514573
> var(z)
[1] 0.2672971
[1] 0.01214825
> cov(y,z)
[1] -0.01064087
[1] -0.03647873
[1] 0.02113685
> cor(y,z)
[1] -0.02771559
> cor(x,z)
[1] -0.09116436
```

- variance, covariance, correlation:

```
> var(accelerometer)
                           pctid
             wconfid
wconfid 0.6666710240 0.00000000 -0.003832724 0.003256623 0.0009406728
pctid
        0.000000000 600.00392159 0.040351898 0.052418643 0.1135272453
        -0.0038327244 0.04035190 0.599011478 0.012148250 -0.0364787347
                     0.05241864 0.012148250 0.551457282 -0.0106408723
        0.0032566226
        > cov(accelerometer)
             wconfid
                           pctid
wconfid 0.6666710240 0.00000000 -0.003832724 0.003256623 0.0009406728
        0.000000000 600.00392159 0.040351898 0.052418643 0.1135272453
pctid
       Х
        > cor(accelerometer)
            wconfid
                         pctid
wconfid 1.00000000 0.000000000 -0.006065048 0.005371007 0.002228362 pctid 0.000000000 1.000000000 0.002128479 0.002881727 0.008964497 x -0.006065048 0.002128479 1.000000000 0.021136847 -0.091164358 y 0.005371007 0.002881727 0.021136847 1.000000000 -0.027715593
       0.002228362 0.008964497 -0.091164358 -0.027715593 1.000000000
```

## 2.Synchronous Machine Data Set Data Set

- mean

- variance, covariance, correlation:

```
> var(synchronous.machine)
                      PF
                                           dIf
           Iy
ΙV
    0.80285968 -0.00387135 0.00387135 0.06875246 0.06875246
   0.00387135 -0.01080050 0.01080050 0.01615725 0.01615725
dif 0.06875246 -0.01615725 0.01615725 0.03260405 0.03260405
if 0.06875246 -0.01615725 0.01615725 0.03260405 0.03260405
> cov(synchronous.machine)
                      PF
                                           dIf
           Ιy
                                 е
   0.80285968 -0.00387135 0.00387135 0.06875246 0.06875246
Ιy
   -0.00387135 0.01080050 -0.01080050 -0.01615725 -0.01615725
    0.00387135 -0.01080050 0.01080050 0.01615725 0.01615725
dif 0.06875246 -0.01615725 0.01615725 0.03260405 0.03260405
if 0.06875246 -0.01615725 0.01615725 0.03260405 0.03260405
> cor(synchronous.machine)
           Iy
                      PF
                                 е
                                          dIf
Ιy
    1.00000000 -0.04157389 0.04157389 0.4249449 0.4249449
   -0.04157389 1.00000000 -1.00000000 -0.8610135 -0.8610135
    0.04157389 -1.00000000 1.00000000 0.8610135 0.8610135
dif 0.42494491 -0.86101347 0.86101347 1.0000000 1.0000000
    0.42494491 -0.86101347 0.86101347 1.0000000 1.0000000
```

- Find the most correlated couple of features of each dataset. Comment on the results.
  - 1.Accelerometer

cor(x,z): -0.09116436

- -> Strong negative correlation
- 2. Synchronous Machine Data Set Data Set

cor(dIF,IF): 1

-> Strong positive correlation