

This project intends to build a Collaborative news website, where anyone can read, publish news and share them with friends, while avoiding the spread of fake news.

The diagram of Figure 1 presents the main organisational entities, the relationships between them, attributes and their domains, and the multiplicity of relationships for **XEKKIT**.

[illegible]

Generalizations:

- User - overlapping, incomplete
- Content - disjoint, complete
- Request - disjoint, complete
- Report - disjoint, complete
- Notification - disjoint, complete

All business rules are represented in the UML diagram.

A5: Relational Schema, validation and schema refinement

The artifact presented in this section contains the Relational Schema obtained by mapping from the Conceptual Data Model (A4).

1. Relational Schema

Relation reference	Relation Compact Notation
R01	users(id , username UK NN, email UK NN, password, description, photo UK, birthdate NN, gender NN CK gender IN GENDER_TYPE, reputation NN DF 0 CK reputation >= 0, is_moderator NN DF false, last_day_of_vote, count_last_day_rep DF 0, is_partner NN DF false, is_banned NN DF false, is_deleted NN DF false, search)
R02	follow(follower_id → users NN, users_id → users NN)
R03	ban(id , users_id → users NN, moderator_id → users NN, start_date NN DF TODAY, end_date DF NULL CK end > start, reason NN)
R04	content(id , author_id → users NN, body NN, date NN DF TODAY, nr_votes NN DF 0)
R05	tag(id , name NN UK)
R06	news(content_id → content, title NN, image UK, trending_score NN CK trending_score >= 0, nr_comments NN DF 0)
R07	news_tag(news_id → news NN, tag_id → tag NN)
R08	comment(content_id → content, news_id → news NN, reply_to_id → comment)
R09	request(id , from_id → users NN, moderator_id → users, reason NN, creation_date NN DF TODAY, status CK status IN STATUS_TYPE, revision_date CK revision_date > creation_date)
R10	report_users(request_id → request, to_users_id → users NN)
R11	report_content(request_id → request, to_content_id → content)
R12	partner_request(request_id → request)
R13	unban_appeal(request_id → request, ban_id → ban NN)
R14	vote(users_id → users, content_id → content, value NN)
R15	follow_notification(follower_id → users, users_id → users, is_new NN DF true, creation_date DF TODAY)
R16	vote_notification(voter_id → users, content_id → content, author_id → users, is_new NN DF true, creation_date DF TODAY)
R17	comment_notification(users_id → users, comment_id → comment, is_new NN DF true, creation_date DF TODAY)
R18	faq(id , question NN UK, answer NN)

where UK means UNIQUE KEY, NN means NOT NULL, DF means DEFAULT and CK means CHECK.

1.1 Generalizations

- **Content Generalization:** Subclasses point to the Superclass → the Content table has too many relations with other classes.
- **Request Generalization:** Subclasses point to the Superclass → each subclass will have different relations.
- **User Generalization:** One relation with all the attributes of all the classes → good approach for a heavily overlapping generalization with a small number of subclasses
- **Report Generalization:** Only subclasses are represented → there is no internal information stored in this classes, only external connections.
- **Notification Generalization:** Only subclasses are represented → it is a disjoint generalization and the few information that belongs to the superclass will be accessed every time we access the subclasses.

2. Domains

Specification of additional domains:

Domain Name	Domain Specification
GENDER_TYPE	ENUM('m','f','n')
TODAY	DATE DEFAULT CURRENT_DATE
STATUS_TYPE	ENUM('aproved', 'rejected')

3. Schema validation

TABLE R01	users
Keys	{id}, {email}, {username}, {photo}
Functional Dependencies:	
FD0101	id → {username, email, password, description, photo, birthdate, gender, reputation, last_day_of_vote, count_last_day_rep, is_moderator, is_partner, is_banned, is_deleted}
FD0102	username → {id, email, password, description, photo, birthdate, gender, reputation, last_day_of_vote, count_last_day_rep, is_moderator, is_partner, is_banned, is_deleted}
FD0103	email → {id, username, password, description, photo, birthdate, gender, reputation, last_day_of_vote, count_last_day_rep, is_moderator, is_partner, is_banned, is_deleted}
FD0104	photo → {id, email, username, password, description, birthdate, gender, reputation, last_day_of_vote, count_last_day_rep, is_moderator, is_partner, is_banned, is_deleted}
NORMAL FORM	BCNF
TABLE R02	follow
Keys	{follower_id, users_id}

TABLE R02	follow
Functional Dependencies:	
(none)	
NORMAL FORM	BCNF
TABLE R03	ban
Keys	{id}
Functional Dependencies:	
FD0501	$id \rightarrow \{users_id, moderator_id, start_date, end_date, reason\}$
NORMAL FORM	BCNF
TABLE R04	content
Keys	{id}
Functional Dependencies:	
FD01701	$id \rightarrow \{author_id, body, date, nr_votes\}$
NORMAL FORM	BCNF
TABLE R05	tag
Keys	{id}, {name}
Functional Dependencies:	
FD01101	$id \rightarrow \{name\}$
FD01101	$name \rightarrow \{id\}$
NORMAL FORM	BCNF
TABLE R06	news
Keys	{content_id}, {image}
Functional Dependencies:	
FD0901	$content_id \rightarrow \{title, image, trending_score, nr_comments\}$
FD0901	$image \rightarrow \{content_id, title, trending_score, nr_comments\}$
NORMAL FORM	BCNF
TABLE R07	news_tag
Keys	{news_id, tag_id}
Functional Dependencies:	
(none)	
NORMAL FORM	BCNF

TABLE R08	comment
Keys	{content_id}
Functional Dependencies:	
FD01001	content_id \rightarrow {news_id, reply_to_id}
NORMAL FORM	BCNF
TABLE R09	request
Keys	{id}
Functional Dependencies:	
FD0601	id \rightarrow {from_id, moderator_id, reason, creation_date, status, revision_date}
NORMAL FORM	BCNF
TABLE R10	report_users
Keys	{request_id}
Functional Dependencies:	
FD01301	request_id \rightarrow {to_users_id}
NORMAL FORM	BCNF
TABLE R11	report_content
Keys	{request_id}
Functional Dependencies:	
FD01401	request_id \rightarrow {to_content_id}
NORMAL FORM	BCNF
TABLE R12	partner_request
Keys	{request_id}
Functional Dependencies:	
(none)	
NORMAL FORM	BCNF
TABLE R13	unban_appeal
Keys	{request_id}
Functional Dependencies:	
FD01601	request_id \rightarrow {ban_id}
NORMAL FORM	BCNF
TABLE R14	vote

TABLE R14	vote
Keys	{users_id, content_id}
Functional Dependencies:	
FD0401	users_id, content_id → {value}
NORMAL FORM	BCNF
TABLE R15	follow_notification
Keys	{follower_id, users_id}
Functional Dependencies:	
FD0301	follower_id, users_id → {is_new, creation_date}
NORMAL FORM	BCNF
TABLE R16	vote_notification
Keys	{voter_id, content_id, author_id}
Functional Dependencies:	
FD0301	voter_id, content_id, author_id → {is_new, creation_date}
NORMAL FORM	BCNF
TABLE R17	comment_notification
Keys	{users_id, comment_id}
Functional Dependencies:	
FD0301	users_id, comment_id → {is_new, creation_date}
NORMAL FORM	BCNF
TABLE R18	faq
Keys	{id}, {question}
Functional Dependencies:	
FD0801	id → {question, answer}
FD0802	question → {id, answer}
NORMAL FORM	BCNF

Since all relations are in the Boyce-Codd Normal Form (BCNF), the relational schema is also in BCNF and therefore there is no need to be defined using normalisation.

A6: Indexes, triggers, user functions, transactions and population

This artefact contains:

- the physical schema of the database;
- the identification and characterisation of the indexes
- the support of data integrity rules with triggers
- the definition of the database user-defined functions
- the database's workload
- the complete database creation script, including all SQL necessary to define all integrity constraints, indexes and triggers

This artefact shows the database transactions needed to assure the integrity of the data in the presence of concurrent accesses.

For each transaction, the isolation level is explicitly stated and justified and read-only transactions to improve global performance are identified and justified. This artefact also contains the database's workload as well as the complete database creation script,

1. Database Workload

1.1. Tuple Estimation

Relation reference	Relation Name	Order of magnitude	Estimated growth
R01	users	thousands	units per day
R02	follow	tens of thousands	hundreds per day
R03	ban	hundreds	units per week
R04	content	hundreds of thousands	thousands per day
R05	tag	units	dozens per day
R06	news	thousands	hundreds per day
R07	news_tag	hundreds	hundreds per day
R08	comment	hundreds of thousands	thousands per day
R09	request	thousands	dozens per day
R10	report_users	hundreds	units per day
R11	report_content	thousands	dozens per day
R12	partner_request	dozens	units per week
R13	unban_appeal	hundreds	units per week
R14	vote	millions	thousand per day
R15	follow_notification	tens of thousands	hundreds per day
R16	vote_notification	millions	thousand per day
R17	comment_notification	hundreds of thousands	thousands per day
R18	faq	dozens	units per month

1.2. Frequent Queries

Query	SELECT01
Description	Display one specific News Post
Frequency	thousands per day

```
SELECT n.title, n.image, c.nr_votes, n.nr_comments, c.body, c.date,
u.username, u.is_partner, u.is_deleted, u.is_banned
FROM news n, content c, users u
WHERE n.content_id = $id
      AND n.content_id = c.id
      AND c.author_id = u.id;
```

Query	SELECT02
Description	Get comments from Post
Frequency	thousands per day

```
SELECT cm.content_id, ct.body, ct.date, ct.nr_votes, u.username, u.is_partner,
u.is_deleted, u.is_banned, cm.reply_to_id
FROM news n, comment cm, content ct, users u
WHERE n.content_id = $id
      AND cm.news_id = n.content_id
      AND n.content_id = ct.id
      AND ct.author_id = u.id;
```

Query	SELECT03
Description	Tags from Post
Frequency	tens of thousands per day

```
SELECT t.name
FROM news n, news_tag nt, tag t
WHERE n.content_id = $id
      AND nt.news_id = n.content_id
      AND t.id = nt.tag_id;
```

Query	SELECT04
Description	Get trending news
Frequency	thousands per day


```

SELECT n.content_id, n.title, n.image, c.date, u.username, u.is_partner
FROM news n, content c, users u
WHERE n.content_id = c.id
      AND c.author_id = u.id
      AND u.is_deleted = 'false'
      AND u.is_banned = 'false'
ORDER BY n.trending_score DESC
LIMIT 25
OFFSET $offset;

```

Query	SELECT05
-------	----------

Description	Get all recent news
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Frequency	thousands per day
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```

SELECT n.content_id, n.title, n.image, c.nr_votes, n.nr_comments, c.body,
c.date, u.username, u.is_partner
FROM news n, content c, users u
WHERE n.content_id = c.id
      AND c.author_id = u.id
      AND u.is_deleted = 'false'
      AND u.is_banned = 'false'
ORDER BY c.date DESC
LIMIT 25
OFFSET $offset;

```

Query	SELECT06
-------	----------

Description	Get recent news from users I follow
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Frequency	thousands per day
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```

SELECT n.content_id, n.title, n.image, c.date, c.body, c.nr_votes, u.username,
u.is_partner
FROM news n, content c, users u
WHERE n.content_id = c.id
      AND c.author_id = u.id
      AND u.is_deleted = 'false'
      AND u.is_banned = 'false'
      AND c.author_id IN (SELECT f.users_id FROM follow f WHERE f.follower_id =
$my_users_id)
ORDER BY c.date DESC
LIMIT 25
OFFSET $offset;

```

Query	SELECT07
-------	----------

Query	SELECT07
Description	User Profile
Frequency	hundreds per day

```
SELECT u.username, u.description, u.photo, u.is_deleted, u.is_banned,
u.reputation, u.is_partner, u.is_moderator
FROM users u
WHERE u.id = $users_id;
```

Query	SELECT07
Description	See edit user profile page
Frequency	tens per day

```
SELECT u.username, u.description, u.photo, u.email, u.birthdate, u.gender,
u.is_deleted, u.is_banned, u.reputation, u.is_partner, u.is_moderator
FROM users u
WHERE u.id = $users_id;
```

Query	SELECT08
Description	User Posts by date
Frequency	hundreds per day

```
SELECT n.content_id, n.title, n.image, c.nr_votes, n.nr_comments, c.body,
c.date
FROM users u, content c, news n
WHERE u.id = $users_id
AND c.author_id = u.id
AND n.content_id = c.id
ORDER BY c.date DESC
LIMIT 25
OFFSET $offset;
```

Query	SELECT09
Description	User Posts by trending
Frequency	hundreds per day

```
SELECT n.content_id, n.title, n.image, c.nr_votes, n.nr_comments, c.body,
c.date
```

```

FROM users u, content c, news n
WHERE u.id = $users_id
      AND c.author_id = u.id
      AND n.content_id = c.id
ORDER BY n.trending_score DESC
LIMIT 25
OFFSET $offset;

```

Query	SELECT10
--------------	-----------------

Description	User Posts by nr_votes
--------------------	------------------------

Frequency	hundreds per day
------------------	------------------

```

SELECT n.content_id, n.title, n.image, c.nr_votes, n.nr_comments, c.body,
c.date
FROM users u, content c, news n
WHERE u.id = $users_id
      AND c.author_id = u.id
      AND n.content_id = c.id
ORDER BY c.nr_votes DESC
LIMIT 25
OFFSET $offset;

```

Query	SELECT11
--------------	-----------------

Description	Users I follow
--------------------	----------------

Frequency	tens per day
------------------	--------------

```

SELECT u.id, u.username, u.is_partner, u.photo, u.reputation, u.is_banned,
u.is_deleted
FROM users u
WHERE u.id IN (SELECT f.users_id FROM follow f WHERE f.follower_id =
$my_users_id);

```

Query	SELECT12
--------------	-----------------

Description	User notifications
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Frequency	millions per day
------------------	------------------

```

SELECT n.follower_id, n.is_new, n.creation_date
FROM follow_notification n
WHERE n.users_id = $my_users_id
ORDER BY n.is_new DESC, n.creation_date DESC;

```

```
SELECT n.voter_id, n.content_id, n.is_new, n.creation_date
FROM vote_notification n
WHERE n.author_id = $my_users_id
ORDER BY n.is_new DESC, n.creation_date DESC;
```

```
SELECT n.comment_id, n.is_new, n.creation_date
FROM comment_notification n
WHERE n.users_id = $my_users_id
ORDER BY n.is_new DESC, n.creation_date DESC;
```

Query	SELECT13
Description	Moderator notifications
Frequency	hundreds per day

```
SELECT r.id, r.from_id, r.moderator_id, r.reason, r.creation_date, r.status,
r.revision_date, ru.to_users_id, rc.to_content_id, ua.ban_id
FROM request r, report_users ru, report_content rc, unban_appeal ua,
partner_request pr
WHERE r.id = ru.request_id
      OR r.id = rc.request_id
      OR r.id = ua.request_id
      OR r.id = pr.request_id
ORDER BY r.revision_date DESC NULLS FIRST, r.creation_date DESC;
```

Query	SELECT14
Description	FAQ
Frequency	tens per day

```
SELECT *
FROM faq;
```

Query	SELECT15
Description	Search news
Frequency	thousands per day

```
SELECT n.content_id, n.title, n.image, c.nr_votes, n.nr_comments, c.body,
c.date, u.username, u.is_partner
FROM news n, content c, users u
WHERE n.search @@ websearch_to_tsquery('english', $search_term)
      AND n.content_id = c.id
      AND c.author_id = u.id
```

```

        AND u.is_deleted = 'false'
        AND u.is_banned = 'false'
ORDER BY ts_rank(n.search, websearch_to_tsquery('english', $search_term)) DESC
LIMIT 25
OFFSET $offset;

```

Query	SELECT16
Description	Search users
Frequency	hundreds per day

```

SELECT u.id, u.username, u.is_partner, u.photo, u.reputation
FROM users u
WHERE u.search @@ websearch_to_tsquery('simple', $search_term)
        AND u.is_deleted = 'false'
        AND u.is_banned = 'false'
ORDER BY ts_rank(u.search, websearch_to_tsquery('simple', $search_term)) DESC
LIMIT 25
OFFSET $offset;

```

1.3. Frequent Changes

Query	UPDATE01
Description	Update User Information
Frequency	dozens per day

```

UPDATE users,
SET username = $username, email = $email, description = $description, photo =
$photo, birthdate = $birthdate, gender = $gender
WHERE id = $id;

```

Query	UPDATE02
Description	Update User Password
Frequency	units per day

```

UPDATE users,
SET password = $password
WHERE id = $id;

```

Query	UPDATE03
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Query	UPDATE03
Description	Update News
Frequency	dozens per day

```
UPDATE news, content
SET news.title = $title, news.image = $image, content.body = $body
WHERE news.content_id = $content_id
AND news.content_id = content.id;
```

Query	UPDATE04
Description	Update Comment
Frequency	dozens per day

```
UPDATE content
SET body = $body
WHERE content.author_id = $id;
```

Query	UPDATE05
Description	Update FAQ
Frequency	units per month

```
UPDATE faq
SET question = $question, answer = $answer
WHERE id = $id;
```

Query	UPDATE06
Description	Update ban end_date
Frequency	units per month

```
UPDATE ban
SET end_date = $new_date
WHERE users_id = $id;
```

Query	UPDATE07
Description	Update request revision date

Query **UPDATE07****Frequency** units per month

```
UPDATE request
SET moderator_id = $my_id, status = $status, revision_date = NOW()
WHERE id = $request_id;
```

Query **UPDATE08****Description** See follow notification**Frequency** hundreds per day

```
UPDATE follow_notification
SET is_new = 'false'
WHERE follower_id = $follower_id AND users_id = $users_id;
```

Query **UPDATE09****Description** See vote notification**Frequency** thousands per day

```
UPDATE vote_notification
SET is_new = 'false'
WHERE voter_id = $voter_id AND content_id = $content_id AND author_id =
$author_id;
```

Query **UPDATE10****Description** See comment notification**Frequency** thousands per day

```
UPDATE comment_notification
SET is_new = 'false'
WHERE users_id = $users_id AND comment_id = $comment_id;
```

Query **UPDATE11****Description** Change delete attribute**Frequency** units per month

```
UPDATE users
SET is_deleted = NOT is_deleted
WHERE id = $id
```

Query	UPDATE12
Description	Change partner attribute
Frequency	units per month

```
UPDATE users
SET is_partner = NOT is_partner
WHERE id = $id
```

Query	UPDATE13
Description	Change moderator attribute
Frequency	units per year

```
UPDATE users
SET is_moderator = NOT is_moderator
WHERE id = $id
```

Query	INSERT01
Description	New User Registered
Frequency	units per day

```
INSERT INTO users
VALUES (NULL, $username, $email, $password, $description, $photo, $birthdate,
$gender, NULL, NULL, NULL, NULL, NULL, NULL);
```

Query	INSERT02
Description	Add Follow
Frequency	hundreds per day

```
INSERT INTO follow
VALUES ($follower_id, $users_id);
```


Query	INSERT03
Description	Add a Banned User
Frequency	units per week

```
INSERT INTO ban
VALUES (NULL, $users_id, $moderator_id, NULL, $end_date, $reason);
```

Query	INSERT04
Description	Add new Tag
Frequency	dozens per day

```
INSERT INTO tag
VALUES (NULL, $name);
```

Query	INSERT05
Description	Add a Tag to a News Post
Frequency	hundreads per day

```
INSERT INTO news_tag
VALUES ($news_id, $tags_id);
```

Query	INSERT06
Description	Vote
Frequency	thousands per day

```
INSERT INTO vote
VALUES ($users_id, $content_id, $value);
```

Query	INSERT07
Description	Add new FAQ question and answer
Frequency	units per month

```
INSERT INTO faq
VALUES (NULL, $question, $answer);
```

Query	DELETE01
Description	Unfollow
Frequency	tens per week

```
DELETE FROM follow
WHERE follower_id = $follower_id AND users_id = $users_id;
```

Query	DELETE02
Description	Delete Content (comment/news)
Frequency	tens per day

```
DELETE FROM content
WHERE id = $id;
```

Query	DELETE03
Description	Remove tag from a news post
Frequency	tens per day

```
DELETE FROM news_tag
WHERE news_id = $news_id AND tag_id = $tag_id;
```

Query	DELETE04
Description	Remove Vote
Frequency	tens per day

```
DELETE FROM vote
WHERE users_id = $users_id AND content_id = $content_id;
```

Query	DELETE05
Description	Delete FAQ Question and Answer
Frequency	tens per year

```
DELETE FROM faq
WHERE id = $id;
```

Query	DELETE06
Description	Delete follow notification
Frequency	tens per day

```
DELETE FROM follow_notification
WHERE follower_id = $follower_id AND users_id = $users_id;
```

Query	DELETE07
Description	Delete vote notification
Frequency	tens per day

```
DELETE FROM vote_notification
WHERE voter_id = $voter_id AND content_id = $content_id AND author_id =
$author_id;
```

Query	DELETE08
Description	Delete comment notification
Frequency	tens per day

```
DELETE FROM comment_notification
WHERE users_id = $users_id AND comment_id = $comment_id;
```

2. Proposed Indices

2.1. Performance Indices

Index	IDX01
Related queries	SELECT04, SELECT05, SELECT06
Relation	users
Attribute	is_banned
Type	Hash

Index	IDX01
Clustering	Yes
Justification	Query SELECT04, SELECT05 and SELECT06 get several posts but only need to get the posts that are from users that haven't been banned or deleted; cardinality is low because that are only 2 values for each column; since the cardinality is low, it's a good candidate for clustering
<pre>CREATE INDEX is_banned_idx ON users USING hash(is_banned);</pre>	

Index	IDX02
Related queries	SELECT04, SELECT05, SELECT06
Relation	users
Attribute	is_deleted
Type	Hash
Clustering	Yes
Justification	Query SELECT04, SELECT05 and SELECT06 get several posts but only need to get the posts that are from users that haven't been banned or deleted; cardinality is low because that are only 2 values for each column; since the cardinality is low, it's a good candidate for clustering
<pre>CREATE INDEX is_deleted_idx ON users USING hash(is_deleted);</pre>	

Index	IDX03
Related queries	SELECT04, SELECT09
Relation	news
Attribute	trending_score
Type	Hash
Clustering	Yes
Justification	To allow searching the first 25 news of a certain trending score that have the trending score lower than a certain value faster; It's B-tree and clustered to allow for quick range queries. The cardinality is high since the trending_score is an integer and can get really low/large values.

```
CREATE INDEX trending_score_idx ON news USING btree(trending_score);
```

Index	IDX04
Related queries	SELECT05, SELECT08
Relation	content
Attribute	date
Type	Hash
Clustering	Yes
Justification	To allow searching the first 25 news of a certain date that have the date lower than a certain value faster; It's B-tree and clustered to allow for quick range queries. The cardinality is high since the date can have multiple values.

```
CREATE INDEX content_date_idx ON content USING btree(date);
```

Index	IDX05
Related queries	SELECT10
Relation	content
Attribute	vote
Type	Hash
Clustering	Yes
Justification	To allow searching the first 25 news with a certain amount of votes that have the number of votes lower than a certain value faster; It's B-tree and clustered to allow for quick range queries. The cardinality is high since the vote is an integer and can get really low/large values.

```
CREATE INDEX content_vote_idx ON content USING btree(nr_votes);
```

Index	IDX06
Related queries	SELECT01, SELECT02, SELECT05, SELECT06, SELECT08, SELECT09, SELECT10, SELECT15
Relation	content

Index	IDX06
Attribute	author_id
Type	Hash
Clustering	Yes
Justification	The attribute author_id is used in multiple queries, so it's a good candidate for the creation of an index. Cardinality is medium and since an author can have multiple contents, it's a good candidate for clustering.

```
CREATE INDEX content_author_idx ON content USING hash(author_id);
```

2.2. Full-text Search Indices

The system being developed must provide full-text search features supported by PostgreSQL. Thus, it is necessary to specify the fields where full-text search will be available and the associated setup, namely all necessary configurations, indexes definitions and other relevant details.

Index	IDX07
Related queries	SELECT01, ...
Relation	news
Attribute	title
Type	GIST
Clustering	No
Justification	Used to improve performance of full text searches when searching for news, gist because news is dynamic data

```
ALTER TABLE news ADD COLUMN search TSVECTOR;
CREATE INDEX search_news_idx ON news USING GIST (search);
```

Index	IDX08
Related queries	SELECT01, ...
Relation	users
Attribute	username
Type	GIN

Index	IDX08
Clustering	No
Justification	Used to improve performance of full text searches when searching for users, gin because users data is rarely changed.

```
ALTER TABLE users ADD COLUMN search TSVECTOR;
CREATE INDEX search_users_idx ON users USING GIN (search);
```

3. Triggers

Trigger	TRIGGER01
Description	Ensure that only moderators can approve / reject requests
Justification	A normal user can't be able to approve/reject requests, it's an action that can only be done by moderators, so a trigger is needed to check if the current user is a moderator

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION action_is_from_moderator() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$BODY$
    BEGIN
        IF NOT (SELECT is_moderator FROM users WHERE users.id =
new.moderator_id) THEN
            RAISE EXCEPTION 'There must be a moderator to update a request
status.';
        END IF;
        RETURN NEW;
    END
$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

CREATE TRIGGER trigger_is_from_moderator
BEFORE UPDATE OF status ON request
FOR EACH ROW
EXECUTE PROCEDURE action_is_from_moderator();
```

Trigger	TRIGGER02
Description	A user cannot follow himself
Justification	A user cannot be able to follow himself, so a trigger is needed to verify if the current user is trying to follow himself.

```
DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS follow_self() CASCADE;
DROP TRIGGER IF EXISTS follow_self ON follow;
```

```

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION follow_self() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$BODY$
BEGIN
    IF NEW.follower_id=NEW.users_id THEN
        RAISE EXCEPTION 'A user cannot follow himself';
    END IF;
    RETURN New;
END
$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

CREATE TRIGGER follow_self
BEFORE INSERT ON follow
FOR EACH ROW
EXECUTE PROCEDURE follow_self();

```

Trigger	TRIGGER03
Description	An Authenticated User can only receive a maximum of 5 points per day related to voting on other user's news/comments.
Justification	Since a user can only receive a maximum of 5 points per day related to voting on other user's news/comments, a trigger is needed to verify the current number of votes done in one day

```

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION maximum_rep_day() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$BODY$
BEGIN
    IF CURRENT_DATE = (SELECT last_day_of_vote FROM users u WHERE new.users_id
= u.id) THEN
        IF 5 > (SELECT count_last_day_rep FROM users u WHERE new.users_id =
u.id) THEN
            UPDATE users u
            SET count_last_day_rep = count_last_day_rep + 1,
                reputation = reputation + 1
            WHERE new.users_id = u.id;
        END IF;
    ELSE
        UPDATE users u
        SET last_day_of_vote = CURRENT_DATE,
            count_last_day_rep = 1,
            reputation = reputation + 1
        WHERE new.users_id = u.id;
    END IF;
    RETURN New;
END
$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

CREATE TRIGGER maximum_rep_day

```



```
BEFORE INSERT ON vote
FOR EACH ROW
EXECUTE PROCEDURE maximum_rep_day();
```

Trigger	TRIGGER04
Description	The minimum age for a user to be registers is 13 years old
Justification	A used can't create an account in our website when his age is lower than 13 years old, so a trigger is needed to verify when creating an account or updating the account information if the birthdate given guarantees that the user is at least 13 years old.

```
DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS minimum_age() CASCADE;
DROP TRIGGER IF EXISTS minimum_age ON users;

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION minimum_age() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$BODY$
BEGIN
    IF New.birthdate >= now() - INTERVAL '13 years'
        THEN RAISE EXCEPTION 'A User must be at least 13 years old';
    END IF;
    RETURN New;
END
$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

CREATE TRIGGER minimum_age
BEFORE INSERT OR UPDATE ON users
FOR EACH ROW
EXECUTE PROCEDURE minimum_age();
```

Trigger	TRIGGER05
Description	An Authenticated User can't vote on his own news/comments.
Justification	An Authenticated User can't vote on his own news/comments, so a trigger is needed to verify if the current user is trying to vote on news/comments posted by himself.

```
DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS vote_self() CASCADE;
DROP TRIGGER IF EXISTS vote_self ON vote;

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION vote_self() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$BODY$
BEGIN
    IF new.users_id = (SELECT author_id FROM content WHERE new.content_id =
content.id) THEN
        RAISE EXCEPTION 'A user cannot vote in his own content';
    END IF;
```

```

        RETURN new;
    END
    $BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

CREATE TRIGGER vote_self
    BEFORE INSERT ON vote
    FOR EACH ROW
    EXECUTE PROCEDURE vote_self();

```

Trigger	TRIGGER06
Description	Deal with Request
Justification	A trigger is needed to deal with the approved requests to change the information about a certain user or a certain content.

```

DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS deal_with_request() CASCADE;
DROP TRIGGER IF EXISTS deal_with_request ON request;

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION deal_with_request() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
    $BODY$
    BEGIN
        IF new.status='approved' THEN
            -- PARTNER REQUEST
            IF EXISTS (SELECT * FROM partner_request, content WHERE
new.id=request_id AND content.id=to_content_id) THEN
                UPDATE users SET is_partner=true where new.from_id=users.id;
            -- REPORT CONTENT REQUEST
            ELSIF EXISTS (SELECT * FROM report_content, content WHERE
new.id=request_id AND content.id=to_content_id) THEN
                DELETE FROM content WHERE content.id=to_content_id;
            -- TRANSACTION TO DELETE COMMENT/NEWS
            -- UNBAN APPEAL REQUEST
            ELSIF EXISTS (SELECT * FROM unban_appeal, users WHERE new.id=request_id
AND users.id=new.from_id) THEN
                UPDATE users SET is_banned=false WHERE new.from_id=users.id;
                IF EXISTS (SELECT * FROM ban WHERE ban.id=ban_id) THEN
                    UPDATE ban SET end_date=NOW() WHERE ban.id=new.ban_id;
                END IF;
            END IF;
            new.revision_date=NOW();
        END IF;
        RETURN new;
    END
    $BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

CREATE TRIGGER deal_with_request
    AFTER UPDATE ON request
    FOR EACH ROW

```

```
EXECUTE PROCEDURE deal_with_request();
```

Trigger	TRIGGER07
Description	Increase Number of Comments in a News Post
Justification	A trigger is needed to increase the number of comments in a news post when a new comment is added.

```
DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS increase_comments() CASCADE;
DROP TRIGGER IF EXISTS increase_comments ON comment;

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION increase_comments() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$BODY$
BEGIN
    UPDATE news SET nr_comments = news.nr_comments + 1
    WHERE new.news_id=news.content_id;
    RETURN new;
END

$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

CREATE TRIGGER increase_comments
AFTER INSERT ON comment
FOR EACH ROW
EXECUTE PROCEDURE increase_comments();
```

Trigger	TRIGGER08
Description	Decrease Number of Comments in a News Post
Justification	A trigger is needed to decrease the number of comments in a news post when comment is deleted.

```
DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS decrease_comments() CASCADE;
DROP TRIGGER IF EXISTS decrease_comments ON comment;

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION decrease_comments() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$BODY$
BEGIN
    UPDATE news SET news.nr_comment = news.nr_comments - 1
    WHERE old.news_id=news.content_id;
    RETURN old;
END

$BODY$
```

```

LANGUAGE plpgsql;

CREATE TRIGGER decrease_comments
  AFTER DELETE ON comment
  FOR EACH ROW
  EXECUTE PROCEDURE decrease_comments();

```

Trigger	TRIGGER09
Description	Increase Trending Score and Number of Votes with a Vote
Justification	A trigger is needed to increase the trending score and the number of votes in a certain content when when a user upvotes it.

```

DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS increase_ts_and_votes() CASCADE;
DROP TRIGGER IF EXISTS increase_ts_and_votes ON vote;

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION increase_ts_and_votes() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$BODY$
BEGIN
  UPDATE news
  SET trending_score = trending_score + new.value
  WHERE news.content_id=new.content_id;

  UPDATE content
  SET nr_votes = nr_votes + new.value
  WHERE content.id=new.content_id;

  RETURN new;
END

$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

CREATE TRIGGER increase_ts_and_votes
  AFTER INSERT ON vote
  FOR EACH ROW
  EXECUTE PROCEDURE increase_ts_and_votes();

```

Trigger	TRIGGER10
Description	Decrease Trending Score and Number of Votes with a Vote
Justification	A trigger is needed to decrease the trending score and the number of votes in a certain content when when a user downvotes it.

```

DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS decrease_ts_and_votes() CASCADE;
DROP TRIGGER IF EXISTS decrease_ts_and_votes ON vote;

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION decrease_ts_and_votes() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$BODY$
BEGIN
    UPDATE news
    SET trending_score = news.trending_score - old.value
    WHERE old.content_id=news.content_id ;

    UPDATE news
    SET nr_votes = nr_votes - old.value
    WHERE old.content_id=news.content_id ;

    UPDATE users
    SET reputation = reputation - 1
    WHERE new.users_id = users.id;

    RETURN old;
END
$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

CREATE TRIGGER decrease_ts_and_votes
AFTER DELETE ON vote
FOR EACH ROW
EXECUTE PROCEDURE decrease_ts_and_votes();

```

Trigger	TRIGGER11
Description	Create Follow Notification
Justification	A trigger is needed to create a new follow notification when an user starts following another.

```

DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS create_follow_notification() CASCADE;
DROP TRIGGER IF EXISTS create_follow_notification ON follow;

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION create_follow_notification() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$BODY$
BEGIN
    INSERT INTO follow_notification
    VALUES (new.follower_id, new.users_id, true, now());

    RETURN new;
END
$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

CREATE TRIGGER create_follow_notification

```

```
AFTER INSERT ON follow
FOR EACH ROW
EXECUTE PROCEDURE create_follow_notification();
```

Trigger	TRIGGER12
Description	Create Vote Notification
Justification	A trigger is needed to create a new vote notification when an user upvotes a certain content from another user.

```
DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS create_vote_notification() CASCADE;
DROP TRIGGER IF EXISTS create_vote_notification ON vote;

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION create_vote_notification() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$BODY$
BEGIN
    INSERT INTO vote_notification
        SELECT new.users_id, c.id, c.author_id, true, now()
        FROM content c
        WHERE new.content_id = c.id;
    RETURN new;
END
$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

CREATE TRIGGER create_vote_notification
AFTER INSERT ON vote
FOR EACH ROW
EXECUTE PROCEDURE create_vote_notification();
```

Trigger	TRIGGER13
Description	Create Comment Notification
Justification	A trigger is needed to create a new comment notification when an user comments a certain content from another user.

```
DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS create_comment_notification() CASCADE;
DROP TRIGGER IF EXISTS create_comment_notification ON comment;

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION create_comment_notification() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$BODY$
BEGIN
    INSERT INTO comment_notification
        SELECT news.author_id, NEW.content_id, true, now()
        FROM content news
```

```

        WHERE NEW.news_id = news.id;

    IF NEW.reply_to_id <> NULL THEN
        INSERT INTO comment_notification VALUES (NEW.reply_to_id,
NEW.content_id, true, now());
    END IF;
    RETURN new;
END
$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

CREATE TRIGGER create_comment_notification
AFTER INSERT ON comment
FOR EACH ROW
EXECUTE PROCEDURE create_comment_notification();

```

Trigger	TRIGGER14
Description	Update TSVECTOR (News)
Justification	A trigger is needed to update the TSVECTOR when a news post is added or updated, so when searching, the information shown is in sync with the changes.

```

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION news_search_update() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$BODY$
    DECLARE news_body TEXT = (SELECT c.body FROM content c WHERE c.id =
new.content_id);
    BEGIN
        IF TG_OP = 'INSERT' THEN
            NEW.search =
                setweight(to_tsvector(coalesce(NEW.title, '')), 'A') ||
                setweight(to_tsvector(coalesce(news_body, '')), 'B');
        END IF;
        IF TG_OP = 'UPDATE' THEN
            IF NEW.title <> OLD.title THEN
                NEW.search =
                    setweight(to_tsvector(coalesce(NEW.title, '')), 'A') ||
                    setweight(to_tsvector(coalesce(news_body, '')), 'B');
            END IF;
        END IF;

        RETURN NEW;
    END
$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

CREATE TRIGGER news_search_update
BEFORE INSERT OR UPDATE ON news
FOR EACH ROW
EXECUTE PROCEDURE news_search_update();

```

Trigger	TRIGGER15
Description	Update TSVECTOR (News)
Justification	A trigger is needed to update the TSVECTOR when the body of a news post is edited, so when searching, the information shown is in sync with the changes.

```

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION news_body_search_update() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$BODY$
  DECLARE news_title TEXT = (SELECT title FROM news WHERE news.content_id =
new.id);
  BEGIN
    IF news_title not NULL THEN
      IF NEW.body <> OLD.body THEN
        NEW.search =
          setweight(to_tsvector(coalesce(news_title, '')), 'A') ||
          setweight(to_tsvector(coalesce(NEW.body, '')), 'B');
      END IF;
    END IF;

    RETURN NEW;
  END
$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

CREATE TRIGGER news_body_search_update
  BEFORE UPDATE ON content
  FOR EACH ROW
  EXECUTE PROCEDURE news_body_search_update();

```

Trigger	TRIGGER16
Description	Update TSVECTOR (Users)
Justification	A trigger is needed to update the TSVECTOR when a user is added or edited, so when searching, the information shown is in sync with the changes.

```

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION users_search_update() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$BODY$
  BEGIN
    IF TG_OP = 'INSERT' THEN
      NEW.search =
        setweight(to_tsvector(coalesce(NEW.username, '')), 'A') ||
        setweight(to_tsvector(coalesce(NEW.description, '')), 'B');
    END IF;
    IF TG_OP = 'UPDATE' THEN
      IF NEW.username <> OLD.username OR NEW.description <> OLD.description
    THEN

```



```

        NEW.search =
            setweight(to_tsvector(coalesce(NEW.username, '')), 'A') ||
            setweight(to_tsvector(coalesce(NEW.description, '')), 'B');
    END IF;
END IF;

RETURN NEW;
END
$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

CREATE TRIGGER cnews_search_update
BEFORE INSERT OR UPDATE ON users
FOR EACH ROW
EXECUTE PROCEDURE users_search_update();

```

4. Transactions

T01	Insert new News Post
Justification	In order to maintain content consistency, we use a transaction to ensure that there are no multiple contents being inserted at the same time. If an error occurs, a ROLLBACK is issued.
Isolation level	Repeatable read.

```

BEGIN TRANSACTION;
SET TRANSACTION ISOLATION LEVEL REPEATABLE READ;

-- Create News' Content
INSERT INTO content (author_id, body, date, nr_votes)
VALUES ($author_id, $body, $date, $nr_votes);

-- Create News
INSERT INTO news (content_id, title, image, trending_score)
VALUES (currval('content_id_seq'), $title, $image, $trending_score);

COMMIT;

```

T02	Insert new Comment
Justification	In order to maintain content consistency, we use a transaction to ensure that there are no multiple contents being inserted at the same time. If an error occurs, a ROLLBACK is issued.
Isolation level	Repeatable read.

```

BEGIN TRANSACTION;
SET TRANSACTION ISOLATION LEVEL REPEATABLE READ;

-- Create News' Content
INSERT INTO content (author_id, body, date, nr_votes)
VALUES ($author_id, $body, $date, $nr_votes);

-- Create Comment
INSERT INTO comment (content_id, news_id, reply_to_id)
VALUES (currval('content_id_seq'), $news_id, $reply_to_id);

-- Update number of comments
UPDATE content SET content.nr_comments=content.nr_comments+1;
WHERE content.id=$reply_to_id;

COMMIT;

```

T03 Insert new Report User

Justification In order to maintain requests consistency, we use a transaction to ensure that there are no multiple requests being inserted at the same time. If an error occurs, a ROLLBACK is issued.

Isolation level Repeatable read.

```

BEGIN TRANSACTION;
SET TRANSACTION ISOLATION LEVEL REPEATABLE READ;

-- Create Request
INSERT INTO request (from_id, moderator_id, reason, creation_date, status,
revision_date)
VALUES ($from_id, $moderator_id, $reason, $creation_date, $status,
$revision_date);

-- Create new Report User
INSERT INTO report_users (request_id, to_users_id)
VALUES (currval('request_id_seq'), $to_users_id);

COMMIT;

```

T04 Insert new Report Content

Justification In order to maintain requests consistency, we use a transaction to ensure that there are no multiple requests being inserted at the same time. If an error occurs, a ROLLBACK is issued.

Isolation level Repeatable read.

```
BEGIN TRANSACTION;
SET TRANSACTION ISOLATION LEVEL REPEATABLE READ;

-- Create Request
INSERT INTO request (from_id, moderator_id, reason, creation_date, status,
revision_date)
VALUES ($from_id, $moderator_id, $reason, $creation_date, $status,
$revision_date);

-- Create new Report Content
INSERT INTO report_content (request_id, to_content_id)
VALUES (currval('request_id_seq'), $to_content_id);

COMMIT;
```

T05	Insert new Partner Request
Justification	In order to maintain requests consistency, we use a transaction to ensure that there are no multiple requests being inserted at the same time. If an error occurs, a ROLLBACK is issued.
Isolation level	Repeatable read.

```
BEGIN TRANSACTION;
SET TRANSACTION ISOLATION LEVEL REPEATABLE READ;

-- Create Request
INSERT INTO request (from_id, moderator_id, reason, creation_date, status,
revision_date)
VALUES ($from_id, $moderator_id, $reason, $creation_date, $status,
$revision_date);

-- Create new Partner request
INSERT INTO partner_request (request_id)
VALUES (currval('request_id_seq'));

COMMIT;
```

T06	Insert new Unban Appeal
Justification	In order to maintain requests consistency, we use a transaction to ensure that there are no multiple requests being inserted at the same time. If an error occurs, a ROLLBACK is issued.
Isolation level	Repeatable read.

```

BEGIN TRANSACTION;
SET TRANSACTION ISOLATION LEVEL REPEATABLE READ;

-- Create Request
INSERT INTO request (from_id, moderator_id, reason, creation_date, status,
revision_date)
VALUES ($from_id, $moderator_id, $reason, $creation_date, $status,
$revision_date);

-- Create new Unban appeal
INSERT INTO unban_appeal (request_id, ban_id)
VALUES (currval('request_id_seq'), $ban_id);

COMMIT;

```

Annex A. SQL Code

A.1. Database schema

```

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS faq CASCADE;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS comment_notification CASCADE;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS vote_notification CASCADE;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS follow_notification CASCADE;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS vote CASCADE;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS unban_appeal CASCADE;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS partner_request CASCADE;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS report_content CASCADE;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS report_users CASCADE;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS request CASCADE;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS news_tag CASCADE;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS news CASCADE;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS tag CASCADE;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS ban CASCADE;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS content CASCADE;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS comment CASCADE;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS follow CASCADE;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS users CASCADE;

DROP TYPE IF EXISTS GENDER_TYPE CASCADE;
DROP TYPE IF EXISTS STATUS_TYPE CASCADE;

CREATE TYPE GENDER_TYPE AS ENUM('m', 'f', 'n');
CREATE TYPE STATUS_TYPE AS ENUM('approved', 'rejected');

CREATE TABLE users(
    id INTEGER GENERATED ALWAYS AS IDENTITY (START WITH 1 INCREMENT BY 1),
    username VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL UNIQUE,
    email TEXT NOT NULL UNIQUE,
    password TEXT NOT NULL,
    description TEXT,

```

```

photo TEXT,
birthdate DATE NOT NULL, /* add trigger to check age > 13 */
gender GENDER_TYPE NOT NULL,
reputation INTEGER NOT NULL DEFAULT 0 CHECK (reputation >=0),
last_day_of_vote DATE,
count_last_day_rep INTEGER DEFAULT 0,
is_moderator BOOLEAN NOT NULL DEFAULT false,
is_partner BOOLEAN NOT NULL DEFAULT false,
is_banned BOOLEAN NOT NULL DEFAULT false,
is_deleted BOOLEAN NOT NULL DEFAULT false,
PRIMARY KEY(id)
);

CREATE TABLE follow(
  follower_id INTEGER NOT NULL,
  users_id INTEGER NOT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY(follower_id, users_id),
  CONSTRAINT fk_follower_id
    FOREIGN KEY(follower_id)
      REFERENCES users (id)
      ON DELETE CASCADE,
  CONSTRAINT fk_users_id
    FOREIGN KEY(users_id)
      REFERENCES users (id)
      ON DELETE CASCADE
);

CREATE TABLE ban(
  id INTEGER GENERATED ALWAYS AS IDENTITY (START WITH 1 INCREMENT BY 1),
  users_id INTEGER NOT NULL,
  moderator_id INTEGER NOT NULL, /*CHECK users.is_moderator == true with
triggers*/
  start_date TIMESTAMP WITH TIME ZONE DEFAULT now() NOT NULL,
  end_date TIMESTAMP WITH TIME ZONE DEFAULT NULL CHECK (end_date > start_date),
  reason TEXT NOT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY(id),
  CONSTRAINT fk_moderator_id
    FOREIGN KEY(moderator_id)
      REFERENCES users (id)
      ON DELETE CASCADE,
  CONSTRAINT fk_users_id
    FOREIGN KEY(users_id)
      REFERENCES users (id)
      ON DELETE CASCADE
);

CREATE TABLE content (
  id INTEGER GENERATED ALWAYS AS IDENTITY (START WITH 1 INCREMENT BY 1),
  author_id INTEGER NOT NULL,
  body TEXT NOT NULL,
  date TIMESTAMP WITH TIME ZONE DEFAULT now() NOT NULL,
  nr_votes INTEGER NOT NULL DEFAULT 0,
  PRIMARY KEY(id),

```

```
        CONSTRAINT fk_author_id
            FOREIGN KEY(author_id)
                REFERENCES users (id)
            ON DELETE CASCADE
    );

CREATE TABLE tag (
    id INTEGER GENERATED ALWAYS AS IDENTITY (START WITH 1 INCREMENT BY 1),
    name VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL UNIQUE,
    PRIMARY KEY(id)
);

CREATE TABLE news (
    content_id INTEGER NOT NULL,
    title TEXT NOT NULL,
    image TEXT,
    trending_score INTEGER NOT NULL CHECK (trending_score >= 0),
    nr_comments INTEGER NOT NULL DEFAULT 0,
    PRIMARY KEY(content_id),
    CONSTRAINT fk_content_id
        FOREIGN KEY(content_id)
            REFERENCES content (id)
        ON DELETE CASCADE
);

CREATE TABLE news_tag (
    news_id INTEGER,
    tag_id INTEGER,
    PRIMARY KEY(news_id, tag_id),
    CONSTRAINT fk_news_id
        FOREIGN KEY(news_id)
            REFERENCES news (content_id)
        ON DELETE CASCADE,
    CONSTRAINT fk_tag_id
        FOREIGN KEY(tag_id)
            REFERENCES tag (id)
        ON DELETE CASCADE
);

CREATE TABLE comment (
    content_id INTEGER NOT NULL,
    news_id INTEGER NOT NULL,
    reply_to_id INTEGER,
    PRIMARY KEY(content_id),
    CONSTRAINT fk_content_id
        FOREIGN KEY(content_id)
            REFERENCES content (id)
        ON DELETE CASCADE,
    CONSTRAINT fk_news_id
        FOREIGN KEY(news_id)
            REFERENCES news (content_id)
        ON DELETE CASCADE,
    CONSTRAINT fk_reply_to_id
```

```

        FOREIGN KEY(reply_to_id)
            REFERENCES comment (content_id)
            ON DELETE CASCADE
    );

CREATE TABLE request (
    id INTEGER GENERATED ALWAYS AS IDENTITY (START WITH 1 INCREMENT BY 1),
    from_id INTEGER NOT NULL,
    moderator_id INTEGER, /* CHECK moderator_id.is_moderator == true WITH
TRIGGERS*/
    reason TEXT NOT NULL,
    creation_date TIMESTAMP WITH TIME ZONE DEFAULT now() NOT NULL,
    status STATUS_TYPE,
    revision_date TIMESTAMP WITH TIME ZONE CHECK (revision_date > creation_date),
    PRIMARY KEY(id),
    CONSTRAINT fk_from_id
        FOREIGN KEY(from_id)
            REFERENCES users (id)
            ON DELETE CASCADE,
    CONSTRAINT fk_moderator_id
        FOREIGN KEY(moderator_id)
            REFERENCES users (id)
            ON DELETE CASCADE
);

CREATE TABLE report_users (
    request_id INTEGER NOT NULL,
    to_users_id INTEGER NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY(request_id),
    CONSTRAINT fk_request_id
        FOREIGN KEY(request_id)
            REFERENCES request (id)
            ON DELETE CASCADE,
    CONSTRAINT fk_to_users_id
        FOREIGN KEY(to_users_id)
            REFERENCES users (id)
            ON DELETE CASCADE
);

CREATE TABLE report_content (
    request_id INTEGER NOT NULL,
    to_content_id INTEGER NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY(request_id),
    CONSTRAINT fk_request_id
        FOREIGN KEY(request_id)
            REFERENCES request (id)
            ON DELETE CASCADE,
    CONSTRAINT fk_to_content_id
        FOREIGN KEY(to_content_id)
            REFERENCES content (id)
            ON DELETE SET NULL
);

CREATE TABLE partner_request (

```

```
request_id INTEGER NOT NULL,  
PRIMARY KEY(request_id),  
CONSTRAINT fk_request_id  
    FOREIGN KEY(request_id)  
        REFERENCES request (id)  
        ON DELETE CASCADE  
);  
  
CREATE TABLE unban_appeal (  
    request_id INTEGER NOT NULL,  
    ban_id INTEGER NOT NULL,  
    PRIMARY KEY(request_id),  
    CONSTRAINT fk_request_id  
        FOREIGN KEY(request_id)  
            REFERENCES request (id)  
            ON DELETE CASCADE,  
    CONSTRAINT fk_ban_id  
        FOREIGN KEY(ban_id)  
            REFERENCES ban (id)  
            ON DELETE CASCADE  
);  
  
CREATE TABLE vote (  
    users_id INTEGER,  
    content_id INTEGER, /*CHECK content.author_id != users_id */  
    value INTEGER NOT NULL,  
    PRIMARY KEY(users_id, content_id),  
    CONSTRAINT fk_users_id  
        FOREIGN KEY(users_id)  
            REFERENCES users (id)  
            ON DELETE CASCADE,  
    CONSTRAINT fk_content_id  
        FOREIGN KEY(content_id)  
            REFERENCES content (id)  
            ON DELETE CASCADE  
);  
  
CREATE TABLE follow_notification (  
    follower_id INTEGER,  
    users_id INTEGER,  
    is_new BOOLEAN NOT NULL DEFAULT true,  
    creation_date TIMESTAMP WITH TIME ZONE DEFAULT now() NOT NULL,  
    PRIMARY KEY(follower_id, users_id),  
    CONSTRAINT fk_follower_id  
        FOREIGN KEY(follower_id)  
            REFERENCES users (id)  
            ON DELETE CASCADE,  
    CONSTRAINT fk_users_id  
        FOREIGN KEY(users_id)  
            REFERENCES users (id)  
            ON DELETE CASCADE  
);  
  
CREATE TABLE vote_notification (  

```



```

voter_id INTEGER,
content_id INTEGER,
author_id INTEGER,
is_new BOOLEAN NOT NULL DEFAULT true,
creation_date TIMESTAMP WITH TIME ZONE DEFAULT now() NOT NULL,
PRIMARY KEY(voter_id, content_id, author_id),
CONSTRAINT fk_voter_id
    FOREIGN KEY(voter_id)
        REFERENCES users (id)
        ON DELETE CASCADE,
CONSTRAINT fk_content_id
    FOREIGN KEY(content_id)
        REFERENCES content (id)
        ON DELETE CASCADE,
CONSTRAINT fk_author_id
    FOREIGN KEY(author_id)
        REFERENCES users (id)
        ON DELETE CASCADE
);

CREATE TABLE comment_notification (
    users_id INTEGER,
    comment_id INTEGER,
    is_new BOOLEAN NOT NULL DEFAULT true,
    creation_date TIMESTAMP WITH TIME ZONE DEFAULT now() NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY(users_id, comment_id),
    CONSTRAINT fk_users_id
        FOREIGN KEY(users_id)
            REFERENCES users (id)
            ON DELETE CASCADE,
    CONSTRAINT fk_comment_id
        FOREIGN KEY(comment_id)
            REFERENCES comment (content_id)
            ON DELETE CASCADE
);

CREATE TABLE faq (
    id INTEGER GENERATED ALWAYS AS IDENTITY (START WITH 1 INCREMENT BY 1),
    question TEXT NOT NULL UNIQUE,
    answer TEXT NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY(id)
);

/**
 * Indices
 */
DROP INDEX IF EXISTS is_banned_idx;
DROP INDEX IF EXISTS is_deleted_idx;
DROP INDEX IF EXISTS trending_score_idx;
DROP INDEX IF EXISTS content_date_idx;
DROP INDEX IF EXISTS content_vote_idx;
DROP INDEX IF EXISTS search_users_idx;
DROP INDEX IF EXISTS content_author_idx;

```

```

CREATE INDEX is_banned_idx ON users USING hash(is_banned);
CREATE INDEX is_deleted_idx ON users USING hash(is_deleted);
CREATE INDEX trending_score_idx ON news USING btree(trending_score);
CREATE INDEX content_date_idx ON content USING btree(date);
CREATE INDEX content_vote_idx ON content USING btree(nr_votes);
CREATE INDEX content_author_idx ON content USING hash(author_id);

ALTER TABLE news ADD COLUMN search TSVECTOR;
CREATE INDEX search_news_idx ON news USING GIST (search);
ALTER TABLE users ADD COLUMN search TSVECTOR;
CREATE INDEX search_users_idx ON users USING GIN (search);

/**
 * Triggers
 */

--Trigger 1 - Ensure that only moderators can approve / reject requests
DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS action_is_from_moderator() CASCADE;
DROP TRIGGER IF EXISTS trigger_is_from_moderator ON request;

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION action_is_from_moderator() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$BODY$
    BEGIN
        IF NOT (SELECT is_moderator FROM users WHERE users.id =
new.moderator_id) THEN
            RAISE EXCEPTION 'There must be a moderator to update a request
status.';
        END IF;
        RETURN NEW;
    END
$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

CREATE TRIGGER trigger_is_from_moderator
BEFORE UPDATE OF status ON request
FOR EACH ROW
EXECUTE PROCEDURE action_is_from_moderator();

--Trigger 2 - A user cannot follow himself
DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS follow_self() CASCADE;
DROP TRIGGER IF EXISTS follow_self ON follow;

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION follow_self() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$BODY$
    BEGIN
        IF NEW.follower_id = NEW.users_id THEN
            RAISE EXCEPTION 'An user cannot follow himself';
        END IF;
        RETURN New;
    END
$BODY$

```

```

LANGUAGE plpgsql;

CREATE TRIGGER follow_self
    BEFORE INSERT ON follow
    FOR EACH ROW
    EXECUTE PROCEDURE follow_self();

--Trigger 3 - Maximum of 5 reputation points per day from voting
DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS maximum_rep_day() CASCADE;
DROP TRIGGER IF EXISTS maximum_rep_day ON vote;

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION maximum_rep_day() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$BODY$
BEGIN
    IF CURRENT_DATE = (SELECT last_day_of_vote FROM users u WHERE new.users_id
= u.id) THEN
        IF 5 > (SELECT count_last_day_rep FROM users u WHERE new.users_id =
u.id) THEN
            UPDATE users u
            SET count_last_day_rep = count_last_day_rep + 1,
                reputation = reputation + 1
            WHERE new.users_id = u.id;
        END IF;
    ELSE
        UPDATE users u
        SET last_day_of_vote = CURRENT_DATE,
            count_last_day_rep = 1,
            reputation = reputation + 1
        WHERE new.users_id = u.id;
    END IF;
    RETURN New;
END
$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

CREATE TRIGGER maximum_rep_day
    BEFORE INSERT ON vote
    FOR EACH ROW
    EXECUTE PROCEDURE maximum_rep_day();

--Trigger 4 - The minimum age for a user to be registers is 13 years old
DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS minimum_age() CASCADE;
DROP TRIGGER IF EXISTS minimum_age ON users;

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION minimum_age() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$BODY$
BEGIN
    IF New.birthdate >= now() - INTERVAL '13 years'
    THEN RAISE EXCEPTION 'A User must be at least 13 years old';
    END IF;
    RETURN New;
END
$BODY$

```

```

LANGUAGE plpgsql;

CREATE TRIGGER minimum_age
    BEFORE INSERT OR UPDATE ON users
    FOR EACH ROW
    EXECUTE PROCEDURE minimum_age();

--Trigger 5 - An Authenticated User can't vote on his own news/comments
DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS vote_self() CASCADE;
DROP TRIGGER IF EXISTS vote_self ON vote;

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION vote_self() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$BODY$
BEGIN
    IF new.users_id = (SELECT author_id FROM content WHERE new.content_id =
content.id) THEN
        RAISE EXCEPTION 'A user cannot vote in his own content';
    END IF;
    RETURN new;
END
$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

CREATE TRIGGER vote_self
    BEFORE INSERT ON vote
    FOR EACH ROW
    EXECUTE PROCEDURE vote_self();

--Trigger 6 - Deal with Request
DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS deal_with_request() CASCADE;
DROP TRIGGER IF EXISTS deal_with_request ON request;

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION deal_with_request() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$BODY$
BEGIN
    IF new.status='approved' THEN
        -- PARTNER REQUEST
        IF EXISTS (SELECT * FROM partner_request, content WHERE
new.id=request_id AND content.id=to_content_id) THEN
            UPDATE users SET is_partner=true where new.from_id=users.id;
        -- REPORT CONTENT REQUEST
        ELIF EXISTS (SELECT * FROM report_content, content WHERE
new.id=request_id AND content.id=to_content_id) THEN
            DELETE FROM content WHERE content.id=to_content_id;
            -- TRANSACTION TO DELETE COMMENT/NEWS
        -- UNBAN APPEAL REQUEST
        ELIF EXISTS (SELECT * FROM unban_appeal, users WHERE
new.id=request_id AND users.id=new.from_id) THEN
            UPDATE users SET is_banned=false WHERE new.from_id=users.id;
            IF EXISTS (SELECT * FROM ban WHERE ban.id=ban_id) THEN
                UPDATE ban SET end_date=NOW() WHERE ban.id=new.ban_id;
            END IF;
        END IF;
        new.revision_date=NOW();
    
```

```

        END IF;
        RETURN new;
    END
    $BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

CREATE TRIGGER deal_with_request
    AFTER UPDATE ON request
    FOR EACH ROW
    EXECUTE PROCEDURE deal_with_request();

--Trigger 7 - Increase Number of Comments in a News Post
DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS increase_comments() CASCADE;
DROP TRIGGER IF EXISTS increase_comments ON comment;

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION increase_comments() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
    $BODY$
    BEGIN
        UPDATE news SET nr_comments = news.nr_comments + 1
        WHERE new.news_id=news.content_id;
        RETURN new;
    END

    $BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

CREATE TRIGGER increase_comments
    AFTER INSERT ON comment
    FOR EACH ROW
    EXECUTE PROCEDURE increase_comments();

--Trigger 8 - Decrease Number of Comments in a News Post
DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS decrease_comments() CASCADE;
DROP TRIGGER IF EXISTS decrease_comments ON comment;

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION decrease_comments() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
    $BODY$
    BEGIN
        UPDATE news SET news.nr_comment = news.nr_comments - 1
        WHERE old.news_id=news.content_id;
        RETURN old;
    END

    $BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

CREATE TRIGGER decrease_comments
    AFTER DELETE ON comment
    FOR EACH ROW
    EXECUTE PROCEDURE decrease_comments();

--Trigger 9 - Increase Trending Score and Number of Votes with a Vote

```

```
DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS increase_ts_and_votes() CASCADE;
DROP TRIGGER IF EXISTS increase_ts_and_votes ON vote;

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION increase_ts_and_votes() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$BODY$
BEGIN
    UPDATE news
    SET trending_score = trending_score + new.value
    WHERE news.content_id=new.content_id;

    UPDATE content
    SET nr_votes = nr_votes + new.value
    WHERE content.id=new.content_id;

    RETURN new;
END

$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

CREATE TRIGGER increase_ts_and_votes
AFTER INSERT ON vote
FOR EACH ROW
EXECUTE PROCEDURE increase_ts_and_votes();

--Trigger 10 - Decrease Trending Score and Number of Votes with a Vote
DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS decrease_ts_and_votes() CASCADE;
DROP TRIGGER IF EXISTS decrease_ts_and_votes ON vote;

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION decrease_ts_and_votes() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$BODY$
BEGIN
    UPDATE news
    SET trending_score = news.trending_score - old.value
    WHERE old.content_id=news.content_id ;

    UPDATE news
    SET nr_votes = nr_votes - old.value
    WHERE old.content_id=news.content_id ;

    UPDATE users
    SET reputation = reputation - 1
    WHERE new.users_id = users.id;

    RETURN old;
END
$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

CREATE TRIGGER decrease_ts_and_votes
AFTER DELETE ON vote
FOR EACH ROW
```

```
EXECUTE PROCEDURE decrease_ts_and_votes();

--Trigger 11 -A trigger is needed to create a new follow notification when an user
starts following another.
DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS create_follow_notification() CASCADE;
DROP TRIGGER IF EXISTS create_follow_notification ON follow;

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION create_follow_notification() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$BODY$
BEGIN
    INSERT INTO follow_notification
    VALUES (new.follower_id, new.users_id, true, now());

    RETURN new;
END
$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

CREATE TRIGGER create_follow_notification
AFTER INSERT ON follow
FOR EACH ROW
EXECUTE PROCEDURE create_follow_notification();

-- Trigger 12 - Create Follow Notification
DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS create_vote_notification() CASCADE;
DROP TRIGGER IF EXISTS create_vote_notification ON vote;

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION create_vote_notification() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$BODY$
BEGIN
    INSERT INTO vote_notification
    SELECT new.users_id, c.id, c.author_id, true, now()
    FROM content c
    WHERE new.content_id = c.id;
    RETURN new;
END
$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

CREATE TRIGGER create_vote_notification
AFTER INSERT ON vote
FOR EACH ROW
EXECUTE PROCEDURE create_vote_notification();

--Trigger 13 - Create Comment Notification
DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS create_comment_notification() CASCADE;
DROP TRIGGER IF EXISTS create_comment_notification ON comment;

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION create_comment_notification() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$BODY$
BEGIN
```

```

        INSERT INTO comment_notification
            SELECT news.author_id, NEW.content_id, true, now()
        FROM content news
        WHERE NEW.news_id = news.id;

    IF NEW.reply_to_id <> NULL THEN
        INSERT INTO comment_notification VALUES (NEW.reply_to_id,
NEW.content_id, true, now());
    END IF;
    RETURN new;
END
$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

CREATE TRIGGER create_comment_notification
    AFTER INSERT ON comment
    FOR EACH ROW
    EXECUTE PROCEDURE create_comment_notification();

--Trigger 14 - Update TSVECTOR (News)
DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS news_search_update() CASCADE;
DROP TRIGGER IF EXISTS news_search_update ON news;

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION news_search_update() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$BODY$
    DECLARE news_body TEXT = (SELECT c.body FROM content c WHERE c.id =
new.content_id);
    BEGIN
        IF TG_OP = 'INSERT' THEN
            NEW.search =
                setweight(to_tsvector(coalesce(NEW.title, '')), 'A') ||
                setweight(to_tsvector(coalesce(news_body, '')), 'B');
        END IF;
        IF TG_OP = 'UPDATE' THEN
            IF NEW.title <> OLD.title THEN
                NEW.search =
                    setweight(to_tsvector(coalesce(NEW.title, '')), 'A') ||
                    setweight(to_tsvector(coalesce(news_body, '')), 'B');
            END IF;
        END IF;

        RETURN NEW;
    END
$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

CREATE TRIGGER news_search_update
    BEFORE INSERT OR UPDATE ON news
    FOR EACH ROW
    EXECUTE PROCEDURE news_search_update();

--Trigger 15 - Update TSVECTOR (News)

```



```

DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS news_body_search_update() CASCADE;
DROP TRIGGER IF EXISTS news_body_search_update ON content;

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION news_body_search_update() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$body$
    DECLARE news_title TEXT = (SELECT title FROM news WHERE news.content_id =
new.id);
    BEGIN
        IF news_title <> NULL THEN
            IF NEW.body <> OLD.body THEN
                NEW.search =
                    setweight(to_tsvector(coalesce(news_title, '')), 'A') ||
                    setweight(to_tsvector(coalesce(NEW.body, '')), 'B');
            END IF;
        END IF;

        RETURN NEW;
    END
$body$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

CREATE TRIGGER news_body_search_update
    BEFORE UPDATE ON content
    FOR EACH ROW
    EXECUTE PROCEDURE news_body_search_update();

--Trigger 16 - Update TSVECTOR (Users)
DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS users_search_update() CASCADE;
DROP TRIGGER IF EXISTS users_search_update ON users;

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION users_search_update() RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$body$
    BEGIN
        IF TG_OP = 'INSERT' THEN
            NEW.search =
                setweight(to_tsvector(coalesce(NEW.username, '')), 'A') ||
                setweight(to_tsvector(coalesce(NEW.description, '')), 'B');
        END IF;
        IF TG_OP = 'UPDATE' THEN
            IF NEW.username <> OLD.username OR NEW.description <> OLD.description
THEN
                NEW.search =
                    setweight(to_tsvector(coalesce(NEW.username, '')), 'A') ||
                    setweight(to_tsvector(coalesce(NEW.description, '')), 'B');
            END IF;
        END IF;

        RETURN NEW;
    END
$body$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

```

```
CREATE TRIGGER cnews_search_update
BEFORE INSERT OR UPDATE ON users
FOR EACH ROW
EXECUTE PROCEDURE users_search_update();
```

A.2. Database population

```
insert into users (username, email, password, description, photo, birthdate,
gender, reputation, is_moderator, is_banned, is_partner, is_deleted) values
('mpitchers0', 'lpriestner0@tiny.cc', '13oVi9u1gN', 'morph distributed schemas',
'png', '02/20/1922', 'f', '01532', false, false, false, false);
insert into users (username, email, password, description, photo, birthdate,
gender, reputation, is_moderator, is_banned, is_partner, is_deleted) values
('gbride1', 'cjenyns1@meetup.com', '3gL51qlWbl', 'optimize robust solutions',
'png', '05/06/1947', 'f', '735', true, false, false, false);
insert into users (username, email, password, description, photo, birthdate,
gender, reputation, is_moderator, is_banned, is_partner, is_deleted) values
('sdrowsfield2', 'sgiacovelli2@about.com', '7DtcamyRUu', 'streamline virtual web-
readiness', 'png', '04/11/1943', 'f', '9917', true, false, false, false);
insert into users (username, email, password, description, photo, birthdate,
gender, reputation, is_moderator, is_banned, is_partner, is_deleted) values
('gallinson3', 'bferagh3@eepurl.com', 'U2hetHaRqiQH', 'unleash clicks-and-mortar
platforms', 'png', '01/14/1919', 'n', '64397', false, false, false, false);
insert into users (username, email, password, description, photo, birthdate,
gender, reputation, is_moderator, is_banned, is_partner, is_deleted) values
('bwilloughway4', 'abilbery4@acquirethisname.com', 'Yf5q7m', 'iterate back-end
channels', 'jpg', '06/22/2006', 'm', '2023', false, false, false, false);
insert into users (username, email, password, description, photo, birthdate,
gender, reputation, is_moderator, is_banned, is_partner, is_deleted) values
('ashemwell5', 'eelles5@unesco.org', 'SFYg55', 'transition magnetic
infrastructures', 'png', '10/08/2002', 'n', '36', true, false, false, false);
insert into users (username, email, password, description, photo, birthdate,
gender, reputation, is_moderator, is_banned, is_partner, is_deleted) values
('fscading6', 'nsherrington6@arizona.edu', 'aJyJS5I', 'mesh value-added
infrastructures', 'png', '04/19/1917', 'f', '34', false, false, false, true);
insert into users (username, email, password, description, photo, birthdate,
gender, reputation, is_moderator, is_banned, is_partner, is_deleted) values
('mmountcastle7', 'ncamier7@uol.com.br', 'KyhSWT4Ip4gV', 'engineer collaborative
users', 'png', '01/20/1976', 'n', '89', false, true, false, false);
insert into users (username, email, password, description, photo, birthdate,
gender, reputation, is_moderator, is_banned, is_partner, is_deleted) values
('mplowman8', 'showgego8@psu.edu', '97HEdZhHmt', 'utilize seamless partnerships',
'jpg', '09/12/1932', 'n', '335', false, false, false, false);
insert into users (username, email, password, description, photo, birthdate,
gender, reputation, is_moderator, is_banned, is_partner, is_deleted) values
('lprozescsky9', 'akittow9@1688.com', 'g1yng049V', 'brand interactive
partnerships', 'png', '08/31/1963', 'm', '2', false, false, false, false);
insert into users (username, email, password, description, photo, birthdate,
gender, reputation, is_moderator, is_banned, is_partner, is_deleted) values
('abellinia', 'ayoulla@dropbox.com', 'Sh5Jew9', 'mesh revolutionary applications',
'gif', '08/17/1927', 'm', '34685', false, false, false, false);
```

```

insert into users (username, email, password, description, photo, birthdate,
gender, reputation, is_moderator, is_banned, is_partner, is_deleted) values
('cboordb', 'lwanneb@blogtalkradio.com', '7tDRyp8s', 'enable revolutionary
systems', 'png', '12/22/1965', 'f', '24', false, true, false, false);
insert into users (username, email, password, description, photo, birthdate,
gender, reputation, is_moderator, is_banned, is_partner, is_deleted) values
('ttrembeyc', 'ssamarthc@aol.com', '1bNnW5YX', 'engineer clicks-and-mortar
relationships', 'png', '12/13/1931', 'f', '109', false, false, false, false);
insert into users (username, email, password, description, photo, birthdate,
gender, reputation, is_moderator, is_banned, is_partner, is_deleted) values
('sstanfordd', 'nbrendeld@spiegel.de', '0qnuVL8Aj', 'envisioneer sexy users',
'gif', '07/01/1906', 'm', '77', false, false, false, false);
insert into users (username, email, password, description, photo, birthdate,
gender, reputation, is_moderator, is_banned, is_partner, is_deleted) values
('iyoudee', 'adrainse@goo.ne.jp', 'LOUT2zpl', 'reintermediate open-source
methodologies', 'png', '09/24/1979', 'm', '78', false, false, false, false);
insert into users (username, email, password, description, photo, birthdate,
gender, reputation, is_moderator, is_banned, is_partner, is_deleted) values
('jwarfieldf', 'mervinef@behance.net', 'HN9mhx', 'incubate robust channels',
'jpg', '04/30/1935', 'f', '29489', false, false, false, false);
insert into users (username, email, password, description, photo, birthdate,
gender, reputation, is_moderator, is_banned, is_partner, is_deleted) values
('iodomg', 'bwashbrookg@bloglovin.com', 'ZdTpo2Atsf', 'benchmark collaborative
content', 'png', '03/16/2000', 'f', '504', false, false, false, false);
insert into users (username, email, password, description, photo, birthdate,
gender, reputation, is_moderator, is_banned, is_partner, is_deleted) values
('sphonixh', 'sduchesneh@moonfruit.com', 'J4GQnyXC8C', 'aggregate revolutionary
bandwidth', 'png', '06/05/1954', 'f', '2387', false, false, true, false);
insert into users (username, email, password, description, photo, birthdate,
gender, reputation, is_moderator, is_banned, is_partner, is_deleted) values
('fosbidstoni', 'tdoddemeedei@umn.edu', '5PwEC1GpWoU', 'engage user-centric web-
readiness', 'png', '10/08/2005', 'm', '28422', false, false, false, false);
insert into users (username, email, password, description, photo, birthdate,
gender, reputation, is_moderator, is_banned, is_partner, is_deleted) values
('bturrillj', 'jwarlowj@g.co', '3NRCEXNardY', 'enhance frictionless e-business',
'png', '11/11/1924', 'm', '105001', false, false, true, false);

```

```

insert into follow (follower_id, users_id) values (20, 19);
insert into follow (follower_id, users_id) values (18, 14);
insert into follow (follower_id, users_id) values (10, 19);
insert into follow (follower_id, users_id) values (4, 2);
insert into follow (follower_id, users_id) values (11, 10);
insert into follow (follower_id, users_id) values (6, 16);
insert into follow (follower_id, users_id) values (11, 1);
insert into follow (follower_id, users_id) values (19, 20);
insert into follow (follower_id, users_id) values (19, 5);

```

```

insert into ban (users_id, moderator_id, end_date, reason) values (4, 6,
'8/13/2022', 'Racist comment');
insert into ban (users_id, moderator_id, end_date, reason) values (12, 3,
'12/10/2022', 'Plays fortnite');
insert into ban (users_id, moderator_id, end_date, reason) values (11, 2,
'5/9/2022', 'Hate speech');

```

```
insert into ban (users_id, moderator_id, end_date, reason) values (20, 6,
'7/1/2022', 'Marketed Ponzi scheme');
insert into ban (users_id, moderator_id, end_date, reason) values (14, 6, null,
'Used dangerous external link');
```

```
insert into content(author_id, body, nr_votes) values(5,'New Mexico, which has one
of the highest poverty rates in the U.S., is a vaccination pacesetter thanks to
decisive political decisions, homegrown technology and cooperation.',0);
```

```
insert into content(author_id, body, nr_votes) values(12,
'President Joe Biden said Tuesday that he plans to deliver “a lot” on police
reform but would not elaborate further ahead of a meeting that afternoon with Vice
President Kamala Harris and key members of the Congressional Black Caucus in the
Oval Office.
```

Biden, speaking days after police killed Daunte Wright, a 20-year-old Black man, in a Minneapolis suburb, said he would inform reporters of his plans to reform police at a later date.

The White House billed Tuesday afternoon’s meeting with members of the CBC as an opportunity to create a path forward on voting rights, racial equity and infrastructure legislation. The meeting comes a few days after Susan Rice, director of the Domestic Policy Council, announced that the Biden administration was pausing the creation of a national police oversight commission.',5);

```
insert into content(author_id, body, nr_votes) values(15,'MANILA (Reuters) - The
Philippines filed fresh diplomatic protests to China on Wednesday after accusing
its giant neighbour of undertaking illegal fishing and massing more than 240 boats
within the Southeast Asian countrys territorial waters.
```

The Philippine Department of Foreign Affairs said that two protests had been lodged, days after Manila summoned Chinese Ambassador Huang Xilian to press for the withdrawal of its vessels on the disputed Whitsun Reef in the South China Sea and other Philippine maritime zones.

The Philippines last month described the presence of over 200 boats believed to be manned by militias inside its 200 mile (322 km) exclusive economic zone as "swarming and threatening", while the United States, Japan and others have voiced concern about China’s intentions, prompting rebukes by Beijing.

In a Twitter post, Foreign Secretary Teodoro Locsin said: "they really are fishing everything in the water that belongs by law to us."

A Philippine government taskforce said the vessels, which are about 60 metres (197 ft) in length, can catch a tonne of fish a day. It said 240 were in various areas in Philippine waters as of Sunday, including nine at Whitsun Reef.

"The continuous swarming of Chinese vessels poses a threat to the safety of navigation, safety of life at sea, and impedes the exclusive right of Filipinos to benefit from the marine wealth in the EEZ," the task force said in a statement late on Monday.

China embassy in Manila and the foreign ministry in Beijing did not immediately respond to requests for comment.',0);

```
insert into content(author_id, body, nr_votes) values(5,'Life is difficult in
North Korea but there is no famine and some cross-border shipments may resume
soon, Russia ambassador in Pyongyang said, a week after North Korean leader Kim
Jong Un declared the country was facing a "worst-ever situation."
```

Kim last week urged ruling party officials to wage another “Arduous March” of work and sacrifice, linking the current economic crises to a period in the 1990s of famine and disaster.

Russia ambassador, one of the few foreign envoys in the country, said that while it was unclear exactly what Kim meant the current situation could not be compared to that period.

"Thank god, it is a long shot from the Arduous March, and I hope it would never come to that," Ambassador Alexander Matsegora told Russias TASS news agency according to a transcript published on Wednesday.

```
',0);
```

```
insert into content(author_id, body, nr_votes) values(19, 'Man, North Korea is such a prison',0);
```

```
insert into content(author_id, body, nr_votes) values(20, 'ikr',0);
```

```
insert into content(author_id, body, nr_votes) values(15, 'My president <3',0);
```

```
insert into content(author_id, body, nr_votes) values(12, 'China being China',0);
```

```
insert into tag (name) values('economy');
```

```
insert into tag (name) values('politics');
```

```
insert into tag (name) values('sports');
```

```
insert into tag (name) values('covid');
```

```
insert into tag (name) values('celebreties');
```

```
insert into tag (name) values('music');
```

```
insert into news(content_id,title, image, trending_score, nr_comments) values (1,'How New Mexico Became the State With the Highest Rate of Full Vaccinations','png',0,0);
```

```
insert into news(content_id,title, image, trending_score, nr_comments) values (2,'Biden promises to deliver on police reform during meeting with Congressional Black Caucus','png',0,0);
```

```
insert into news(content_id,title, image, trending_score, nr_comments) values (3,'Philippines files new diplomatic protests over Chinese boats in disputed waters','png',0,0);
```

```
insert into news(content_id,title, image, trending_score, nr_comments) values (4,'Russian ambassador says no famine in North Korea, trade may resume soon','jpg',0,0);
```

```
insert into news_tag(news_id, tag_id) values (1,2);
```

```
insert into news_tag(news_id, tag_id) values (2,2);
```

```
insert into news_tag(news_id, tag_id) values (3,2);
```

```
insert into news_tag(news_id, tag_id) values (4,2);
```

```
insert into news_tag(news_id, tag_id) values (1,1);
```

```
insert into comment(content_id, news_id,reply_to_id) values (5,4,null);
```

```
insert into comment(content_id, news_id,reply_to_id) values (6,4,5);
```

```
insert into comment(content_id, news_id,reply_to_id) values (7,2,null);
```

```
insert into comment(content_id, news_id,reply_to_id) values (8,3,null);
```

```
insert into
```

```
request(from_id,moderator_id,reason,creation_date,status,revision_date) VALUES (20, 6,'I am a very influent member of the Xekkit community', '2017-03-17
```

```

18:29:21', 'approved', '2018-03-17 18:29:21');
insert into
request(from_id,moderator_id,reason,creation_date,status,revision_date) VALUES
(12, NULL,'Pls unban me, I did nothing wrong', '2019-03-17 18:29:21', NULL ,
NULL);
insert into
request(from_id,moderator_id,reason,creation_date,status,revision_date) VALUES
(20, 6,'He publicly assumed to play fortnite', '2017-03-17 18:29:21', 'approved',
'2018-03-17 18:29:21');
insert into
request(from_id,moderator_id,reason,creation_date,status,revision_date) VALUES
(17, 3,'This is fake news', '2017-03-17 18:29:21', 'rejected', '2017-03-20
18:29:21');

```

```

insert into partner_request(request_id) values (1);
insert into unban_appeal(request_id, ban_id) values(2,2);
insert into report_users(request_id, to_users_id) values (3,12);
insert into report_content(request_id, to_content_id) values (4,3);

```

```

insert into vote (users_id, content_id, value) values (20, 4, 1);
insert into vote (users_id, content_id, value) values (7, 2, 1);
insert into vote (users_id, content_id, value) values (7, 3, 1);
insert into vote (users_id, content_id, value) values (7, 4, 1);
insert into vote (users_id, content_id, value) values (7, 5, 1);
insert into vote (users_id, content_id, value) values (7, 6, 1);
insert into vote (users_id, content_id, value) values (7, 7, 1);
insert into vote (users_id, content_id, value) values (19, 2, -1);
insert into vote (users_id, content_id, value) values (15, 5, 1);
insert into vote (users_id, content_id, value) values (8, 3, 1);
insert into vote (users_id, content_id, value) values (14, 2, 1);
insert into vote (users_id, content_id, value) values (16, 3, -1);
insert into vote (users_id, content_id, value) values (4, 5, 1);
insert into vote (users_id, content_id, value) values (3, 6, 1);

```

```

insert into faq(question, answer) values ('How does Xekkit deal with inappropriate
comments?','You can request for a User to be banned and later our moderators will
analyse said request and decide wether that behaviour is inappropriate');

```

Revision history

Changes made to the first submission (19/04/2021):

GROUP2114, 19/04/2021

- Beatriz Mendes, up201806551@fe.up.pt
- Guilherme Calassi, up201800157@fe.up.pt (A4 and A5 Editor)
- Luís André Assunção, up201806140@fe.up.pt

- Ricardo Cardoso, up201604686@fe.up.pt (A6 Editor)