FUNCTU DERIVARIE SPATU LINIARE HORMATE

- -) morma pe apative einvole x: o functie p: x > R+ cu propri:
 - a) p(u+u) = p(u)+p(u) (+)u,uex
 - b) p(au) 2 a p(u) (+) a ∈ R, (+) v ∈ X
 - c) p(21)20 (2) 22 0x
- -> opatie cimiar mormat: oria opatie cimios real/pe cere re definerte de pution a morma II IIx: X -> R+.

FUNCTÚ DERIVABILE

- → f: De R -> (x, 11 11x) durivabiled im xo: x0 € D ∩ B', daca $\frac{1}{x}$ $\frac{1}{x}$
- -> f durivabila pe A (=> AC DODI + f durivabila im ouice punot dim A
- -> punct de minim eveal al f: DER->R: x0 ED pet.dem. e. da ca (7) V & V = (x0) ar f(x) ≥ f(x0) (4) x & V ∩ D.
- -> f:DER->R = durivobila de 2 ou îm xo EDAD!: (7) VENTOR (xo) ai f du du du vabila pe Und mi f!: Vnd -> R este du vabila îm xo EDUDI.
- -> f: DER -> R derivabila de mori în xo EDIDI: (7) VE UGR (xo) ai f derivabiles de m-1 ou im VOD n' f (m-1): VOD -2R este durivabila im xo.
- # f: D = R -> R derivabiler de mori m' x 0 E DOD', m 21. $T_{f,m,x_0}(x) = f(x_0) + \frac{f(x_0)}{(x_0)} (x_0) + \dots + \frac{f(x_0)}{(x_0)} (x_0)$
- -> restue en Taylor: Rf, n, xo 2 f TI f, n, xo
- -> Formula lui Taylor:
- · ic R
- (4) xei, x x xo, (7) c e i motru x m'ro i $\subseteq \mathbb{R}$ \cdot $m \in \mathbb{N}$ \cdot $f: i \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ durivabile du mh'ou' pe i $f(x) = \mathcal{T}_{f,u,xo}(x) + \frac{f(mn)}{(mn)!}(x-xo)$

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of de ceana cm:
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- · i C R interval
- · f: i -> R · m e N *
- · f dou'valoilea de mou pe !
- · p(m): i -> R comt pe 1

-> f de ceasa co: f de ceasa compe I, (+) men"

- imegalitatea lui Jamsem

- i STR interval
- f: i -> R f. comvexed
- · x , . . . x m € [
- a,, ... am € [0,+∞) d, + ... + am = 1

 $f(x_1, x_1 + \alpha_2 x_2 + ... + \alpha_m x_m) \leq \alpha_1 f(x_1) + \alpha_2 f(x_2) + ... + \alpha_m f(x_m)$

APLICATI'E LIXI'ARA

-> apricatio cimiara de la x la y: T:(x, 11 11x) -> (Y, 11 ou propo ca TI (ax+By) = aT(x)+BT(y) & R (4) a, BER, (+) & x,yex. F. DIFERENTIALE

=> fdl clasa cm

-> f: De (x, 11 11x) -> (4, 11 11y) diferentiablea m x 0 EDAD! daca (71) Te L (x,4) at:

-> f - (f,, -- fmi): D = R" -> R" admite dirivata partiala in raport ou vaniabila xi, 1414 no im junctule xo EDADI.

> motricia Jacobi a functive f: D = Rm-, Rm, f2(f1, ... fm) Im gumetul x0 ED nD1 este:

-> xoEDADI pund outre al functive i f: DE RM-> Rm daca f diferentabled in to my df (x0) 20

- Tamatia de f es.
- -> function f: D= Do @ Rm -> Rm functie de clasa C1 pe D daca.
 - 1) of admite toate don't votale partial pe D
 - 2) derivately partials munt f. comb

I DIFERENTIABILE DE 2 ORI

- → f: De Rm → Rm diforentiablea de 2 ou in xo € DID' daca (7) VE 2 GRU (80) ai f differentiables pe V nD m' of: VnD --> L (Rm, Rm) este diforentablica im xo
- -> f: D = Rm -> Rm admite durivota partible in raport ou ximi xj m punctue xo ∈ DOD' dace (7) VEV (xo) at fadmite derivata partiala m raport ou xj pe VD mi de : VD → Rm admite durivata pontiala im raportaux; pe im xo,
- -> Teouma lui Schwort:
- diferentiables de 200 JUNGO & DUD,
- · f: DCRm > Rmu /2) 1) fadmite toate dirivatele partiale de ordine 2 m xo
 - 3) 0,5 t (x0) 9,5 t (x2) (4) is et 1 ... ns
 - 3) 95 + (xo): BuxBu -> Bun 02 p(x0) ((a,...am)(b,...bm)) 2 2 a, b, 02\$ (x0) + a2b2 02\$ (x0) + +....+ ampon 327 (x0)
- · f: D 2 Do C Rm -> Rm
- · xo ED
- · 16 0 (((()
- · 100
- · i = j = 31, -. m } of: =
- Oxiox? W. Oxiox; br 1
- · 0x; 0xj , 0xj, 0x; comp

daca f admite toate drivately particule pe ordinul 2 pe u n'acestea ment cont m x0.

- -> f: DEDOGRM-> Rm de clara c2 pe D:
 - 1) admite toate durivatier partiale de ordina pob
 - 2) dirilatele partiale ment cont
- -> heriana functive f: De Rm -> Rmo For punctue x OE DADI Hp (x0) 5 (054 (x0)) 12/2/1m EMM(B)
- -) CRITERIUL DE DETERMINARE AL PUNCTELOR DE EXTREM LOCAL a functi'ei f: DCRM-JR, MZ2
- · \$ 4: D 2 DO S RM -> R diceana C2 pe D
- 80 ED pund outric pe D

daca.

- -956(x0)(x'x)>0 (A) n e Bul30} punct de minum eval
- -956(x0)(n'n) <0 (A) n ∈ Bw/30) punat de maxim local
- (7) n, n2 & R2 /30} al 12 f(x0) (u, u2) >0 n d2 f(x0) (u2, u2) c0 2) mue punt du extrem local

-> Teouma fundice implicite

- · f:D=DocRmH > R
- · f de clasa c1 pe D
- : 20 0 \$ 3 (of, ox) f.
 - a) f(x0, y0) 20
 - b) of (xo, yo) \$0 DXMH

(7) n, n2 >0 a B(x0, h,) x B(y0, h2) = D

(31) 4: B(x0,21) -> B(y0,22) a2:

1) P(x012 y0

2) f(x, y(x)) = 0 $(x) \times e B(x0, h_1)$ 3) $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_1}(x0) = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_1}(x0, y_0)$ 2) $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_1}(x0) = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_1}(x0, y_0)$

INTEGRALE CURBILINII

-) drum in Rm: d: [a16] -> R" wont

-> drum mohio : d(a) zd(b)

- drum numpeu: d/ injectiva

-> drum de clasa C+, d2 (d,...dm): [a,b] SR -> Ru d, , . - doi!) deri vabile 2) derivate comt

-> C C Rm, C multime, C = curba de clasa CI: (3) d de classé c+, d: [a,b] -> Ru aî îmod 2 C

-> functia lungime e: [a16] -> R evociate ou canul drum de dana CL

-> integrala arbieinie de primed tip a functiei F pe drumuld (c. C)

· d: [a,b] -> Ru de clasarct | 2) Ja Fde = J. Fde def Ja Fod (+) elt) de

· F: D = D ° C R 4 - 1 R comt

· Czimdes

-> forma diferentibiles digril pe R": ouier m: D= Do CAn - L (R", R) continue w(x,...xm) 2 P, (x,... xm) dx, +... + P(x,... xm) dxm

-) integrala curbileinie de al doiler tip a former diforentiale u

· dm (t)

pe drumue d (pe curba c)

d: Ta, b] -> R ~ drum de dana CL

· W = P, dx, + ... + Pm dxm

* P....PM : D = DOE RU-JR

· CzimdeD

-> Formula lui Grum:

· m = 69x + 097 ; p = p0 & B5 -> B

* 3 30 + 20 : D -> R & comp

· KED m. compacta, EJ (R2)

· Frkzimd, and: Ca,bJ->R2 drum nimpeu, indus, de clasa C1 Jd Pdx + ady 2

Jaw 2 Jour 1 (P, od) (t) d, (t)

+ (P2 od) (t) d2'(t)+...+ (Pmod)(t).

 $\frac{1}{2}\int_{\mathcal{Y}}\left(\frac{\partial Q}{\partial x}(x,y)+\frac{\partial P}{\partial y}(x,y)\right)dxdy$

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-) X 7 & ince de multime
· X + Ø
· of & D(X) of:
                            2) d'ime de multimi
MARCH ( & MAR, A (A) (I
2) (4) AB & W = D A / B & A
-> manua:
 a ∈ P(x) inel de multimi
 H: A -> R+ OD:
                                  H marina
    1) M(Q) 10
    2) H (AUB) = H(A) + H(B)
      (4) A, B & a digiumote
> Suma exteriorna a multimui E relotiv la pontitia 6
· I = Rm i. i. m - du'mu
                         V(EG) 2 Z
Ijnezø
                                        a TIIJ ER
 · 6 2 3 I, ... I p?
   partitle a levi T
 · FCI mavida
s suma exteriorna lordam a emi E
                        µ*(€) ~ imf V(E,G) € R
Grantitie
· ICRM i.i.m-dim
  ECI muida
                                   a eui I
  multime comvexa E C Rm: (4) u, v. E E, (4) + E [O,1]
          (1-t) u +tu E
- multime nimple in raport ou axa 0xj
  E E Rm
 1 = 1, = w
                            -JE multimu nimpla on raporta Oxi
 K & BWT ET (BUT)
· K compacta ai:
                  continue
 E 2 3 xil
 (3) 4,, P2: K-> Rai
 E = 3x, x (x) P(x, ... x) ... xm) =
= xj = 42 (x, ... xj ... xm)
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(A) (x'··· x)··· xw) ∈ K}

-> dus compumenta sordam a eni E e s (R"): L z (E, -. Ep)a 1) EZE, UEZU-LUEP 2) H(E; DE) 10 (4) 1+3 = 31,2,... P} -) diametrice multimi E! ECRM mangimité / 2) dionné 2 sup d(u,u) 2 mp lu-uller u, u e E u, u e E -> morma doscompunorii a EDLE), a & E, ... Ep} a mustimii Ees(R4 II all z max ¿ diam E, diam Ez, ... diam Ep? -> mima Riemann ou Jordan: Vα (f, tα) = f(t,) μ(E,) + f(t2) μ(E2) + -... + f(tp) μ(Ep) -) CRITERIUL LUI LEBEGUE : ・キ・モーンな · EEJ(Ru) (2) Post R. · f mang -> Suma Donboux imferiorna asaciata functiei & ni desc. a · E e J (Ry) z)miz linf, f(x) Miz sup f(x) · f: E -> R mong. · d = 3 = (... Ep ? ED LE) / Da (f) = m, u (E,) + ... + mp u (Ep) Sx (f) 2 M, M(E,)+...+ MP M(Ep) DE INTEGRABILITATE AL WI DARBOUX 3 CRITERIUL · EeJ(Ra), P:E-> R mang · f: [a,b] mang Echévalente: Echivalinte: 1) fe Riccabi) 1) \$ e R (E) 5) (A) & 20 (7) de 50 cg 5) (A) 570 (3) 96 50 or 50(4)-00(4) (32 3 > (4) > 0 = (4) < E (A) & ED (E) or (A) O € D (Ca1p]) or Man < de 1191196 MUXINE DEVINEY 3) (4) (am) mex & D([a b]) 3) (4) € > 0 (3) × E D(E) 00 cu eim 11 4 m 11 20 Sac (4) - nac (4) < 0 8 2) eim (50 m(2)-15 am (2))20

m->00

rema eui Fubini pe întervale îndrise m-dimo 1) function (x,,...xn) -> f(x,...xm) e int 2. pe to,, b,]x-x [ah-1, bh-1]x · Canbilx - x Cam bom] : I -> R & R(I) a7: ... x Cam, bm] notia $x_n \mapsto f(x_1...x_m)$ 2) | f(x, ... xm)dx, ... dxm z sa fie Int. Riemann pe 2]...] () on & (x,... xm) dxn) dx,...dxu can, bnJ -) Teouma eur Fubini pe multimi nimple in raport cu ara Orj zilloura f: E-> R & RLE) · EERM 2) JE f(x,.xj. xm)dx,...dxj...dxu = · \$14j = m · KEJ(Bn-T) 2 J κ (J φ2(x1...xj...xm) dxj) dx1... φ(x1...xj...xm) dxj) dx1...dxn · K compacta · (7) 6, 62; K-) B coup = 2 3 (x, -xj. xm) € R") 4 (x1...x)...xm) = xj'= (x,...x) -- xm) & Rut} de voreablea pt mt. multipla 1)(4) 9: 9(E) -> R, & e R(9(E)) -) Teorema de soluimbore · \$ 0 = D = Bu-) Bu 2) fog. |dut 14 |: E > R & R(E) · f de dana Ch · FeJ(Ru) ai: 3) 5 q (E) 2 J = f = q | dut Jq | NECD

2) P(E) = J(R")

3) det (Jq (X)) 70

(4) X & EO

-) topologie: · GEP(X) 1) Ø & O, X & O 2) 6, ,62 6 6 23 6,0626 6 3) G; & G, 1 ≤ i ≤ m, m fimit, 2) U Gi & & 1 = i = m

> multime meconexa A

- AEX
- : 20 5 ≥ 20,10 (£)

1)6,0 A + 0

2)62 nA x Ø

3) (6, nA) n (62 nA) = Ø

h) (6, nA) U (62 nA) = A

=) A multime ne come xã

->xpunct interior (AO) multimi A 4€ Nº (x0)

- -> punct de admenta (80) NUH + Q (A) NESS (KO)
- punct de acumulare NU(4/2203) x & (A) NESS (x0)
- -> punct ito lat J NO € Dº (x0) Or NOUH = \$x0]
- -> fromtiena topologica! THAL ANCXA
- -> Teorema Heime Bordul
- · Ke Ru
- · K multimu imchina + mang (=) multimu compacta

- 4(DUN) & M gaca: 1) (A) M & M² (\$(x0)) (7) N & M² (x0) or 4(DUN) & M (\$(x0)) (7) N & M² (x0) or
 - (4) x e p m q'(x'x0) < q⁵ (5) (4) 6>0 (2) q⁵ so or q⁵ (6(x0) '6(x)) < 6
 - 2) (4) (xm) mex in dim D cu eim xm = x0 2) m→∞ (xm) = f(x0)
- → $f: T \to \mathbb{R}$ are propredui Darboux: (4) $x_1, x_2 \in T$ (4) $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}$ interpretuint $f(x_1)$ or $f(x_2)$ (3) $C \in T$ or $f(x_1)$ interpretuint $f(x_2)$
- → (fm)meH cu fm: D ⊆ R → R comvenge nimpeu pe o multime mevida A ⊆ D daca (H) « E A Gleim fm (X) € R
- -> $(4m)_{meH}$ comverge uniform catal $f:A \in \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, under $A \subseteq D$, daca $(4) \in (4) \in (4) \in (4) \in (4)$ as $(4) \times (4) \times (4)$.
- oritarine bractic or counsidentia mitorima o
- Teorema en Weierstrans pt n'ouri de function
- · &m) mex, &m: D -> R
- · f, ACD-IR
- · 4m 4 +
- €w court Go xo (7) xo ∈ + or (4) we H
- s) & court be to
- Teouma eui veierstrons et serii de functii
- & (fm) men, fm: D-) R
- · & cam) meH eR+
- (4) me M (4) me M (4) xeD

daca Zam comu

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Le 4 = D

(4) X = 4 (A) \(\text{L} \)

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- -) Criterial eni Dinichest pt reside function
- Kaw (wb, Kaw (wA).
- · fm 300
- (A) (X) = fm(X) (A) x ED .
- · (7) M>0 our/go(x)+...+gm(x)/=M
- x) (4)xED => E for ogn uniform com
- -> Criterial eni Abel pt serii de functii
- · fm+(x) z fm(x)

 $fmh(x) \leq fm(x)$

- · 3 M >0 as 1 fm(x) 1 = M
- · Egn uniform com pe D

E fritamiform com pe D dar

I two du nut com be D