

Sa se modifiel disposition de suspailier set radix-2 aethe sucret aceta II sà suparta uneme pe 32 de boile faire a genera ce fra catalleir o (doct 1 of T) si sa hater su mod distinct situatia de supartire la 1, de cer: a) Solvena bloc harderan foloried platforme Hayes + foundel de conhol 6) Ordinograma a descrit functionare unitatio de control (+ revalete de cerepol) a) ده در دع 10 -> 32 31 32 10 33 61 33-64 Parallel Addes J33 1°66 32 32 32 & outbus CHT2=0 Control External Muit Control

De Couriderane o masina de calcul x canathriseata printe-un clock fuqueng I de 46Hz, care ruleaséa un benchmearke truit ce generación insua tosaca statistica pe tipuri de instanctiven.

Zush. type	Clock cycles	his hection Cont
ALW	5	5000
MOY	3	10000
L/5	3	3000
Offer	1 2	2000

Restul Namaru Muscleim Date

Aceatà masina este optimizata de l'eclipe, ma de hardran, alta de software. Eclipa hardrane optimizara implementarea octubii de instructioni, reducand rumarul de ciclum de clock revendicate de instructionile AL de la 5 la 3 si de cele L/S de la 3 ha 2.

(Aceasta optimizare are dupt conseciuta degradarea clock faramente cyclistime.

cu 5%.)

Echipa software ofera o optimisare de compilator, ce reduce runniered de instructioni MOX que 20% si cel de instructioni Other on 10%.

da se calculité cace echipa - cea HW sau cea SW- a facut o peaba mai buna, in confermitate en

(IP) CPULIUM (IP) TAIPS

a) Clocke cycle time x =  $\frac{1}{5}$  GHz =  $\frac{1}{5!10^3}$  = 0.2 us

CPU bine x = (25000 + 30000 + 9000 + 4000) × 0.2 US = 68000 × 0.2 US = 13600 US = [13.6 MS]

Choche growthen - 5 GHz - 0.05 × 5 GHz = 0.95 GHz

Clock cycle time Hw = 1 0.95 × 109

Choch cycletimetre = 0.2 us x 1.05 = 0.21 us

PUhinettw = (3×5000 + 3×10000 + 2×3000 + 2×2000) × 0.21 us = (3×5000 × 0,21 us = 11550 = [11.55/45]

ICALSW = 5000

ICMOUSW = 8000

ICLS SW = 3000

IC ofler Sw = 1800

CPUHimay = (5000×5 + 8000×3 + 3000×3 + 1800×2) × 0,2 ms =

= 61600 x 0, 2 us = 12 320 us

= 12.320 µs

=> HW fear is before

b) ICHW = 20000

ICSW = 17800

MiPS HW = 20000 ==

= 20000 × 10<sup>-9</sup> × 10<sup>6</sup> = 20000 × 10<sup>3</sup>

= 17316 × 103 = 1731.6

MiPSSW = 17800 12320 × 10-9 × 106 = [1444,8]

De considuaire o masina x canacteristata print-un clock frequence II de 4.5 GHz, can ruleaza un bondemark mits ce generari urmatoane a statistica je tipui de instructioni

Tush. type	Clock cycles	Tustuction Court
AL	4	10000
Mox	3	10000
L/S	2	7000
Other	1	3000
		•

Accada majua este oplimizata de 2 echipe, ma HW si'alta SW, Echipa HW oplimização implementarea setului de icushucțiun reducavel municarul de ciclui de clock revendicate de instrucțiun mile AL de la 4 la 3 si Mov de la 3 la 2. Restul ramain mile AL de la 4 la 3 si Mov de la 3 la 2 de alimentare rescurbate. Accastă optimizare and a fost dutlată de alimentare cru-ului la o fensione cruscută și împlicit de o împunatative a clock cycle time a 5%.

Echipa su ofera o optimitan de compilata, ce reduce menand de instructioni AL 31 taoy en 15% si cel de LIS cu 10%.

Sa se calcule a con eclipa - cea HW san cea SW-a facut o treaba mai brena, in conformitate on

a) Clock eyel time x = 1 = 1 = 1.5GHz = 4.5.109 = Clock yel times w CPU time x = (4×10000 + 3×10000 + 2×7000 + 1×3000) × 0.2222

= 87000 x 0.2222 = 19 331.4 us = \19,3314 us

Clock ayole time Hw = 0.95 x 0.2222 us = 0.211 us

CPU time HW = (3 × 10000 + 2 × 10000 + 2 × 7000 + 1 × 3000) × 0,211 us = 14 137 us = [14.137 µs]

 $IC_{HSW} = 0.85 \times 10000 = 8500$  CPUHWESW =  $(4 \times 8500 + 2 \times 6300) \times 0.22224$   $IC_{MOVSW} = 0.85 \times 10000 = 8500$  = 16687.22 US  $IC_{L9SW} = 0.9 \times 7000 = 8300$  = 16687.22 US $IC_{OHU} = 3000$  = 3000 = 3000

5) ICHW = 30000 ICSW = 26 300

MiPSSW = 26 300 16.62722.10-6.106 = 1576.0564

3 Aron un compiler load/ don en un ristem cache a se caracterizeara prin uninafoarde valori empirice atunci cand rulain un anumit propau : 10% Data Miss Rate, 8% metruction Miss Rate 31 20% justinction load/store. The orice moment, 20% dinhe blocari sunt medificate (i.e., disty). Programme determina un CPI de 2 clock cycles daca cache-ul este perfect si cousta din 10 000 de instructioni in cod marina. Calculaterul au o precrenta a chocle-ului de 4.5 Gttz. Penalitatia de miss e diterminata de faptul ca un access la BCLS inscarussa lo ciclusi de clock Latimea Dus-ului este de 4 curiate, block-ul au 16 curiate, iar caclee-ul implementearà o politica Write Back on Winte Allocate in carul une miss Calculati. (19) a) tonto, stind cà tac = 2 cc. to b) CPCe fine. 16 monds × 0.2 Bus unites +
unvoids
Update 4 reads
Allocate Kead Miss Penalty = = Write elliss Penalty = 4.0.2+4 = 4(1.2) = 4.8 Bus Accesses =) Miss Penalty = 4.8 × 10 = [48 c.c.] Clock eyele time = 1 = 0.2222 us 0.245 Misses Per Tushuction = Miss Rate x Meuraccesses par instruction Misses Per hishudian = 1 × IMR + 0,2 × DMR 1,025,0+200 Miss Rate = 0,1000 = 0,0833 = PM = 30-1

AMAT = 0.4444 us + 0.0833 x 48 cc x 0.2222 = -1.3328 us 6.8

b) CPU him = 10000 (2+0.1x 48) x 0.2222 = -15109.6 us = 15.1096 us

B trem un arupater LIS au un sistem cache ce « caracteriseases De price unuatoarele valori empirice atunci cand trulares un august propaui 9% Data Miss Rate, 8.70 Instruction Miss Rate SI 10% instruction US. In orice moment 10% diale Clocur sunt modificate (i.e., dirty). Propound determina un CPT de 3 c.c. deca cache-ul este perfect si courté dir 1000 de l'ustruction in cod masjué. Calculateral au o frecrenta a clock-ului de 5 GHz. Penditatra de miss e determinata de faptul ca un access la Bas rarendica à ciclusi de clock, latima Bles-ulu est de 2 curirde, block-ul are 32 de airinte i'ai cade -ul c'implementeara o politica Write Herough an Write Ho Allocate on carul uni ruiss. " (10% sout du accese ent souere, retul sent citizi.) Calculati: [ ] a) AMAT, stind ca fac = 1 cc. (Pa) colline a) Chock cycle time = 1 = [0.2 us] Read elliss Penalty = 32 monds = 16 BUS reads Allocate Weite Miss Penalty = 1 Bus write Miss Penalty = 0.1 Write Miss Penalty + 0.9 Read Miss Penalty = 0.1 × 1 + 0.9 × 16 = 14.5 BUS accesses = 14.5 × 8 = 116 clocke cycles
4.1 Misses Pen Instruction = Miss Rete X Mem acc per instruction Misses Per luste = 0.08 + 0.09 × 0.1 = 0.089

Mis Rate =  $\frac{0.089}{1.1}$  = 0.0809 a) AMAT = 0.2+ 0.0809 × 116 × 0.2 = (2.07688 us)b) CPU him =  $(000 \times (3+0.089 \times 116) \times 0.2 =$