

Analiza comportării SRA în RSC. Calculul VRSC

Regimul stationar constant (RSC) se poate stabili între-un sistem dacă:

- sistemul este stabil;
- intrările sistemului iau valoare constantă în timp ($u_{\infty} = ct$ și $y_{\infty} = ct$)

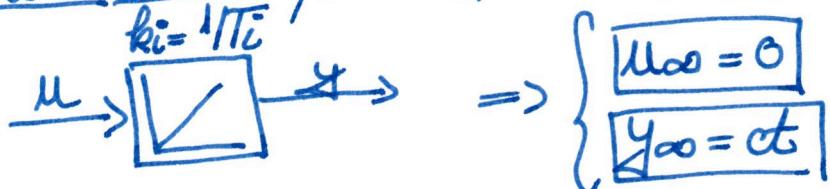
Obs: Cu indicele „ ∞ ” se marchează valurile de regim stationar constant din sistem.

VRSC aferente unui sistem se pot determina:

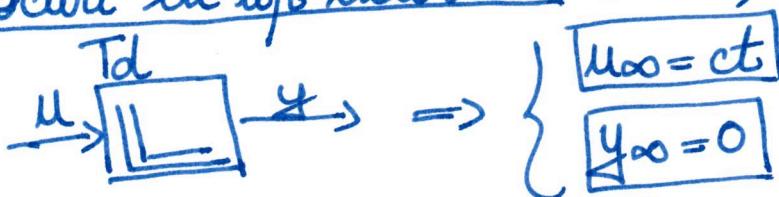
- pe cale analitică
- pe cale experimentală

Calculul VRSC pentru diferite elemente de transfer:

① Blocuri de tip integrator (ET-i, ET- π_1 , ...)



② Blocuri de tip derivativ (ET- Δ , ET- ΔT_1 , ...)



③ Blocuri de tip proporțional (ET-P, ET- π_1 , ..., ET- $P\Delta T_1$, ...)



TVF: $y_{\infty} = \lim_{\Delta \rightarrow 0} \Delta y(\Delta) = \lim_{\Delta \rightarrow 0} \Delta H(\Delta) \cdot u(\Delta)$

$$H(\Delta) = \frac{b_m \Delta^m + \dots + b_1 \Delta + b_0}{a_m \Delta^m + \dots + a_1 \Delta + a_0}$$

$$u(\Delta) = \frac{1}{\Delta} u_{\infty}$$

N/N

$$\Rightarrow y_{\infty} = \lim_{\Delta \rightarrow 0} \Delta H(0) \frac{1}{\Delta} u_{\infty} \Rightarrow$$

$$y_{\infty} = H(0) u_{\infty} = \frac{b_0}{a_0} u_{\infty} = k_p u_{\infty}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{y_{\infty} = k_p u_{\infty}}$$

flatism natural:

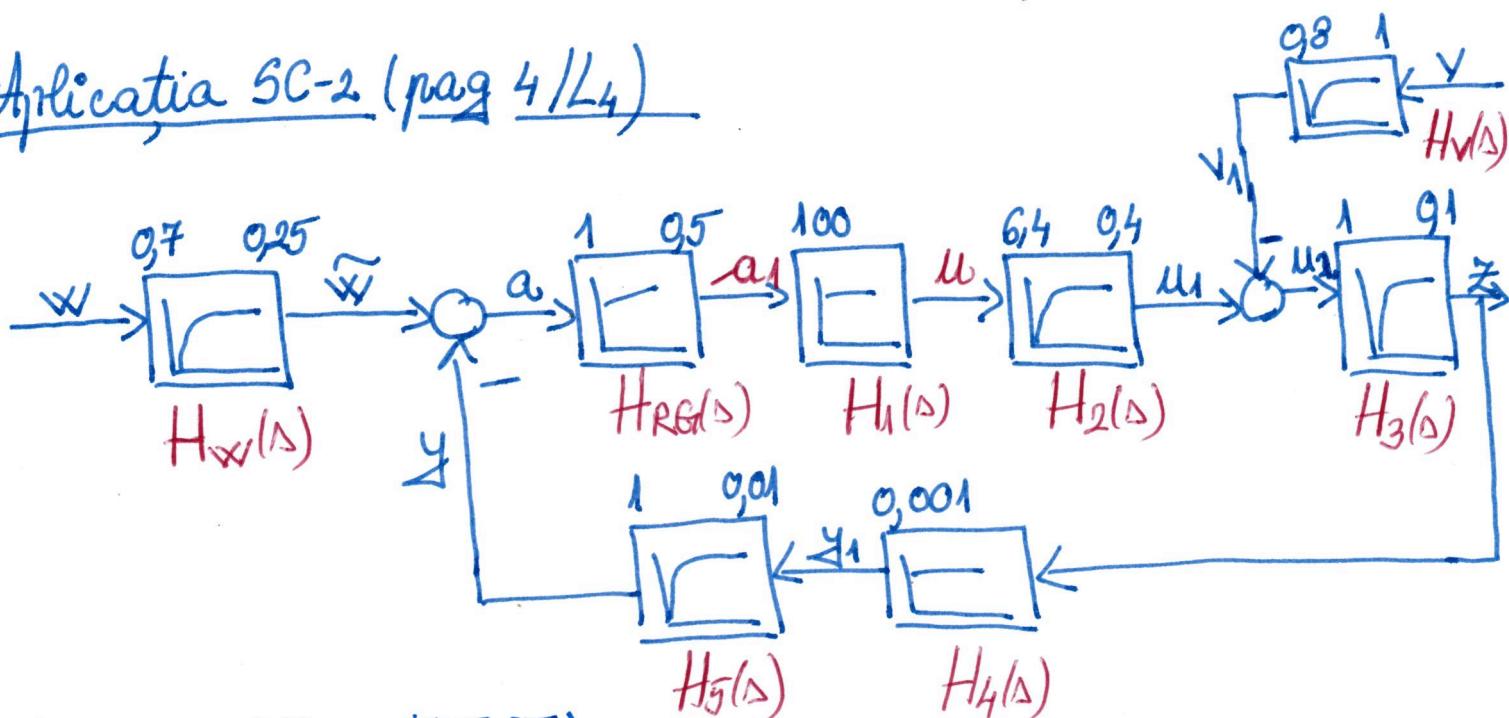
$$\boxed{\dot{Y}_m = \frac{y_{\infty}}{V_{\infty}} \Big|_{W_{\infty}=0} = \frac{k_N}{1+k_0}}$$

$$\text{sau } \boxed{\dot{Y}_m = \frac{z_{\infty}}{V_{\infty}} \Big|_{W_{\infty}=0} = \frac{k_N}{1+k_0}}$$

$$\text{cu } k_0 = k_R \cdot k_{PC}$$

- SRA cu RG de tip i , P_i , $P_{i\Delta}$: $c_{\infty} = 0$ și $\dot{Y}_m = 0$ (fără statism = astatic)
- SRA cu RG de tip P , PT_1 , PT_1, \dots : $c_{\infty} \neq 0$ și $\dot{Y}_m \neq 0$ (cu statism)

Aplicatia SC-2 (pag 4/L4)



$$H_w(\Delta) = \frac{0,7}{1+0,25\Delta} (ET - PT_1)$$

$$H_{RG}(\Delta) = \frac{k(1+\Delta T)}{\Delta T} = \frac{1(1+0,5\Delta)}{0,5\Delta} = \frac{1+0,5\Delta}{0,5\Delta} (ET - P_i)$$

$$H_1(\Delta) = 100 (ET - P)$$

$$H_v(\Delta) = \frac{98}{1+\Delta} (ET - PT_1)$$

$$H_2(\Delta) = \frac{6,4}{1+9,4\Delta} (ET - PT_1)$$

$$H_3(\Delta) = \frac{1}{1+9,1\Delta} (ET - PT_1)$$

$$H_4(\Delta) = 0,001 (ET - P)$$

$$H_5(\Delta) = \frac{1}{1+0,01\Delta} (ET - PT_1)$$

~2~

a) Pentru $\dot{W}_{\infty} = 10$ și $V_{\infty} = 1250$ să se determine VRSC ale celorlalte mărimi ale sistemului

$$\dot{W}_{\infty} = 10 \text{ și } V_{\infty} = 1250$$

$$\tilde{W}_{\infty} = 9,7 \quad \dot{W}_{\infty} = 7 \Rightarrow \boxed{\tilde{W}_{\infty} = 7}$$

$$\text{RG-PI : } \begin{cases} a_{00} = 0 \\ a_{\infty} = \tilde{W}_{\infty} - y_{\infty} \end{cases} \Rightarrow \tilde{W}_{\infty} - y_{\infty} = 0 \Rightarrow y_{\infty} = \tilde{W}_{\infty} = \boxed{y_{\infty} = 7}$$

$$U_{00} = 100, a_{100} \Rightarrow \boxed{U_{00} = 1250}$$

$$U_{100} = 6,4 U_{00} = 640 a_{100} \Rightarrow \boxed{U_{100} = 8000}$$

$$V_{100} = 0,8 V_{\infty} \Rightarrow \boxed{V_{100} = 1000}$$

$$U_{200} = U_{100} - V_{100} = 640 a_{100} - 1000 \Rightarrow \boxed{U_{200} = 7000}$$

$$Z_{\infty} = 1 \cdot U_{200} = 640 a_{100} - 1000 \Rightarrow \boxed{Z_{\infty} = 7000}$$

$$Y_{100} = 0,001 \cdot Z_{\infty} = 0,64 a_{100} - 1 \Rightarrow \boxed{Y_{100} = 7}$$

$$Y_{00} = 1 \cdot Y_{100} = 0,64 a_{100} - 1 \Rightarrow 0,64 a_{100} - 1 = 7 \Rightarrow 0,64 a_{100} = 8 \Rightarrow$$

$$Y_{00} = 7 \quad \boxed{a_{100} = 12,5}$$

b) să se determine VRSC \dot{W}_{∞} care asigură la ieșire valoarea $Z_{\infty} = 6000$ pentru $V_{\infty} = 1000$; de asemenea să se calculeze VRSC ale celorlalte mărimi ale sistemului.

$$Z_{\infty} = 6000 \text{ și } V_{\infty} = 1000$$

$$\text{RG-PI : } \begin{cases} a_{00} = 0 \\ a_{\infty} = \tilde{W}_{\infty} - y_{\infty} \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} y_{\infty} = \tilde{W}_{\infty} \\ \tilde{W}_{\infty} = 9,7 \dot{W}_{\infty} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} y_{\infty} = 1 \cdot Y_{100} \\ Y_{100} = 0,001 Z_{\infty} = 6 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \boxed{Y_{00} = 6}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\tilde{W}_{\infty} = 6} \quad \boxed{\dot{W}_{\infty} = 9,7}$$

$$\Rightarrow \dot{W}_{\infty} = \frac{6}{9,7} \Rightarrow \boxed{\dot{W}_{\infty} = 8,5714}$$

$$U_{00} = 100 a_{100} \Rightarrow \boxed{U_{00} = 1062,5}$$

$$U_{100} = 6,4 U_{00} = 640 a_{100} \Rightarrow \boxed{U_{100} = 6800}$$

$$U_{200} = U_{100} - V_{100} \Rightarrow \boxed{U_{200} = 6000}$$

$$V_{100} = 0,8 \cdot V_{00} = 800 \Rightarrow V_{100} = 800$$

$$U_{200} = 640 a_{100} - 800$$

$$Z_{00} = 1 \cdot U_{200} = 640 a_{100} - 800 \Rightarrow 640 a_{100} - 800 = 6000 \Rightarrow a_{100} = \frac{6800}{640} \Rightarrow$$

$$a_{100} = 10,625$$

c) să se determine f.d.t. $H_{zw}(s)$ și $H_{zv}(s)$ și să se analizeze stabilitatea sistemului. Afecțează creșterea de 10 ori a valoarei lui k_R statismul sistemului?

$$H_{zw}(s) = \left. \frac{Z(s)}{W(s)} \right|_{V=0} = H_w(s) \cdot \frac{H_{RG}(s) H_1(s) H_2(s) H_3(s)}{1 + H_{RG}(s) H_1(s) H_2(s) H_3(s) H_4(s) H_5(s)}$$

$$H_{zw}(s) = \frac{0,7}{1+0,25s} \cdot \frac{\frac{1+0,5s}{0,5s} \cdot 100 \cdot \frac{6,4}{1+0,4s} \cdot \frac{1}{1+0,1s}}{1 + \frac{640(1+0,5s)}{0,5s(1+0,4s)(1+0,1s)}} \cdot 0,001 \cdot \frac{1}{1+0,01s} =$$

$$= \frac{0,7}{1+0,25s} \cdot \frac{\frac{640(1+0,5s)}{0,5s(1+0,4s)(1+0,1s)}}{0,5s(1+0,4s)(1+0,1s)(1+0,01s) + 640(1+0,5s)} =$$

$$= \frac{0,7}{1+0,25s} \cdot \frac{640(1+0,5s)(1+0,01s)}{0,5[(0,4s^2+1)(0,001s^2+0,11s+1)+1,28(1+0,5s)]}$$

$$= \frac{0,7}{1+0,25s} \cdot \frac{1280(1+0,5s)(1+0,01s)}{0,0004s^4 + 0,044s^3 + 0,4s^2 + 0,001s^3 + 0,11s^2 + s + 1,28 + 640s}$$

$$= \frac{896(1+0,01s)(1+0,5s)}{(1+0,25s)(0,0004s^4 + 0,045s^3 + 0,5s^2 + 1,64s + 1,28)} \Rightarrow$$

$$H_{zw}(s) = \frac{896(1+0,01s)(1+0,5s)}{(1+0,25s)(0,0004s^4 + 0,045s^3 + 0,5s^2 + 1,64s + 1,28)}$$

$$H_{ZV}(s) = \frac{z(s)}{v(s)} \Big|_{w=0} = -H_V(s) \cdot \frac{H_3(s)}{1 - H_3(s)[(-)H_{RG}(s)H_1(s)H_2(s)H_4(s)H_5(s)]}$$



$$\Rightarrow H_{ZV}(s) = -H_V(s) \cdot \frac{H_3(s)}{1 + H_{RG}(s)H_1(s)H_2(s)H_3(s)H_4(s)H_5(s)} =$$

$$= -\frac{0,8}{1+s} \cdot \frac{\frac{1}{1+0,1s}}{0,0004s^4 + 0,045s^3 + 0,51s^2 + 1,64s + 1,28} =$$

$$0,5s(1+0,4s)(1+0,1s)(1+0,01s)$$

$$= -\frac{0,8s(1+0,01s)(1+0,4s)}{(1+s)(0,0004s^4 + 0,045s^3 + 0,51s^2 + 1,64s + 1,28)} \Rightarrow$$

$$H_{ZV}(s) = -\frac{0,8s(1+0,01s)(1+0,4s)}{(1+s)(0,0004s^4 + 0,045s^3 + 0,51s^2 + 1,64s + 1,28)}$$

$$\Delta(s) = 1 + H_{RG}(s)H_1(s)H_2(s)H_3(s)H_4(s)H_5(s) = 0,5(0,0004s^4 + 0,045s^3 + 0,51s^2 + 1,64s + 1,28)$$

\Rightarrow pentru simplitate se dă factor comun 0,0004 =)

$$\Delta(s) = 0,0002(s^4 + 112,5s^3 + 1275s^2 + 4100s + 3200)$$

$$\Delta_1(s) = s^4 + 112,5s^3 + 1275s^2 + 4100s + 3200 = a_4s^4 + a_3s^3 + a_2s^2 + a_1s + a_0$$

Yarit emjuise condițiile necesare: $a_4 = 1 > 0$

$$a_3 = 112,5 > 0$$

$$a_2 = 1275 > 0$$

$$a_1 = 4100 > 0$$

$$a_0 = 3200 > 0$$

$$m=4 \Rightarrow H = \begin{bmatrix} a_3 & a_1 & 0 & 0 \\ a_4 & a_2 & a_0 & 0 \\ 0 & a_3 & a_1 & 0 \\ 0 & a_4 & a_2 & a_0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 112,5 & 4100 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1275 & 3200 & 0 \\ 0 & 112,5 & 4100 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1275 & 3200 \end{bmatrix}$$

Yunt impuse condiție de stabilitate (condiție suficiente):

$$\det(H_1) = 112,5 > 0$$

$$\det(H_2) = 112,5 \cdot 1275 - 4100 = 139337,5 > 0$$

$$\det(H_3) = 112,5 \cdot 1275 \cdot 4100 - 112,5 \cdot 3200 \cdot -4100^2 = 530783750 > 0$$

$$\det(H_4) = \underbrace{a_0}_{>0} \det(H_3) \Rightarrow \det(H_4) > 0$$

sistemul este stabili

$$z(s) = H_{zw}(s)w(s) + H_{zv}(s)v(s) \xrightarrow{\text{TVE}} z_\infty = \frac{k_w w_\infty}{H_{zw}(0)} + \frac{k_v v_\infty}{H_{zv}(0)}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} k_w &= H_{zw}(0) = \frac{896}{1,28} = 700 \\ k_v &= H_{zv}(0) = 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow \text{RG-Pi: } \underline{z_\infty = 700 \underline{w_\infty} + 0 \cdot \underline{v_\infty}}$$

$$\text{dacă } H_{RG}(s) = \frac{10(1+0,5s)}{0,5s}$$

$$H_{zw}(s) = \frac{0,7}{1+0,25s} \cdot \frac{\frac{10(1+0,5s) \cdot 100 \cdot \frac{6,4}{1+0,4s} \cdot \frac{1}{1+0,1s}}{1 + \frac{6400(1+0,5s)}{0,5s(1+0,4s)(1+0,1s)}} \cdot 0,001 \cdot \frac{1}{1+0,01s}}{=}$$

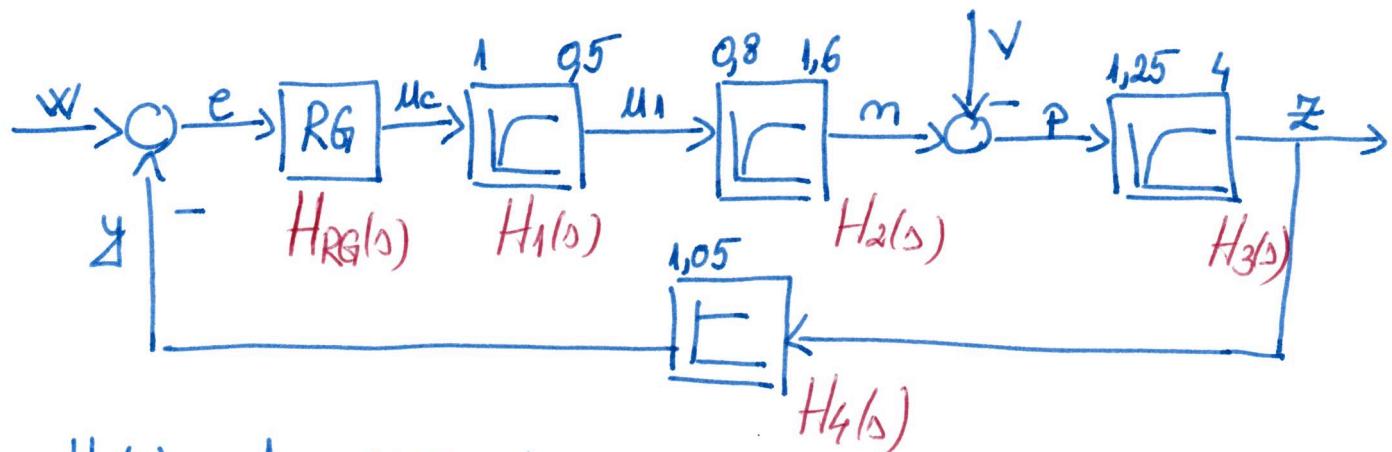
$$= \frac{0,7}{1+0,25s} \cdot \frac{\frac{6400(1+0,5s)}{0,5s(1+0,4s)(1+0,1s)(1+0,01s) + 6,4(1+0,5s)}}{0,5s(1+0,4s)(1+0,1s)(1+0,01s)} =$$

$$= \frac{0,7}{1+0,25s} \cdot \frac{6400(1+0,5s)(1+0,01s)}{0,5s(1+0,4s)(1+0,1s)(1+0,01s) + 6,4(1+0,5s)} \Rightarrow$$

$$H_{zw}(0) = 0,7 \cdot \frac{6400 \cdot 100}{6,4} = 700 \Rightarrow \text{creșterea lui } k_w \text{ nu modifică statismul sistemului} \Rightarrow K_M = 0$$

\Rightarrow oricât ar fi valoarea lui k_R datorită faptului că RG are componentă în statismul natural va fi zero.

Aplicatia SC-4 (pag 5/L4)



$$H_1(s) = \frac{1}{1+0.5s} (ET - PT_1)$$

$$H_3(s) = \frac{1.25}{1+4s} (ET - PT_1)$$

$$H_2(s) = \frac{0.8}{1+1.6s} (ET - PT_1)$$

$$H_4(s) = 1.05 (ET - P)$$

a) În cazul RG- $P\Delta T_1$, pentru $w_\infty = 7$ și $V_\infty = 1,25$ să se determine toate VRSC din sistem.

$$w_\infty = 7 \text{ și } V_\infty = 1,25$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{RG-}P\Delta T_1 : e_\infty &\neq 0 \\ e_\infty = w_\infty - y_\infty \end{aligned} \quad \left. \right\} \rightarrow e_\infty = 7 - y_\infty \rightarrow \boxed{y_\infty = 7 - e_\infty} = \boxed{y_\infty = 4,2127}$$

$$u_{R\infty} = H_{RG}(0)e_\infty = 2e_\infty \Rightarrow \boxed{u_{R\infty} = 5,5746}$$

$$u_{1\infty} = 1 \cdot u_{R\infty} = 2e_\infty \Rightarrow \boxed{u_{1\infty} = 5,5746}$$

$$m_{\infty} = 0.8 \cdot u_{1\infty} = 1.6e_\infty \Rightarrow \boxed{m_\infty = 4,4597}$$

$$p_{\infty} = m_\infty - V_\infty = 1.6e_\infty - 1,25 \Rightarrow \boxed{p_\infty = 3,2097}$$

$$z_\infty = 1,25 p_\infty = 1,25(1,6e_\infty - 1,25) = 2e_\infty - 1,5625 \Rightarrow \boxed{z_\infty = 4,0121}$$

$$y_\infty = 1,05 z_\infty = 1,05(2e_\infty - 1,5625) = 2,1e_\infty - 1,6406 \quad \left. \right\}$$

$$y_\infty = 7 - e_\infty$$

$$2,1e_\infty - 1,6406 = 7 - e_\infty$$

$$3,1e_\infty = 8,6406 \Rightarrow$$

$$\boxed{e_\infty = 2,7873}$$

b) Să se calculeze statismul natural (δ_m) în ieșirea de măsură y.

$$X_m = \frac{y_{\infty}}{v_{\infty}} \Big|_{w_0=0} = \frac{k_N}{1+k_0}, \quad k_0 = k_R \cdot k_{PC}$$

$$\underline{\text{Varianta 1}} : \quad S_N = \frac{y_{\infty}}{v_{\infty}} \mid w_{\infty} = 0$$

$$W_{00}=0 \text{ } \text{ } \text{ } \text{ } V_{00}=1,25$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} RG - PDT_1: e_{\infty} \neq 0 \\ e_{\infty} = W_{\infty} - Y_{\infty} \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow e_{\infty} = 0 - Y_{\infty} \Rightarrow e_{\infty} = -Y_{\infty}$$

$$M_{\infty} = 2 C_{\infty}$$

$$M_{1\infty} = 1 \cdot M_{C\infty} = 2 C_{\infty}$$

$$m_\infty = 0,8 m_{1\infty} = 1,6 e_\infty$$

$$P_{\infty} = m_{\infty} - V_{\infty} = 1,6 \rho_{\infty} - 1,25$$

$$Z_\infty = 1,25 \rho_\infty = 2 C_\infty - 1,5625$$

$$y_0 = 1,05x_0 = 2,1e_0 - 1,64067$$

$$y_\infty = -e_\infty$$

$$e_{\infty} = 952g_2 \Rightarrow q = -0,52g_2 \Rightarrow$$

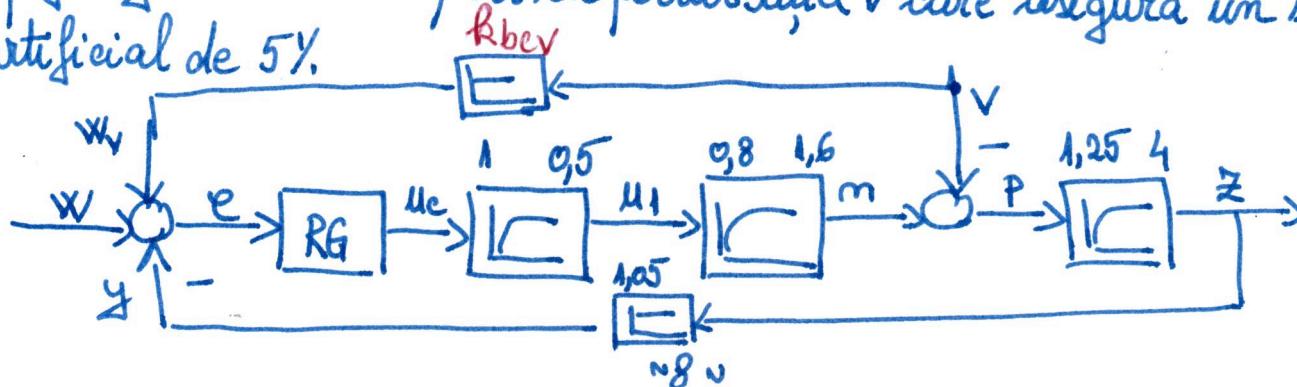
$$Y_u = \frac{y_{\infty}}{v_{\infty}} = - \frac{0,5292}{1,25} \Rightarrow Y_u = -0,4234$$

$$\underline{\text{Varianta 2}}: X_N = \frac{k_N}{1+k_0} = \frac{k_N}{1+k_R k_{PC}} = -\frac{13125}{1+2 \cdot 1,05} = -\frac{13125}{3,1} \rightarrow$$

$$k_{PC} = 1 \cdot 0,8 \cdot 1,25 \cdot 1,05 = 1,05$$

$$k_N = -1,25 \cdot 1,05 = -1,3125$$

c) Să se calculeze expresia parametrului k_{bcv} în cadrul unei structuri de tip feedforward în raport cu perturbația v care asigură un statism artificial de 5%.



$$\text{RG-PAT}_1: e_{\infty} \neq 0$$

$$e_{\infty} = W_{\infty} + W_{V_{\infty}} - Y_{\infty}$$

$$W_{V_{\infty}} = k_{bcv} V_{\infty}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} e_{\infty} &= W_{\infty} + k_{bcv} V_{\infty} - Y_{\infty} \\ Y_{\infty} &= 1,05 Z_{\infty} \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow e_{\infty} = W_{\infty} + k_{bcv} V_{\infty} - 1,05 Z_{\infty}$$

$$M_{coo} = 2 e_{\infty} (H_{RG}(0) \cdot e_{\infty})$$

$$M_{100} = 1 \cdot M_{coo} = 2 e_{\infty}$$

$$m_{\infty} = 0,8 \quad m_{100} = 1,6 e_{\infty}$$

$$P_{\infty} = m_{\infty} - V_{\infty} = 1,6 e_{\infty} - V_{\infty}$$

$$Z_{\infty} = 1,25 P_{\infty} = 2 e_{\infty} - 1,25 V_{\infty} = 2(W_{\infty} + k_{bcv} V_{\infty} - 1,05 Z_{\infty}) - 1,25 V_{\infty} \Rightarrow$$

$$Z_{\infty} = 2W_{\infty} + 2k_{bcv} V_{\infty} - 2,1 Z_{\infty} - 1,25 V_{\infty} \Rightarrow 3,1 Z_{\infty} = 2W_{\infty} + (2k_{bcv} - 1,25)V_{\infty}$$

$$\Rightarrow Z_{\infty} = \frac{2}{3,1} W_{\infty} + \underbrace{\frac{(2k_{bcv} - 1,25)}{3,1} V_{\infty}}_{\Delta a} \Rightarrow Z_{\infty} = 0,6452 W_{\infty} + (0,6452 k_{bcv} - 0,4032) V_{\infty}$$

$$\Delta a = 5\% \Rightarrow \Delta a = 0,05$$

$$\Delta a = 0,6452 k_{bcv} - 0,4032 \Rightarrow 0,6452 k_{bcv} = 0,4532 \Rightarrow$$

$$\boxed{k_{bcv} = 0,7024}$$