

by Roland Hedberg

#### JW\*

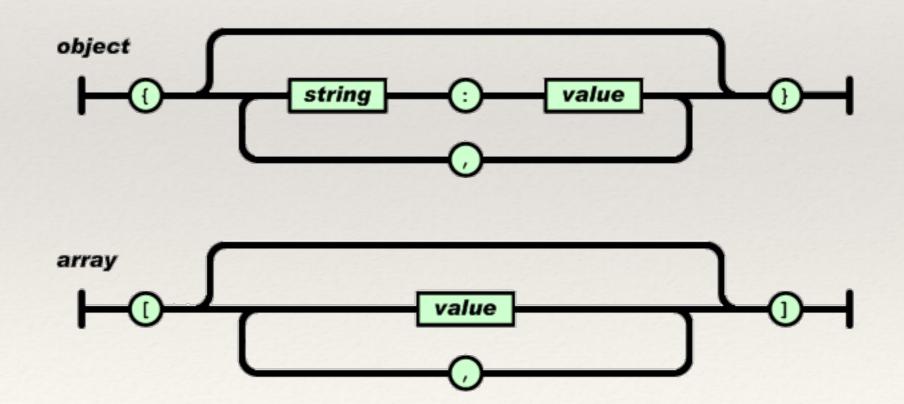
- \* JWT JSON Web Token
- \* JWS JSON Web Signature
- \* JWE JSON Web Encryption
- \* JWK JSON Web Key
- \* JWA JSON Web Algorithms

### JWT

- \* JSON Web Token (JWT)
- \* Compact
- \* URL-safe
- Transport format
- \* Payload in JSON

#### **JSON**

#### Java Script Object Notation



## Usage

- \* HTTP Authorization headers
- URI query parameters

## Representation

\* A sequence of URL-safe parts separated by period '.' characters.

#### JWT Claims

- \* iss (Issuer)
- \* sub (Subject)
- \* aud (Audience)
- \* exp (Expiration Time)
- \* nbf (Not Before)
- \* iat (Issued at)
- \* jti (JWT ID)

## JOSE header parameters

- \* typ (Type)
- cty (Content type)

#### Unsecured JWT

- header: {"alg": "none"}
- \* message: payload

<header>.<message>

### Create a JWT

- 1. Create a Claims Set (== create a JSON object)
- 2. Message = Base64url encoded UTF-8 representation of the JSON object
- 3. Create a JOSE Header (JWS or JWE header)
- 4. Create JWS or JWE
- 5. If nested use the JWS/JWE as message, include cty="JWT" in header and go from (3)
- 6. else, resulting JWT is the JWS or JWE

# Code example

#### JWK

A JSON Web Key (JWK) is a JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) [RFC7159] data structure that represents a cryptographic key.

## Example JWK

```
{
  "kty": "EC",
  "crv": "P-256",
  "x": "f83OJ3D2xF1Bg8vub9tLe1gHMzV76e8Tus9uPHvRVEU",
  "y": "x_FEzRu9m36HLN_tue659LNpXW6pCyStikYjKIWI5a0",
  "kid": "Public key used in JWS A.3 example"
}
```

## \*Elliptic curve cryptography

For elliptic-curve-based protocols, it is assumed that finding the discrete logarithm of a random elliptic curve element with respect to a publicly known base point is infeasible.

A 256-bit ECC public key should provide comparable security to a 3072-bit RSA public key.

## JWK parameters

- \* kty (Key Type)
- \* use (Public Key Use)
  - \* 'sig', 'enc'
- key\_ops (Key Operations)
  - \* 'sign', 'verify', 'encrypt', 'decrypt', 'wrapkey', 'unwrapKey', 'deriveKey', 'deriveBits'
- \* alg (Algorithm)
- \* kid (Key ID)
- \* x5u (X.509 URL)
- \* x5c (X.509 Certificate Chain)
- \* x5t (X.509 Certificate SHA-1 Thumbprint)
- \* x5t#S256 (X.509 Certificate SHA-256 Thumbprint)

## JSON Web Key Set (JWKS)

- \* A JSON object that represents a set of JWKs
- \* The JSON object must have a "keys" member.

# Code example

#### JWS

JSON Web Signature (JWS) represents content secured with digital signatures or Message Authentication Codes (MACs) using JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) based data structures.

## JWS header parameters

- \* alg (algorithm)
- \* jku (JWK Set URL)
- \* jwk (JSON Web Key)
- \* kid (Key ID)
- \* x5u (X.509 ULR)
- \* x5c (X.509 Certificate Chain)
- \* x5t (X.509 Certificate SHA-1 thumbprint)
- \* x5t#S256 (X.509 Certificate SHA-256 Thumbprint)
- \* typ (Type, MIME Media Type of the JWS)
- \* cty (Content Type of payload)
- crit (Critical extensions)

## JWS components

- \* header
  - \* parameters describing the cryptographic operations and parameters employed
- \* payload
  - \* message
- \* signature
  - Digital signature or MAC over the JWS Protected Header and the JWS Payload

\* JWS compact serialization:

BASE64URL(UTF8(Protected Header)) "." BASE64URL(Payload) "." BASE64URL(Signature)

## JWS JSON Serialization

```
"payload":
 "eyJpc3MiOiJqb2UiLA0KICJleHAiOjEzMDA4MTkzODAsDQogImh0dHA6Ly9leG
  FtcGxlLmNvbS9pc19yb290Ijp0cnVlfQ",
"signatures":[
 {"protected": "eyJhbGciOiJSUzI1NiJ9",
 "header": {"kid":"2010-12-29"},
  "signature":
    "cC4hiUPoj9Eetdgtv3hF80EGrhuB dzERat0XF9g2VtQgr9PJbu3XOiZj5RZ
    mh7AAuHIm4Bh-0Qc lF5YKt O8W2Fp5jujGbds9uJdbF9CUAr7t1dnZcAcQjb
    KBYNX4BAynRFdiuB--f nZLgrnbyTyWzO75vRK5h6xBArLIARNPvkSjtQBMHl
    b1L07Qe7K0GarZRmB eSN9383LcOLn6 d0--xi12jzDwusC-eOkHWEsqtFZES
    c6BfI7noOPqvhJ1phCnvWh6IeYI2w9QOYEUipUTI8np6LbgGY9Fs98rqVt5AX
    LIhWkWywlVmtVrBp0igcN IoypGlUPQGe77Rw"},
 {"protected": "eyJhbGciOiJFUzI1NiJ9",
  "header": {"kid":"e9bc097a-ce51-4036-9562-d2ade882db0d"},
  "signature":
    "DtEhU3ljbEg8L38VWAfUAqOyKAM6-Xx-F4GawxaepmXFCgfTjDxw5djxLa8I
    SlSApmWQxfKTUJqPP3-Kg6NU1Q"}]
```

# Code example

#### JWE

JSON Web Encryption (JWE) represents encrypted content using JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) based data structures.

## JWE Header parameters

- \* alg (Algorithm)
- enc (Encryption Algorithm)
- zip (Compression Algorithm)
- \* jku (JWK Set URL)
- \* jwk (JSON Web Key)
- \* kid (Key ID)
- \* x5u (X.509 ULR)
- \* x5c (X.509 Certificate Chain)
- \* x5t (X.509 Certificate SHA-1 thumbprint)
- x5t#S256 (X.509 Certificate SHA-256 Thumbprint)
- typ (Type, MIME Media Type of the JWS)
- cty (Content Type of payload)
- crit (Critical extensions)

## Difference between alg and enc

- \* **alg** defines the Key Management Mode employed to determine the Content Encryption Key (CEK) value.
- \* CEK is encrypt to produce the JWE Encrypt Key
- \* enc is the content encryption algorithm

## JWE components

#### \* Header

\* parameters describing the cryptographic operations and parameters employed

#### Encrypted key

Encrypted Content Encryption Key (CEK) value

#### Initialization vector

\* Initialization Vector value used when encrypting the plaintext

#### \* AAD

\* Additional value to be integrity protected (header+possible extra)

#### Cipher text

Ciphertext value resulting from authenticated encryption of the plaintext with additional authenticated data

#### Authentication tag

\* Authentication Tag value resulting from authenticated encryption of the plaintext with additional authenticated data

# Code example

## JWA

The JSON Web Algorithms (JWA) specification registers cryptographic algorithms and identifiers to be used with the JSON Web Signature (JWS), JSON Web Encryption (JWE), and JSON Web Key (JWK) specifications.

#### Links to documents

- The JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) Data Interchange Format
- \* JSON Web Token (JWT)
- \* JSON Web Key (JWK)
- \* JSON Web Signature (JWS)
- \* JSON Web Encryption (JWE)
- \* JSON Web Algorithms (JWA)