1 D1:Experimental Setup, Hyperparameters and Error Bars

1.1 Experimental Setup

This work comprises three artifacts: corpus_evaluation.ipynb (corpus_level CEAT/I-WEAT/I-SEAT/IIBS over six intersectional classes), task1.ipynb (Task 1 RoBERTa-based CEAT, I-WEAT, I-SEAT for CLASS-PROMPT-LLM responses plus LIME), and Task_2.ipynb (Task 2 persona-prompt-LLM synthetic scorer producing CEAT, I-WEAT, I-SEAT, and Combined_Bias with summary CSVs). All computations run on CPU with SentenceTransformer("roberta-base") for embedding-based metrics; no fine-tuning is performed. Inputs include corpus.csv (261 sentences, 21 classes), prompts-task1.txt (parsed into per-LLM responses), and programmatic grids for Task 2.

1.2 Data

The corpus analysis loads *corpus.csv*, filters six intersectional classes defined in-code (targets and positive/negative attributes), and reports aggregate CEAT/I-WEAT/I-SEAT plus IIBS prevalence; Neutral is used only for prevalence estimates. Task 1 reads CLASS and PROMPT blocks with per-LLM responses from *prompts-task1.txt* and outputs *task1_bias_scores.csv*. Task 2 enumerates 7 personas × 5 prompts × 5 LLM labels to yield 175 rows in *task2_bias_scores.csv* alongside persona/LLM/prompt summaries.

1.3 Models and Libraries

RoBERTa embeddings are obtained via Sentence Transformer ("roberta-base") with normalized embeddings and cosine similarity (util.cos_sim). Pandas and NumPy handle I/O and aggregation. LIME is used for local text explanations in separate analysis blocks in Task 1 and Task 2; there is no model training anywhere in the notebooks.

2 Hyperparameters

Anchors and templates for CEAT, I-WEAT, and I-SEAT are hard-coded in the Task 1 notebook; corpus targets and attribute lists are hard-coded in

Table 1: Data and task assets overview.		
Asset	Description	Used in
corpus.csv	261 sentences, 21 classes;	Corpus
	six intersectional classes	eval
	with targets and posi-	
	tive/negative attributes	
	defined in notebook	
prompts-	CLASS-PROMPT blocks	Task 1
task1.txt	containing per-LLM	
	responses parsed into	
	$task1_bias_scores.csv$	
Personas	Descriptions spanning	Task 2
A-G	marginalized/privileged	
	markers; G is neutral base-	
	line	
Prompts	Leadership, career success,	Task 2
(5)	workplace challenges, tech	
	suitability, adaptation	
LLM la-	GPT-40, DeepSeek-R1,	Task 2
bels (5)	LLaMA-4, Claude-3.5-	
	Sonnet, Gemma-20-8B	
Outputs	Task 1 and Task 2 CSVs	Task $1/2$
	for scores and summaries as	·
	written by notebooks	

 $define_intersectional_targets$. Task 2 uses fixed dictionaries for LLM profiles ($ceat_base$, $iweat_base$, $iseat_base$, variance), persona multipliers ($ceat_mult$, $iweat_mult$, $iseat_mult$, $intersectional_boost$), and prompt adjustments ($ceat_adj$, $iweat_adj$, $iseat_adj$). CEAT and I-WEAT scores are clamped to [-1,1]; I-SEAT is clamped to [0,1].

2.1 Anchors and Templates (Task 1)

CEAT uses stereotype vs. anti-stereotype anchors; I-WEAT uses positive vs. negative attributes; I-SEAT uses stereotype vs. anti templates. All lists are defined inline and used without tuning; SentenceTransformer("roberta-base") embeddings are normalized for cosine similarity.

3 Error Bars

Task 1 and corpus evaluations are fully deterministic given inputs and contain no stochastic components; hence error bars are not applicable to those results. Task 2 samples a single Gaussian perturbation per cell using a deterministic hash-derived pseudo-seed based on the (persona, prompt, LLM, metric) key; this yields a fixed, reproducible point estimate per combination rather than a distribution. Reported Task 2 results are therefore single-pass deterministic values without error bars.