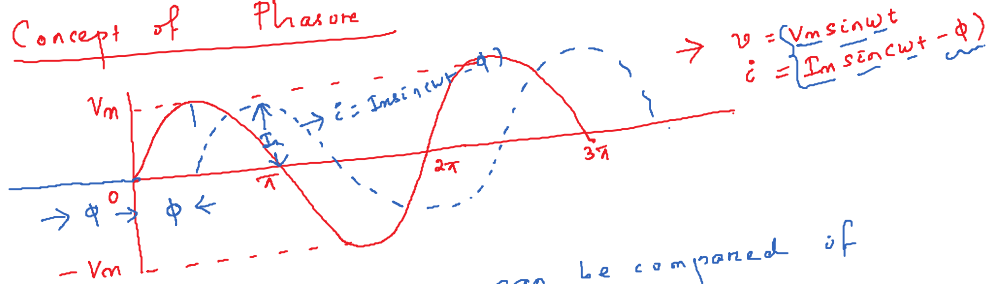


e

## Concept of Phasors



The phase of 2 sine wave can be compared if

- Both have same freq.
- Both are having either +ve amplitude or -ve amplitude.
- Both are either sin function or cos function.

## Behavior of R, L, C is AC circuit

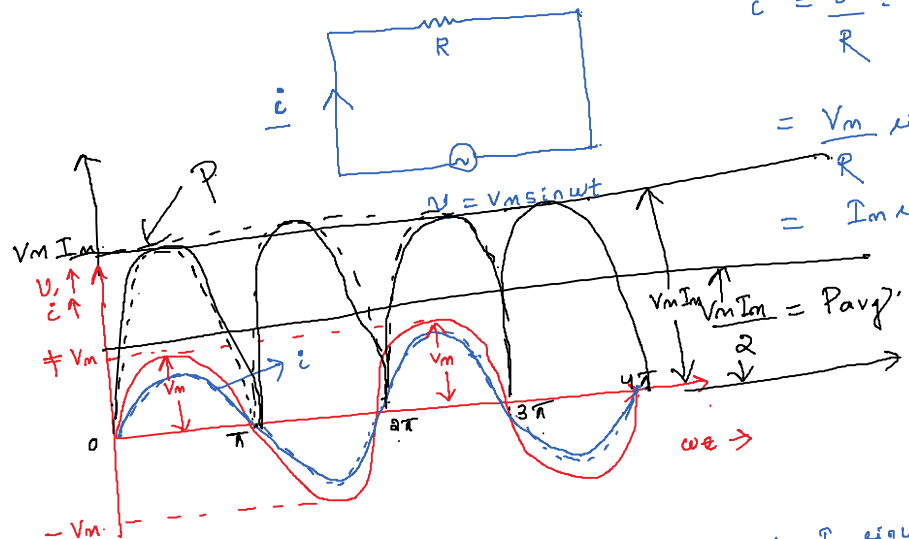
### (1) Purely Resistive Circuit

$$v = V_m \sin \omega t \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$i = \frac{v}{R} = \frac{V_m \sin \omega t}{R}$$

$$= \frac{V_m}{R} \sin \omega t$$

$$= I_m \sin \omega t \quad \text{--- (2)}$$



### Instantaneous Power

$$p = v i = V_m \sin \omega t I_m \sin \omega t$$

$$= \frac{V_m I_m}{2} [2 \sin^2 \omega t]$$

$$= \frac{V_m I_m}{2} [1 - \cos 2\omega t]$$

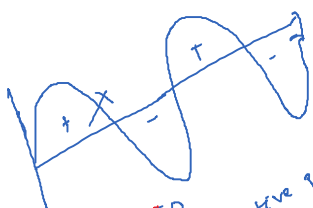
$$= \frac{V_m I_m}{2} - \frac{V_m I_m \cos 2\omega t}{2}$$

$$= \frac{V_m I_m}{2}$$

$$= \frac{V_m}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{I_m}{\sqrt{2}}$$

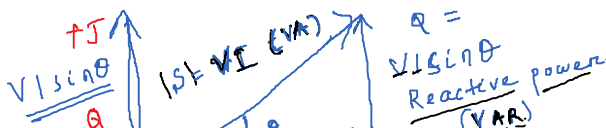
$$= V_{rms} I_{rms}$$

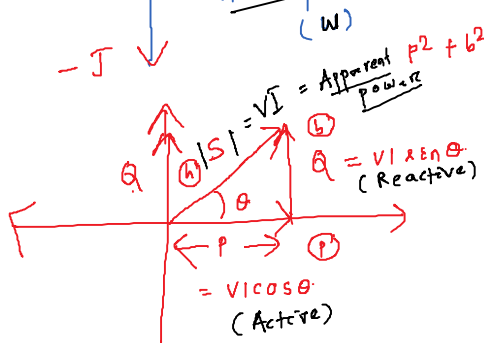
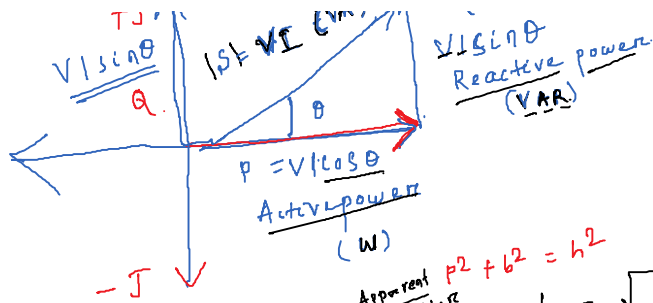
$$= \text{Apparent power.}$$



$$S = P + jQ$$

= Active + j reactive power





$$P^2 + Q^2 = S^2$$

$$h = \sqrt{P^2 + Q^2}$$

$$S = \sqrt{P^2 + Q^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(VI \cos \theta)^2 + (VI \sin \theta)^2}$$

$$= VI \sqrt{\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta}$$

$$= VI$$

$$P_{\text{active}} = P_r = VI \cos \theta$$

$$= VI = V_{\text{rms}} I_{\text{rms}}$$

$$= I_{\text{rms}}^2 R = \text{Apparent power}$$

$$\text{Reactive power}$$

$$P_{\text{reactive}} = VI \sin \theta$$

$$= 0$$

Q. 1. In an AC circuit

$$v = 55 \sin \omega t$$

$$i = 6.1 \sin (\omega t - \frac{\pi}{5})$$

Calculate

(i)

Avg power

(ii) Apparent power

(iii)

$P_{\text{inst}}$  when  $\omega t = 0.3 \text{ sec}$

(iv) pf %

$$P_{\text{inst}} = v i = 55 \sin \omega t \times 6.1 \sin (\omega t - \frac{\pi}{5}) \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$= \frac{55 \times 6.1}{2} 2 \sin \frac{\omega t}{A} \sin (\frac{\omega t - \frac{\pi}{5}}{B})$$

$$= \frac{55 \times 6.1}{2} \left[ \cos \frac{\pi}{5} - \cos (2\omega t - \frac{\pi}{5}) \right] \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$(i) P_{\text{avg}} = \left[ \frac{55 \times 6.1}{2} \cos \frac{\pi}{5} \right] = 135.6 \text{ W}$$

$$(ii) P_{\text{apparent}} = V_{\text{rms}} I_{\text{rms}} = \frac{V_m}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{I_m}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$= \frac{55}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{6.1}{\sqrt{2}} = 167.75 \text{ VA}$$

$$(iii) P_{\text{inst}} ] \omega t = 0.3 \text{ sec}$$

$$= 135.6 - \frac{55 \times 6.1}{2} \cos (\frac{0.6}{5} - \frac{\pi}{5})$$

$$= -31.98 \text{ W}$$

$$(2v) \quad pf = \frac{\cos \frac{\pi}{5}}{5} = 0.809 \times 100 = 80.9 \%$$