

LAB ASSIGNMENT 1

Write PL/SQL queries for the following

1) Create tables for - Student(student_id, first_name, last_name, dept, Date_of_birth, gender, religion), Employee, Product, Customer, and Account. Identify relevant attributes for each table and make sure each table has at least four columns. Ensure each table has a _ID column e.g. Employee should have EMPLOYEE_ID column, Student should have STUDENT_ID column etc.



i) Student table

```
CREATE TABLE Student (  
    student_id INT,  
    first_name VARCHAR(10),  
    last_name VARCHAR(10),  
    dept VARCHAR(10),  
    Date_of_birth DATE,  
    gender CHAR(6),  
    religion VARCHAR(10)  
);
```

```
SQL> DESC STUDENT
```

Name	Null?	Type
STUDENT_ID		NUMBER(38)
FIRST_NAME		VARCHAR2(10)
LAST_NAME		VARCHAR2(10)
DEPT		VARCHAR2(10)
DATE_OF_BIRTH		DATE
GENDER		CHAR(6)
RELIGION		VARCHAR2(10)

II) Employee table

```
CREATE TABLE Employee (  
    EMPLOYEE_ID NUMBER,  
    FIRST_NAME VARCHAR2(10),  
    LAST_NAME VARCHAR2(10),  
    DEPT VARCHAR2(10),  
    DATE_OF_BIRTH DATE,  
    GENDER VARCHAR2(6),  
    RELIGION VARCHAR2(10)  
);
```

```
SQL> desc employee
```

Name	Null?	Type
EMPLOYEE_ID		NUMBER
FIRST_NAME		VARCHAR2(10)
LAST_NAME		VARCHAR2(10)
DEPT		VARCHAR2(10)
DATE_OF_BIRTH		DATE
GENDER		VARCHAR2(6)
RELIGION		VARCHAR2(10)

III) Product table

```
CREATE TABLE Product (  
  PRODUCT_ID NUMBER,  
  PRODUCT_NAME VARCHAR2(10),  
  CATEGORY VARCHAR2(10),  
  PRICE NUMBER(10, 2),  
  MANUFACTURER VARCHAR2(10)  
);
```

```
SQL> desc product
```

Name	Null?	Type
PRODUCT_ID		NUMBER
PRODUCT_NAME		VARCHAR2(10)
CATEGORY		VARCHAR2(10)
PRICE		NUMBER(10,2)
MANUFACTURER		VARCHAR2(10)

iv) Customer table

```
CREATE TABLE Customer (  
  CUSTOMER_ID NUMBER ,  
  FIRST_NAME VARCHAR2(10),  
  LAST_NAME VARCHAR2(10),  
  EMAIL VARCHAR2(15),  
  PHONE_NUMBER VARCHAR2(10)  
);
```

```
Table created.
```

```
SQL> desc customer
```

Name	Null?	Type
CUSTOMER_ID		NUMBER
FIRST_NAME		VARCHAR2(10)
LAST_NAME		VARCHAR2(10)
EMAIL		VARCHAR2(15)
PHONE_NUMBER		VARCHAR2(10)

v) Account table

```
CREATE TABLE Account (  
  ACCOUNT_ID NUMBER,  
  ACCOUNT_NUMBER VARCHAR2(10),  
  ACCOUNT_TYPE VARCHAR2(10),  
  BALANCE NUMBER(15, 2),  
  OPEN_DATE DATE  
);
```

```
Table created.
```

```
SQL> desc account
```

Name	Null?	Type
ACCOUNT_ID		NUMBER
ACCOUNT_NUMBER		VARCHAR2(10)
ACCOUNT_TYPE		VARCHAR2(10)
BALANCE		NUMBER(15,2)
OPEN_DATE		DATE

2. Describe each table.



1. **Student Table:**

- **STUDENT_ID:** Unique identifier for each student.
- **FIRST_NAME:** First name of the student.
- **LAST_NAME:** Last name of the student.
- **DEPT:** Department to which the student belongs.
- **DATE_OF_BIRTH:** Date of birth of the student.
- **GENDER:** Gender of the student.
- **RELIGION:** Religion of the student.

2. **Employee Table:**

- **EMPLOYEE_ID:** Unique identifier for each employee.
- **FIRST_NAME:** First name of the employee.
- **LAST_NAME:** Last name of the employee.
- **DEPT:** Department to which the employee belongs.
- **DATE_OF_BIRTH:** Date of birth of the employee.
- **GENDER:** Gender of the employee.
- **RELIGION:** Religion of the employee.

3. **Product Table:**

- **PRODUCT_ID:** Unique identifier for each product.
- **PRODUCT_NAME:** Name of the product.
- **CATEGORY:** Category to which the product belongs.
- **PRICE:** Price of the product.
- **MANUFACTURER:** Manufacturer of the product.

4. **Customer Table:**

- **CUSTOMER_ID:** Unique identifier for each customer.
- **FIRST_NAME:** First name of the customer.
- **LAST_NAME:** Last name of the customer.
- **EMAIL:** Email address of the customer.
- **PHONE_NUMBER:** Phone number of the customer.

5. **Account Table:**

- **ACCOUNT_ID:** Unique identifier for each account.
- **ACCOUNT_NUMBER:** Account number associated with the account.
- **ACCOUNT_TYPE:** Type of the account (e.g., savings, checking).
- **BALANCE:** Current balance in the account.
- **OPEN_DATE:** Date when the account was opened.

3. Insert at least 5 distinct rows to each table.

→ Student table

insert into Student values (01, 'Bibek', 'Sah', 'CSE', '02-jan-2002', 'Male', 'Hinduism');

```
SQL> insert into Student values (01, 'Bibek', 'Sah', 'CSE', '02-jan-2002', 'Male', 'Hinduism');
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Student values (1, 'John', 'Doe', 'CSE', '02-jan-2002', 'Male', 'Hindu');
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Student values (2, 'Jane', 'Smith', 'Civil', '02-feb-2003', 'Female', 'Christian');
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Student values (3, 'Sam', 'Johnson', 'Electron', '02-mar-2001', 'Male', 'Muslim');
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Student values (4, 'Emily', 'Brown', 'CSE', '02-feb-2001', 'Female', 'Hindu');
1 row created.
```

Employee table

INSERT INTO Employee (EMPLOYEE_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, DEPT, DATE_OF_BIRTH, GENDER, RELIGION) VALUES (101, 'Alice', 'Johnson', 'HR', '02-mar-1980', 'Female', 'None');

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Employee (EMPLOYEE_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, DEPT, DATE_OF_BIRTH, GENDER, RELIGION)
2 VALUES (101, 'Alice', 'Johnson', 'HR', '02-mar-1980', 'Female', 'None');
1 row created.

SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO Employee (EMPLOYEE_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, DEPT, DATE_OF_BIRTH, GENDER, RELIGION)
2 VALUES (102, 'Bob', 'Smith', 'IT', '18-dec-1985', 'Male', 'Christian');
1 row created.

SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO Employee (EMPLOYEE_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, DEPT, DATE_OF_BIRTH, GENDER, RELIGION)
2 VALUES (103, 'Eva', 'Clark', 'Finance', '25-aug-1978', 'Female', 'Buddhist');
1 row created.

SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO Employee (EMPLOYEE_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, DEPT, DATE_OF_BIRTH, GENDER, RELIGION)
2 VALUES (104, 'James', 'Miller', 'Marketing', '12-mar-1982', 'M', 'Hinduism');
1 row created.

SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO Employee (EMPLOYEE_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, DEPT, DATE_OF_BIRTH, GENDER, RELIGION)
2 VALUES (105, 'Sophia', 'Brown', 'Legal', '05-oct-1987', 'F', 'Jewish');
1 row created.
```

Product table

INSERT INTO Product (PRODUCT_ID, PRODUCT_NAME, CATEGORY, PRICE, MANUFACTURER) VALUES (501, 'Laptop', 'Electronic', 1200.00, 'HP');

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Product (PRODUCT_ID, PRODUCT_NAME, CATEGORY, PRICE, MANUFACTURER)
2 VALUES
3 (501, 'Laptop', 'Electronic', 1200.00, 'HP');
1 row created.

SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO Product (PRODUCT_ID, PRODUCT_NAME, CATEGORY, PRICE, MANUFACTURER)
2 VALUES
3 (502, 'Smartphone', 'Electronic', 800.00, 'Samsung');
1 row created.

SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO Product (PRODUCT_ID, PRODUCT_NAME, CATEGORY, PRICE, MANUFACTURER)
2 VALUES
3 (503, 'Coffee Mk', 'Appliances', 50.00, 'Cuisinart');
1 row created.

SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO Product (PRODUCT_ID, PRODUCT_NAME, CATEGORY, PRICE, MANUFACTURER)
2 VALUES
3 (504, 'Running Sh', 'Footwear', 80.00, 'Nike');
1 row created.

SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO Product (PRODUCT_ID, PRODUCT_NAME, CATEGORY, PRICE, MANUFACTURER)
2 VALUES
3 (505, 'Digital C', 'Electronic', 500.00, 'Canon');
1 row created.
```

Customer table

INSERT INTO Customer (CUSTOMER_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, EMAIL, PHONE_NUMBER)
VALUES (1001, 'David', 'Johnson', 'david@em.co', '1234567890');

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Customer (CUSTOMER_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, EMAIL, PHONE_NUMBER) VALUES (1001, 'David', 'Johnson', 'david@em.co', '1234567890');

1 row created.

SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO Customer (CUSTOMER_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, EMAIL, PHONE_NUMBER) VALUES (1002, 'Emma', 'Williams', 'emma@em.co', '4567890123');

1 row created.

SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO Customer (CUSTOMER_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, EMAIL, PHONE_NUMBER) VALUES (1003, 'Oliver', 'Smith', 'oliver@em.co', '7890123456');

1 row created.

SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO Customer (CUSTOMER_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, EMAIL, PHONE_NUMBER) VALUES (1004, 'Ava', 'Davis', 'ava@em.co', '0123456789');

1 row created.

SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO Customer (CUSTOMER_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, EMAIL, PHONE_NUMBER) VALUES (1005, 'Noah', 'Jones', 'noah@em.co', '2345678901');

1 row created.
```

Account table

INSERT INTO Account (ACCOUNT_ID, ACCOUNT_NUMBER, ACCOUNT_TYPE, BALANCE, OPEN_DATE)
VALUES (10001, 'A123456', 'Savings', 5000.00, '01-jan-2022');

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Account (ACCOUNT_ID, ACCOUNT_NUMBER, ACCOUNT_TYPE, BALANCE, OPEN_DATE) VALUES (10001, 'A123456', 'Savings', 5000.00, '01-jan-2022');

1 row created.

SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO Account (ACCOUNT_ID, ACCOUNT_NUMBER, ACCOUNT_TYPE, BALANCE, OPEN_DATE) VALUES (10002, 'C789012', 'Checking', 1500.00, '15-feb-2022');

1 row created.

SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO Account (ACCOUNT_ID, ACCOUNT_NUMBER, ACCOUNT_TYPE, BALANCE, OPEN_DATE) VALUES (10003, 'A456789', 'Savings', 8000.00, '10-mar-2022');

1 row created.

SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO Account (ACCOUNT_ID, ACCOUNT_NUMBER, ACCOUNT_TYPE, BALANCE, OPEN_DATE) VALUES (10004, 'C012345', 'Checking', 3000.00, '22-apr-2022');

1 row created.

SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO Account (ACCOUNT_ID, ACCOUNT_NUMBER, ACCOUNT_TYPE, BALANCE, OPEN_DATE) VALUES (10005, 'A678901', 'Savings', 6000.00, '05-may-2022');

1 row created.
```

4. Fetch all data from the respective tables.

→ student table:- select * from student;

```
SQL> select * from student;
```

STUDENT_ID	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	DEPT	DATE_OF_B	GENDER	RELIGION
1	Bibek	Sah	CSE	02-JAN-02	Male	Hinduism
1	Bibek	Sah	CSE	02-JAN-02	Male	Hinduism
1	John	Doe	CSE	02-JAN-02	Male	Hindu
2	Jane	Smith	Civil	02-FEB-03	Female	Christian
3	Sam	Johnson	Electron	02-MAR-01	Male	Muslim
4	Emily	Brown	CSE	02-FEB-01	Female	Hindu

Employee table:- select * from employee;

```
SQL> select * from employee;
```

EMPLOYEE_ID	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	DEPT	DATE_OF_B	GENDER	RELIGION
101	Alice	Johnson	HR	02-MAR-80	Female	None
102	Bob	Smith	IT	18-DEC-85	Male	Christian
103	Eva	Clark	Finance	25-AUG-78	Female	Buddhist
104	James	Miller	Marketing	12-MAR-82	M	Hinduism
105	Sophia	Brown	Legal	05-OCT-87	F	Jewish

Product table :- select * from product;

```
SQL> select * from product;
```

PRODUCT_ID	PRODUCT_NA	CATEGORY	PRICE	MANUFACTUR
501	Laptop	Electronic	1200	HP
502	Smartphone	Electronic	800	Samsung
503	Coffee Mk	Appliances	50	Cuisinart
504	Running Sh	Footwear	80	Nike
505	Digital C	Electronic	500	Canon

Customer table :- select * from customer;

```
SQL> select * from customer;
```

CUSTOMER_ID	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	EMAIL	PHONE_NUMB
1001	David	Johnson	david@em.co	1234567890
1002	Emma	Williams	emma@em.co	4567890123
1003	Oliver	Smith	oliver@em.co	7890123456
1004	Ava	Davis	ava@em.co	0123456789
1005	Noah	Jones	noah@em.co	2345678901

Account table :- select * from account;

```
SQL> select * from account;
```

ACCOUNT_ID	ACCOUNT_NU	ACCOUNT_TY	BALANCE	OPEN_DATE
10001	A123456	Savings	5000	01-JAN-22
10002	C789012	Checking	1500	15-FEB-22
10003	A456789	Savings	8000	10-MAR-22
10004	C012345	Checking	3000	22-APR-22
10005	A678901	Savings	6000	05-MAY-22

5. Fetch Employee ids and their names from the Employee table.

→ select employee_id, first_name from employee;

EMPLOYEE_ID	FIRST_NAME
101	Alice
102	Bob
103	Eva
104	James
105	Sophia

6. Create table YOUTH (f_name, l_name, sex, DOB) from the Student table.

→ CREATE TABLE YOUTH AS SELECT FIRST_NAME AS f_name, LAST_NAME AS l_name, GENDER AS sex, DATE_OF_BIRTH AS DOB AS sex, DATE_OF_BIRTH AS DOB FROM Student;

```
SQL> CREATE TABLE YOUTH AS
  2  SELECT FIRST_NAME AS f_name, LAST_NAME AS l_name, GENDER AS sex, DATE_OF_BIRTH AS DOB
  3  FROM Student;
```

Table created.

```
SQL> select * from youth;
```

F_NAME	L_NAME	SEX	DOB
Bibek	Sah	Male	02-JAN-02
Bibek	Sah	Male	02-JAN-02
John	Doe	Male	02-JAN-02
Jane	Smith	Female	02-FEB-03
Sam	Johnson	Male	02-MAR-01
Emily	Brown	Female	02-FEB-01

6 rows selected.

7. Delete all data from the customer table.

→ DELETE FROM Customer;

```
SQL> DELETE FROM Customer;

5 rows deleted.

SQL> select * from customer;

no rows selected
```

8. Delete the Account table.

→ drop table account;

```
SQL> drop table account;

Table dropped.

SQL> select * from account;
select * from account
              *
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-00942: table or view does not exist
```

9. Fetch the f_name and DOB from YOUTH table.

→ SELECT f_name, DOB FROM YOUTH;

```
SQL> SELECT f_name, DOB FROM YOUTH;

F_NAME      DOB
-----
Bibek       02-JAN-02
Bibek       02-JAN-02
John        02-JAN-02
Jane        02-FEB-03
Sam         02-MAR-01
Emily       02-FEB-01

6 rows selected.
```


10. Insert a new record into the Youth table. And keep NULL value in the l_name column.

➔ INSERT INTO YOUTH (f_name, l_name, sex, DOB) VALUES ('John', NULL, 'Male', '15-jan-2000');

```
SQL> INSERT INTO YOUTH (f_name, l_name, sex, DOB) VALUES ('John', NULL, 'Male', '15-jan-2000');
1 row created.

SQL> select * from youth;

F_NAME      L_NAME      SEX      DOB
-----
Bibek       Sah         Male     02-JAN-02
Bibek       Sah         Male     02-JAN-02
John        Doe         Male     02-JAN-02
Jane        Smith       Female   02-FEB-03
Sam         Johnson     Male     02-MAR-01
Emily       Brown       Female   02-FEB-01
John                          Male     15-JAN-00

7 rows selected.
```

11. Insert a new record into the Employee table. And keep NULL value in the employee_id column.

➔ insert into Employee (Employee_id, Employee_name, Product, Customer, Account) values ('null', 'Raman', 'Charger', 'Rajkumar', 2000);

```
SQL> insert into employee (Employee_id, Employee_name, Product, Customer, Account) values (null, 'Raman', 'Charger', 'Rajkumar', 2000);
insert into employee (Employee_id, Employee_name, Product, Customer, Account) values (null, 'Raman', 'Charger', 'Rajkumar', 2000)
*
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-01400: cannot insert NULL into ("BIBEK"."EMPLOYEE"."EMPLOYEE_ID")
```

12. Change the name of the employee table to workers.

➔ RENAME EMPLOYEE TO WORKERS;

```
SQL> RENAME EMPLOYEE TO WORKERS;

Table renamed.
```

13. Increase the size of the dept field in the student table by 10.

➔ ALTER TABLE STUDENT MODIFY DEPT VARCHAR(10);

```
SQL> ALTER TABLE STUDENT MODIFY DEPT VARCHAR(10);

Table altered.
```

14. Add a column ph_no in the student table.

➔ ALTER TABLE STUDENT ADD PH_NO VARCHAR(10);

```
SQL> ALTER TABLE STUDENT ADD PH_NO VARCHAR(10);  
Table altered.
```

15. Drop the religion attribute from the student table.

➔ ALTER TABLE STUDENT SET UNUSED COLUMN RELIGION;

```
SQL> ALTER TABLE STUDENT SET UNUSED COLUMN RELIGION;  
Table altered.
```

16. Rename the student_id field to roll_no in the student table.

➔ ALTER TABLE STUDENT RENAME COLUMN STUDENT_ID TO ROLL_NO;

```
SQL> ALTER TABLE STUDENT RENAME COLUMN STUDENT_ID TO ROLL_NO;  
Table altered.
```

17. Change the datatype and size of the product id column in the product table.

➔