



## SPRING END SEMESTER EXAMINATION-2019

6<sup>th</sup> Semester B.Tech

### DISTRIBUTED OPERATING SYSTEMS

CS-3024

(For 2017(L.E) & 2016 Admitted Batches)

Time: 3 Hours

Full Marks: 60

*Answer any SIX questions.*

*Question paper consists of four sections-A, B, C, D.*

*Section A is compulsory.*

*Attempt minimum one question each from Sections B, C, D.*

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable and all parts of a question should be answered at one place only.*

### SECTION-A

1.

[2 × 10]

- (a) Consider a distributed environment with four systems, A,B,C and D. Name the type of transparencies required in each of the following situations:
- Data available at all four systems and user want to modify the data at D.
  - Printer connected to A is disconnected and connected to B. User wants to access that printer.
  - Breakdown of system, D.
  - User want to access the software X without knowing its whereabouts.
- (b) Contrast between Network OS and Distributed OS.

- (c) Explain causally related events.
- (d) Analyze implementation rules of Lamport's logical clock and vector clock.
- (e) Why global clock is important in a distributed system? Why this is an issue?
- (f) Distinguish between failure and fault.
- (g) If communication channel is NON - FIFO, does
  - i. Lamport's DME algorithm ensures mutual exclusion condition?
  - ii. Ricart - Agrawala's permission based DME algorithm ensures mutual exclusion condition?
- (h) What do you mean by false deadlocks in distributed environment? How this can be detected?
- (i) What are different resource request models?
- (j) Discuss different features of RPC model.

### SECTION-B

- 2. (a) What are design issues one must focus while designing a good distributed system. Explain those with examples. [4]
- (b) What are different transparencies which can be observed in distributed system? List basic transparencies need to be supported by the distributed system. [4]
- 3. (a) Give the consistent global state requirements in DCS. When the global state is said to be strongly consistent? [4]
- (b) What are the various models used for building the distributed systems. Explain those with neat figures. [4]

### SECTION-C

4. (a) Why is the Ricart-Agarwal Algorithm used. Explain the algorithm steps considering an example. [4]
- (b) Compare the performance measures between following algorithm: [4]
- i. Lamport's DME algorithm
  - ii. Ricart Agrawala's permission and token based DME algorithm
  - iii. Meakawa's DME algorithm
  - iv. Raymond's tree based DME algorithm
5. (a) Analyse different distributed approaches of deadlock detection in DCS. Justify which one is suitable for distributed system. [4]
- (b) What is Stub? How are they generated? State their functionality and purpose? [4]
6. (a) What is the need of coordinator selection algorithm? Explain election based coordinator selection algorithm for distributed system. [4]
- (b) Explain how the commit protocol and voting protocol can be used to design fault tolerant system. [4]

### SECTION-D

7. (a) Discuss all mechanism for building distributed file system. [4]
- (b) Explain two-phase commit protocol associated with distributed system. [4]

8. Write Short notes

(a) Path-Pushing Algorithm

[4]

(b) Meakawa's DME algorithm

[4]

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