

① (a) Defⁿ: ^{Copernating system, CS 30M} Set of computers interconnected together to solve larger task & called a distributed system. O/S used in this system & called distributed OS.

(b)

Process	at.	next CPU I.L	wt.	cpu time
a	1	3	0	1+3+1+1
b	2	2		
c	3	1	1	
d.	4	1	1	

Order of execⁿ

a c d. \rightarrow wt = 1

or

a d c \rightarrow wt = 0

0 1 4.

Ans:- 1 or 0

(c) boolean fetch-and-set (boolean S).
Semaphore

core-1
return old value of S and set ~~S~~ to 1.
i.e S = 1

or

core-2
return old value of S and set S to 0.
i.e S = 0

(d) i) time sharing OS

ii) priority scheduling (Real time OS)

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(e) $t_{av} = Ht + (1-H)t_p$; $t = 10^{-6}$ sec $t_p = 10^{-2}$ sec
 $H = 99.99\%$
 $= 99.99 \times 10^{-6} + 0.01 \times 10^{-2}$
 $= 10^{-4} + 10^{-4}$
 $= 2 \times 10^{-1} \times 10^{-3}$
 $= 0.2 \text{ milliseconds} \quad \underline{\text{Ans}}$

(f) best case: 0
 worst case: page size
 average = $\frac{\text{best} + \text{worst}}{2}$
 $= \frac{0 + \text{page size}}{2}$
 $= \frac{1}{2} \times \text{Page size}$

(g).

1 2 3 4 1 2 3 5 1 2 3										
1	2	3	4	1	2	3	5	1	2	3
f	f	f	f	h	h	f	f	h	h	f
1	1	1	1			1	1			
	2	2	2			2	2			
		3	4			3	5			

page fault = 7.

(iv) first fit \leq worst fit $<$ best fit
 $O(n)$ $O(n)$ $O(n \log n)$

(c)

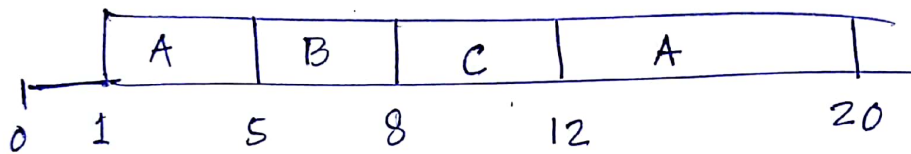
1. Time sharing.
2. Priority

(f) (c) scheduling process

2. (a) (i) RR

Process	at	bt	wt	cpu time
A	1/5	1/2 8/0	0+7	1+4+3 +4+2
B	2	3/0	3	
C	3	4/0	5	

Gantt chart order of execution



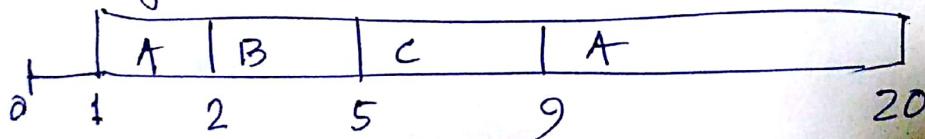
Response time A = 0, B = 3, C = 5

Wait. time A = 7 B = 3 C = 5

(ii)

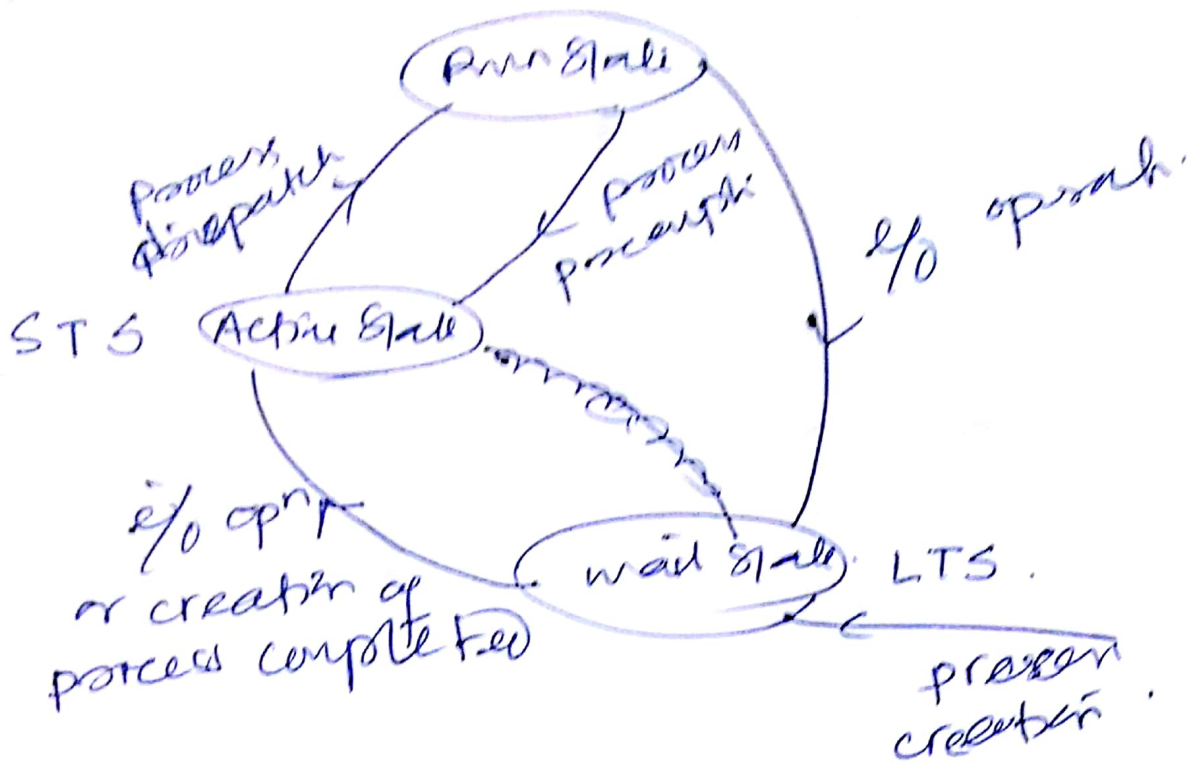
Process	at	bt	wt	cpu time
A	1/2	1/2 1/0	0+7	1+1+3+4
B	2	3/0	0	
C	3	4/0	2	

order of execution



Response time = A = 0, B = 0, C = 2, wait time A = 7, B = 0, C = 2

2-(b)



description :

[Signature]

Q3) (a) semaphore definition with wait and signal operations.

-2 marks.

~~Structure~~ Structure implementation

-2 marks

(b) ~~Satisfies~~ Satisfies - mutual exclusion
- Bounded waiting
- explanation

-2 mark

may lead to deadlock in case both the processes set their flags that is P1-flag and P2-flag to true.

Both processes will wait for ever and program is not satisfied.

-2 mark.

Q4)

	max		Allocation		Need
A	8 4 3		0 0 1		8 4 2
B	6 2 0		3 2 0		3 0 0
C	3 3 3		2 1 1		1 2 2

Available = 3, 2, 2

(a) Let work = 3, 2, 2

Process B can complete

Updated work = 3, 2, 2 + 3, 2, 0 = 6, 4, 2

Now process C can complete

Updated work = 6, 4, 2 + 2, 1, 1 = 8, 5, 3

process A can now complete, hence system is safe

(B, C, A) is a safe sequence

Any other safe sequence can be verified and awarded with mark

— 4 marks.

(b) Request_B = 2, 0, 0 ≤ Need_B (which is 3, 0, 0)
So valid request

Request_B also < ~~Avail~~ Available (which is 3, 2, 2)
So ~~or~~ Resulting state change is as follows.

	Allocation	Need
A —	0, 0, 1	8 4 2
B —	5, 2, 0	1 0 0
C —	2, 1, 1	1 2 2

Available = 1, 2, 2

work = 1, 2, 2,

~~Request of~~ process B can complete

Updated work = 1, 2, 2 + 5, 2, 0 = 6, 4, 0

Process C can complete

Updated work = 6, 4, 0 + 2, 1, 1 = 8, 5, 1

Process A can complete

Hence ~~state~~ resulting state will be safe and the request will be granted

— 4 marks.

- Q5)(a) Contiguous allocation — Static ^{partitioning} ~~partitioning~~
- Demerits: internal fragmentation
 - Dynamic / Variable partitions
 - External fragmentation

Non-contiguous allocation — paging

- internal fragmentation
- Segmentation
- external fragmentation

Marks to be awarded by looking into the relevant contents in the ~~in answer~~ answer — 4 marks.

(b) (i) logical address =

P.	d
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$$P = 32 \text{ Pages} = 2^5 \rightarrow 5 \text{ bits.}$$

$$d = 1024 \text{ word} = 2^{10} \rightarrow 10 \text{ bits.}$$

$$\text{logical address} = 5 + 10 = 15 \text{ bits.}$$

(ii) Physical ~~address~~ ^{memory} = $32 \times 1024 = 2^5 \times 2^{10} = 2^{15}$

$$\text{Physical address} = 15 \text{ bits}$$

— 4 marks.

Q6)(a) — Hardware support includes how the page table is stored and accessed.

Marks to be awarded by considering the h/w support for storing and accessing the page table.

— 4 marks.

(b) Explanation of the operating

— 4 marks.

2 marks for each operation.

Q7) (a) file allocation methods like

- Contiguous
- linked
- Indexed

marks to be awarded by looking into the explanation and relative advantages and disadvantages

— 4 marks.

(b) Domain of protection

— 2 marks.

Access matrix with example. — 2 marks.

Q8) (a) Resource Allocation Graph

* Explanation of ~~vertices~~ vertex type & edge types

— 2 marks.

* Use of RAG

— 2 marks.

(b) I/O management.

* I/O operations carried out with O.S., device drivers & device controllers

— 4 marks.