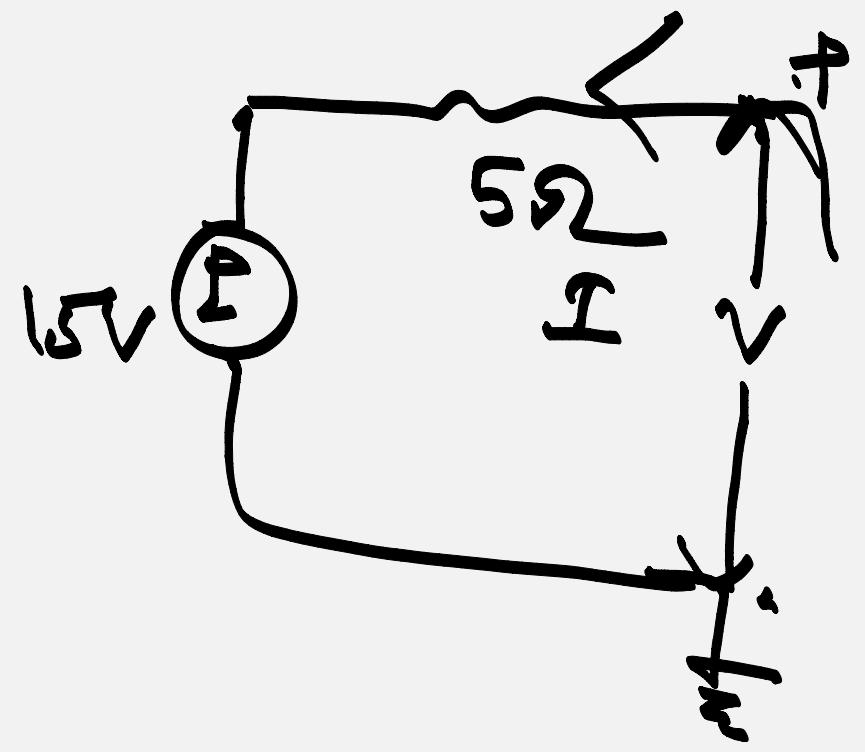


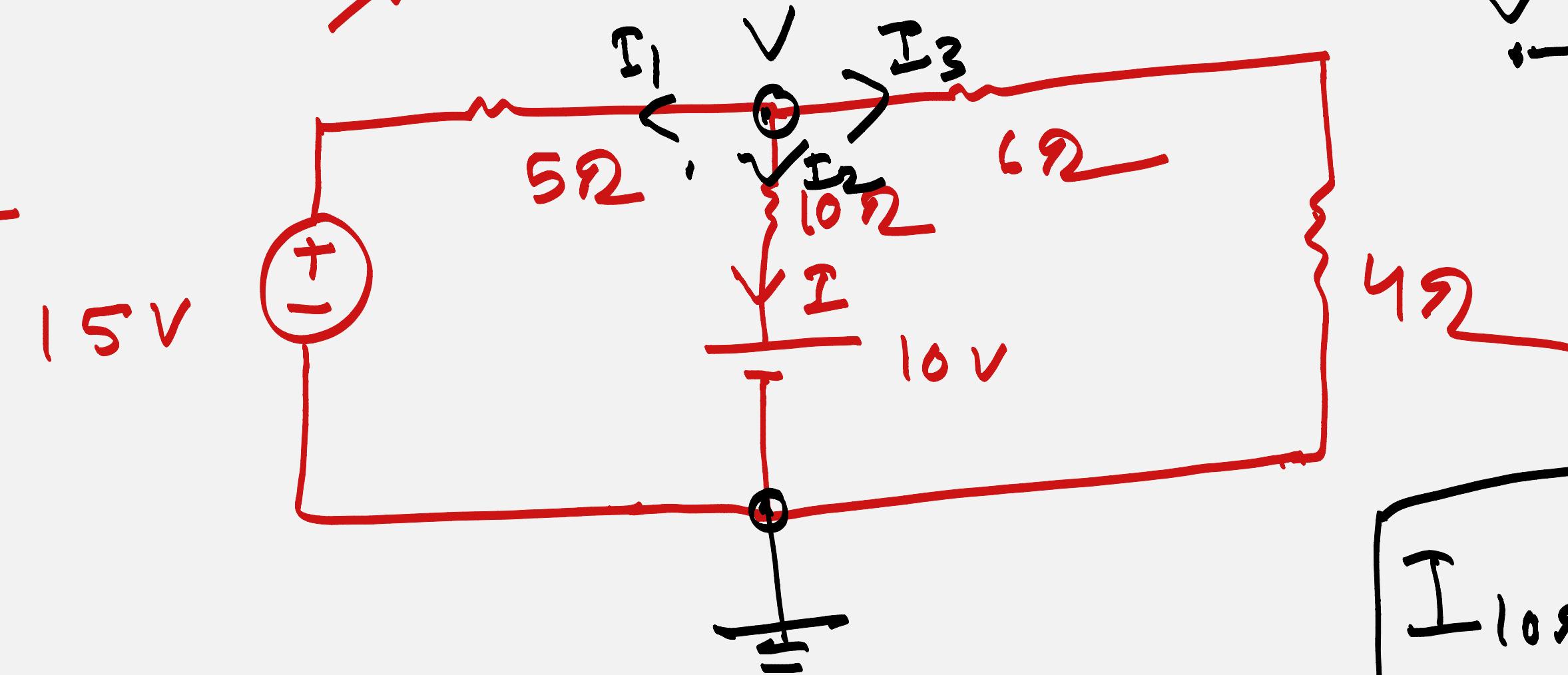
Find $I_{10\Omega}$

using nodal
analysis?



Nodal Analysis / Node Voltage Method

Ex 1



$$I_{10\Omega} = \frac{V - 10}{10} = 0A$$

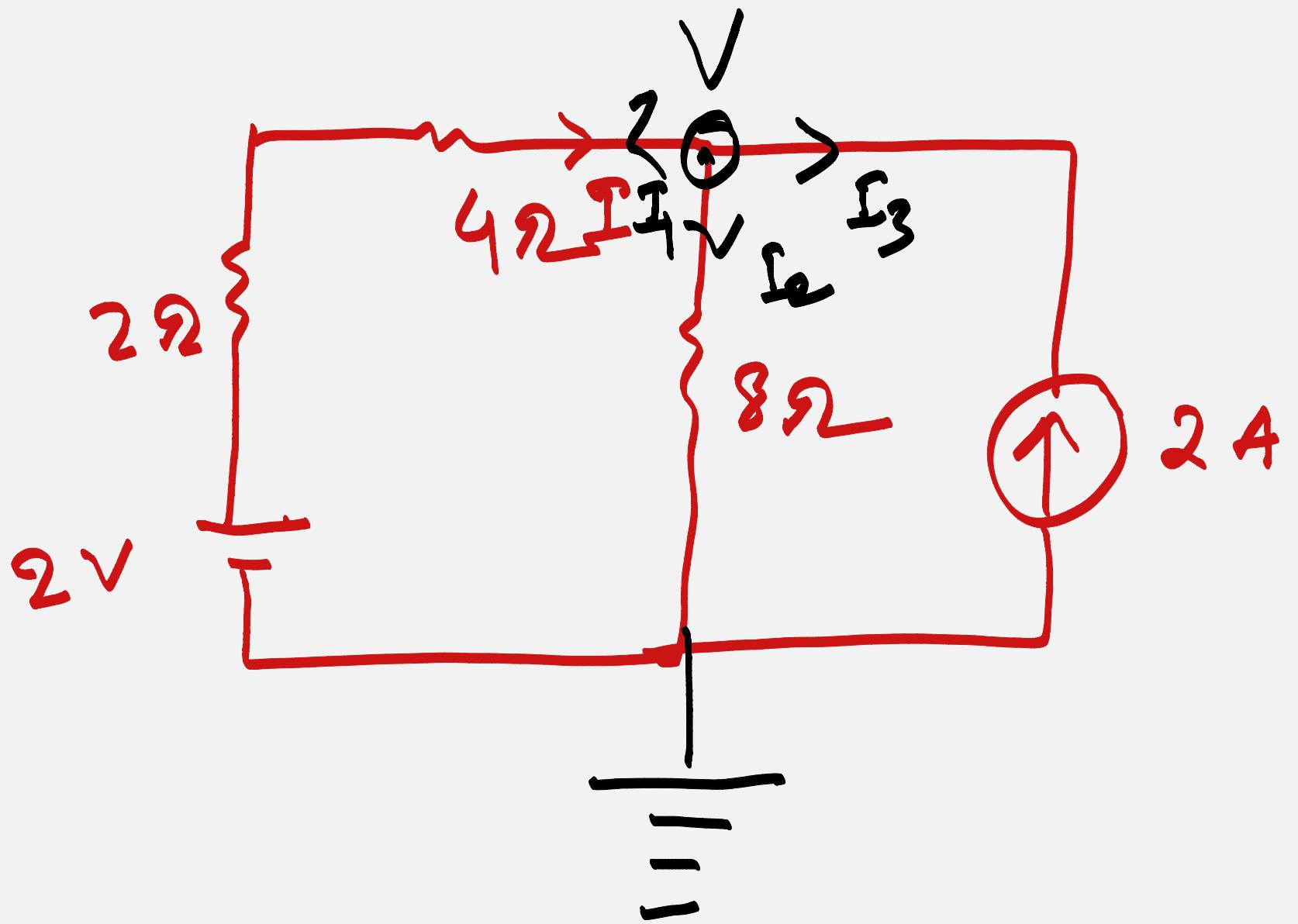
$$I_1 + I_2 + I_3 = 0$$

$$\frac{V - 15}{5} + \frac{V - 10}{10} + \frac{V}{10} = 0$$

$$\frac{2V - 30 + V - 10 + V}{10} = 0$$

$$V = 10V$$

Q. 2.



Find $I_{4\Omega}$ using
nodal analysis?

$$I_1 + I_2 + I_3 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V-2}{6} + \frac{V}{8} - 2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{4V - 8 + 3V - 48}{24} = 0$$

$$I_1 = \frac{V-2}{6} = 1A$$

$$I_2 = -I_1 = -1A$$

$$7V - 56 = 0$$

$$V = \frac{56}{7} = 8V$$

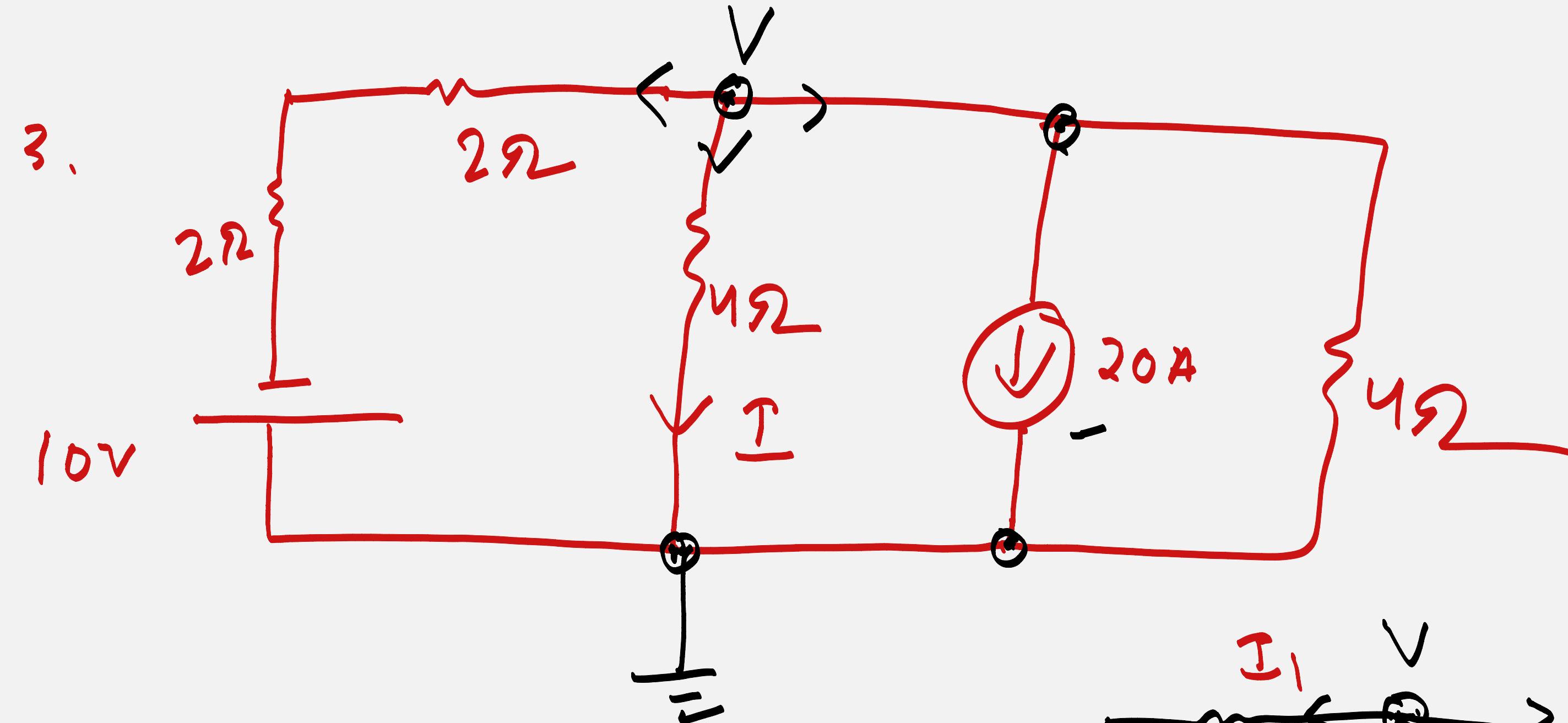
Q. 3.

Find I
using
nodal
analysis?

$$\frac{3V + 90}{9} = 0$$

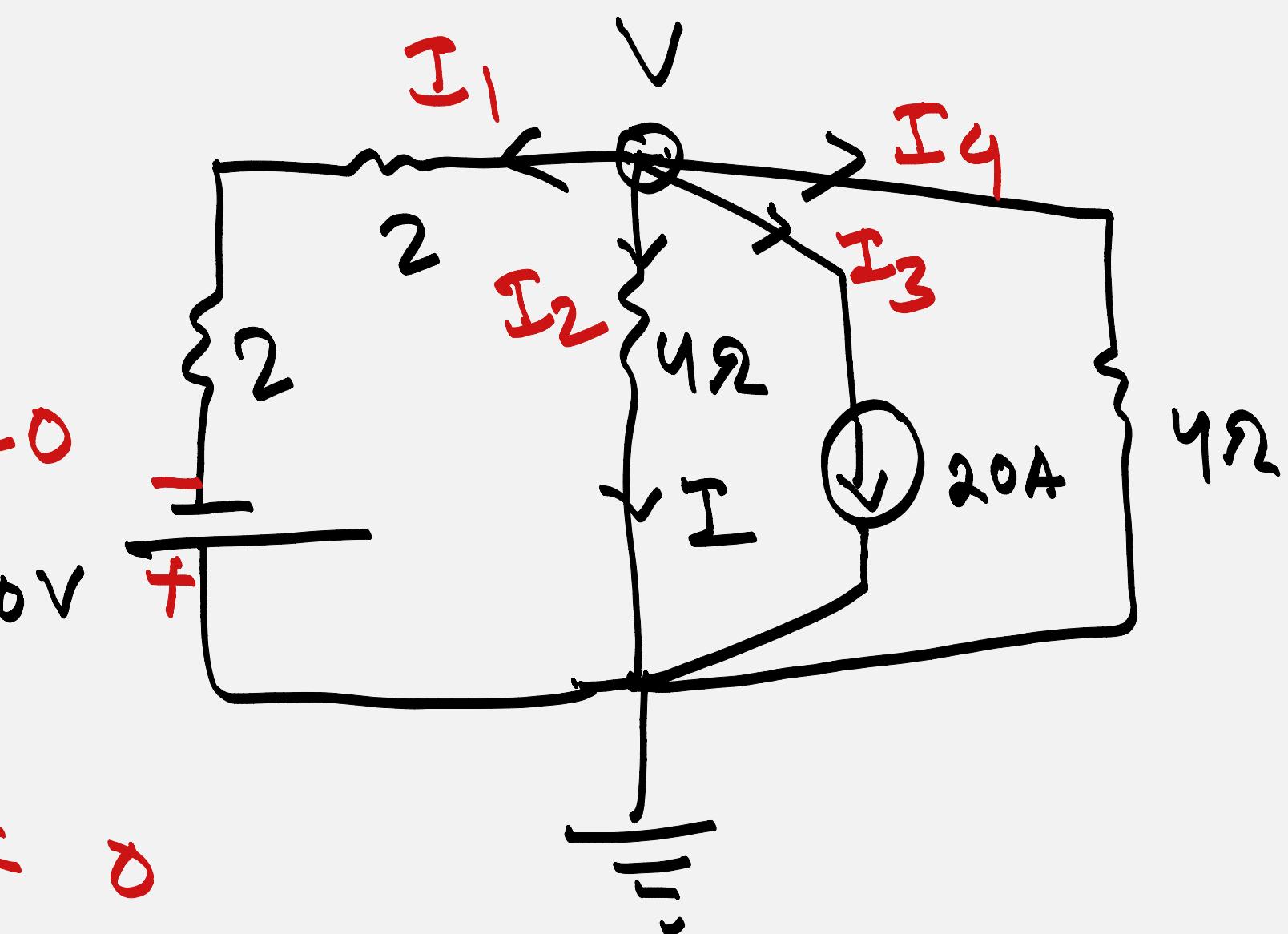
$$I = \frac{V}{4}$$

$$= -\frac{30}{4} = -7.5A$$



$$\frac{V+10}{4} + \frac{V}{4} + 20 + \frac{V}{4} = 0$$

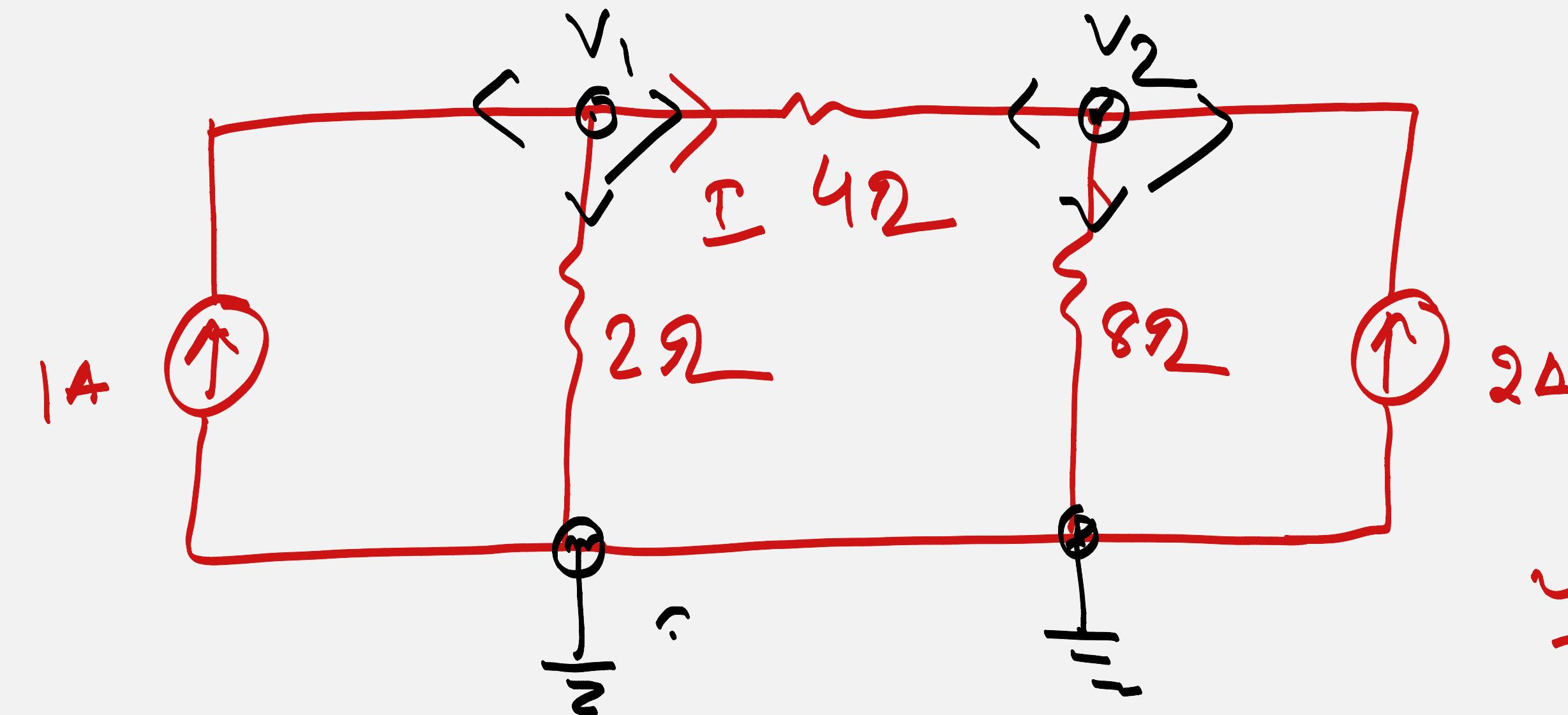
$$\frac{V+10+V+80+V}{9} = 0$$



At junction 2

$$\frac{V_2 - V_1}{4} + \frac{V_2}{8} - 2 = 0$$

Q. 4.



V_1 and I_{42}

using
node
analysis?

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2V_2 - 2V_1 + V_2 - 16}{8} = 0$$

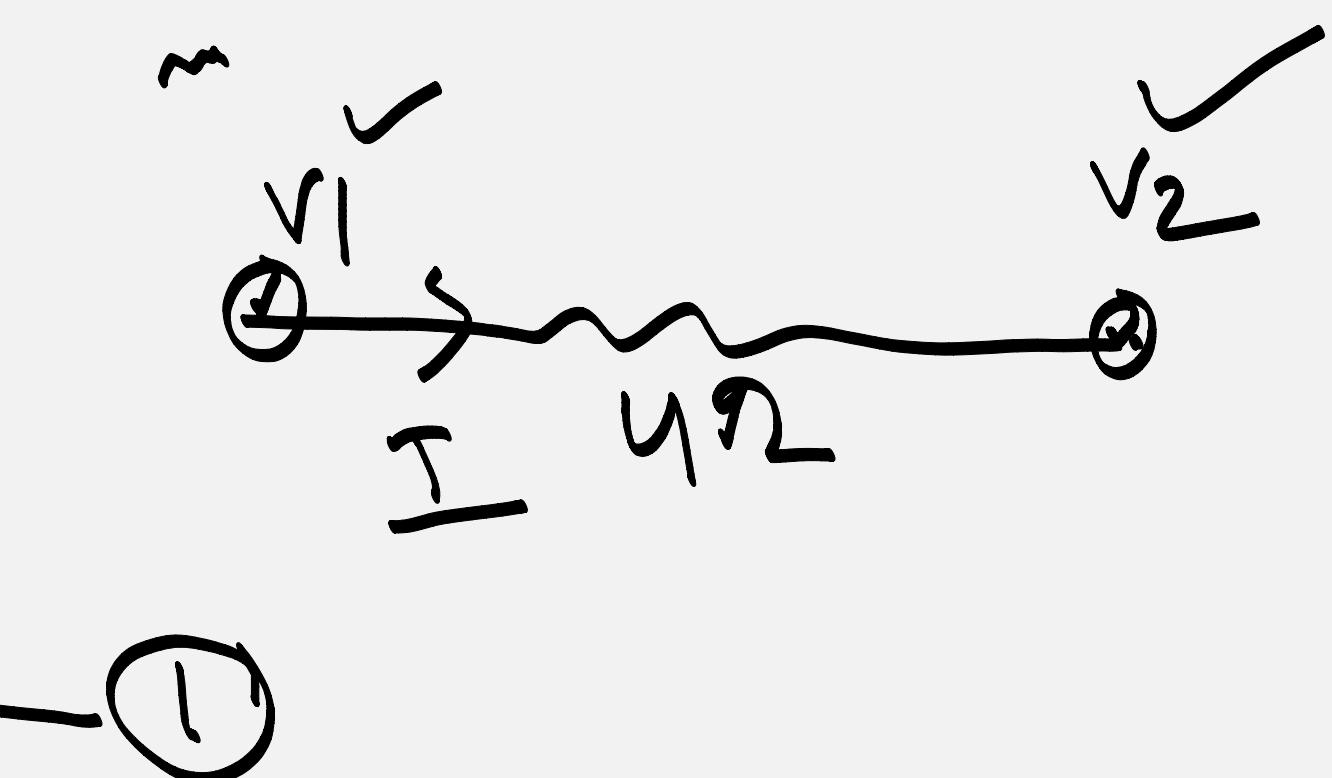
$$\Rightarrow -2V_1 + 3V_2 = 16$$

At junction 1

$$-1 + \frac{V_1}{2} + \frac{V_1 - V_2}{4} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-4 + 2V_1 + V_1 - V_2}{4} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 3V_1 - V_2 = 4$$



$$V_1 = \frac{\Delta_1}{\Delta}$$

$$\Delta = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 \\ 16 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$3 \times [3V_1 - V_2 = 4] \quad \textcircled{1}$$

$$-2V_1 + 3V_2 = 16 \quad \textcircled{2}$$

$$V_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 \\ -2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$+ V_1 = 28V$$

$$V_1 = 4V$$

$$V_2 = \frac{\Delta_2}{\Delta} = \frac{\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ -2 & 16 \end{bmatrix}}{\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 \\ -2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}}$$

$$3V_1 - V_2 = 4V$$

$$12 - V_2 = 4$$

$$V_2 = 8V$$

$$I = \frac{V_1 - V_2}{4}$$

$$I = -1A$$

$$V_1 = 9.82 \text{ V}$$

$$V_2 = 5.39 \text{ V}$$

Junction 2

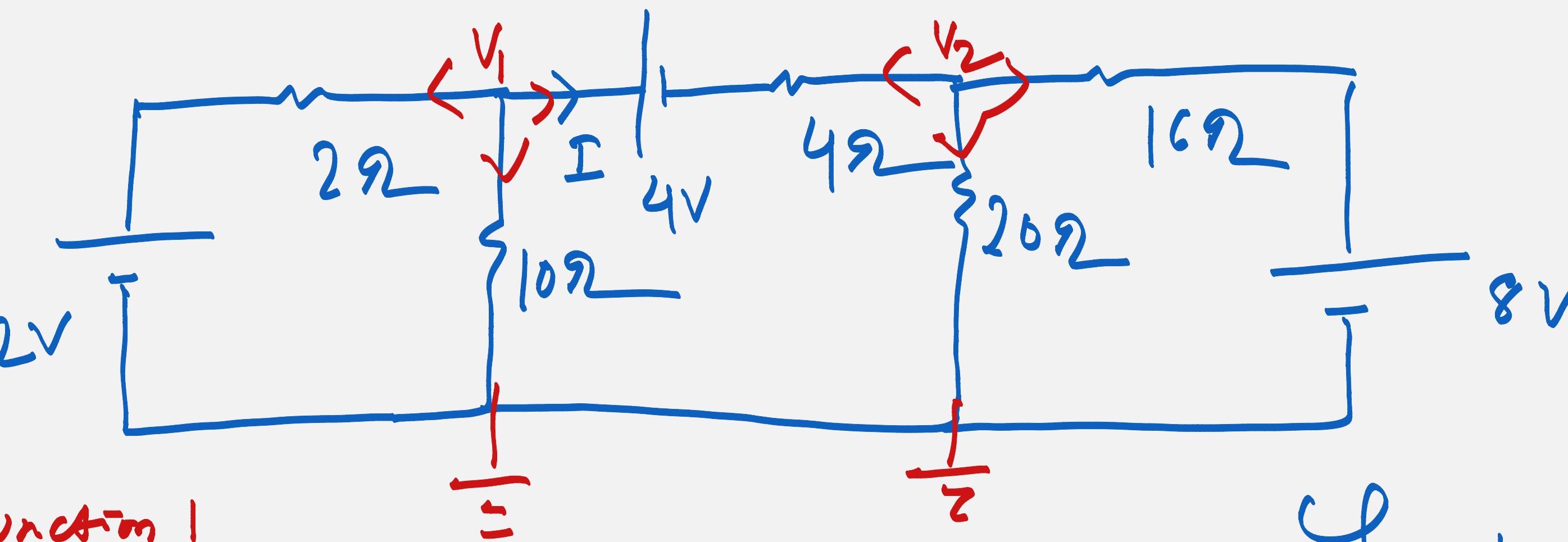
$$I = \frac{V_1 - 4 - V_2}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \text{ A}$$

$$= 0.105 \text{ A}$$

Junction 1

$$4, 12, 16$$

$$1, 15, 4$$



Find $I_{4\Omega}$

$$\frac{V_2 + 4 - V_1}{9} + \frac{V_2}{20} + \frac{V_2 - 8}{16} = 0$$

$$20V_2 + 80 - 20V_1 + 4V_2 + 5V_2 - 40 = 0$$

$$\frac{80}{-20V_1 + 29V_2 = -40}$$

$$\frac{V_1 - 12}{2} + \frac{V_1}{10} + \frac{V_1 - V_2 - 4}{4} = 0$$

$$\frac{10V_1 - 120 + 2V_1 + 5V_1 - 5V_2 - 20}{20} = 0$$

$$17V_1 - 5V_2 = 140 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

using
nodal
analysis?

$$\begin{cases} 2, 10, 4 \\ 1, 5, 2 \end{cases}$$

