

ADT's

- a coordinated group of data structures, algorithms, and interface functions
- data structures and algorithms
 - kept hidden from user
- interface functions
 - allow user to interact with data structures, use the algorithms

Constructors

- same name as the class | no return type | default constructor provided if and only if no user defined constructor exists

Initializer Lists

- another way to initialize member variables in the constructor
- useful in class composition
- `Car (int gallons) : m_numGallons(gallons);`

Construction/Destruction Order

- construction: build inner to outer (private first)
- destruction: opposite of construction, start with outer class

Copy Constructors

```
Engine e(8);  
Engine f = e;    // copy constructor  
Engine g(e);    // copy constructor
```

- Default copy constructor performs a **shallow copy**
 - all member variables copied over exactly
 - breaks down when variables are dynamically allocated pointers (**both objects share allocated memory!**)

Assignment Operator

```
Engine e(8);  
Engine f(4);  
f = e;
```

- default assignment operator performs **shallow copy**
 - same problem as with copy constructor

Linked Lists

- data structure containing:
 - a value
 - a pointer to the next item in the list
- normally made using C++ struct
- nodes contain value and pointers to next or previous node

```
1 assignmentOperator(ClassName& source) {
2     Map temp(source);    // creates a temp Map using source
3     temp.swap(*this);    // now temp has the Map *this did ("Hi")
4     return *this;        // temp has "Hi" (which was dynamically allocated in insert())
5 }    // temp's destructor is called
6
7 int main() {
8     ClassName a;
9     ClassName b;
10    a.insert("Hi"); // dynamically allocates using new (new Node)
11    a = b; // a is *this, b is source
12 }
```

Practice Problems

1.