# **Developper manual of RasPy**

Release 0.0.1

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# Installation

The following lines "clone" a GitHub repository. If you want to submit "pull requests", you need to "fork" RasPy using this guide.

# 1.1 Raspbian

Install official raspbian from here: http://www.raspbian.org/.

Newbies can install it from: http://www.raspberrypi.org/downloads/.

Developpers or others can also install it on standard distributions (Ubuntu, Debian, RedHat, ...).

# 1.2 Update packages

You can now update packages

```
sudo apt-get -y update
sudo apt-get -y dist-upgrade
```

We need to install some packages to download and build RasPy:

 $\verb|sudo| apt-get -y install build-essential python-dev python-minimal python python 2.7-dev pyt$ 

Some packages need to be removed as new versions are available from eggs:

```
sudo apt-get remove python-zmq libzmq1 libzmq-dev python-nose pylint
```

# 1.3 Download it

You should now download RasPy using git. You should not download and install RasPy with root user. Idealy, you should create a special user for running RasPy or the pi user. Keep in mind root is baaaddddd.

```
git clone https://github.com/bibi21000/RasPy.git
```

# 1.4 Configure your system

- · access rights
- · sudo nopasswd
- ...

# 1.5 Installation

If you want to develop for RasPy, you need to install it in develop mode:

```
sudo make develop
```

Otherwise install it normaly ... but not now;):

```
sudo make install
```

And be patient ... installation need to compile zmq ... It takes a while ...

If something goes wrong during install or if you want to remove RasPy from you computer, you type:

```
sudo make uninstall
```

If you want to remove dependencies, look at setup.py to get the list and use the following command for every package:

```
sudo pip uninstall package
```

# 1.6 Run the tests

Check that the SLEEP constant in tests/common.py ist set to 1.0 or 1.5

```
vim tests/common.py
```

You can now check that everything is fine running the tests:

```
make tests
```

If it fails ... run it again:) At last, copy / paste the full screen output and send it to the core team.

# 1.7 Start it

In the next monthes, you should be abble to start it:

```
make start
```

# 1.8 Read the doc

- · docs/pdf
- docs/html

# **Before starting**

If you want to develop you surely need vim:

```
sudo apt-get -y install vim-nox vim-addon-manager
```

# 2.1 Phylosophy

Tests, tests, ... and tests:

- A bug -> a test -> a patch
- A new feature -> many test

And documentation

• A new feature -> documentation

# 2.2 Documentation

If you want to generate the documentation, you need to install some packages:

```
sudo apt-get -y install python-sphinx graphviz
```

## And some eggs:

```
sudo pip install seqdiag sphinxcontrib-seqdiag
sudo pip install blockdiag sphinxcontrib-blockdiag
sudo pip install nwdiag sphinxcontrib-nwdiag
sudo pip install actdiag sphinxcontrib-actdiag
```

You can now generate the full documentation using:

```
make docs
```

You can also generate a part of it, for example:

```
cd docs
make html
```

# 2.3 Tests

Nosetests and pylint are used to test quality of code. There reports are here:

· Nosetests report

- · Coverage report
- Pylint report

Coverage is not the goal but it's one: a module must have a coverage of 90% to be accepted by core team. Otherwise it will block the packaging process. Of course, a FAILED test will also.

Keep in mind that all tests must succeed before submitting pull request. But :

- if a test is a work in progress, you can skip it using self.wipTest()
- if a test can only be run on Raspberry (ie onewire), it must call self.skipTest(message) at its start.

There is 2 ways to launch the tests. The first one to use on a Raspberry:

make tests

You can also run the developpers tests (without skipped one) on a standard computer running:

make devtests

If you're on a raspberry, you can run the full tests like this:

make tests

Running only one test module:

/usr/local/bin/nosetests --verbosity=2 --cover-package=raspy --with-coverage --cover-inclusive --

You can follow automatic tests on travis-ci.

### 2.4 GitHub

You can test the code, build the doc and commit it using the following command:

make git

You may use ssh\_keys to do it automatically without typing password.

# CHAPTER 3

# Develop

- 3.1 A new device
- 3.2 A new server

# raspy package

# 4.1 Subpackages

# 4.1.1 raspy.common package

### **Subpackages**

raspy.common.devices package

#### **Submodules**

```
raspy.common.devices.device module Devices.
```

```
{\bf class} \; {\tt raspy.common.devices.device.BaseDevice} \; ({\it json=None})
```

Bases: object

The base device object

What is a device:

- •a temperature sensor
- •a wind sensor
- •a camera
- •the clock RTC
- •a dimmer
- •a TV
- •...

What can we do with a device:

- •get value of a sensor
- •dim a dimmer
- •take a photo with camera
- •...

We shoud do auto-mapping:

- •python object <-> json
- •python object <-> html

We whould manage complex devices, ie a TV: it groups a channel selector (+, -, and direct access to a channel), a volume selector, ... In an ideal world we should not be obliged to create each sub-devices.

Naming convention of devices on the network : (MDP.routing\_key(hostname, service)).{device\_name}[.subdevice]

check (json=None)

Check that the JSON is a valid device

**fullname** (prefix)

The fullname of the device

json

Check that the JSON is a valid device

name

The name of the device Must be unique for the instance server.

new (json=None)

Create a new device and return it

oid = 'base'

The Object Identifier It should be given by the core team as it can break other devices. Need to define a naming convention: sensor, sensor, temperature, media.camera, ...

template

The template of the device

templates = {}

The templates dictionnary Every device must add an entry for its config Will be used to check the device

class raspy.common.devices.device.DeviceRegister

Bases: object

The device register

All devices must register to this register (in main module)

check (json=None)

Check that the JSON is a valid device

new (\*\*kwargs)

Create a new device and return it

register (device\_type)

Register a device\_type under key

#### raspy.common.devices.media module Media devices

```
class raspy.common.devices.media.MediaCamera(**kwargs)
```

Bases: raspy.common.devices.media.MediaDevice

The camera device object

new(\*\*kwargs)

Create a new device and return it

oid = 'media.camera'

The Object Identifier It should be given by the core team as it can break other devices. Need to define a naming convention: sensor, sensor, temperature, media.camera, ...

```
{\bf class} \; {\tt raspy.common.devices.media.MediaDevice} \; (**kwargs)
```

Bases: raspy.common.devices.device.BaseDevice

The sensor device object

```
check (json=None)
```

Check that the JSON is a valid device

#### oid = 'media'

The Object Identifier It should be given by the core team as it can break other devices. Need to define a naming convention: sensor, sensor, temperature, media.camera, ...

```
class raspy.common.devices.media.MediaTV(**kwargs)
```

```
Bases: raspy.common.devices.media.MediaDevice
```

The temperature sensor device object

```
new (**kwargs)
```

Create a new device and return it

#### oid = 'media.tv'

The Object Identifier It should be given by the core team as it can break other devices. Need to define a naming convention: sensor, sensor, temperature, media.camera, ...

#### raspy.common.devices.sensor module Sensors devices

```
class raspy.common.devices.sensor.SensorDevice(**kwargs)
```

```
Bases: raspy.common.devices.device.BaseDevice
```

The sensor device object

```
check (json=None)
```

Check that the JSON is a valid device

#### oid = 'sensor'

The Object Identifier It should be given by the core team as it can break other devices. Need to define a naming convention: sensor, sensor, temperature, media.camera, ...

```
class raspy.common.devices.sensor.SensorTemperature(**kwargs)
```

```
Bases: raspy.common.devices.sensor.SensorDevice
```

The temperature sensor device object

```
new(**kwargs)
```

Create a new device and return it

#### oid = 'sensor.temperature'

The Object Identifier It should be given by the core team as it can break other devices. Need to define a naming convention: sensor, sensor, temperature, media.camera, ...

```
class raspy.common.devices.sensor.SensorWind(**kwargs)
```

```
Bases: raspy.common.devices.sensor.SensorDevice
```

The wind sensor device object

```
new (**kwargs)
```

Create a new device and return it

#### oid = 'sensor.wind'

The Object Identifier It should be given by the core team as it can break other devices. Need to define a naming convention: sensor, sensor.temperature, media.camera, ...

#### **Module contents**

#### **Submodules**

#### raspy.common.MDP module

```
exception raspy.common.MDP.ClientError(value)
    Bases: raspy.common.MDP.GenericError
```

```
Client side exception
exception raspy.common.MDP.GenericError (value)
     Bases: exceptions. Exception
     Generic exception
exception raspy.common.MDP.ServerError(value)
     Bases: raspy.common.MDP.GenericError
     Server side exception
raspy.common.MDP.logger = <logging.Logger object at 0x2b330ff5d5d0>
     Majordomo Protocol definitions
raspy.common.MDP.routing_key(hostname, service)
raspy.common.client module
class raspy.common.client.Client(hostname='localhost',
                                                                 service='worker',
                                                                                       bro-
                                       ker_ip='127.0.0.1', broker_port=5514, poll=1500, ttl=900)
     Bases: raspy.common.executive.Executive
     The generic worker
     From http://zguide.zeromq.org/py:all#header-48
     request (service=None, data=['mmi.echo'], callback=None, args=(), kwargs={})
         Request a job to a worker
     run()
         Run the client
     status (uuid)
          Request a job to a worker
raspy.common.dynamic module
raspy.common.executive module
class raspy.common.executive.Executive (hostname='localhost', service='executive', bro-
                                               ker_ip='127.0.0.1', broker_port=5514)
     Bases: object
     The Executive mother class for all workers
     todo:
            • bug : can't stop when jobs in queues
     destroy()
          Wait for threads and destroy contexts.
     get_instance_id()
         Return the instance of the exective
          ... todo: must be multihost and multithread.
     run()
         Run the executive
     shutdown()
          Shutdown executive.
class raspy.common.executive.ExecutiveProcess(executive, executive_name)
     Bases: multiprocessing.process.Process
     Process executing tasks from a given tasks queue
```

```
run()
     shutdown()
          Method to deactivate the client connection completely.
          Will delete the stream and the underlying socket.
            Warning: The instance MUST not be used after shutdown () has been called.
              Return type None
raspy.common.kvcliapi module
kvsimple - simple key-value message class for example applications
Author: Min RK <benjaminrk@gmail.com>
From: http://zguide.zeromq.org/py:kvsimple
class raspy.common.kvcliapi.KvPublisherClient (hostname='localhost',
                                                                                            bro-
                                                           ker ip='127.0.0.1', broker port=5514)
     Bases: object
     KeyValue Protocol Client API, Python version.
     Implements the client defined at http://zguide.zeromq.org/page:all#Working-with-Subtrees
     From https://raw.githubusercontent.com/imatix/zguide/master/examples/Python/clonecli4.py
     destroy()
          Destroy object
     send(subtree='subtree', key='key', body='body')
          Send the update
class raspy.common.kvcliapi.KvSubscriberClient(hostname='localhost',
                                                                                            sub-
                                                            tree='subtree', broker_ip='127.0.0.1',
                                                            broker\_port=5514, speed=1.0)
     Bases: object
     KeyValue Protocol Client API, Python version.
     Implements the client defined at http://zguide.zeromq.org/page:all#Working-with-Subtrees From
     https://raw.githubusercontent.com/imatix/zguide/master/examples/Python/clonecli4.py
     destroy()
          Destroy object
     run()
          Run the poller
     shutdown()
          Shutdown the broker.
raspy.common.kvsimple module
kvsimple - simple key-value message class for example applications
Author: Min RK <benjaminrk@gmail.com>
From: http://zguide.zeromq.org/py:kvsimple
class raspy.common.kvsimple.KVMsg(sequence, key=None, body=None)
     Bases: object
     Message is formatted on wire as 3 frames:
            • frame 0: key (0MQ string)
```

```
• frame 1: sequence (8 bytes, network order)
             • frame 2: body (blob)
     body = None
     dump()
          Dump me to a string"
     key = None
     {\bf classmethod}\ {\bf recv}\ (socket)
          Reads key-value message from socket, returns new kvmsg instance.
      send(socket)
          Send key-value message to socket; any empty frames are sent as such.
     sequence = 0
      store (dikt)
          Store me in a dict if I have anything to store
raspy.common.mdcliapi module
Majordomo Protocol Client API, Python version.
Implements the MDP/Worker spec at http:#rfc.zeromq.org/spec:7.
Author: Min RK <benjaminrk@gmail.com> Based on Java example by Arkadiusz Orzechowski
class raspy.common.mdcliapi.MajorDomoClient(broker)
     Bases: object
     Majordomo Protocol Client API, Python version.
     Implements the MDP/Worker spec at http:#rfc.zeromq.org/spec:7.
     broker = None
     client = None
     ctx = None
     destroy()
          Destroy object
     poller = None
     reconnect_to_broker()
          Connect or reconnect to broker
     retries = 3
     send(service, request)
          Send request to broker and get reply by hook or crook.
          Takes ownership of request message and destroys it when sent. Returns the reply message or None if
          there was no reply.
     timeout = 2500
     verbose = False
```

#### raspy.common.mdwrkapi module

Majordomo Protocol Worker API, Python version

Implements the MDP/Worker spec at http:#rfc.zeromq.org/spec:7.

Author: Min RK <benjaminrk@gmail.com> Based on Java example by Arkadiusz Orzechowski

```
class raspy.common.mdwrkapi.MajorDomoWorker(broker, service)
     Bases: object
     Majordomo Protocol Worker API, Python version
     Implements the MDP/Worker spec at http:#rfc.zeromq.org/spec:7.
     HEARTBEAT_LIVENESS = 3
     broker = None
     ctx = None
     destroy()
         Destroy object
     expect_reply = False
     heartbeat = 2500
     heartbeat at = 0
     liveness = 0
     reconnect = 2500
     reconnect_to_broker()
         Connect or reconnect to broker
     recv (reply=None)
          Send reply, if any, to broker and wait for next request.
     reply_to = None
     send_to_broker (command, option=None, msg=None)
         Send message to broker.
          . If no msg is provided, creates one internally
     service = None
     shutdown()
         Shutdown executive.
     status = True
         The status of the worker. Should be update by callback in the future
     timeout = 2500
     verbose = False
     worker = None
raspy.common.runner module
raspy.common.server module
class raspy.common.server.Server(hostname='localhost',
                                                                service='worker',
                                                                                       bro-
                                       ker_ip='127.0.0.1', broker_port=5514)
     Bases: raspy.common.executive.Executive, raspy.common.statistics.Statistics
     The generic worker
     From http://zguide.zeromq.org/py:all#header-48
     worker mmi()
         Retrieve mmi informations of the worker
```

4.1. Subpackages

#### raspy.common.statistics module

```
class raspy.common.statistics.SNMP (oid='module.snmp.key', doc='A statistic integer value',
                                          initial=0)
     Bases: object
     Abstract statistic item
     set (value)
          Set a value to the snmp object
class raspy.common.statistics.SNMPCounter(oid='module.snmp.key',
                                                                            doc=A
                                                                                      statistic
                                                   counter value with overflow', initial=0,
                                                   overflow=4294967296)
     Bases: raspy.common.statistics.SNMP
     Long (32bits) with overflow
     set (value=1)
          Add value (default=1) to current value. Also manage overflow.
class raspy.common.statistics.SNMPFloat(oid='module.snmp.key', doc='A statistic float
                                                 value', initial=0.0)
     Bases: raspy.common.statistics.SNMP
     Float counter
class raspy.common.statistics.SNMPString(oid='module.snmp.key', doc='A statistic string
                                                  value', initial='')
     Bases: raspy.common.statistics.SNMP
     Float counter
class raspy.common.statistics.Statistics
     Bases: object
     The statistics manager
     add_statistic()
          Add a new statistic to the manager
     remove statistic(oid)
          Remove a statistic from the manager
     update_statistic(oid='')
          Add a new statistic to the manager
     worker_statistics()
          Send statistics via mmi
raspy.common.supervisor module
class raspy.common.supervisor.Supervisor(runner=None)
     The worker supervisor
     Start executives in separate process see futures Each executive start multiples threads of workers
     todo:
            • bug : can't stop when jobs in queues
     get_instance_id()
          Return the instance of the worker: must be multihost and multithread.
     reload()
          Request the workers configuration against the configurator.
          Will unregister all workers, stop all timers and ignore all further messages.
```

Warning: The instance MUST not be used after shutdown () has been called.

#### Return type None

```
run()
```

Start the IOLoop instance

#### shutdown()

Shutdown supervisor.

Will unregister all workers, stop all timers and ignore all further messages.

Warning: The instance MUST not be used after shutdown () has been called.

#### Return type None

#### stop\_executives()

Shutdown executives.

#### raspy.common.zhelpers module

Helper module for example applications. Mimics ZeroMQ Guide's zhelpers.h.

```
raspy.common.zhelpers.dump(msg_or_socket)
```

Receives all message parts from socket, printing each frame neatly

```
raspy.common.zhelpers.set_id(zsocket)
```

Set simple random printable identity on socket

```
raspy.common.zhelpers.zpipe(ctx)
```

build inproc pipe for talking to threads

mimic pipe used in czmq zthread\_fork.

Returns a pair of PAIRs connected via inproc

#### **Module contents**

#### 4.1.2 raspy.servers package

#### **Submodules**

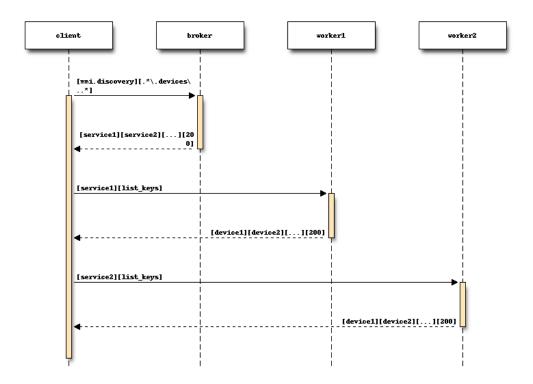
#### raspy.servers.broker module

Majordomo Protocol broker and key/value proxy.

# **Discovery process**

Here is the way for a client to discover all devices on network

4.1. Subpackages



You can do the same for crons and scenarios

```
HEARTBEAT_EXPIRY = 7500
```

 $HEARTBEAT_INTERVAL = 2500$ 

HEARTBEAT\_LIVENESS = 3

INTERNAL\_SERVICE\_PREFIX = 'mmi.'

ctx = None

delete\_worker (worker, disconnect)

Deletes worker from all data structures, and deletes worker.

destroy()

Disconnect all workers, destroy context.

dispatch (service, msg)

Dispatch requests to waiting workers as possible

heartbeat\_at = None

poller = None

process\_client (sender, msg)

Process a request coming from a client.

process\_worker (sender, msg)

Process message sent to us by a worker.

purge\_workers()

Look for & kill expired workers.

Workers are oldest to most recent, so we stop at the first alive worker.

require\_service(name)

Locates the service (creates if necessary).

require\_worker (address)

Finds the worker (creates if necessary).

```
run()
          Main broker work happens here
     send_heartbeats()
          Send heartbeats to idle workers if it's time
     send_to_worker (worker, command, option, msg=None)
          Send message to worker.
          . If message is provided, sends that message.
     service_internal(service, msg)
          Handle internal service according to 8/MMI specification
     services = None
     shutdown()
          Shutdown the broker.
     socket = None
     waiting = None
     worker_waiting(worker)
          This worker is now waiting for work.
     workers = None
class raspy.servers.broker.Proxy (hostname='localhost', service='broker', broker_ip='*',
                                        broker\_port=5514, speed=1.0)
     Bases: threading. Thread
     The publisher
     Tree:
            /event/
            · /scenario/
            • /device/
     from: http://zguide.zeromq.org/page:all#Working-with-Subtrees
     run()
          Run the proxy
     send_single (key, kvmsg, route)
          Send one state snapshot key-value pair to a socket
     shutdown()
          Shutdown the proxy.
class raspy.servers.broker.Route(socket, identity, subtree)
class raspy.servers.broker.Service (name)
     Bases: object
     a single Service
     name = None
     requests = None
     waiting = None
class raspy.servers.broker.Worker(identity, address, lifetime)
     Bases: object
     a Worker, idle or active
     address = None
```

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```
expiry = None
     identity = None
      service = None
raspy.servers.core module
class raspy.servers.core.Core (hostname='localhost', service='core', broker ip='127.0.0.1',
                                      broker\ port=5514)
     Bases: raspy.common.server.Server
     The Core server
          •Cron
                - Generate events in the publisher
          Scenario
                - a scenario can run in background at startup (ie thermostat) or fired by an event (ie cron, sun
                  is down, temperature is under 0°C)
                - a scenario can be a loop so it must be launch in a separate thread : start filling, loop until
                   water level is ok: need to call self._stopevent.isSet() in it so that the tread can shutdown.
                - look for updates in entries list (cron, sensors, variables in the publisher): a list mapped in
                   friendly user's names (using store)
                - it can publish some values with publisher
                - do some work using inline code python:
                - send commands to devices, cron jobs, start other scenario, update some variables in publisher
                - we can export/import scenarios : share with friends
          •NTP / Sytem Time / RTC Sync
                - sync from ntp to rtc
                - sync from trc to system: using sudo with no password
     worker_cron()
          Create a worker to handle cron requests
     worker_scenario()
          Create a worker to handle scenario's requests
     worker_scenarios()
          Create a worker to handle scenarios requests (list_keys, ...)
class raspy.servers.core.Cron
     Bases: object
     A cron job
     aps_job = None
class raspy.servers.core.CronManager
     Bases: object
     The manager of cron job
      jobs = \{\}
class raspy.servers.core.Scenario (name='scenarl', publisher=None)
     Bases: threading. Thread
```

A scenario

```
code = None
           The code we must exec
      conf = {}
           The configuration of the scenario
      entries = {}
           The entries we must look at for an event driven scenario
      fire()
           Check if the scenario must be fired using entries and that is not already running. If so, call sself.run()
               Returns True if the thread must be launch (self.run()), False otherwise
               Return type boolean
      load(store)
           Load the scenario from titanic store
               Parameters store – the store to get info from
               Type titani_store
               Returns True if the scenario was loaded from store
               Return type boolean
      run()
           Run the scenario
     running = False
           Is the scenario running
      shutdown()
           Shutdown the scenario
      store (store)
           Store the scenario to titanic store
class raspy.servers.core.ScenarioManager(publisher=None)
     Bases: object
     The manager of scenarios
     http://etutorials.org/Programming/Python+tutorial/Part+III+Python+Library+and+Extension+Modules/Chapter+13.+Control
     http://lucumr.pocoo.org/2011/2/1/exec-in-python/ http://late.am/post/2012/04/30/the-exec-statement-and-
     a-python-mystery
      add (name='scenar1', entries={}, code=None, conf={})
           Add a scenario
      delete(name='scenar1')
           Delete a scenario
      list()
           Return all scenarios with conf, entries, ... as json dict
      list_keys()
           Return all scenarios key (=name) ... as json list
      load(store)
           Load the scenarios from titanic store
           store keys:
                 • scenario.main.conf : a json dict for configuration of scenario
                 • scenario.main.keys: a json list of the scenario's names
                 • scenario.key1.conf: a json dict for configuration of scenario key1
```

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• scenario.key1.entries: a json dict of entries of scenario key1

```
• scenario.key1.code: a json string of code of scenario key1
     scenarios = {}
          The scenarios
     shutdown()
          Shutdown the scenario manager
     store (store)
          Store the scenarios to titanic store
     update (name='scenarl', entries={}, code=None, conf={})
          Update a scenario
raspy.servers.fake module
class raspy.servers.fake.Fake(hostname='localhost', service='fake', broker_ip='127.0.0.1',
                                   broker port=5514)
     Bases: raspy.common.server.Server
     A fake server to test RasPy
         •we must developp "real" fake device: ie a temperature sensors must not send random values
         •a cyclic sensor: parameters: cycle length, min, max and unit. Will do cycle from min temp to max
          temp (at cycle/2) and fall back tp min temp at end of if
         •a linear sensor
     worker devices()
          Create a worker to handle devices requests
raspy.servers.onewire module
class raspy.servers.onewire.OneWire(hostname='localhost',
                                                                   service='onewire',
                                                                                        bro-
                                           ker_ip='127.0.0.1',
                                                                  broker_port=5514,
                                                                                         de-
                                           vices dir='/sys/bus/w1/devices')
     Bases: raspy.common.server.Server
     The OneWire server
     You need to load kernel module:
     sudo vim /etc/modules
     # /etc/modules: kernel modules to load at boot time.
     # This file contains the names of kernel modules that should be loaded
     # at boot time, one per line. Lines beginning with "#" are ignored.
     # Parameters can be specified after the module name.
     w1-therm
     w1-gpio pullup=1
     i2c-dev
     i2c-bcm2708
     spi-bcm2708
     snd-bcm2835
     And check that blacklist is correct:
     sudo vim /etc/modprobe.d/raspi-blacklist.conf
```

```
blacklist spi-bcm2708
     blacklist i2c-bcm2708
     blacklist snd-soc-pcm512x
     blacklist snd-soc-wm8804
     At last, we must load the module in init script sothat we don't need to update this.
     From https://www.modmypi.com/blog/ds18b20-one-wire-digital-temperature-sensor-and-the-raspberry-pi
     worker_devices()
          Create a worker to handle devices requests
raspy.servers.titanic module
class raspy.servers.titanic.Titanic(hostname='localhost',
                                                                                  service='titanic',
                                              broker_ip='127.0.0.1',
                                                                                broker_port=5514,
                                              data_dir='/tmp/raspy')
     Bases: raspy.common.executive.Executive
     The Titanic helper
     Also integrates a store for keys/values
     From http://zguide.zeromq.org/py:all#Disconnected-Reliability-Titanic-Pattern
          http://zguide.zeromq.org/py:all#Service-Oriented-Reliable-Queuing-Majordomo-Pattern
          https://github.com/imatix/zguide/tree/master/examples/Python
     reply_filename (uuid)
          Returns freshly allocated reply filename for given UUID
     request_filename(uuid)
          Returns freshly allocated request filename for given UUID
     run()
          Run the hub
     service_success (client, uuid)
           Attempt to process a single request, return True if successful
      store filename(service)
          Returns store filename for given service
     titanic close()
          Create a worker to handle titanic.close
          titanic.close: confirm that a reply has been stored and processed.
     titanic_reply()
          Create a worker to handle titanic.service
          titanic.reply: fetch a reply, if available, for a given request UUID.
     titanic_request(pipe)
          Create a worker to handle titanic.request
           titanic.request: store a request message, and return a UUID for the request.
     titanic_store()
          Create a worker to handle store services
```

# blacklist spi and i2c by default (many users don't need them)

#### **Module contents**

# 4.2 Module contents

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# raspyweb package

# 5.1 Subpackages

# 5.1.1 raspyweb.app package

#### **Submodules**

raspyweb.app.views module

#### **Module contents**

```
RasPyWeb app module.
```

```
raspyweb.app.home_req()
raspyweb.app.install_secret_key(app, filename='secret_key')
Configure the SECRET_KEY from a file in the instance directory.
```

If the file does not exist, print instructions to create it from a shell with a random key, then exit.

```
raspyweb.app.not_found(error)
```

#### 5.2 Submodules

# 5.3 raspyweb.config module

Storing all the module configurations. Here, the database is setup to use SQLite, because it's a very convenient dev env database. Most likely /config.py won't be a part of your repository and will be different on your test and production servers.

- \_basedir is a trick for you to get the folder where the script runs
- DEBUG indicates that it is a dev environment, you'll get the very helpful error page from flask when an error occurs.
- SECRET\_KEY will be used to sign cookies. Change it and all your users will have to login again.
- ADMINS will be used if you need to email information to the site administrators.
- SQLALCHEMY\_DATABASE\_URI and DATABASE\_CONNECT\_OPTIONS are SQLAlchemy connection options (hard to guess)
- THREAD\_PAGE my understanding was 2/core... might be wrong :)
- CSRF\_ENABLED and CSRF\_SESSION\_KEY are protecting against form post fraud

Credits: https://github.com/mitsuhiko/flask/wiki/Large-app-how-to

• RECAPTCHA\_\* WTForms comes with a RecaptchaField ready to use... just need to go to recaptcha website and get your public and private key.

```
class raspyweb.config.Config
    Bases: object
    ADMINS = frozenset(['bibi21000@gmail.com'])
    CSRF ENABLED = True
    CSRF SESSION KEY = 'somethingimpossibletoguess'
    DATABASE_URI = 'sqlite://:memory:'
    DEBUG = False
    RECAPTCHA_OPTIONS = {'theme': 'white'}
    RECAPTCHA_PRIVATE_KEY = '6LeYIbsSAAAAAJezaIq3Ft_hSTo0YtyeFG-JgRtu'
    RECAPTCHA_PUBLIC_KEY = '6LeYIbsSAAAAACRPIllxA7wvXjIE411PfdB2gt2J'
    RECAPTCHA_USE_SSL = False
    SECRET_KEY = 'This string will be replaced with a proper key in production.'
     TESTING = False
     THREADS PER PAGE = 8
class raspyweb.config.DevelopmentConfig
    Bases: raspyweb.config.Config
    DEBUG = True
class raspyweb.config.ProductionConfig
    Bases: raspyweb.config.Config
    DATABASE_URI = 'mysql://user@localhost/foo'
class raspyweb.config.TestingConfig
    Bases: raspyweb.config.Config
     TESTING = True
```

# 5.4 raspyweb.run module

Used to launch the web server.

Credits: https://github.com/mitsuhiko/flask/wiki/Large-app-how-to

raspyweb.run.main()

# 5.5 raspyweb.shell module

will allow you to get a console and enter commands within your flask environment. Maybe not as nice as debugging with pdb, but always useful (when you will initialize your database).

Credits: https://github.com/mitsuhiko/flask/wiki/Large-app-how-to

### 5.6 Module contents

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