Naivebayes

December 13, 2019

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[1]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split, cross_val_score, KFold,
    \hookrightarrowStratifiedKFold
    # machine learning
    from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
    import pandas as pd
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    %matplotlib inline
    from sklearn import metrics
    import numpy as np
[2]: train_df = pd.read_csv('train.csv')
    test_df = pd.read_csv('test.csv')
[3]: act_test_df = pd.read_csv('act_test.csv', dtype={'people_id': np.str,_
    parse_dates=['date'])
[4]: test_id = act_test_df.activity_id
[5]: X_train = train_df.drop(['outcome'], axis=1)
    Y_train = train_df['outcome']
[6]: # train, validation set split
[7]: x_train, x_val, y_train, y_val = train_test_split(X_train, Y_train, test_size =_u
    \rightarrow 0.5, random_state=1)
    x_train.shape, x_val.shape, y_train.shape, y_val.shape
[7]: ((1098645, 59), (1098646, 59), (1098645,), (1098646,))
[8]: gaussian = GaussianNB()
    gaussian.fit(x_train, y_train)
    acc_gaussian = round(gaussian.score(x_val,y_val) * 100, 2)
    acc_gaussian
[8]: 68.64
[9]: gaussian.score(x_val, y_val)
[9]: 0.6864458615422985
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[10]: gaussian_predictions = gaussian.predict_proba(x_val)[::,1]
fpr, tpr, thresholds = metrics.roc_curve(y_val,gaussian_predictions)
gaussian_roc = pd.DataFrame()
gaussian_roc['fpr'] = fpr
gaussian_roc['threshold'] = thresholds
auc = metrics.roc_auc_score(y_val,gaussian_predictions)
auc
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[10]: 0.821321195194423

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[11]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,5))
   plt.plot(fpr,tpr,label='AUC:'+str(auc))
   plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
   plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
   plt.title('roc_curve of Naive Bayse (AUC=%.4f)' %(auc))
   plt.legend(loc=4)
   plt.grid()
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