ECO101: Introduction to Microeconomics

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SECTION: 11

WEEK 01, LECTURE 01

What is Economics

- ► Is it about money? Is it about Government and jobs? Is it about why some nations are rich and others are poor?
- Economics at it's core is the study of choices and their consequences. It is about how people make choices about using resources.
- Economics is the social science that studies the *choices* individuals, businesses and governments and entire societies make as they cope with *scarcity* and the *incentives* that influence and reconcile those choices.

What do you do with Economics

Two big questions of Economics:

- How do choices end up determining what, how and for whom goods and services get produced?
 - What: Goods and Services
 - ► How: Factors of production: Land, Labour, Capital, Entrepreneurship.
 - ► For whom: Rent, Wages, Interest, Profit.
- When do choices made in the pursuit of self-interest also promote social interest?

Economic Way of Thinking

Six key ideas that define the economic way of thinking. These ideas are:

- A choice is a *trade-off*.
- People make rational choices by comparing benefits and costs.
- Benefit is what you gain from something.
- Cost is what you must give up to get something
- Most choices are "how-much" choice made at the margin.
- Choices respond to incentives.