heart Classfication rerun.R

abhinavmishra

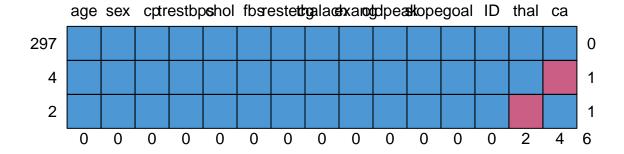
2022-11-15

```
##
            A script for exploratory data analysis, and
##
            classification training four classifiers
    to diagnose heart disease based on the Heart Disease Data Set
Author: Abhinav Mishra
Loading/Installing packages required
#install.packages(c("MLeval", caret", "ggvis", "skimr",
#"tidyverse", "ggvis", "e1071", "mice", "RColorBrewer"))
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching packages -----
                                   ----- tidyverse 1.3.2 --
## v ggplot2 3.4.0 v purrr 0.3.5
                  v dplyr 1.0.10
## v tibble 3.1.8
         1.2.1
## v tidyr
                   v stringr 1.4.1
## v readr
         2.1.3
                    v forcats 0.5.2
## -- Conflicts -----
                                         ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                 masks stats::lag()
library(skimr)
library(ggvis)
##
## Attaching package: 'ggvis'
## The following object is masked from 'package:ggplot2':
     resolution
##
library(caret)
## Loading required package: lattice
## Attaching package: 'caret'
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##
     lift
library(MLeval)
library(mice)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'mice'
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       cbind, rbind
library(RColorBrewer)
                     Loading data from the file
processedWithHeader_cleveland <- read_csv("~/Documents/Freie/IFA/WiSe 22-23/Data Science/Week 4/process
                                             show_col_types = FALSE, na = "?")
heart_data <- data.frame(processedWithHeader_cleveland)
heart_data$ID <- seq.int(nrow(heart_data))</pre>
##
                          Passing as factors
heart_data$fbs <- as.factor(heart_data$fbs)</pre>
heart_data$restecg <- as.factor(heart_data$restecg)</pre>
heart_data$exang <- as.factor(heart_data$exang)</pre>
heart_data$slope <- as.factor(heart_data$slope)</pre>
#heart_data$cp <- as.factor(heart_data$cp)</pre>
                   Data wrangling with preparation
heart_data[heart_data$sex == 0, ]$sex <- "F"</pre>
heart_data[heart_data$sex == 1, ]$sex <- "M"</pre>
heart_data$sex <- as.factor(heart_data$sex)</pre>
heart_data[heart_data$goal == 0, ]$goal <- "healthy"</pre>
heart_data[heart_data$goal == 1, ]$goal <- "unhealthy"</pre>
heart_data[heart_data$goal == 2, ]$goal <- "unhealthy"</pre>
heart_data[heart_data$goal == 3, ]$goal <- "unhealthy"</pre>
heart_data[heart_data$goal == 4, ]$goal <- "unhealthy"</pre>
write.table(heart_data, file = 'heart_data')
table(heart_data$goal)
##
##
     healthy unhealthy
##
         164
               Descriptive Statistics + NA values omit
str(heart_data)
```

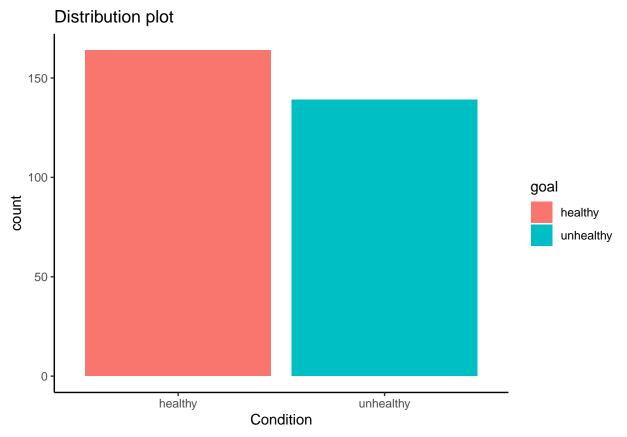
```
303 obs. of 15 variables:
## 'data.frame':
             : num 63 67 67 37 41 56 62 57 63 53 ...
## $ age
             : Factor w/ 2 levels "F", "M": 2 2 2 2 1 2 1 1 2 2 ...
             : num 1 4 4 3 2 2 4 4 4 4 ...
## $ cp
   $ trestbps: num 145 160 120 130 130 120 140 120 130 140 ...
## $ chol
             : num 233 286 229 250 204 236 268 354 254 203 ...
             : Factor w/ 2 levels "0", "1": 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 ...
## $ restecg : Factor w/ 3 levels "0","1","2": 3 3 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 3 ...
   $ thalach : num 150 108 129 187 172 178 160 163 147 155 ...
            : Factor w/ 2 levels "0","1": 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 ...
## $ exang
## $ oldpeak : num 2.3 1.5 2.6 3.5 1.4 0.8 3.6 0.6 1.4 3.1 ...
## $ slope : Factor w/ 3 levels "1","2","3": 3 2 2 3 1 1 3 1 2 3 ...
## $ ca
             : num 0 3 2 0 0 0 2 0 1 0 ...
## $ thal
             : num 6 3 7 3 3 3 3 3 7 7 ...
## $ goal
                    "healthy" "unhealthy" "healthy" ...
             : chr
## $ ID
             : int
                   1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
summary(heart_data)
##
        age
                   sex
                                             trestbps
                                                               chol
                                ср
   Min. :29.00
                   F: 97
                                :1.000
                                          Min. : 94.0
                                                                :126.0
                           Min.
                                                         Min.
   1st Qu.:48.00
                   M:206
                           1st Qu.:3.000
                                          1st Qu.:120.0
                                                          1st Qu.:211.0
## Median :56.00
                          Median :3.000
                                          Median :130.0
                                                         Median :241.0
## Mean :54.44
                          Mean :3.158
                                                         Mean :246.7
                                          Mean :131.7
  3rd Qu.:61.00
                           3rd Qu.:4.000
                                          3rd Qu.:140.0
                                                         3rd Qu.:275.0
## Max. :77.00
                          Max. :4.000
                                          Max.
                                                 :200.0
                                                         Max.
                                                                :564.0
##
## fbs
                      thalach
                                             oldpeak
                                                         slope
           restecg
                                  exang
## 0:258
           0:151
                 Min. : 71.0
                                  0:204
                                          Min. :0.00
                                                         1:142
##
   1: 45
           1: 4
                   1st Qu.:133.5
                                  1: 99
                                          1st Qu.:0.00
                                                         2:140
                                          Median:0.80
##
           2:148
                   Median :153.0
                                                         3: 21
##
                   Mean :149.6
                                          Mean :1.04
##
                   3rd Qu.:166.0
                                          3rd Qu.:1.60
##
                   Max. :202.0
                                          Max. :6.20
##
                         thal
##
                                       goal
                                                            ID
         ca
## Min.
         :0.0000
                          :3.000
                                   Length:303
                                                      Min. : 1.0
                    Min.
  1st Qu.:0.0000
##
                    1st Qu.:3.000
                                   Class : character
                                                      1st Qu.: 76.5
## Median :0.0000
                    Median :3.000
                                                      Median :152.0
                                   Mode :character
## Mean
         :0.6722
                    Mean
                          :4.734
                                                      Mean
                                                           :152.0
## 3rd Qu.:1.0000
                    3rd Qu.:7.000
                                                      3rd Qu.:227.5
## Max.
         :3.0000
                    Max.
                          :7.000
                                                      Max.
                                                            :303.0
## NA's
                    NA's
          :4
                           :2
sum(is.na(heart_data))
## [1] 6
                     Missing Value: Impute
colnames(heart_data)[apply(heart_data, 2, anyNA)]
## [1] "ca"
             "thal"
### ca: number of major vessels (0-3) colored by flourosopy
### thal: 3 = normal; 6 = fixed defect; 7 = reversable defect
```

```
summary(heart_data$ca)
     Min. 1st Qu. Median
                             Mean 3rd Qu.
                                             Max.
                                                    NA's
## 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.6722 1.0000 3.0000
summary(heart_data$thal)
##
     Min. 1st Qu. Median
                            Mean 3rd Qu.
                                             Max.
                                                    NA's
                    3.000
    3.000
           3.000
                            4.734
                                   7.000
                                            7.000
                                                       2
### missing block
md.pattern(heart_data)
```



```
##
       age sex cp trestbps chol fbs restecg thalach exang oldpeak slope goal ID
## 297
                        1
                              1
                                 1
                                         1
                                                  1
                                                                1
## 4
         1
             1 1
                         1
                              1
                                  1
                                          1
                                                  1
                                                        1
                                                                1
                                                                      1
                                                                           1 1
## 2
                                  1
                                          1
                                                  1
                                                        1
                                                                1
                                                                      1
             1 1
                         1
                              1
                                                                           1
##
                                 0
                                          0
                                                                0
         0
            0 0
                         0
                              0
                                                  0
                                                        0
##
       thal ca
## 297
         1 1 0
## 4
         1 0 1
## 2
          0 1 1
##
          2 4 6
### imputation
### m = 5 (iteration models)
impute <- mice(heart_data, m = 5, maxit = 50, method = "pmm",</pre>
             seed = 112, printFlag = FALSE)
```

```
## Warning: Number of logged events: 1
### 5 imputed dataset values
impute$imp$ca
     1 2 3 4 5
##
## 167 0 0 0 0 2
## 193 1 0 0 0 0
## 288 1 0 1 1 0
## 303 0 0 0 0 0
impute$imp$thal
##
     1 2 3 4 5
## 88 3 3 3 3 3
## 267 7 7 7 7 7
### appending the imputed values (second out of five)
heart_data <- complete(impute, 2)</pre>
### no missing values now
sum(is.na(heart_data))
## [1] 0
No evidence of imbalanced classes (both datasets),
      hence, no change the composition of the training set
                                                      ##
##
                    Descriptive plots
ggplot(heart_data, aes(x = goal, fill = goal)) +
 geom_bar() + theme_classic() +
 labs(title='Distribution plot') +
 xlab("Condition")
```



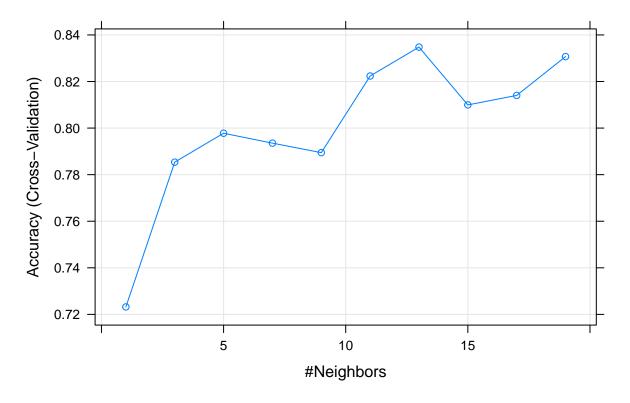
```
table(heart_data$goal)
##
##
     healthy unhealthy
##
         164
                    139
round(prop.table(table(heart_data$goal)) * 100, digits = 1)
##
##
     healthy unhealthy
##
        54.1
                     Scatter plots by condition
#heart_data %>% ggvis(~age, ~trestbps, fill = ~goal) %>% layer_points()
#heart_data %>% ggvis(~age, ~trestbps, fill = ~sex) %>% layer_points()
#heart_data %>% ggvis(~age, ~trestbps, fill = ~ cp) %>% layer_points()
                           Data partition
test_index <- createDataPartition(y = heart_data$goal, times = 1,</pre>
                                    p = 0.2, list= FALSE)
heart_data$goal <- as.factor(heart_data$goal)</pre>
train_data <- heart_data[-test_index, ]</pre>
test_data <- heart_data[test_index, ]</pre>
```

```
Classifiers
##
          1. Logistic regression: Fit the logistic regression model,
     that is a GLM using a binomial link using the caret function train()
set.seed(112)
log_fit <- train(goal ~.-ID ,</pre>
                 data = train_data,
                 method = "glm",
                 family = "binomial")
log_pred <- predict(log_fit, test_data)</pre>
confusionMatrix(log_pred, test_data$goal)
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
              Reference
## Prediction healthy unhealthy
##
                    31
                                4
     healthy
##
     unhealthy
                               24
##
##
                  Accuracy: 0.9016
##
                    95% CI: (0.7981, 0.963)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.541
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1.252e-09
##
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.8009
##
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.6831
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.9394
##
               Specificity: 0.8571
            Pos Pred Value: 0.8857
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.9231
##
                Prevalence: 0.5410
##
##
            Detection Rate: 0.5082
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.5738
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.8983
##
##
          'Positive' Class : healthy
##
                           2. Random forest
set.seed(112)
rf_fit <- train(goal ~.-ID ,
                    data = train data,
                    method = "rf")
rf_pred <- predict(rf_fit, test_data)</pre>
confusionMatrix(rf_pred, test_data$goal)
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
              Reference
## Prediction healthy unhealthy
    healthy
                    31
```

```
##
     unhealthy
                               22
##
                  Accuracy : 0.8689
##
##
                    95% CI: (0.7578, 0.9416)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.541
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 5.049e-08
##
##
                     Kappa : 0.733
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.2888
##
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.9394
##
               Specificity: 0.7857
##
            Pos Pred Value: 0.8378
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.9167
##
                Prevalence: 0.5410
##
            Detection Rate: 0.5082
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.6066
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.8626
##
##
          'Positive' Class : healthy
##
    3. Boosted logistic regression: using decision stumps (one node decision trees)
             as weak learners. It implements a internal version of decision
##
##
                             stump classifier instead of using
##
                 calls to rpart. Also, training and testing phases of the
                classification process are split into separate functions.
set.seed(112)
blog_fit <- train(goal ~.-ID,</pre>
                   data = train_data,
                   method = "LogitBoost")
blog_pred <- predict(blog_fit, test_data)</pre>
confusionMatrix(blog_pred, test_data$goal)
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
              Reference
## Prediction healthy unhealthy
                    28
##
                                9
    healthy
##
     unhealthy
                               19
##
##
                  Accuracy: 0.7705
##
                    95% CI: (0.645, 0.8685)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.541
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 0.0001784
##
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.5328
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.4226781
##
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.8485
##
               Specificity: 0.6786
##
            Pos Pred Value: 0.7568
```

```
Neg Pred Value: 0.7917
##
                Prevalence: 0.5410
##
            Detection Rate: 0.4590
##
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.6066
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.7635
##
##
          'Positive' Class : healthy
##
##
                               4. KNN
ctrl <- trainControl(method = "cv", verboseIter = FALSE, number = 5)</pre>
knn_fit <- train(goal ~. -ID , data = train_data,</pre>
                method = "knn", preProcess = c("center", "scale"),
                trControl = ctrl , tuneGrid = expand.grid(k = seq(1, 20, 2)))
plot(knn_fit, main = "K-nearest neighbour")
```

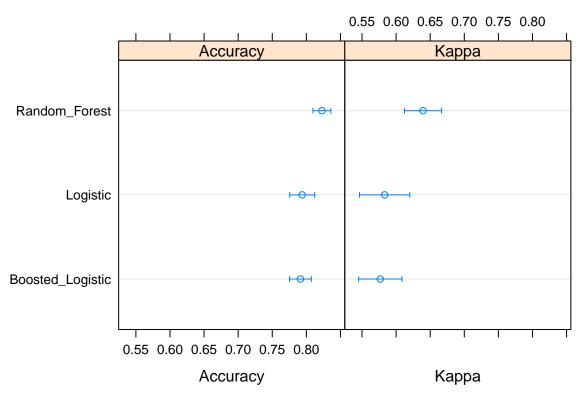
K-nearest neighbour



```
knn_pred <- predict(knn_fit, test_data)
confusionMatrix(knn_pred, test_data$goal)</pre>
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
## Reference
## Prediction healthy unhealthy
## healthy 30 6
## unhealthy 3 22
```

```
##
##
                  Accuracy: 0.8525
                    95% CI: (0.7383, 0.9302)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.541
##
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 2.6e-07
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.7005
##
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.505
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.9091
##
               Specificity: 0.7857
##
            Pos Pred Value: 0.8333
            Neg Pred Value: 0.8800
##
##
                Prevalence: 0.5410
##
            Detection Rate: 0.4918
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.5902
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.8474
##
##
          'Positive' Class : healthy
##
                      Performance Comparison
results <- resamples(list(Logistic = log_fit,
                           Random_Forest = rf_fit,
                           Boosted_Logistic = blog_fit))
summary(results)
##
## Call:
## summary.resamples(object = results)
## Models: Logistic, Random_Forest, Boosted_Logistic
## Number of resamples: 25
##
## Accuracy
                                            Median
##
                         Min.
                                 1st Qu.
                                                         Mean
                                                                3rd Qu.
## Logistic
                    0.7045455 0.7634409 0.7956989 0.7939150 0.8260870 0.8588235
## Random_Forest
                    0.7710843\ 0.7954545\ 0.8279570\ 0.8228161\ 0.8461538\ 0.8817204
## Boosted_Logistic 0.7058824 0.7555556 0.8068182 0.7913639 0.8235294 0.8484848
##
                    NA's
## Logistic
                       0
## Random Forest
                       0
## Boosted_Logistic
##
## Kappa
##
                                 1st Qu.
                                            Median
                                                         Mean
                                                                3rd Qu.
## Logistic
                    0.3982115\ 0.5270270\ 0.5845286\ 0.5831608\ 0.6454721\ 0.7171381
                    0.5231327 0.5838150 0.6528231 0.6395206 0.6875000 0.7593507
## Random_Forest
## Boosted_Logistic 0.4115204 0.5111111 0.6058733 0.5768440 0.6455696 0.6966292
                    NA's
##
                       0
## Logistic
                       0
## Random_Forest
## Boosted_Logistic
```

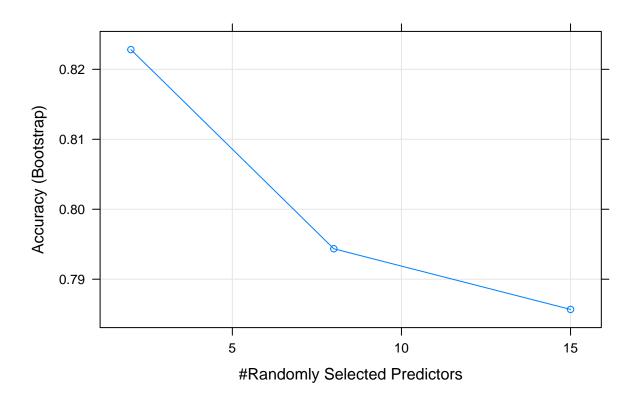


Confidence Level: 0.95

```
cf_rf <- confusionMatrix(rf_pred, test_data$goal)</pre>
cf log <- confusionMatrix(log pred, test data$goal)</pre>
cf_blog <- confusionMatrix(log_pred, test_data$goal)</pre>
cf_knn <- confusionMatrix(knn_pred, test_data$goal)</pre>
Accuracy <- 100*rbind(cf_log[["overall"]][["Accuracy"]],</pre>
             cf_rf[["overall"]][["Accuracy"]],
             cf_blog[["overall"]][["Accuracy"]],
             cf_knn[["overall"]][["Accuracy"]])
Specificity <- 100*rbind(cf_log[["byClass"]][["Specificity"]],</pre>
               cf_rf[["byClass"]][["Specificity"]],
               cf_blog[["byClass"]][["Specificity"]],
               cf_knn[["byClass"]][["Specificity"]])
Sensitivity <- 100*rbind(cf_log[["byClass"]][["Sensitivity"]],</pre>
               cf_rf[["byClass"]][["Sensitivity"]],
               cf_blog[["byClass"]][["Sensitivity"]],
               cf_knn[["byClass"]][["Sensitivity"]])
pf_result <- t(data.frame(Accuracy, Specificity, Sensitivity))</pre>
colnames(pf_result) <- c("Log", "RF", "LogitB", "KNN")</pre>
pf_result <- as.matrix(pf_result)</pre>
```

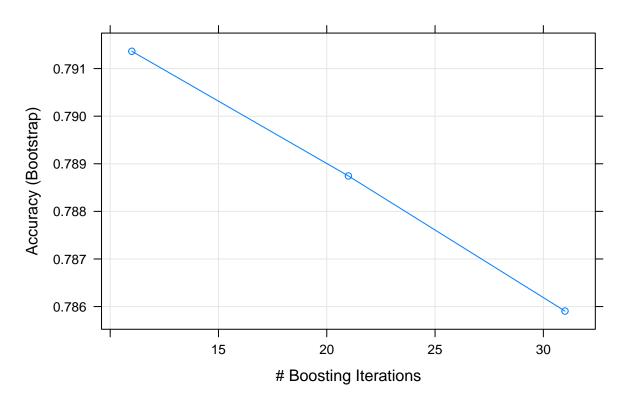
pf_result ## Log RF LogitB KNN ## Accuracy 90.16393 86.88525 90.16393 85.24590 ## Specificity 85.71429 78.57143 85.71429 78.57143 ## Sensitivity 93.93939 93.93939 90.90909 plot(rf_fit, main = "Random Forest")

Random Forest



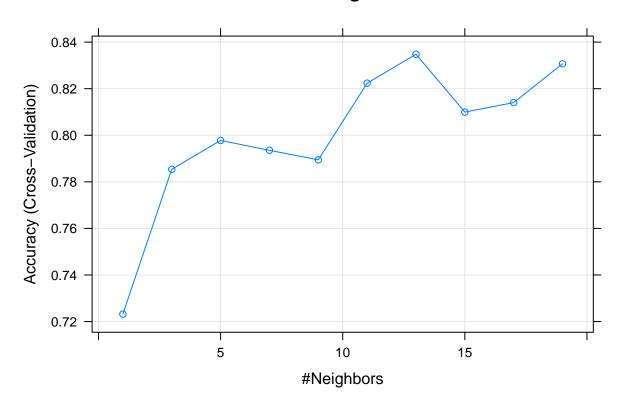
plot(blog_fit, main = "Boosted Logistic")

Boosted Logistic

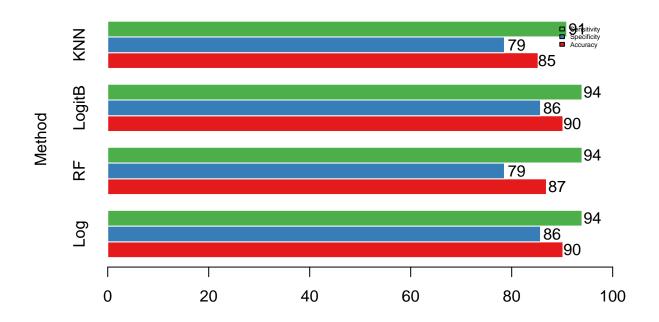


plot(knn_fit, main = "K-nearest neighbour")

K-nearest neighbour



Performance Chart

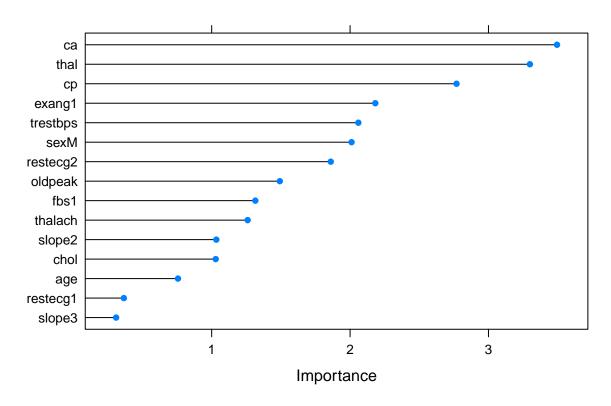


```
## Feature extraction -

feat_log <- varImp(log_fit, scale = FALSE)
feat_rf <- varImp(rf_fit, scale = FALSE)
feat_blog <- varImp(blog_fit, scale = FALSE)
feat_knn <- varImp(knn_fit, scale = FALSE)

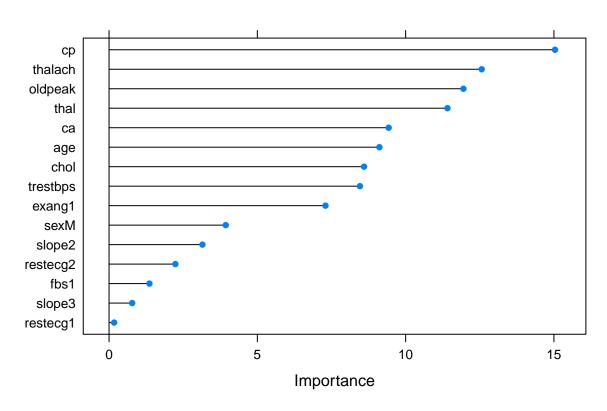
plot(feat_log, main = "Logistic regression: features")</pre>
```

Logistic regression: features



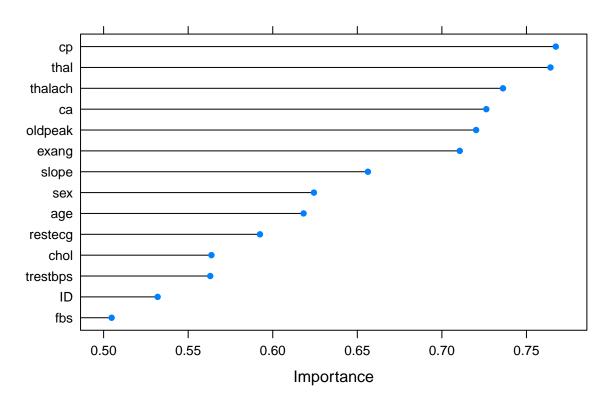
plot(feat_rf, main = "Random forest: features")

Random forest: features



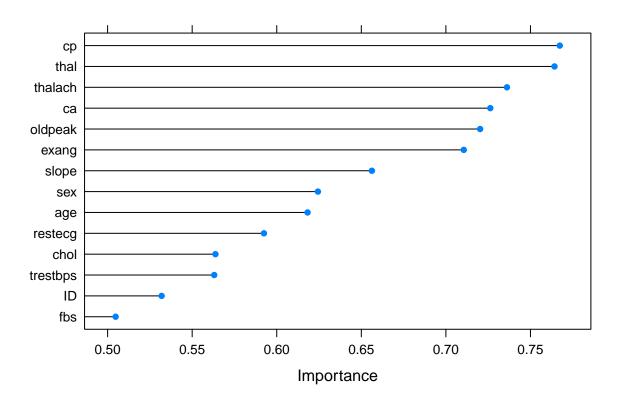
plot(feat_blog, main = "Boosted Logistic regression: features")

Boosted Logistic regression: features



plot(feat_knn, main = "KNN: features")

KNN: features

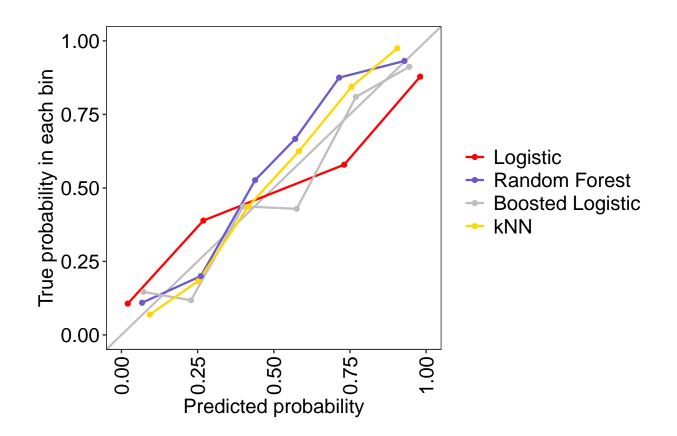


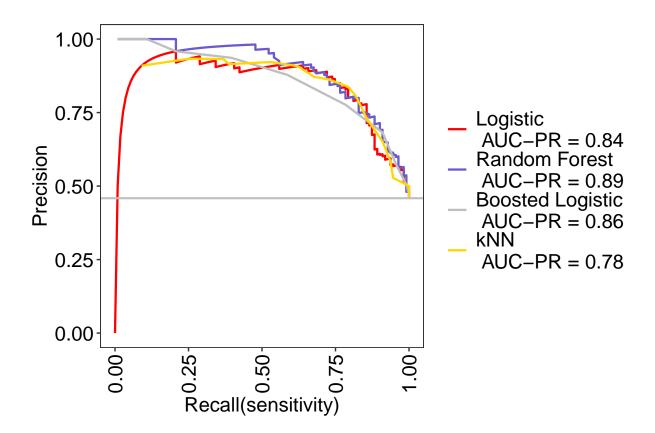
```
Model Evaluation with ROC, calibration, precision
##
         recall gain, and Obs vs. Pred probabilities curve
cont <- trainControl(method="cv",</pre>
                     summaryFunction=twoClassSummary,
                     classProbs=T.
                     savePredictions = T)
log <- train(goal ~.-ID ,</pre>
                 data = train_data,
                 method = "glm", preProc=c("center", "scale"),
                 family = "binomial", trControl=cont)
## Warning in train.default(x, y, weights = w, \dots): The metric "Accuracy" was not
## in the result set. ROC will be used instead.
rf <- train(goal ~.-ID ,
                data = train_data, preProc=c("center", "scale"),
                method = "rf", trControl=cont)
## Warning in train.default(x, y, weights = w, \dots): The metric "Accuracy" was not
## in the result set. ROC will be used instead.
blog <- train(goal ~.-ID,</pre>
              data = train_data, preProc=c("center", "scale"),
              method = "LogitBoost", trControl=cont)
```

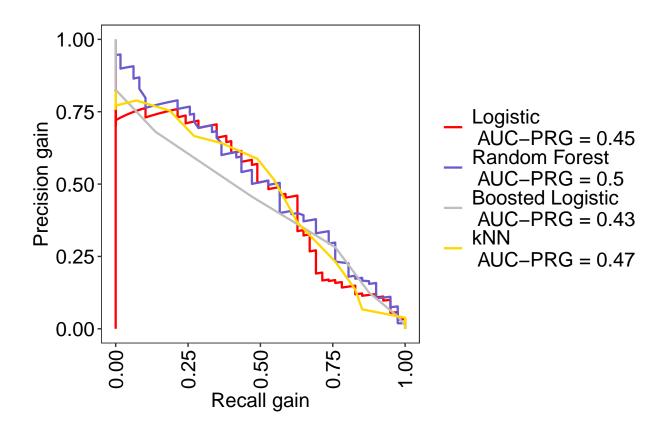
Warning in train.default(x, y, weights = w, ...): The metric "Accuracy" was not

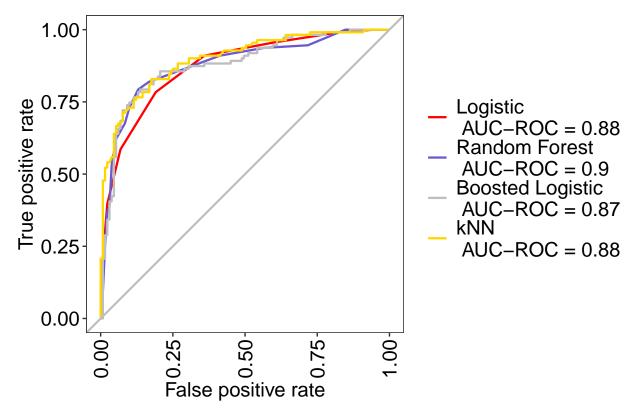
```
## in the result set. ROC will be used instead.
```

Warning in train.default(x, y, weights = w, \dots): The metric "Accuracy" was not ## in the result set. ROC will be used instead.









```
ROC <- data.frame(round(rbind(log[["results"]][["ROC"]],</pre>
                                max(rf[["results"]][["ROC"]]),
                                max(blog[["results"]][["ROC"]]),
                                max(knn[["results"]][["ROC"]])),2))
colnames(ROC) <- "AUC-ROC"</pre>
row.names(ROC) <- c("Logistic", "Random Forest", "Boosted Logit", "kNN")</pre>
ROC
                  AUC-ROC
##
                     0.87
## Logistic
## Random Forest
                     0.90
## Boosted Logit
                     0.88
## kNN
                     0.89
                                   EOL
```