

# Git review

Quiz, Form: A

## Section 1. Basic concepts

Match the following concepts with their definitions.

- |                     |  |
|---------------------|--|
| _____ merge         | (a) a DAG of commits with additional information (e.g., branches, tags, remotes) |
| _____ remote        | (b) a pointer to a particular commit   |
| _____ push and pull | (c) a pointer to a particular commit, which moves forward as you commit          |
| _____ staging area  | (d) a full snapshot of a working tree  |
| _____ repository    | (e) where snapshots of changes are placed before they are committed              |
| _____ working tree  | (f) directory containing the files you are currently working on                  |
| _____ branch        | (g) used to synchronize repositories   |
| _____ tag           | (h) another repository whose branches your repository tracks                     |
| _____ commit        | (i) joins two or more development histories together                             |

## Section 2. Short Answer

Please explain what each of the following terms means.

1. `HEAD`
2. `master`
3. `origin`

Please answer the following questions.

4. Which of the above terms are fixed and which are used by convention?
5. What `git` command would you use to see what `master` specifically refers to in one of your repositories?
6. What `git` command would you use to see what `origin` specifically refers to in one of your repositories?

You are working on a team project. You have forked the main project repository, and cloned your fork. This automatically gave you a remote called **origin** that points to your forked repository. You added a remote called **upstream** that points to the main project repository.

Overnight, your eager team members have merged some work to the main repository, therefore updating the **master** branch of the main repository. Today you want to do some work on a new branch that starts off at the new position of **master** on the main repository.

7. What command(s) would you type to start working in a new branch named **more-work** that starts at the new position of **master** in the main repository?

8. You have done some commits on your new branch **more-work**. What command(s) would you type to replicate this your new branch to your own fork on Github?