



# Primary Lecture Sheet

## Lecture

# 4

### Lecture Contents

- ✓ Right Forms of Verb
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## Right Forms of Verb

### Important Rules

**Rule 01.** কোনো Sentence-এ usually, always, sometimes, generally, everyday, daily, often, regularly, occasionally, normally ইত্যাদি শব্দগুলো থাকলে সেই Sentence-এর verb টি Present Indefinite Tense হয়।

যেমন :

- (i) He sometimes visit to us. (visits)
- (ii) He always do his best. (does)

**Rule 02.** কোনো Sentence-এ recently, already, yet, just, ever, never, just now, lately ইত্যাদি শব্দগুলো থাকলে ঐ sentence টি Present Perfect Tense এ হয়।

যেমন :

- (i) I have already done my work.
- (ii) He just has finished his dinner.

**Rule 03.** কোনো Sentence-এ Once, Yesterday, ago, long ago, long since, last, last night, last week, last month, last year, the day before yesterday, just + time + ago (যেমন : just two months ago) ইত্যাদি থাকলে ঐ sentence টি past indefinite Tense এ হয়।

যেমন :

- (i) Her father die yesterday. (died)
- (ii) John come to house last year. (came)

**Rule-04.** কোনো Sentence-এ at that time, at that moment, then ইত্যাদি থাকলে ঐ Sentence টি সাধারণত past continuous Tense এ হয়।

যেমন :

- (i) When my father came into my room, I cook at that time. (was cooking)
- (ii) They watch television at that moment. (were watching)

**Rule 05.** কোনো Sentence-এ since, for, how long থাকলে এবং তা দ্বারা সময়ের ব্যাপ্তি বোঝালে এ sentence টি present perfect continuous Tense এ হয়।

যেমন :

- (i) It has been raining since morning.
- (ii) He has been reading for five hours.

**Rule 06.** Since ব্যবহৃত হয় নির্ধারিত Point of time-এর পূর্বে, কিন্তু for ব্যবহৃত হয় Period of time-এর পূর্বে। আরও সহজ করে বললে বলা যায়, কাজটি কখন শুরু হয়েছে সেই শুরুর সময় নির্দিষ্ট করে দেয়া থাকলে সেখানে since এবং সময়টি countable unit বা প্রদত্ত সময়টি গোনো গেলে (যেমন 7 days, 2 hours etc) সেখানে For বসে।

যেমন :-

**Q.** He has been running for morning. (Incorrect)

**Ans.** He has been running since morning. (Correct)

**Incorrect :** He has been suffering since 5 days for Sunday.

**Correct :** He has been suffering for 5 days since Sunday.

**Rule 07.** কোনো Sentence-এর মাঝখানে Since থাকলে অথবা Since দ্বারা দুটি বাক্যাংশ যুক্ত হলে এবং Since এর প্রথম অংশে Present Indefinite Tense বা Present Perfect Tense হলে, পরের অংশ Past Indefinite Tense হয়।

যেমন :

Many years have passed since I (to see) her.

Many years have passed **since I saw her.**

কিন্তু **Since**-এর প্রথম অংশ **Past Indefinite Tense** এ থাকলে, পরের অংশ **Past Perfect Tense** হয়।

যেমন :

Many years passed since I (to see) her.

Many years passed since I had seen her.

**Rule 08.** Before এবং After দ্বারা ২টি Clause যুক্ত হলে এদের উভয় পার্শ্বের Tense ভালোভাবে দেখে তারপর উত্তর করতে হবে। Before/after দুটি ক্ষেত্রেই মনে রাখতে হবে, before অর্থ আগে তাই আগে হবে perfect (future/past perfect) tense এবং after অর্থ পরে, তাই after এর পরে হবে Perfect (present/past perfect) tense. তবে, এক্ষেত্রে অবশ্যই লক্ষ্য রাখতে হবে, before এর পরে Past indefinite tense থাকলে আগে হবে Past perfect tense কিন্তু before এর পরে Present indefinite tense থাকলে আগে হবে Future perfect tense।

নিচের উদাহরণ দুটি দেখুন,

(i) He will have done the work before she comes. (লক্ষ্য করুন, এই বাক্যে before এর পরে present indefinite tense রয়েছে।)

(ii) He had done the work before she come. (এই বাক্যে before এর পরে past indefinite tense আছে।)

একইভাবে, after দ্বারা ২টি বাক্যাংশ (clause) যুক্ত হলে after এর আগে Present indefinite tense থাকলে after এর পরে হবে Present perfect tense এবং after এর আগে Past indefinite tense থাকলে after এর পরে হবে Past perfect tense.

(i) He comes at my room after I have slept.

(ii) The doctor came after his father had died.

**Rule 09.** After বা when দ্বারা যুক্ত দুটি clause-এর ক্ষেত্রে after বা when এর পূর্ববর্তী clause টির verb future বা present indefinite tense হলে পরবর্তী clause টির verb present perfect tense হবে। কিন্তু এদের পূর্ববর্তী Verb Past indefinite tense হলে, পরবর্তী Verb Past perfect tense হবে।

**Example :**

**Q-1.** Sadia takes her breakfast when She (to finish) her work.

**Ans.** Sadia takes her breakfast **when She has finished** her work.

**Or,** Sadia took her breakfast when she had finished her work.

**Q-2.** I started my work after she (come).

**Ans.** I started my work after she **had come**.

**Rule 10.** কোন বাক্যে As though, as if, wish ও fancy দ্বারা দুটি clause বা দুটি বাক্যাংশে যুক্ত হলে, এদের আগের অংশে present indefinite tense থাকলে পরের অংশের (to be) verb এর স্থলে were বসে এবং এদের পর মূল verb এর Past form বসে।

যেমন :

He talks **as if he (to be) leader.** (লক্ষ্য করুন, as if এর আগের অংশে present indefinite tense আছে।)

He talks **as if he were (to be) leader.**

তবে, এই বাক্যের প্রথম অংশে Past tense থাকলে এদের পরে to be verb এর স্থলে had been বসে এবং মূল verb এর স্থলে past perfect tense বসে।

যেমন :

(i) Sadia talked as if she had been a leader.

(ii) Sadia talked as if she had made the history.

**Rule 11.** It is high time/It is time/It is now time, sentence-এর পর যদি একটি subject থাকে তাহলে সেই Subject পরবর্তী Verb টির Past tense-এ হবে। কিন্তু এদের পরে Subject না থাকলে বা শুধু Verb থাকলে ঐ Verb এর সাথে to যুক্ত হবে বা infinitive হবে।

যেমন : It is time (change) our food habit.

**Ans.** to change.

**Example :**

**It is high time we change our food habits. (Incorrect)**

**It is high time we changed our food habits. (Correct)**

**Rule 12.** No sooner — than, Scarcely — when, Hardly — before প্রভৃতি যুক্ত বাক্যে Than, when এর পূর্বে সাধারণত Past Perfect Tense এবং পরে Past Indefinite Tense হয়।

যেমন :

(i) Scarcely had he reached the college when the examination began.

(ii) Hardly had he reached the college before the examination began.

**Rule 13.** ভবিষ্যতে কোনো কার্য সম্পন্ন হয়ে থাকবে এরূপ অনুমান বুঝালে Future Perfect Tense হয়।

**Example :**

Sadia (to reach) in London by this time.

Sadia **will have reached** in London by this time.

But for your help she (fail).

But for your help she **would have failed.** (তোমার সাহায্য ছাড়া সে ফেইল করবে।)

**Rule 14.** কোনো Sentence-এ tomorrow, next time, years to come ইত্যাদি থাকলে ঐ sentence টি Future Indefinite Tense এ হয়।

যেমন :

(i) I go to Dhaka next month. (shall go)

(ii) He come tomorrow. (will come)



**Rule 15.** কোনো Sentence-এ by, by (day/ month/ year), by this time, next (day month/ year), by next (day/ month/ year) ইত্যাদি থাকলে ঐ sentence টি Future perfect Tense এ হয়।

যেমন :

- (i) By 2020, I finish my work. (will have finished)  
(ii) The padma bridge open by 2021. (will have opened)

**Rule 16.** Main clause-এর verb টি past tense-এর হলে এবং পরের অংশ next + time থাকলে, অর্থাৎ next-এর পরে কোনো সময়ের (next day, next week, next month, next year) উল্লেখ থাকলে bracket-এর verb এর পূর্বে would বা should বসে। এক্ষেত্রে bracket-এর verb টির present form হয়।

যেমন :

- Q. He said that he (go) home the next day.  
Ans. He said that he would go home the next day.

**Rule 17.** Unless, Until, as long as দ্বারা দুটি clause যুক্ত হলে, তাদের পরবর্তী verb টি present indefinite tense এ হলে এদের পূর্ববর্তী verb টি future perfect tense এ হবে। তবে এদের দ্বারা যুক্ত দুটি clause এর যেকোনো একটিতে Past indefinite tense থাকলে অপর অংশটিও Past indefinite tense- ই হবে।

যেমন :

- Q. I (open) the door as soon as he came.  
Ans. I opened the door as soon as he came.  
Q. I shall wait for you until you (to come).  
Ans. I shall wait for you until you come.  
Q. I (do) the work as soon as he comes.  
Ans. I will have done the work as soon as he comes.

**Rule 18.** সম্ভাবনা ও শিষ্টাচার বুঝাতে Present Tense-এর সাথে Might এবং Future Tense-এর সাথে Might have বসে।

**Example :**

- (i) You **might** try once.  
(ii) He **might have** gone with you.

**Rule 19.** lest শব্দের অর্থ “পাছে ভয় হয় যে” বা (for fear that) lest negative অর্থ প্রদান করে। অতপর lest দ্বারা যে clause আরম্ভ হয়, তাতে no বা not বসে না। এটি দ্বারা যে Clause শুরু হয় তার পরে should/might বসে।

**Example :** He ran fast lest he should miss the train.

**N.B. :** lest এর প্রথম অংশে personal object থাকলে সেই personal object টি lest এর পরে subject রূপে বসে। যেমন উপরের বাক্যের He।

**Rule 20.** To be verb (am, is, are, was, were) এর পর passive বাক্যে মূল verb-এর past participle হয়।

**Example :**

- Q. Statistics show that English is (speaking) as a first language by 350 million people.  
Ans. Statistics show that English is spoken as a first language by 350 million people.

**Rule 21.** Sentence এর শুরুতে would that থাকলে subject-এর পরে could বসে এবং প্রদত্ত verb-এর present form হয়।

**Example :**

- Q. Would that I (go) there.  
Ans. Would that I could go there,

**Rule 22.** যদি কোনো sentence-এর মাঝখানে comma (,) থাকে এবং এই comma-এর পরপরই verb থাকে তাহলে verb-এর সাথে ing যুক্ত হয়।

**Example :**

- (i) He went away, (leave) me alone.  
(ii) He went away, **leaving** me alone.

**Rule 23.** কোনো sentence-এর শুরুতেই যদি verb যুক্ত phrase থাকে এবং ঐ phrase এর শেষেই comma যুক্ত হয়ে কোনো clause থাকে, তাহলে ঐ শুরুর verb এর সাথে ing যুক্ত হয়, অথবা Having + v.p.p যুক্ত করে উত্তর করতে হয়।

**Example :**

- (Reach) Dhaka, I will phone you.  
Reaching Dhaka, I will phone you.  
Or, **Having reached** Dhaka, I will phone you.

**Rule 24.** ভবিষ্যতে কোনো কিছু ইচ্ছা প্রকাশ করতে Be verb + going to ব্যবহৃত হয়। এক্ষেত্রে going to এর পরবর্তী verb Infinitive যোগে গঠিত হয়।

**Example :**

- They (go) to open a bank.  
They **are going** to open a bank.

**Rule 25.** কোনো কাজ ভবিষ্যতে হবে, কিন্তু কাজটি করার জন্য সিদ্ধান্তটি পূর্বেই নেওয়া হয়েছে, এরূপ ক্ষেত্রে will-এর পরিবর্তে am/is/are ব্যবহৃত হবে।

**Example :**

- We **will** not surrender to anybody. (Incorrect)  
We **are** not going to surrender to anybody. (Correct)

## Exercise

## BCS Preliminary Questions

- Choose the right form of verb :  
It is high time we (act) on the matter. [৪৩তম বিসিএস]  
(a) are acting (b) acted  
(c) have acted (d) could act **(b)**
- Fill in the blank of the following sentence with the right form of verb.  
If I — a king! [৩৪তম বিসিএস]  
(a) am (b) was  
(c) were (d) shall be **(c)**
- Rishan walks as if he — lame. [৩০তম বিসিএস]  
(a) is (b) had been  
(c) has (d) were **(d)**
- New programs will be — next week in Bangladesh Television. [২৮তম বিসিএস]  
(a) telecast (b) published  
(c) telecasted (d) broadcasted **(a)**
- He ran fast lest he — miss the train. [২৬তম বিসিএস]  
(a) can (b) should  
(c) could (d) has **(b)**
- As the sun —, I decided to go out. [২৬তম, ২৪তম বিসিএস]  
(a) has shone (b) shine  
(c) shines (d) was shining **(d)**
- Do not make a noise while your father —  
[২৬তম বিসিএস; মহা হিসাব নিরীক্ষক ও নিয়ন্ত্রকের কার্যালয়ে অডিটর ২০১৫]  
(a) is sleeping (b) has slept  
(c) asleep (d) is being asleep **(a)**
- I opened the door as soon as I — the bell.  
[২৫তম বিসিএস]  
(a) have heard (b) was hearing  
(c) am heard (d) heard **(d)**
- Just now he — his dinner but he says he will see you when he's finished. [২৪তম বিসিএস]  
(a) is having (b) has had  
(c) was having (d) had **(b)**
- My uncle arrived while I — the dinner.  
[২৪তম (বাঙালি) বিসিএস]  
(a) would cook (b) had cooked  
(c) cook (d) was cooking **(d)**
- We waited until the plane— [২৩তম বিসিএস]  
(a) did not take off (b) took off  
(c) had not taken off (d) had taken off **(b)**
- As they waited Rahim argued against war— [২১তম বিসিএস]  
(a) while his brother discusses the effects of pollution.  
(b) while his brother discussed the effects of pollution.  
(c) while his brother was discussing the effects of pollution.  
(d) while his brother had discussed the effects of pollution. **(c)**

- A reward has been announced for the employees who — hard. [২১তম বিসিএস]  
(a) have worked (b) has worked  
(c) will be work (d) have had worked **(a)**
- An intensive search was conducted by the detective to locate those criminals who—. [২০তম বিসিএস]  
(a) have had escaped (b) had escaped  
(c) are escaping (d) have been escaping **(b)**
- We (not have) a holiday since the beginning of the year. — Which of the following verb forms best completes the above sentence?  
[১৩তম বিসিএস]  
(a) did not have (b) have not had  
(c) are not having (d) had not had **(b)**
- It's time (you realize) your mistakes. Which of the following clause best fits in the above sentence? [১৩তম বিসিএস]  
(a) you realized (b) that you realize  
(c) you would realize (d) you have realized **(a)**

## PSC &amp; Others Exams' Questions

- He speaks as though he — very angry.  
[পররাষ্ট্র মন্ত্রণালয় : ব্যক্তিগত কর্মকর্তা-২০২২]  
(a) were (b) was  
(c) would have been (d) is **(a)**
- I wish you — the problem.  
[হিসাব মহানিয়ন্ত্রকের কার্যালয় (CGA) কম্পিউটার মুদ্রাক্ষরিক-২০২২]  
(a) have solved (b) shall solve  
(c) could solve (d) can solve **(c)**
- Nasima arrived while I — the dinner. [বাংলাদেশ বেসামরিক বিমান চলাচল কর্তৃপক্ষ (CAAB)-এর অ্যারোড্রাম ফায়ার লিডার ২০২১]  
(a) would cook (b) had cooked  
(c) cook (d) was cooking **(d)**
- Don't mention anything unless you (ask) for.  
[NSI-এর ফিল্ড অফিসার ২০২১]  
(a) ask (b) were asked  
(c) are asked (d) will ask **(c)**
- Fill in the gap :  
We are friends. We — each other for years.  
[NSI-এর ওয়াচার কনস্টেবল (বর্তমান পদ নাম : ফিল্ড স্টাফ) ২০২১]  
(a) knew (b) know  
(c) have been knowing (d) have known **(d)**
- Raj and his family — here since March 2015.  
[NSI-এর কম্পিউটার টেকনিশিয়ান, রেডিও টেকনিশিয়ান, ওয়্যারলেস অপারেটর, হিসাবরক্ষক কাম-ক্যাশিয়ার ২০২১]  
(a) is living (b) have been living  
(c) lives (d) has lived **(b)**
- Although she — a part of the excavation team, she was not allowed to actively — in the field.  
[বাংলাদেশ বেসামরিক বিমান চলাচল কর্তৃপক্ষ (CAAB)-এর সিনিয়র অফিসার ২০২১]  
(a) is, working (b) was, work  
(c) was, working (d) in, worked **(b)**





24. **Good morning, I — see the manager, please.** [NSI-এর সহকারী পরিচালক, রিসার্চ অফিসার ও সহকারী প্রোগ্রামার ২০২১]  
 (a) am interested to (b) wish I can  
 (c) like to (d) would like to **(d)**
25. **Choose the correct sentence.** [NSI-এর সহকারী পরিচালক, রিসার্চ অফিসার ও সহকারী প্রোগ্রামার ২০২১]  
 (a) She disguised herself lest she be recognized.  
 (b) She disguised lest she should be recognized.  
 (c) She disguised lest she be recognized.  
 (d) She disguised herself lest she can be recognized. **(b)**
26. **While (walk) in the morning, I saw them playing.** [NSI-এর ফিল্ড অফিসার ২০২১]  
 (a) walk (b) walked  
 (c) walking (d) walks **(c)**
27. **A fire (break) out in the slums last night.** [NSI-এর ফিল্ড অফিসার ২০২১]  
 (a) broke (b) broken  
 (c) has broken (d) was broken **(a)**
28. **Hasan has read most of the — of Shakespeare.** [বাংলাদেশ বেসামরিক বিমান চলাচল কর্তৃপক্ষ (CAAB)-এর নিরাপত্তা অপারেটর ২০২১]  
 (a) poem (b) drama  
 (c) works (d) play **(c)**
29. **How many time have you — your house broken into?** [বাংলাদেশ বেসামরিক বিমান চলাচল কর্তৃপক্ষ (CAAB)-এর এরোড্রাম কর্মকর্তা (এটিএম)/উপ-সহকারী প্রকৌশলী (সিভিল) অন্যান্য ২০২১]  
 (a) been (b) had  
 (c) be (d) have **(a)**
30. **Did you use to — with dolls?** [CAAB-এর এরোড্রাম কর্মকর্তা / ইলপেট্টর / সহকারী ভাগর কর্মকর্তা/ সহকারী হিসাবরক্ষণ কর্মকর্তা/সহকারী নিরীক্ষা অফিসার ২০২১]  
 (a) played (b) playies  
 (c) play (d) be played **(c)**
31. **I don't feel like —** [বাংলাদেশ বেসামরিক বিমান চলাচল কর্তৃপক্ষ (CAAB)-এর এরোড্রাম কর্মকর্তা / ইলপেট্টর / সহকারী ভাগর কর্মকর্তা/সহকারী হিসাবরক্ষণ কর্মকর্তা/সহকারী নিরীক্ষা অফিসার ২০২১]  
 (a) talk to you (b) talk at you  
 (c) talking at you (d) talking to you **(d)**
32. **Fill in the gap : How long is it since you — him last?** [NSI-এর ওয়াচার কনস্টেবল (বর্তমান পদ নাম : ফিল্ড স্টাফ) ২০২১]  
 (a) saw (b) have seen  
 (c) had seen (d) see **(a)**
33. **— a good student, he failed in the exam. The missing expression is :** [বাংলাদেশ বেসামরিক বিমান চলাচল কর্তৃপক্ষের মেডিকেল অফিসার/এরোড্রাম সহকারী ২০২১]  
 (a) Despite being (b) Despite of being  
 (c) In spite of (d) Despite the fact of **(a)**
34. **My aunt (to be) ill for nearly a week.** [প্রতিরক্ষা মন্ত্রণালয়ের সামরিক ভূমি ও ক্যান্টনমেন্ট অধিদপ্তরের জুনিয়র শিক্ষক ২০২১]  
 (a) is (b) was being  
 (c) was (d) has been **(d)**
35. **He will be arriving quite late, so by the time he comes, the play — ?** [বাংলাদেশ পেট্রোলিয়াম ইনস্টিটিউট (BPI)-এর সহকারী পরিচালক ২০২০; জীবন বীমা করপোরেশনের সহকারী ব্যবস্থাপক ২০২০]  
 (a) would have begun (b) will begun  
 (c) will have begun (d) would begun **(c)**
36. **Choose the right tense : My father — before I came.** [স্বরাষ্ট্র মন্ত্রণালয়ের অধীন বাংলাদেশ কোস্ট গার্ড-এর উপ-সহকারী প্রকৌশলী (পূর্ত) ২০২০]  
 (a) Would be leaving (b) had been leaving  
 (c) had left (d) will leave **(c)**
37. **She told me his name after he—** [বাংলাদেশ পরিসংখ্যান ব্যুরোর (BBS) জুনিয়র পরিসংখ্যান সহকারী ২০২০; বাংলাদেশ পরিসংখ্যান ব্যুরোর ডাটা এন্ট্রি/কন্ট্রোল অপারেটর ২০২০]  
 (a) left (b) had left  
 (c) has left (d) has been leaving **(b)**
38. **Complete the sentence : Rahim has been working — .** [ঢাকা পানি সরবরাহ ও পয়ঃনিষ্কাশন কর্তৃপক্ষ (WASA)-এর উপ-সহ. প্রকৌশলী (সিভিল) ২০১৯]  
 (a) from morning (b) since morning  
 (c) by morning (d) for morning **(b)**
39. **They — here since 1999.** [সংস্কৃতি বিষয়ক মন্ত্রণালয়ের উপ-সহকারী প্রকৌশলী (সিভিল) ২০১৯; সেবা অধিদপ্তর সিনিয়র স্টাফ নার্স ২০১৬]  
 (a) have live (b) have living  
 (c) have been lived (d) have been living **(d)**
40. **He found the gold coin — the floor.** [প্রতিরক্ষা মন্ত্রণালয়ের প্রধান প্রশাসনিক কর্মকর্তার কার্যালয়ের সহকারী পরিচালক ২০১৯]  
 (a) as he had cleaned  
 (b) while he cleans  
 (c) which he is cleaning  
 (d) while cleaning **(d)**
41. **I waited for my friend until he — .** [বাংলাদেশ প্রতিযোগিতা কমিশনের বিভিন্ন পদ ২০১৯]  
 (a) have come (b) came  
 (c) had come (d) has come **(b)**
42. **While cooking she got her hand—** [সংস্কৃতি বিষয়ক মন্ত্রণালয়ের উপ-সহকারী প্রকৌশলী (সিভিল) ২০১৯]  
 (a) burnt (b) burn  
 (c) burning (d) having burning **(a)**
43. **It is high time we — our bad habits.** [সংস্কৃতি বিষয়ক মন্ত্রণালয়ের উপ-সহকারী প্রকৌশলী (সিভিল) ২০১৯]  
 (a) change (b) changing  
 (c) are change (d) changed **(d)**
44. **I wish you — the problem.** [প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক (চতুর্থ ধাপ) ২০১৯]  
 (a) have solved (b) shall solve  
 (c) could solve (d) can solve **(c)**
45. **English — across the world.** [প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক (প্রথম ধাপ) ২০১৯]  
 (a) has spoken (b) speaks  
 (c) is speaking (d) is spoken **(d)**
46. **I — tennis every Sunday morning.** [প্রতিরক্ষা মন্ত্রণা. মিলিটারি ইঞ্জ. সার্ভিসেসের স্টোরম্যান ২০১৮]  
 (a) playing (b) play  
 (c) am played (d) am play **(b)**
47. **Babies — when they are hungry.** [প্রতিরক্ষা মন্ত্রণা. মিলিটারি ইঞ্জ. সার্ভিসেসের স্টোরম্যান ২০১৮]  
 (a) cry (b) cries  
 (c) cried (d) are crying **(a)**
48. **It is time for — his bad habits.** [পরিবার পরিকল্পনা অধি. পরিবার কল্যাণ পরিদর্শিকা ২০১৮]  
 (a) changes (b) changed  
 (c) changing (d) change **(c)**

## 49. The letter — a year ago.

[বিভিন্ন মন্ত্রণা./বিভাগ/অধি. ব্যক্তিগত কর্মকর্তা (সাধারণ) ২০১৮]

- (a) is written (b) was written  
(c) wrote (d) has written

b

## 50. Fill in the blank :

This children park — half an hour before sunset. [নার্সিং ও মিডওয়াইফারি অধি. সিনিয়র স্টাফ নার্স ২০১৮]

- (a) opens (b) starts  
(c) closes (d) stops

c

## 51. We were watching the news when the telephone

— [প্রা. সহ. শিক্ষক ২০১৮ (স্থগিত ২০১৪) ১২ জেলা]

- (a) had rung (b) rang  
(c) rung (d) ringing

b

## 52. I opened the door as soon as I — the bell.

[কন্ট্রোলার জেনারেল ডিফেন্স ফাইন্যান্স কার্যালয়ের অডিটর ২০১৭]

- (a) have heard (b) was hearing  
(c) heard (d) listen

c

## Govt. &amp; Private Bank Questions

## 53. Select the right form of verb : 'A conophilist went to Kataban and found dogs — (keep) in cages for sale.' [BSC 7 Govt. Banks &amp; 2 Financial Institutions Senior Officer 2021]

- (a) had been kept (b) kept  
(c) had kept (d) were keeping

b

## 54. No sooner do the bells ring than the curtain rose.

[Bangladesh Gas Field Ltd. Asst. Manager (General) 2021]

- (a) did the bell ring  
(b) did the bells ring  
(c) had the bell rang  
(d) had the bell rung  
(e) No correction required

d

## 55. No sooner had he reached the station... [Combined 9 Bank : Officer (General)-2022]

- (a) when the train left.  
(b) and the train left  
(c) then the train left  
(d) than the train left

d

## 56. He — while I was reading. [Security Printing Corporation Officer (General) 2021]

- (a) comes (b) came  
(c) has come (d) was coming

b

## 57. The use of preservatives in food manufacturing — steadily over the past few decades and — no signs of abating. [Bangladesh Gas Field Ltd. Asst. Manager (General) 2021]

- (a) had risen, would show  
(b) would rise, will show  
(c) has risen, shows  
(d) rose, will show  
(e) None of these

c

## 58. The Exam is going well, we — any problems.

[Janata Bank Ltd. Senior Officer (Textile Eng.) 2020]

- (a) couldn't have (b) don't have  
(c) doesn't have (d) didn't have

b

59. Rizwan admired the speed with which he completed the work and appreciating the method adopted by him.

[Bangladesh Gas Field Ltd. Asst. Manager (General) 2021]

- (a) appreciating the method adopted by him  
(b) appreciate the method being adopted  
(c) appreciated the method adopted  
(d) appreciate the method of adoption  
(e) appreciated the method adopting method

c

60. When Shakib Khan's movie came to twon, all the tickets had sold out far in advance.

[United Commercial Bank Ltd. Probationary Officer 2020]

- (a) had (b) have  
(c) were (d) had been  
(e) No error

c

61. You should avoid to make such stupid mistakes.

[Premier Bank Ltd. trainee junior Officer (general) 2020]

- (a) Avoid to made  
(b) Avoid make  
(c) Avoid making  
(d) Avoid to have

c

62. I have told him that there is many solutions to the problem and he need not worry so much.

[BSC (2 Govt. Banks) Officer (IT) 2019]

- (a) there are few (b) there are many  
(c) there are much (d) none of these

b

## 63. Complete shutdown (be) observed today against new law.

[BB Officer 2018]

- (a) is being (b) can be  
(c) is been (d) was been

a

## 64. She usually — the baby down for sleep at this time. [BSC Senior Officer (3 Banks) 2018]

- (a) lies (b) lied  
(c) lay (d) lays

d

## 65. After — suspended for misbehavior, the student requested reconsideration.

[Sonali Bank Ltd. Officer (Cash) 2018]

- (a) having been (b) having  
(c) have (d) was

a

## 66. Lack of exercise and high fat diets have — to be factors in heart attacks.

[Probashi Kallyan Bank Senior Executive Officer (Cash) 2018]

- (a) long known been (b) known been long  
(c) been long known (d) long been known

d

## 67. She is shocked because she — a terrible accident. [Janata Bank Ltd. Asst. Executive Officer 2017]

- (a) sees (b) saw  
(c) has seen (d) is going to see

c

## 68. We waited until the plane— [BDBL Senior Officer 2017]

- (a) did not take off. (b) took off.  
(c) had not taken off. (d) had taken off.

b



**University & Medical Admission Questions**

69. We — not hurry, we have got plenty of time.

[চবি 'গ' ইউনিট ২০২০-২১]

- (a) may (b) need  
(c) would (d) do

b

70. I always carry an umbrella, in case it — [GST গুচ্ছভুক্ত

বিশ্ব. ইউনিট বি (মানবিক) ২০২০-২১]

- (a) rain (b) rains  
(c) is raining (d) will rain

b

71. My mother — TV news every night.

[GST গুচ্ছভুক্ত বিশ্ব. ইউনিট বি (মানবিক) ২০২০-২১]

- (a) is watching (b) watched  
(c) watches (d) watch

c

72. Let the task — done as directed. [জাবি ইউনিট সি ২০২০-২১]

- (a) is (b) to be  
(c) was (d) be

d

73. It hardly rains here. Here 'hardly' can be replaced by— [রাবি ইউনিট বি (বাণিজ্য ও অ-বাণিজ্য; গ্রুপ-২) ২০২০-২১]

- (a) heavily (b) often  
(c) frequently (d) scarcely

d

74. 'The man (loose) his tie.' Use the correct form of verb in the bracket. [রাবি ইউনিট বি (বাণিজ্য ও অ-বাণিজ্য; গ্রুপ-২) ২০২০-২১]

- (a) lose (b) loosing  
(c) lost (d) loosed

d

75. The naughty boy talks as if he — . [চবি ইউনিট এ (শিফট-২; সেট-২) ২০২০-২১]

- (a) knows everything  
(b) know everything  
(c) knew everything  
(d) had knewn everything

c

76. The girls — reprimended for roller-skating — the road. [চবি ইউনিট এ (শিফট-২; সেট-২) ২০২০-২১]

- (a) are — up (b) were — on  
(c) was — around (d) is — along

b

77. Let's go — [চবি ইউনিট বি, (চারু, নাট্যকলা ও সংগীত) ২০২০-২১]

- (a) fishing (b) to fish  
(c) to fishing (d) by fish

a

78. — , the pedestrain took rest under a tree. [চবি ইউনিট বি, (চারু, নাট্যকলা ও সংগীত) ২০২০-২১]

- (a) Having tired and exhausted  
(b) Tired and exhausted  
(c) Been tired and exhausted  
(d) Be Tired and exhausted

a

79. The critically ill patient — to take the medicines — days. [চবি ইউনিট বি, (চারু, নাট্যকলা ও সংগীত) ২০২০-২১]

- (a) was asked.... on alternative  
(b) asked... on alternate  
(c) was asked.... on alternate  
(d) has asked.... on alternate

a

80. Although every student in my class — the schedule, one of my students always — late to the class. [চবি ইউনিট বি (কলা ও মানববিদ্যা) সকাল; [সেট-২; সাসু-২] ২০২০-২১]

- (a) know/come (b) knows/coming  
(c) know/comes (d) knows /comes

d

81. The news he reported — us all, we are all in an odd mood. [চবি ইউনিট বি (বিকাল; সেট-১ (হালদা)) ২০২০-২১]

- (a) was astonishing  
(b) were astonishing  
(c) astonish  
(d) has astonished

d

82. The lady guests — the movie in the theatre. [চবি

ইউনিট বি (বিকাল; সেট-১ (হালদা)) ২০২০-২১]

- (a) were interest seeing  
(b) were interested seeing to  
(c) were interest seeint to  
(d) were interested in seeing

d

83. Mary didn't do well in the class becuase — . [চবি

ইউনিট এ (শিফট-১, সেট-২) ২০২০-২১]

- (a) she studied bad  
(b) she was a badly student  
(c) she studied badly  
(d) she succeeded to study properly

c

84. — we approached the house, we heard the sound of music. [চবি ইউনিট এ (শিফট-২, সেট-২) ২০২০-২১]

- (a) Though (b) Then  
(c) When (d) because

c

85. Only when each of the committee members — reading the instructions then can you — them to the hall. [চবি ইউনিট বি (কলা ও মানববিদ্যা) সকাল; সেট-১ (কর্ণফুলী-১) ২০-২১]

- (a) finishes, take (b) would finish, took  
(c) finish, take (d) finished, take

a

86. My wife — the dinner, because I had already cooked it. [চবি ইউনিট বি (কলা ও মানববিদ্যা) সকাল; সেট-১ (কর্ণফুলী-১) ২০-২১]

- (a) needn't have cooked  
(b) didn't have to cook  
(c) wouldn't cook  
(d) may not have cooked

b

87. It seems to me that they never gave a thought to probable future problems when the plans — five years ago. [চবি ইউনিট বি (কলা ও মানববিদ্যা) সকাল; সেট-১ (কর্ণফুলী-১) ২০-২১]

- (a) they laid down  
(b) were not laid down  
(c) to be laid down  
(d) were being laid down

b

88. Fill in the blank with suitable phrase/ words : She thought that she — to be a leader of oppressed people. [জাবি 'এ' ইউনিট ২০১৯-২০]

- (a) have (b) was born  
(c) there (d) have to

b

89. Where — when you met him? [চবি 'ক' ইউনিট ২০১৮-১৯]

- (a) does he live (b) was he living  
(c) was he live (d) is he living

b

90. Although she — a part of the excavation team, she was not allowed to actively — in the field. [চবি ইউনিট 'ক' ২০১৭-১৮]

- (a) is, working (b) is, worked  
(c) was, working (d) was, work

d

## Subject Verb Agreement

subject এরপর plural verb বসে।

**Singular Subject:** singular verb &**Plural Subject:** plural verb1. **The Arabian Nights — still a great favourite.**

- a) has                      b) are  
c) is                        d) were

Ans: c

2. **Gulliver's Travels — wonderful to read.**

- a) has                      b) are  
c) is                        d) were

Ans: c

3. **The officer's coat — a little short.**

- a) is                        b) were  
c) are                      d) be

Ans: a

4. **Mars — a planet in our social system.**

- a) are                      b) is  
c) was                      d) will

Ans: b

5. **The United States — a big Navy.**

- a) has                      b) have  
c) is                        d) was

Ans: a

6. **Physics — my favourite subject.**

- a) has                      b) are  
c) is                        d) were

Ans: c

7. **The memoranda — not important.**

- a) are                      b) has  
c) have                    d) none of them

Ans: c

8. **'It is you who — to blame.'**

- a) was                      b) is  
c) are                      d) has

Ans: c

**Rule-2:** Compound subject এর ক্ষেত্রে প্রথম preposition এর subject অনুসারে verb form নির্ধারিত হয়।9. **The houses of Bashundara in Dhaka — big.**

- a) has                      b) are  
c) is                        d) were

Ans: b

10. **The capacity of the students — to be evaluated.**

- a) are                      b) has  
c) were                    d) will

Ans: b

11. **নিচের বাক্যের ভুল অংশটি চিহ্নিত কর :**

- a) The list containing name of  
b) miscreants have been submitted to  
c) the committee for action  
d)

Ans: c

12. **The most important period of physical growth in humans — during their first few years.**

- a) occur                    b) occurred  
c) occurs                   d) has occurred

Ans: c

13. **A basket of rotten oranges — thrown away.**

- a) have been              b) have  
c) was                      d) were

Ans: c

14. **The department members but not the chair — decided not to teach on Valentine's Day.**

- a) has                      b) have  
c) is                        d) was

Ans: b

**Rule-3: Additive Phrases:** 1<sup>st</sup> subject

With, along with, together with, accompanied by, as well as, in addition to, including, besides, and not, not প্রভৃতি additive phrase দ্বারা দুটি subject যুক্ত হলে, প্রথম subject অনুসারে verb form নির্ধারিত হয়।

15. **She, together with her teacher present in the meeting.**

- a) were                      b) was  
c) have                      d) had

Ans: b

16. **Choose the correct sentence.**

- a) He, not I, am to be held responsible for loss  
b) He, not me, is to be held responsible for loss  
c) He, not I, is to be held responsible for loss  
d) He, not I, is to be hold responsible for loss

Ans: c

**Rule-4: And:** Be careful

'And' দ্বারা যুক্ত দুটি singular noun একই ব্যক্তি বা বস্তুকে বুঝালে, verb টি singular হয় এবং পৃথক পৃথক ব্যক্তি বা বস্তুকে বুঝালে, verb টি plural হয়।

17. **The Headmaster and Secretary present at the last meeting.**

- a) is                        b) was  
c) have                      d) were

Ans: b

18. **The president and the headmaster — submitted their report.**

- a) are                      b) has  
c) have                      d) none of them

Ans: c

19. **Slow and steady — the race. Fill up the gap.**

- a) win                        b) has won  
c) wins                      d) won

Ans: c

20. **Every boy and every girl — given prizes.**

- a) was                      b) were  
c) have                      d) none of them

Ans: a

**Rule-5: Each & Every:** Always Singular

Each, every, either প্রভৃতি subject এর আগে বসলে, verb টি singular হয়।

21. **Each boy in the field — playing well.**

- a) was                      b) were  
c) are                        d) has

Ans: a

**Rule-6: Or, Nor, Either...Or, &****Neither... nor:** 2<sup>nd</sup> subjectOr, nor, Either...or, neither...nor, not only...but also দ্বারা দুটি subject যুক্ত হলে, verb এর নিকটবর্তী subject অর্থাৎ 2<sup>nd</sup> subject অনুসারে verb form নির্ধারিত হয়। দুটির যেকোন একটি বুঝাতে Either...or ব্যবহৃত হয় এবং দুটির কোনটিই নয় বুঝাতে neither...nor ব্যবহৃত হয়।22. **Neither Rini nor Simi — qualified for the admission test.**

- a) are                      b) is  
c) were                      d) had

Ans: b

23. **Identify the appropriate conjunction: The common man is — rich — famous.**

- a) but, and                      b) not only, but also  
c) either, or                      d) neither, nor

Ans: d





24. Choose the correct sentence.

- a) Either or I are wrong  
b) Either they or I is wrong  
c) Either they or I am wrong  
d) Either they or I were wrong

Ans: c

25. — he nor his brothers have done the work. Which is correct in blank?

- a) Either b) Neither  
c) Both (a) & (b) d) None

Ans: b

**Rule-7: Neither, Either, Each, Every and One + Prepositional Phrase:** Always Singular Neither, either, each, every এবং one এরপর prepositional phrase যুক্ত হলে verb টি singular হয়।

26. — he nor his brothers have done the work. Which is corrects in blank?

- a) three girls are b) three girls have  
c) two girls are d) two girls is

Ans: d

27. Choose the correct words to complete the sentence. — in the field is feeling sick.

- a) One of the player b) One of the players  
c) Most of the players d) Most of the players

Ans: b

28. Which of the following sentence is correct?

- a) Neither of the two player was successful  
b) Neither of the two player were successful  
c) Neither of the two players was successful  
d) Neither of the two players were successful

Ans: c

29. Each of the girls — the class regularly.

- a) attended b) attends  
c) attending d) attend

Ans: b

**Rule-8: The number of:** Always Singular The number of দ্বারা unit (একক) বুঝায়। এজন্য, এরপর singular verb বসে এবং structure টি হয় নিম্নরূপ:

*The number of + noun (plural) + verb (singular)*

30. The number of students seeking admission—.

- a) have increased b) have been increased  
c) is increased d) has increased

Ans: d

31. Choose the appropriate options to complete the sentence: Today— people who enjoy cricket is bigger than that of thirty years ago.

- a) a great deal of b) many  
c) the number of d) number of

Ans: c

**Rule-9: A number of:** Always Plural

A number of এরপর noun এবং verb দুটোই plural হয় এবং structure টি হয় নিম্নরূপ :

*A number of + noun (plural) + verb (plural)*

32. A number of students in the class— hard workers.

- a) is b) are  
c) has d) none of them

Ans: b

**Rule-10: Indefinite Pronoun:** Be careful

নিম্নলিখিত indefinite pronoun এরপর verb টি singular হয়।

Anyone	Anybody
No One	Nobody
Someone	Somebody,
Everyone	Everybody
Everything	Everything
Nothing	Anything

33. Choose the correct sentence:

- a) Everybody hate the liar  
b) Everybody hates a liar  
c) Everybody do hate a liar  
d) Everybody do not hate a liar

Ans: b

34. Some of the money — stolen from my file.

- a) was b) were  
c) have d) are

Ans: a

35. Some of the documents — stolen from my bank.

- a) was b) were  
c) is d) has

Ans: b

36. All that glitters — not gold.

- a) is b) were  
c) have d) are

Ans: a

37. None of the counterfeit money — been found.

- a) has b) have  
c) are d) were

Ans: a

38. No examples— relevant to this case.

- a) is b) am  
c) are d) was

Ans: c

39. No example — relevant to this case.

- a) is b) am  
c) are d) were

Ans: a

**Rule-11: Collective noun:** Be careful

Collective noun সর্বোন্মত বুঝালে, verb টি singular হয় কিন্তু পৃথক বুঝালে, verb টি plural হয়।

40. The committee — elected its chairman.

- a) are b) have  
c) has d) none of them

Ans: c

41. The committee — divided in their decisions.

- a) are b) has  
c) is d) am

Ans: a

42. The Jury is divided in their opinions. Which word is incorrectly used?

- a) The Jury b) is  
c) their d) opinions

Ans: b

**Rule-12: Fractional Subject:** Be careful

Fraction (ভগ্নাংশ) এবং percentage (শতকরা) এরপর uncountable noun থাকলে verb টি singular হয়। কিন্তু plural countable noun থাকলে, verb টি plural হয়।

43. Three fourths of the work— finished.

- a) have been b) has been  
c) had d) were

Ans: b

44. Two thirds of the students — passed the exam.

- a) have                      b) has  
c) having                  d) was

Ans: a

45. One third of the books — finished.

- a) have                      b) are  
c) was                      d) were

Ans: d

46. Three-fourths of the books — sold.

- a) have been              b) has been  
c) had                      d) was

Ans: a

47. Choose the correct sentence.

- a) Two third of the crops are damaged  
b) Two third of the crops is damaged  
c) Two thirds of the crops are damaged  
d) Two third of the crop is damaged

Ans: c

48. Two-thirds of the children— present in the function.

- a) is                          b) was  
c) were                      d) have

Ans: a

49. Choose the correct sentence:

- a) There are a book and a pen on the table  
b) There is a book and a pen on the table  
c) There are a book on the table  
d) There is book and pen on the table

Ans: a

50. Choose the correct sentence.

- a) Here comes the bus b) Here the bus comes  
c) Here the bus is coming  
d) Here is the bus go

Ans: a

**Rule-14:** If/I wish দ্বারা অসম্ভব কল্পনা বুঝায়। If/I wish এরপর were বসে।

51. Fill in the blanks with right form of verb: If I — a king!

- a) am                          b) was  
c) were                      d) shall be

Ans: c

**Rule-15: Arithmetic Expression:** Always Singular

Arithmetic expression এরপর verb সবসময় singular হয়।

52. Four and four — eight.

- a) makes                      b) make  
c) made                      d) are

Ans: a

**Rule-16: Infinitive, Gerund, Clauser:** Always Singular

Subject যদি infinitive/gerund phrase কিংবা clause হয় তাহলে verb টি singular হয়।

53. Having good friends — a wonderful thing.

- a) are                          b) am  
c) is                          d) none of these

Ans: c

54. Whatever they want to do — fine with me.

- a) are                          b) am  
c) is                          d) none of these

Ans: c

55. Educating all people — a mammoth task.

- a) are                          b) is  
c) be                          d) have

Ans: b

**Rule-17: Who and It:** Always Singular

প্রশ্নবোধক who এবং introductory 'it' যদি subject হয়, তাহলে verb টি singular হয়।

56. It — been raining cats and dogs.

- a) are                          b) have  
c) has                          d) none of them

Ans: c

57. Who — calling me?

- a) am                          b) are  
c) were                      d) is

Ans: d

58. Choose the correct sentence.

- a) All of if depend on you  
b) All of it are depending on you  
c) All of it depends on you  
d) All of it are depended on you

Ans: c

**Rule-18:** নির্দিষ্ট দূরত্ব, সময়, ওজন: Always Singular

59. Which of the following is a correct sentence?

- a) Ten miles are a long distance  
b) Ten miles are long distance  
c) Ten miles is long distance  
d) Ten miles is a long distance

Ans: d

60. Which of the following sentences is correct?

- a) Forty miles is a long way  
b) One dozen of bananas are sufficient  
c) One of the boys are absent  
d) I, Habib and you are guilty

Ans: a

**Rule-19:** The + Adjective শ্রেণির সকলকে বুঝায় এবং এদের পর verb টি plural হয়।

61. Put the correct word replacing underlined word.

- a) is                          b) are  
c) am                          d) has

Ans: b

62. Choose the correct sentence:

- a) I and he is present  
b) I and him is present  
c) He and me are present  
d) He and I are present

Ans: d

63. Ram as well as Rahim — there.

- a) were                          b) has  
c) was                          d) have

Ans: c

64. My brother, together with his friends, always — round collecting wood for bonfire night.

- a) go                          b) are going  
c) have gone              d) goes

Ans: d

65. Joe is one of the boys who — on time. To complete this sentence we should use—.

- a) is                          b) are  
c) does                      d) were

Ans: -

66. Frequent — badly — academic progress.

- a) closure, affect              b) closures, effects  
c) closures, effect              d) closures, affect

Ans: d



67. One of the crucial — traffic jam.  
a) problems is      b) problems are  
c) problems were      d) problem is      **Ans: a**
68. One of the — of globalization is cultural —.  
a) effect, shock      b) effect, confusion  
c) affects, surprise      d) effects, assault      **Ans: d**
69. One of the boys — present.  
a) was      b) were  
c) have been      d) are      **Ans: a**
70. Which one is the correct sentence?  
a) One of my friends are a lawyer  
b) One of my friends is a lawyer  
c) One of my friends is a lawyers  
d) One of my friends are lawyers      **Ans: b**
71. Five miles — a long distance.  
a) are      b) were  
c) is      d) have      **Ans: c**
72. 'Fifty miles are a long way,' Which word(s) make this sentence incorrect?  
a) fifty miles      b) are  
c) a      d) long way      **Ans: b**
73. He and I — ill.  
a) am      b) is  
c) are      d) was      **Ans: c**

74. Which of the following sentence is correct?  
a) In the accident, a number of passengers were died  
b) Everyone were pleased at the party  
c) The interviewer asked a number of question  
d) Each of the boys are suffering from corona virus      **Ans: a**
75. Identify the wrong part. Neither of the boys have turned in the term papers to the instructor yet.  
a)      b)  
c)      d)      **Ans: b**
76. Here — book and bag that I lost week.  
a) are the      b) is he  
c) was the      d) has been      **Ans: a**
77. Three-fourth of the work— finished.  
a) have been      b) is  
c) are      d) has been      **Ans: d**
78. The problems of squaring a pan-European agenda with the national interests of 25 separate countries— the process of integration a slow, complex and at times divisive one.  
a) causes      b) often affect  
c) have made      d) resulting in      **Ans: c**

## Teacher's Work

1. He was brought to the police station for ---  
[প্রাথমিক সহকারী শিক্ষক নিয়োগ পরীক্ষা (২য় পর্যায়)-২০২২]  
ক. questioning খ. confinement  
গ. punishment ঘ. judgement      **উত্তর: ক**
2. I need to install an ..... fan in the kitchen.  
[প্রাথমিক সহকারী শিক্ষক নিয়োগ পরীক্ষা (২য় পর্যায়)-২০২২]  
ক. adjust খ. exhaust  
গ. exsost ঘ. egzost      **উত্তর: খ**
3. Man did not know that earth moves round the sun until it was-  
[প্রাথমিক সহকারী শিক্ষক নিয়োগ (২য় পর্যায়)-২২]  
ক. discovered খ. experimented  
গ. invented ঘ. demonstrated      **উত্তর: ক**
4. Can you tell me where ....?  
[প্রাথমিক সহকারী শিক্ষক নিয়োগ পরীক্ষা (২য় পর্যায়)-২০২২]  
ক. Rahim lives খ. Rahim does live  
গ. lives Rahim ঘ. does Rahim live      **উত্তর: ক**
5. 'I...to meet you ever since I read your first novel'  
বাক্যের শূন্যস্থানে সঠিক শব্দ বসবে?  
[প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক : ১৪]  
a) have been hoping      b) have hoped  
c) hope      d) am hoping      **Ans: b**
6. 'It is high time you...up smoking' বাক্যের শূন্যস্থানে সঠিক শব্দ বসবে- [প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক : ১৪]  
a) give      b) gave  
c) have given      d) will give      **Ans: b**
7. I wish you...the problem. [প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক: ১৯]  
a) have solved      b) shall solve  
c) could solve      d) can solve      **Ans: c**

8. I wish I... the wings of a bird.  
[প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক : ১৯]  
a) have      b) had  
c) owned      d) put on      **Ans: b**
9. Correct the following sentence. He talks as if he (to be mad)'  
[প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক : ১৩]  
a) He talks as if he were a mad  
b) He talks as if he to he mad  
c) He talks as if he is mad  
d) He talks as if he be mad      **Ans: a**
10. 'সে এমনভাবে কথা বলে মনে হয় সব জানে।' বাক্যটির সঠিক ইংরেজি কোনটি?  
[প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক : ১৫]  
a) He talks knowing everything  
b) He talks as if he knew everything  
c) He talks after knowing everything  
d) He talks like he knows everything      **Ans: b**
11. Choose the correct sentence:  
[প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক : ১৪]  
a) I swish I were you      b) I wish I was you  
c) I wish I am you      d) I wish I are you      **Ans: a**
12. 'আমার যদি পাখি মতো ডানা থাকতো।' বাক্যটির সঠিক ইংরেজি অনুবাদ কর-  
[প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক : ০০]  
a) Had I the wings of bird  
b) If I would have th4e wings of a bird  
c) I wish that I would have the wings of a bird!  
d) If I could fly like a bird      **Ans: a**



13. সঠিক sentence কোনটি? [প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় প্রধান শিক্ষক : ৯৪]

- a) Will you mind to go there?  
b) Would you mind going there?  
c) Will you mind going there?  
d) Would you mind to go there?

Ans: b

14. কোন বাক্যটি শুদ্ধ? [প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক : ৯৭]

- a) He insisted me to go to cinema  
b) He insisted on my going to cinema  
c) He insisted on my going cinema  
d) He insisted for my going to cinema

Ans: b

15. Which one is the correct sentence?

[প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক : ১৩]

- a) I insist on your going there  
b) I insist you to go there  
c) I insist upon your to go there  
d) I insist yourself to go there

Ans: a

16. I heard the baby...for his food. বাক্যটির শূন্যস্থানে কোনটি বসবে? [প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক : ৯৩]

- a) cry b) was crying  
c) crying d) cired

Ans: c

17. The correct form of "She found the boy (to cry)".

[প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক : ১৩]

- a) She found the boy cry  
b) She found the boy crying  
c) She found the boy cried  
d) She found the boy cries

Ans: b

18. Choose the correct sentences.

[প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক : ১৯]

- a) I finished reading the book  
b) I have finish reading the book  
c) I have finished reading the book  
d) I have finish read the book

Ans: c

19. The invigilator made us...our identity card at the test center. [প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক : ১৮]

- a) showed b) to show  
c) showing d) show

Ans: d

20. The teacher failed to make the students...to him. শূন্যস্থানের কোনটি বসবে? [প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক : ৯৫]

- a) to listen b) listening  
c) listen d) listened

Ans: c

21. Choose the correct form- [প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহ. শিক্ষক : ১৩]

- a) He fell down while he was walking  
b) He fell down while he walked  
c) He fell down while he was walked  
d) He fell down while he walking

Ans: a

22. Nsima arrived while I...the dinner.

[প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক : ১৮]

- a) had cooked b) cook  
c) was cooking d) would cook

Ans: c

23. We were watching the news when the telephone... .

[প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক : ১৮]

- a) rang b) rung  
c) ringing d) had rung

Ans: a

24. When I saw the gardener, he ... tree.

[প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক : ১৮]

- a) cut down b) will be cutting down  
c) was cutting down d) is cutting down

Ans: c

25. 'Scarcely had he come...it started raining' বাক্যের শূন্যস্থানে সঠিক শব্দ বসবে- [প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক : ০৭]

- a) then b) at once  
c) when d) after that

Ans: c

26. He ran fast lest he...miss the train. বাক্যের শূন্যস্থানে সঠিক শব্দ বসবে- [প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক : ১৪]

- a) should b) would  
c) could d) can

Ans: a

27. কোনটি সঠিক বাক্য? [প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক : ৯৫]

- a) He asked me did I pass  
b) He asked me if I passed  
c) He asked me if I had passed  
d) He asked me if I have passed

Ans: c

28. I suggest that he...there. [প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক : ১৯]

- a) gone b) gose  
c) go d) went

Ans: c

29. নিচের বাক্যটি শুদ্ধ? [প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক : ০৫]

- a) The good is of inferior quality  
b) The goods is of inferior quality  
c) The goods are of inferior quality  
d) The goods are of inferior qualities

Ans: c

30. The mob...dispersed. বাক্যের শূন্যস্থানে সঠিক শব্দ বসবে- [প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় প্রধান শিক্ষক : ১২]

- a) is b) are  
c) have d) has

Ans: d

31. Which one is correct? [প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক : ১৮]

- a) You, he and I are present  
b) You, he and I am present  
c) He, you and I am present  
d) I, you and he are present

Ans: a

32. He and I...well. বাক্যের শূন্যস্থানে সঠিক শব্দ বসবে-

[প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক : ১০]

- a) are b) is  
c) was d) am

Ans: a

33. The chairman and secretary...present at the last meeting. [প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক : ১৮]

- a) have b) was  
c) were d) is

Ans: b

34. Fifty kg...really a heavy weight to carry.

[প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক : ১৯]

- a) are b) was  
c) is d) were

Ans: c

35. Choose the correct sentence-

[প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক : ১৯]

- a) Fifty miles is a long distance  
b) Fifty miles has a long distance  
c) Fifty miles are a long distance  
d) Fifty mile is a long distance

Ans: a

36. Which one is plural? [প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক : ১৯]

- a) Someone b) Each  
c) Anyone d) None of these

Ans: d

37. All of the people at the conference are-

[প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক : ১৯]

- a) mathematic teachers  
b) mathematics teachers  
c) mathematics teacher  
d) mathematic's teacher

Ans: b

38. নিচের কোন বাক্যটি শুদ্ধ? [প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় প্রধান শিক্ষক : ০৯]

- a) Honour and glory are his reward  
b) Either you or he is to blame  
c) This is the same book which he lost  
d) He has written no less than four letters

Ans: b





39. Choose the appropriate option to complete the sentence: Today...people who enjoy cricket is bigger than that of thirty years ago. [প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় প্রধান শিক্ষক : ১৮]  
a) number of b) a great deal of  
c) the number of d) many Ans: c
40. Which one is correct? [প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় প্রধান শিক্ষক : ১৯]  
a) One of my friends is a lawyer  
b) One of my friend are a lawyer  
c) One of my friends are al lawyer  
d) One of my friend is a lawyer Ans: a
41. Which of the following sentences is correct? [প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় প্রধান শিক্ষক : ১৯]  
a) One of my brothers are a doctor  
b) One of my brothers is a doctor  
c) One of my brothers is doctors  
d) One of my brother is a doctor Ans: b
42. Time and tide...for none- [প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় প্রধান শিক্ষক : ১]  
a) waits b) waiting  
c) wait d) renders Ans: c
43. Karim as well as Rahim...praise. [প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় প্রধান শিক্ষক : ১৯]  
a) deserve b) deserves  
c) are deserving d) is deserving Ans: b
44. A reward has been announced for the employees who...hard. [প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় প্রধান শিক্ষক : ১৮]  
a) have worked b) have had worked  
c) has worked d) will be work Ans: a
45. Choose the correct sentence- [প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় প্রধান শিক্ষক : ১৯]  
a) Poors are not always dishonest  
b) The poor are not always dishonest  
c) The poors are not always dishonest  
d) The poor is not always dishonest Ans: b
46. Which of the following sentences is correct? [প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় প্রধান শিক্ষক : ১৮]  
a) The rich is not always happy  
b) The rich did not happy always  
c) The rich are not always happy  
d) The riches is not always happy Ans: c
47. If you help me, I...grateful. [প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় প্রধান শিক্ষক : ১২]  
a) will remain b) shall remain  
c) would remain d) am remaining Ans: a,b
48. If we had a boat, we...the river. বাক্যের শূন্যস্থানে সঠিক শব্দ বসবে- [প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় প্রধান শিক্ষক : ১২]  
a) would cross b) would make corssed  
c) will be crossing d) will cross Ans: a

## Home Work

1. They must (follow) the rules of behavior.  
a) following b) follow  
c) follow d) to follow Ans: b
2. He might have (hear) the same of Nelson Mandela.  
a) hear b) hearing  
c) heared d) to hear Ans: c
3. It can be easily (solve) within seconds.  
a) solve b) solved  
c) solving d) to solve Ans: b
4. She said, "We are going—implement the Mujib Climate Prosperity Plan".  
a) to b) up  
c) over d) on Ans: a
5. She did not (phoned) last night.  
a) phoned b) phoning  
c) phone d) to phone Ans: c
6. Have you ever (is) in Sundarban?  
a) is b) be  
c) been d) to be Ans: c
7. Which sentence is incorrect?  
a) He has not came back from the work  
b) He went to Ramna Park  
c) They selected me captain  
d) None of the above Ans: a
8. I took a map with me, as I didn't want to — my way on the journey.  
a) loose b) lose  
c) lost d) loss Ans: b
9. She does not want to — her peace of mind.  
a) loss b) lost  
c) lose d) loose Ans: c
10. I am used to — coffee in the morning now.  
a) drink b) drank  
c) drunk d) drinking Ans: d
11. I have no objection to — your story again.  
a) hear b) have heard  
c) hearing d) be heard Ans: c
12. We look forward — a response from you.  
a) to receiving b) to receive  
c) in receiving d) for receiving Ans: a
13. We look forward— a corruption free Bangladesh.  
a) to see b) for seeing  
c) to seeing d) to have seen Ans: c
14. Alice went to market with a view to (to purchase) a dress.  
a) purchase b) purchased  
c) purchases d) purchasing Ans: d
15. Most white people don't object — them by their first name.  
a) that I call b) to my calling  
c) for calling d) being called Ans: b
16. He gave up — football when he got married:  
a) of playing b) to play  
c) playing d) play Ans: c



17. Fill in the blanks: She is fond of — to music.  
a) listen                      b) listens  
c) listening                  d) listened                  Ans: c
18. Correct the sentence, "The Father could not help cry at his condition."  
a) cry on                      b) cry for  
c) crying                      d) no0 correction                  Ans: c
19. The right form of verbs in the following sentence will be— Would you mind (sing) a song?  
a) to sing                      b) sung  
c) sang                          d) singing                      Ans: d
20. Would you mind—.  
a) to open the door      b) opened the door  
c) opens the door      d) opening the door      Ans: c
21. I don't mind — with the cooking but I am not going to wash the dishes.  
a) to help                      b) help  
c) helping                      d) for helping                  Ans: c
22. Will you mind — the accounts one more time?  
a) checking                  b) to check  
c) checked                      d) check                      Ans: a
23. It is worth — the Noman completed the assignment 3 days before the deadline!  
a) to mention                  b) of mention  
c) mentioning                  d) in mention                  Ans: c
24. Which one of these sentences is correct?  
a) Would you mind closing the door?  
b) Would you mind to close the door?  
c) Would you mind to closing the door?  
d) Would you mind the door close?                  Ans: a
25. Choose the correct verb form: Would you mind (to take) a cup of tea?  
a) to take                      b) taken  
c) taking                      d) for taking                  Ans: c
26. It's no use talking with you.  
a) of                              b) to  
c) on                              d) No word missing                  Ans: d
27. Govt. is (import) sugar from Brazil.  
a) to import                  b) imported  
c) import                      d) importing                  Ans: d
28. Sugar is (import) from Brazil.  
a) import                      b) imported  
c) importing                  d) to import                  Ans: b
29. Which sentence is correct?  
a) You had better going there  
b) You had better go there  
c) You had better gone there  
d) You had better to be going there                  Ans: b
30. Travelers — their reservations well in advance if they want to fly during the Eid holidays.  
a) had better to get      b) had to get better  
c) had better get              d) had better got                  Ans: c
31. Choose the part that must be changed in order to correct the sentence. Shahida habit better changed her study habit if she hopes to be admitted to a good university.  
a)                                  b)  
c)                                  d)                                  Ans: b
32. I had better work hard and earn my living than — in dishonest acts.  
a) engage                      b) engagement  
c) engaged                      d) engages                      Ans: a
33. Choose the correct verb to complete the sentence. You had better — a doctor.  
a) to see                      b) see  
c) saw                              d) seen                              Ans: b
34. In order to avoid earthquake hazards, civil engineers had before — soil before.  
a) to test                      b) tested  
c) test                              d) testing                      Ans: c
35. To check acidity, one had better — litmus paper.  
a) using                      b) useful  
c) usable                      d) use                              Ans: d
36. You had better — harder, or you will fail the test.  
a) study                      b) studied  
c) to study                      d) studying                      Ans: a
37. I — listen to your words.  
a) would not rather      b) would rather not  
c) not rather                  d) would not to                  Ans: b
38. আমি বরং মরব কিন্তু ভিক্ষা করব না।  
a) I would rather die than beg  
b) I would rather to die than to beg  
c) I would die than beg  
d) I would die rather beg                  Ans: a
39. The skiers would rather — through the mountains than go by bus.  
a) to travel on train      b) travelled by train  
c) travelling by the train  
d) travel by train                  Ans: d
40. Choose the correct sentence.  
a) Jack prefers playing cricket  
b) Jack prefers to play cricket  
c) Jack prefer to play cricket  
d) Jack prefers to playing cricket.                  Ans: b
41. Many prefer donating money — distributing cloths.  
a) than                              b) but  
c) to                                  d) without                      Ans: c
42. Identify the correct sentence from the options:  
a) She prefers dance to sing  
b) She prefers dancing more than singing  
c) She prefers dancing to singing  
d) She prefers to dance than to sing                  Ans: c

43. I prefer swimming to —.  
a) walk                      b) walking  
c) walked                  d) having walked      **Ans: b**
44. I prefer tea — coffee.  
a) than                      b) to  
c) more than              d) then                      **Ans: b**
45. Which sentence is incorrect?  
a) I feel unwell  
b) He prefers tea than coffee  
c) Open at page 30  
d) I have a headache                      **Ans: b**
46. The teacher made the student — the book.  
a) read                      b) to read  
c) reading                  d) reads                      **Ans: a**
47. He can make you do this.  
a) সে তোমার জন্য এটি করতে পারবে  
b) সে তোমাকে দিয়ে এটি করতে পারবে  
c) সে ও তুমি এটি করতে পারবে  
d) সে তোমার জন্য এটি করতে পারবে                      **Ans: b**
48. We have to help her (find) her keys.  
a) find                      b) in finding  
c) to find                      d) by finding                      **Ans: a**
49. Javed had Asad — the car.  
a) wash                      b) to be washed  
c) to wash                  d) washed                      **Ans: a**
50. It costs about Tk. 500 to have a tooth—.  
a) filling                      b) to fill  
c) filled                      d) fill                      **Ans: c**
51. The deadline was nearby, so Mrs. Jamila had her students — their essays.  
a) completing              b) to complete  
c) complete                  d) completed                      **Ans: c**
52. I will get an electrician — the heating.  
a) repair                      b) to mend  
c) for mending              d) for repairing                      **Ans: b**
53. My friend — yesterday.  
a) got his car repaired      b) gets his car repaired  
c) got his car repair  
d) have got his car repaired                      **Ans: a**
54. The speaker failed to make the audience — to him patiently. Fill up the gap by—  
a) to listen                      b) listening  
c) listened                      d) listen                      **Ans: d**
55. The examiner made us — our identification before sitting for the examination.  
a) to show                      b) to have shown  
c) to showing                  d) show                      **Ans: d**
56. Fill in the blanks with appropriate use of tense: I couldn't mend the computer myself, so I — at a shop.  
a) had it mended              b) had it mend  
c) did it mend                  d) had mended                      **Ans: a**
57. Anis had Rafique—the floor.  
a) would clean              b) to clean  
c) cleaned                      d) clean                      **Ans: d**
58. Anis had Shahed — the floor.  
a) to clean                      b) clean  
c) cleaned                      d) to be cleaned                      **Ans: a**
59. The principal had his teachers their lessons in advance.  
a) was planning              b) planned  
c) planning                      d) plan                      **Ans: d**
60. Solaiman is having the students (write) a composition.  
a) writing                      b) to write  
c) write                      d) to writing                      **Ans: c**
61. The teacher had her students — experiences with ESP.  
a) write a composition on their  
b) wrote some composition of his or her  
c) to write composition about the  
d) had written any compositions for his                      **Ans: a**
62. Ellen got Marvin (type) her paper.  
a) typing                      b) to type  
c) in typing                      d) type                      **Ans: b**
63. Find out the correct form.  
a) I got the work done by him  
b) I got the work doing by him  
c) I got the work been done by him  
d) I got the work was doing by him                      **Ans: a**
64. One of the least effective ways of storing information is learning — it.  
a) repeat                      b) repeating  
c) to repat                      d) how repeat                      **Ans: c**
65. Correct the bracket : Nil wants (study) in America.  
a) studying                      b) to study  
c) study                      d) to studied                      **Ans: b**
66. He advised me — smoking.  
a) giving up                      b) to give up  
c) in giving up                  d) from giving up                      **Ans: b**
67. He advised me — smoking.  
a) in giving up                  b) giving up  
c) to give up                      d) from giving up                      **Ans: c**
68. We demanded — our status in international politics.  
a) for knowing                  b) knowing  
c) to know                      d) to be know                      **Ans: c**
69. Almost everyone fails — on the first try.  
a) in passing his driver's test  
b) to have passed his driver's test  
c) to his driver's test  
d) passing his driver's test                      **Ans: a**

70. One of the four sentences given in each question is grammatically wrong. That alternative is your answer:  
 a) He has no desire for fame  
 b) He is too miserly to part with his money  
 c) He has invited me for dinner  
 d) I intend going to Rajshahi **Ans: d**
71. If you have a headache, stop—TV. Fill the gap.  
 a) watching                      b) watch  
 c) watched                      d) to watch **Ans: a**
72. He had to stop—.  
 a) smoke                      b) smoking  
 c) smokes                      d) taking smoke **Ans: b**
73. Rumana finished—to essays in two days.  
 a) written                      b) write  
 c) to write                      d) writing **Ans: d**
74. Does your little brother enjoy—horror films?  
 a) watch                      b) to watch  
 c) watching                      d) watches **Ans: c**
75. I started—during her speech.  
 a) cry                      b) crying  
 c) cried                      d) would cry **Ans: b**
76. I started—during her speech.  
 a) cry                      b) crying  
 c) cried                      d) would cry **Ans: b**
77. I hate—at holidays.  
 a) work                      b) working  
 c) to work                      d) to do work **Ans: c**
78. Select the correct sentence.  
 a) He likes listening to music at night  
 b) Doctor suggested patient to take vacation  
 c) We had great time on the top of mountain  
 d) Learning the French isn't easy **Ans: a**
79. The people of Western Canada have been considering—themselves from the rest of the country.  
 a) to separating                      b) separating  
 c) separate                      d) separated **Ans: b**
80. Identify the wrong part of the sentence.  
 The teacher was considering to postponing the examination until the following week because of the students confusion.  
 a)                      b)  
 c)                      d) **Ans: d**
81. The correct form of "She found the boy (to cry)"  
 a) She found the boy cry  
 b) She found the boy crying  
 c) She found the boy cried  
 d) She found the boy cries **Ans: b**
82. Which of the following sentence is correct?  
 a) I saw them play soccer in the field  
 b) I saw them to playing soccer in the field  
 c) I saw they were playing soccer in the field  
 d) I saw them playing soccer in the field **Ans: d**
83. Fill in the gap with proper word: I saw him—.  
 a) go                      b) went  
 c) going                      d) gone **Ans: c**
84. He watched the boat—down the river.  
 a) to float                      b) floating  
 c) was floating                      d) had floated **Ans: b**
85. I missed—my friends and—fun with them, but strangely I missed the lessons and the teachers as well.  
 a) to see, having                      b) seeing, to have  
 c) seeing, having                      d) see, have **Ans: c**
86. Which is the unnecessary word in the sentences : He ordered for a cup of tea.  
 a) ordered                      b) a  
 c) for                      d) tea **Ans: c**
87. Select the right form of the verb in the sentence: We often—a victim of circumstances.  
 a) fallen                      b) fall  
 c) did fall                      d) felt **Ans: b**
88. I—a letter to my sister now.  
 a) wrote                      b) write  
 c) had written                      d) writing **Ans: d**
89. The dog is barking. It—a terrible noise.  
 a) makes                      b) made  
 c) is making                      d) has made **Ans: a**
90. The test is going well. We—any problem.  
 a) didn't have                      b) might have  
 c) haven't had                      d) couldn't have **Ans: c**
91. Don't be so impatient—  
 a) I have been coming                      b) I'm coming  
 c) I coming                      d) I come **Ans: b**
92. Don't make a noise while your father—.  
 a) is being asleep                      b) is sleeping  
 c) asleep                      d) has slept **Ans: b**
93. Look at those black clouds, it—rain.  
 a) will                      b) is going to  
 c) would                      d) needs **Ans: b**
94. When water—, it turns into ice.  
 a) will freeze                      b) freezes  
 c) would freeze                      d) frozen **Ans: b**
95. These grapes—sour.  
 a) tasting                      b) taste  
 c) tastes                      d) are tasting **Ans: b**
96. He—dress formally to work but he always—.  
 a) has not to, has  
 b) does not have to, does  
 c) has got to, would not  
 d) does not require to, would **Ans: b**



97. The baby — because it is hungry now.

- a) is crying                      b) cries  
c) is                                  d) are

Ans: a

98. Mr. Khan — this factory in 1961.

- a) founded                      b) was found  
c) was founded                  d) has found

Ans: a

99. Just now he — his dinner but he says he'll see you when he's finished.

- a) is having                      b) has had  
c) was having                  d) had

Ans: b

100. Rangpur city is very different now. It — a lot.

- a) changes                      b) had changed  
c) changed                      d) has changed

Ans: d

101. Anna Frank: The Diary of a young Girl — an international bestseller that — into more than 50 languages.

- a) is, has been                  b) had been, is translated  
c) will be, translated  
d) is, has been translated

Ans: d

102. He has just — out.

- a) gone                              b) went  
c) going                            d) getting

Ans: a

103. — him yet?

- a) Don't you meet              b) Haven't you met  
c) Weren't you meeting      d) Didn't you meet

Ans: b

104. I — here since 1980.

- a) live                              b) am living  
c) have been living              d) lived

Ans: c

105. Choose the correct sentence.

- a) I am here since Monday  
b) I have been here since Monday  
c) I am here from Monday  
d) I was here since Monday

Ans: b

106. সকাল থেকে গুড়ি গুড়ি বৃষ্টি হচ্ছে— সঠিক ইংরেজি অনুবাদ কোনটি?

- a) It is raining from morning  
b) It has been raining from morning  
c) It has been drizzling since morning  
d) It is drizzling since morning

Ans: c

107. She has been ill — Friday last.

- a) from                              b) on  
c) in                                  d) since

Ans: d

108. Julia has been ill — three months.

- a) since                              b) about  
c) in                                  d) for

Ans: d

109. I have not heard from him—.

- a) for a long time              b) since long  
c) for long                        d) long since

Ans: a

110. What is the correct English translation of সকাল থেকে বৃষ্টি পড়ছে?

- a) It rained since morning  
b) It has been raining since morning  
c) It rains since morning  
d) It has rained since morning

Ans: b

111. সকাল থেকে মুসলধারে বৃষ্টি হচ্ছে।

- a) It has been raining cats and dogs from morning  
b) It has been raining cats and dogs since morning  
c) Rain has started cats and dogs from morning  
d) It is raining cats and dogs since morning

Ans: b

112. We were watching the news when the telephone—.

- a) ringing                        b) had rung  
c) rang                            d) rung

Ans: c

113. My uncle arrived while I — the dinner.

- a) would cook                  b) had cooked  
c) cook                            d) was cooking

Ans: d

114. He — home last Monday/

- a) has left                        b) had left  
c) has leave                      d) left

Ans: d

115. I opened the door as soon as I — the bell.

- a) have heard                  b) heard  
c) am heard                      d) was hearing

Ans: b

116. When I saw the gardener, he — a tree.

- a) cut down  
b) has been cutting down  
c) was cutting down  
d) will be cutting down

Ans: c

117. Choose the correct sentence from the following sentence.

- a) He fell down while he walked  
b) He fell down while he was walking  
c) He fell down while he walking  
d) He fell down when he walks

Ans: c

118. Saima was reading a book— waiting for the bus.

- a) as though                      b) when  
c) while                            d) as

Ans: c

119. It is high time you — up smoking.

- a) give                              b) gave  
c) have given                      d) will give

Ans: b

120. Which of the following statements is correct.

- a) It I am a bird                  b) If I was a bird  
c) If I a bird                        d) If I were a bird

Ans: d

121. I wish I — a millionaire.

- a) am                                b) will be  
c) were                              d) shall be

Ans: c

122. Choose the right form of the verb: It is high time we (act) on the matter.

- a) are acting                      b) acted  
c) have acted                      d) could act

Ans: b

123. Stephen — in several other states when he decided to work in New York.

- a) working                        b) worked  
c) had worked                      d) had been working

Ans: c

124. By the time I had reached the bottom of the mountain, I — extremely tired.

- a) was feeling                      b) have felt  
c) feel                                d) felt

Ans: d

125. She told me his name after he—.

- a) left                      b) had left  
c) has left                d) has been leaving    Ans: b

126. My friend— before I came

- a) will leave                b) had left  
c) had been leaving      d) would be leaving    Ans: b

127. I thought that I (see) her before/

- a) have seen                b) saw  
c) should see               d) had seen                Ans: d

128. Twenty years — since my father died.

- a) has passed                b) have passed  
c) pass                      d) passed                    Ans: b

129. Sabita talks to the pet bird as if it— her.

- a) understands              b) understanding  
c) talk baack                d) understood              Ans: d

130. They suffered much — tornado had hit their village.

- a) until                      b) since  
c) as if                        d) left alone                Ans: b

131. No sooner had he reached the station — the train left.

- a) when                      b) then  
c) than                        d) while                      Ans: c

132. Choose the correct sentence:

- a) Scarcely had we been started but it began to rain  
b) Scarcely had we started but it started to rain  
c) Scarcely had we started when it began to rain  
d) Scarcely had we started than it began to rain  
Ans: c

133. Although it's basically a business trip. I am sure I — a very good time there.

- a) am having                b) have  
c) will have                d) may have                Ans: c

134. Bangladesh and Zimbabwe— cricket match at 4 pm tomorrow.

- a) will play                      b) will be playing  
c) will have played          d) are playing                Ans: b

135. He — reached the station by 10 p.m.

- a) shall                      b) will has  
c) will have                d) will                        Ans: c

136. By this time next month, the government — resigned.

- a) would have                b) will have  
c) will                        d) have                        Ans: b

137. Fill in the blanks with the right forms of verb: I — (come) home before he — (arrive).

- a) shall came, arrive  
b) will have come, arrive  
c) will be coming, will arrive  
d) will coming, arrive                Ans: b

138. He will be arriving quite late, so by the time he comes, the play —.

- a) would have begun      b) will have begun  
c) will begun                d) would begaun            Ans: b

139. We're late. The film — by the time we get to the cinema.

- a) will already have started    b) already start  
c) will already start            d) none                      Ans: a

140. I shall meet my friend when—.

- a) he will come                b) he will have come  
c) he comes                      d) he came                    Ans: c

141. I will not go — I am invited.

- a) Because                      b) lest  
c) unless                        d) otherwise                Ans: c

142. I shall write to him before he (return).

- a) return                      b) returns  
c) had return                d) shall return                Ans: b

143. 'When your plane—, please call me.'

- a) will arrive                b) arrives  
c) will have arrived          d) arrived                    Ans: b

144. Sabuj entered the room, sat down, and — his book.

- a) has opened                b) opens  
c) opened                      d) had opened                Ans: c

145. They—at each other with hate, but did not utter a word.

- a) were starting                b) had started  
c) started                      d) have stare                Ans: c

146. The man — down silently and — his food.

- a) sits, took                      b) sat, take  
c) sat, had been                d) sat, took                    Ans: d

147. Why don't you come and —?

- a) have fun with us          b) telling us a story  
c) leave us soon                d) left her alone              Ans: a

148. They asked me what I have taken for breakfast.

- a) asked                      b) what  
c) have taken                d) for                        Ans: c

149. The passer-by said that he — a lot the previous day.

- a) had travelled                b) travelled  
c) has travelled                d) was travelled                Ans: a

150. He waited until the plane—.

- a) did not take off              b) took off  
c) had not taken off          d) had taken off                Ans: b

151. We hopped that she — able to return in time.

- a) will be                      b) would be  
c) can be                        d) likely to be                Ans: b

152. He said that he — be faithful to his promise.

- a) will                        b) may  
c) would                      d) wants                      Ans: c

153. It seemed that—.

- a) the day will never end  
b) the day would never end  
c) the day never ends  
d) the day never ended                Ans: b

154. When bilal called me I — that we — fishing soon.  
a) remembered/had gone  
b) was remembering/would be going  
c) remembered/would go  
d) remember/will be going **Ans: c**
155. Fill in the blanks with appropriate words: The doctor suggested that the patient — weight.  
a) loss  
b) lost  
c) should lose  
d) lose **Ans: d**
156. It is necessary that he — the meeting.  
a) joins  
b) should join  
c) join  
d) must join **Ans: c**
157. 'My doctor suggested — some exercise.'  
a) that I get  
b) that I got  
c) me to get  
d) that we should get **Ans: a**
158. Identify the wrong part of the sentence. I strongly suggest that Junaid goes to the doctor immediately.  
a)  
b)  
c)  
d) **Ans: c**
159. Which sentence is not correct?  
a) I want that he go  
b) I want that he goes  
c) I want him to go  
d) I prefer that he go **Ans: b**
160. He talks as though—.  
a) he was a child  
b) he is a child  
c) he has been a child  
d) he were a child **Ans: d**
161. Rishan walks as if he — lame.  
a) is  
b) had been  
c) has  
d) were **Ans: d**
162. He talked as if he — everything.  
a) has known  
b) had known  
c) knows  
d) knew **Ans: b**
163. — English since I was twelve.  
a) I'm learning  
b) I've learned  
c) I learn  
d) I've learning **Ans: b**
164. Twenty years — since my father died.  
a) has passed  
b) have passed  
c) pass  
d) passed **Ans: b**
165. Five years (to pass) since I met you last.  
a) have passed  
b) have been passed  
c) had passed  
d) passed **Ans: a**
166. It's time you — your mistakes.  
a) realised  
b) had realised  
c) realise  
d) have realised **Ans: a**
167. It is high time we — the people conscious about our national interest.  
a) should make  
b) made  
c) must make  
d) will make **Ans: b**
168. It is high time we — the place.  
a) leave  
b) have left  
c) are leaving  
d) left **Ans: d**
169. I wish —.  
a) I am a magician  
b) I were a magician  
c) I had been a magician  
d) I will be a magician **Ans: b**
170. I wish I — my homework last night. (do)  
a) did  
b) had done  
c) was doing  
d) am doing **Ans: a**
171. I wish I — a sweet song.  
a) sang  
b) shall sing  
c) can sing  
d) will sing **Ans: a**
172. I wish I — a queen.  
a) was  
b) is  
c) are  
d) were **Ans: c**
173. I wish I — dead. Fill in the gap.  
a) am  
b) was  
c) have  
d) were **Ans: d**
174. I wish I — the wings of a bird.  
a) have  
b) had  
c) owned  
d) put on **Ans: b**
175. I wish the prices of the essential commodities — come down soon.  
a) would  
b) will  
c) should  
d) can **Ans: a**
176. I came home after the train—.  
a) stopped  
b) stop  
c) was stop  
d) had stopped **Ans: d**
177. After he (finish) secondary school, he started to study graphic design.  
a) had finished  
b) would have finished  
c) would finish  
d) finished **Ans: a**
178. He went to bed after—.  
a) he will learn his lesson  
b) he would learn his lesson  
c) he learns his lessons  
d) he had learnt his lessons **Ans: d**
179. Choose the right tense: Bijoy went to bed after he — lesson.  
a) learnt  
b) have learnt  
c) learning  
d) had learnt **Ans: d**
180. After Pritam — his cloths, he began to study.  
a) had washed  
b) washing  
c) washed  
d) was washing **Ans: a**
181. Choose the incorrect part of the sentence.  
a) became  
b) restless  
c) before  
d) appeared **Ans: a**
182. He had written the book before he—.  
a) retired  
b) had retired  
c) had retired  
d) will be retired **Ans: a**
183. No sooner had I reached the station—the train left.  
a) then  
b) while  
c) than  
d) when **Ans: c**

184. Complete the sentence with the correct form of verb:

- a) is burning                      b) burnt  
c) will burn                      d) was burning                      Ans: b

185. My uncle arrived while I — the dinner.

- a) would cook                      b) had cooked  
c) cook                      d) was cooking                      Ans: d

186. While he — along the road, a snake bit him.

- a) walked                      b) had walked  
c) was walking                      d) had been walking                      Ans: c

187. Which one is correct?

- a) The old man was died yesterday  
b) The old man had died yesterday  
c) The old man died yesterday  
d) The old man has died yesterday                      Ans: c

188. Computer — all over the world at this moment.

- a) is using                      b) has used  
c) has been using                      d) is being used                      Ans: d

189. The skill of safe driving — necessary to avoid collisions, which — many thousands of people annually.

- a) is, hurt                      b) was, will hurt  
c) will be, were hurt                      d) would be, is hurt                      Ans: a

190. She — her surgery by the time we visit her next Saturday.

- a) will recover                      b) will have recovered  
c) is recovered                      d) will be recovered                      Ans: b

191. Professor Zahir will not be able to attend the meeting tonight because—.

- a) he will be teaching a class  
b) he must to teach a class  
c) of he will teach a class  
d) he will have teaching a class                      Ans: a

192. He promised that he — come next Monday.

- a) will                      b) should  
c) can                      d) would                      Ans: d

Class



Exam

1. Choose the right form of verb :

It is high time we (act) on the matter.

- Ⓐ are acting                      Ⓑ acted  
Ⓒ have acted                      Ⓓ could act

2. Fill in the blank of the following sentence with the right form of verb.

If I — a king!

- Ⓐ am                      Ⓑ was  
Ⓒ were                      Ⓓ shall be

3. Rishan walks as if he — lame.

- Ⓐ is                      Ⓑ had been  
Ⓒ has                      Ⓓ were

4. New programs will be — next week in Bangladesh Television.

- Ⓐ telecast                      Ⓑ published  
Ⓒ telecasted                      Ⓓ broadcasted

5. He ran fast lest he — miss the train.

- Ⓐ can                      Ⓑ should  
Ⓒ could                      Ⓓ has

6. The capacity of the students — to be evaluated.

- a) are                      b) has  
c) were                      d) will

7. She, together with her teacher present in the meeting.

- a) were                      b) was  
c) have                      d) had

8. Identify the appropriate conjunction: The common man is— rich— famous.

- a) but, and                      b) not only, but also  
c) either, or                      d) neither, nor

9. Choose the correct words to complete the sentence. — in the field is feeling sick.

- a) One of the player                      b) One of the players  
c) Most of the playersd) Most of the players

10. The number of students seeking admission—.

- a) have increased                      b) have been increased  
c) is increased                      d) has increased



Answers

1	Ⓑ
2	Ⓒ
3	Ⓓ
4	Ⓐ
5	Ⓑ
6	Ⓑ
7	Ⓑ
8	Ⓓ
9	Ⓑ
10	Ⓓ

