



BCS Preliminary

Lecture 9



Lecture Content

✓ Transformation of Sentence (Simple, Complex, Compound)

Content Discussion



Rules of Transformation from Simple to Complex & Compound

Rule	Simple এ আছে	Complex এ হবে	Compound এ হবে
1.	because of /owing to/due to (কারণ অর্থ বুঝালে)	since/as/because (যেহেতু অর্থ বুঝালে)	and so, and thus, and therefore
2.	inspite of/despite (সত্ত্বেও)	though/although (যদিও)	but (কিন্তু)
3.	present participle /perfect participle	when/while; (সময় বুঝালে) since/as because (কারণ বুঝালে)	and বসে সময় বুঝালে and so, and thus, and therefor বসে কারণ বুঝালে
4.	too to (এত যে)	so that	very and
5.	without + verb with ing	if + negative auxiliary/ unless+ affirmative form	Or/otherwise
6.	with + verb with ing	since/as/because	and so, and thus, and therefore
7.	in order to/with a view to/for (জন্য)	so that (যাতে)	And
8.	being (হওয়ায়)	since/as/because	and so, and thus, and therefore
9.	by + verb with ing	since / as/ because	thus, there fore
10.	-----	lest (নইলে)	Otherwise

Rule 1	simple	complex	compound
	because of /owing to/due to (কারণ অর্থ বুঝালে)	since/as/because (যেহেতু অর্থ বুঝালে)	and so, and thus, and therefore

Examples

Simple : Because of my illness, I could not go to college.

Complex : As I was ill, I could not go to college.

Compound : I was ill, and so I could not go to college.

বিদ্যাবাড়ী Note মনে রাখতে হবে, as/since বসে কারণ, বাক্যের শুরুতে কিন্তু so/thus বসে ফলাফল বাক্যের পূর্বে।

Rule 2	simple	complex	compound
	inspite of/despite (সত্ত্বেও)	though/although (যদিও)	but (কিন্তু)



Examples

- Simple** : In spite of being poor, he is happy.
Complex : Though he is poor, he is happy.
Compound : He is poor but happy.
Simple : In spite of having three houses, he wants another one.
Complex : Though he has three houses, he wants another one.
Compound : He has three houses but wants another one.

বিদ্যাবাড়ী Note Complex sentence এর ক্ষেত্রে subject common হলেও তা দুইবার বসতে হয়। কিন্তু compound sentence এর ক্ষেত্রে subject common হলে তা একবার বসে।

Rule 3	simple	complex	compound
	present participle /perfect participle	when/while; (সময় বুঝালে) since/as because (কারণ বুঝালে)	and (সময় বুঝালে) and so, and thus, and therefor (কারণ বুঝালে)

Examples

- Simple** : Closing the door of her room, Nipa went to university
Complex : When Nipa went to university, she closed the door of her room.
Compound : Nipa closed the door of her room and went to university.
Simple : Finding none in the room, the police left the place.
Complex : Since the police found none in the room, they left the place.
Compound : The police found none in the room and so they left the place.

Rule 4	simple	complex	compound
	too to (এত যে)	so that	very and

Too to একটি negative structure তাই complex এবং compound করার সময় cannot/could not বসতে হবে। present tense এ cannot এবং past tense এ could not বসে।

Examples

- Simple** : The man is too sick to leave bed.
Complex : The man is so sick that he cannot leave bed.
Compound : The man is very sick and he cannot leave bed.
Simple : The boy was too tired to work.
Complex : The boy was so tired that he could not work.
Compound : The boy was very tired and he could not work.

Rule 5	simple	complex	compound
	without + verb with ing	if + negative auxiliary/ unless + affirmative form	or/otherwise

without+ verb with ing যুক্ত simple sentence কে compound করার সময় sentence টি imperative হয়।

Examples

- Simple** : Without working hard, you cannot prosper.
Complex : If you do not work hard, you cannot prosper.
Compound : Work hard or you cannot prosper.

Rule 6	simple	complex	compound
	with + verb with ing	since/as/because	And so, and thus, and therefore

Examples

- Simple** : The girl stood first in the class with working hard.
Complex : Since the girl worked hard, she stood first in the class.
Compound : The girl worked hard and thus she stood first in the class.

Rule 7	simple	complex	compound
	in order to/with a view to/for (জন্য)	so that (যাতে)	and

so that এর অর্থ যাতে এবং এটি positive শব্দ। তাই অপর অংশে can/could + মূল verb বসে।

Examples

- Simple** : Runa came here in order to collect some notes.
Complex : Runa came here so that she could collect some notes.
Compound : Runa came here and collected some notes.



Rule 8	simple	complex	compound
	being (হওয়ায়)	since/as/because	and so, and thus, and therefore

Examples

Simple : Being very tired, he went to bed.

Complex : As he was very tired, he went to bed.

Compound : He was very tired, and so he went to bed.

Rule 9	simple	complex	compound
	by + verb with ing	since / as/ because	thus, there fore

Examples

Simple : They shone in life by working hard.

Complex : Since they worked hard, they shone in life.

Compound : They worked hard, and so they shone in life.

Rule10	simple	complex	compound
	-----	lest (নইলে)	Otherwise

lest এরপর future tense এ should বসে। কিন্তু other wise এরপর future tense এ will বসে।

Examples

Complex : Walk fast lest you should miss the bus.

Compound : Walk fast otherwise you will miss the bus.

Topic Based Important Questions

1. Which one is a complex sentence?
 - a) Though he is poor, he is honest.
 - b) He is poor but honest.
 - c) The poor is very honest.
 - d) Inspite of being poor, he is honest. a
2. 'Inspite of being old, he was young at heart.' The compound sentence of it is—
 - a) Though he was old, he was young at heart.
 - b) He is old but young at heart
 - c) He was too old to be young at heart
 - d) All of the above. b
3. The man is so weak that he can not walk. (Simple)
 - a) The man is so weak to walk.
 - b) The man is too weak to walk.
 - c) Though the man is weak, he can not walk.
 - d) The man is weak but he can not walk. b
4. I don't know his father's name. Make it a complex sentence.
 - a) I do not knew his father's name.
 - b) I do not know what his father's name is.
 - c) I do not know that what his father's name is
 - d) I do not know what name his father's is. b

Exercise on Lecture 09

1. Find the correct complex form of the simple sentence: Because of my illness, I could not go to college.
 - a) As I was ill, I could not go to college.
 - b) Though I was ill, I could not go to college.
 - c) Being ill, I could not go to college.
 - d) I was ill and so I could not go to college.
2. Find the correct complex form of the simple sentence: Inspite of being poor, he is happy.
 - a) Though he is poor, he is happy.
 - b) He is poor, though he is happy.
 - c) He is poor but happy.
 - d) As he is poor, he is happy.
3. Find the correct complex form of the simple sentence: Closing the door of her room, Nipa went to university
 - a) When Nipa went to university, she closed the door of her room.
 - b) As Nipa went to university, she closed the door of her room.
 - c) Since Nipa went to university, she closed the door of her room.
 - d) Nipa went to university and closed the door of her room.
4. Find the correct complex form of the simple sentence: The man is too sick to leave bed.
 - a) The man is so sick that he cannot leave bed.
 - b) The man is very sick and he cannot leave bed.
 - c) The man is sick and so he cannot leave bed.
 - d) The man is so sick that he could not leave bed.
5. Find the correct complex form of the simple sentence: Without working hard, you cannot prosper.
 - a) Work hard, or you cannot prosper.
 - b) If you do not work hard, you cannot prosper.
 - c) Unless you do not work hard, you cannot prosper.
 - d) If you did not work hard, you cannot prosper.
6. Find the correct compound form of the simple sentence: The girl stood first in the class with working hard.
 - a) Since the girl worked hard, she stood first in the class.
 - b) The girl worked hard, and thus she stood first in the class.
 - c) The girl worked hard but could not stand first in the class.
 - d) The girl worked hard yet she stood first in the class.


7. Find the correct complex form of the simple sentence:
Runa came here in order to collect some notes.
 (a) Runa came here so that she could collect some notes.
 (b) Runa came her and collected some notes.
 (c) Runa came here but collected some notes.
 (d) Runa came here since she could collect some notes.
8. Find out compound sentence from the followings:
 (a) Walk fast lest you should miss the train.
 (b) If you came, I would go.
 (c) Being very tired he went home early.
- (d) We neither belong to this group nor support its work.
9. Find out simple sentence from the followings:
 (a) We waited there till it was midnight.
 (b) It being a rainy day, we could not go there.
 (c) The supporters demonstrated until the leader was released.
 (d) We reached home after the sun had set.
10. Fill in the blank with appropriate word: The man stayed awake --- it was dawn.
 (a) until (b) till
 (c) unless (d) after

>>>>> Answer Sheet <<<<<<

1	(a)	2	(a)	3	(a)	4	(a)	5	(b)	6	(b)	7	(a)	8	(d)	9	(b)	10	(b)
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Class Exam

1. Select the right compound structure of the sentence:
“Though he is poor, he is honest”.
 (a) He is poor and honest
 (b) As he is poor, he is honest
 (c) He is poor but honest
 (d) Since he is poor, he is honest
2. “A rolling stone gather’s no moss” the complex form of the sentence is—
 (a) Since a stone is rolling, it gathers no moss.
 (b) Though a stone is rolls, it gathers no moss.
 (c) A stone what rolls gathers no moss.
 (d) A stone that rolls gathers no moss.
3. Which is the complex sentence: ‘Unfortunately, he failed’
 (a) He is unfortunately failed.
 (b) It is unfortunately that he failed.
 (c) He is failed unfortunately.
 (d) It is unfortunate that he failed.
4. He gave a dress which was expensive. (Simple)
 (a) He gave me a dress expensive.
 (b) He gave me dress and it was expensive.
 (c) He gave me a expensive dress.
 (d) He gave me an expensive dress.
5. ‘I saw him going to market. (Compound)
 (a) I saw him and he was going to market
 (b) I saw him who was going to market
 (c) I saw him and he to go to market
 (d) I go to market which he was.
6. Choose the correct sentence.
 (a) Though he is strong but he is lazy.
 (b) Though he is strong, he is lazy.
 (c) Though he is strong, yet he is lazy.
 (d) Thought he is strong or he is lazy.
7. He appeared at the examination but failed. Transform into complex sentence.
 (a) Though he appeared at the examination but failed.
 (b) he was appeared at the examination but failed.
 (c) Having he appeared at the examination but failed.
 (d) Being he appeared at the examination but failed.
8. ‘You must work hard to succeed’ (into compound one)
 (a) If you work hard you will not fail.
 (b) You must work hard not for failing.
 (c) You must work hard to avoid failing.
 (d) You must work hard or you will fail.
9. The correct simple sentence is — ‘Although he spoke clumsily, I listened to him very carefully.’
 (a) Though his speech is was clumsy, I listened to him carefully.
 (b) Despite the clumsiness of his speech, I listened to him carefully.
 (c) He spoke clumsily, then I listened to him carefully.
 (d) Despite speaking clumsy manner, I listened to him carefully.
10. Choose the simple one for ‘Speak the truth and I shall pardon you.’
 (a) If you speak the truth, and I shall pardon you.
 (b) In the event of your speaking truth, I shall pardon you.
 (c) Speak the truth, and I shall pardon you.
 (d) When you speak the truth, then I shall pardon you.

 Answers	
1	(c)
2	(d)
3	(d)
4	(d)
5	(a)
6	(b)
7	(a)
8	(d)
9	(b)
10	(b)