

# Bank Job Lecture Sheet



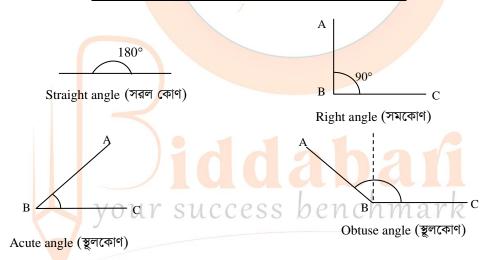
# Lecture

# Lecture Contents

**☑** Geometry (Angles, Triangle)

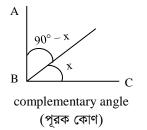
# **Geometry (Angles, Triangle)**

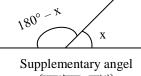
Basic Discussion on Angles & Triangles



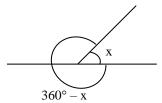
#### Note:

(i) দুটি কোণের সমষ্টি  $90^\circ$  হলে কোণ দুটি পরস্পর বা একে অপরের পূরক কোণ বলে। যেমন-  $10^\circ$  এর পূরক কোণ  $80^\circ$ ,  $80^\circ$  এর পূরক কোণ  $10^{\circ}$ ,  $60^{\circ}$  এর পূরক কোণ  $30^{\circ}$ ,  $30^{\circ}$  এর পূরক কোণ  $60^{\circ}$ .





(সম্পুরক কোণ)



Reflex angle (প্রবৃদ্ধ কোণ)



(ii) দুটি কোণের সমষ্টি  $180^\circ$  হলে কোণ দুটি একে অপরের সম্পূরক কোণ বলে । যেমন-  $10^\circ$  এর সম্পূরক কোণ  $170^\circ$ ,  $170^\circ$  এর সম্পূরক কোণ  $10^\circ$ .

#### To be remembered:

- (i)  $0^{\circ}$  < acute angle <  $90^{\circ}$
- (ii)  $90^{\circ}$  < obtuse angle <  $180^{\circ}$
- (iii)  $180^{\circ}$  < Reflex angle <  $360^{\circ}$
- (iv) বহুভূজের অন্তঃস্থ কোণগুলোর সমষ্টি =  $(n-2) \times 180^\circ$ . এখানে n= বাহু সংখ্যা.

eg- 
$$\bigcirc$$
 Internal total angle =  $(n-2) \times 180^{\circ}$   
=  $(5-2) \times 180^{\circ}$   
=  $540^{\circ}$ 

(v) সুষম বহুভূজের ১টি অন্তঃস্থ কোণ  $=rac{(n-2) imes180^\circ}{n}$ 

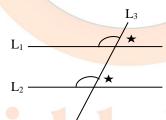
যেমন- একটি সুষম দশভুজের প্রতিটি কোণ <mark>হবে =  $\frac{(n-2) \times 180^\circ}{n}$ </mark>

$$= \frac{(n-2) \times 180^{\circ}}{10} = 144^{\circ}$$

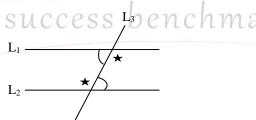
একটি সুষম বহুভূজের একটি অন্তঃকো<mark>ণের পরি</mark>মাণ 135° হলে বহু<mark>ভূজটির বাহুর সং</mark>খ্যা হবে-

$$\frac{(n-2)\times 180^{\circ}}{n} = 135^{\circ} \implies 4n-8 = 3n \implies n = 8 \text{ (Ans.)}$$

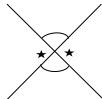
Alternate angle (একান্তর কোণ): দুইটি সমান্তরাল সরলরেখাকে অপর একটি সরলরেখা তির্যকভাবে ছেদ করলে ছেদকরেখার বিপরীত পার্শে সমান্তরাল রেখা যে কোন উৎপন্ন করে তাকে একান্তর কোণ বলে। কোনগুলো পরস্পর সমান হয়।  $L_1, L_2$  ও  $L_3$  ছেদক।



Corresponding angle (অণুরূপ কোণ): দুইটি সমান্তরাল সরলরেখাকে অপর একটি সরলরেখা তির্যকভাবে ছেদ করলে ছেদকরেখার একই দিকে সমান্তরাল রেখাদ্বয়ের অনুরূপ পাশ্বে যে কোন উৎপন্ন হয় তাকে অনুরূপ কোন বলে। কোন গুলো পরস্পর সমান হয়।

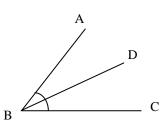


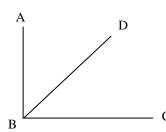
Vertically Opposite angle (বিপ্রতীপ কোণ): দুটি সরলরেখা পরস্পর ছেদ করলে যে কোন উৎপন্ন করে তাকে বিপ্রতীপ কোণ বলে। কোণ গুলো পরস্পর সমান হয়।

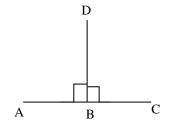


Adjacent angle (সন্নিহিত কোণ): দুটি কোণের একটি সাধারণ বাহু থাকলে কোণ দুটি সন্নিহিত কোণ। সন্নিহিত কোণদয় পরস্পর সমান হতে পারে আবার নাও হতে পারে ।  $\angle ABD$  ও  $\angle DBC$  সন্নিহিত কোণ ।









## ত্রিভুজের কেন্দ্র:

(i) অন্তংকেন্দ্র (Incenter):

তিনটি বাহু দারা আবদ্ধ ক্ষেত্রকে ত্রিভুজ (Triangle) বলে। কোণ ভেদে ত্রিভুজ তিন প্রকার।



(i) Acute angle triangle (সৃক্ষকোণী ত্রিভুজ): যে ত্রিভুজের তিনটি কোণই সূক্ষকোণ তাকে সুক্ষকোণী ত্রিভুজ বলে। Questions: How many acute angles are there in acute angle triangle?

a) 1

b) 2

d) 4

(ii) Obtuse angle triangle (স্থলকোণী ত্রিভূজ): যে ত্রিভূজের ১টি কোন 90° থেকে বড়, তাকে স্থলকোণী ত্রিভূজ বলে। Questions: How many acute angles are there in obtuse angle triangle?

a) 1

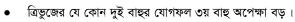
- b) 2 \*
- c) 3

(iii) Right angle triangle (সমকোণী ত্রিভুজ): যে ত্রিভুজের ১টি কোণ 90° তাকে সমকোণী ত্রিভুজ বলে। সমকোণী ত্রিভুজের তিনটি বাহুকে লম্ব, ভূমি, অতিভুজ বলা হয়। 90° এর বিপরীত বাহুকে অতিভুজ এবং  $\theta$  কোণের বিপরীত বাহুকে লম্ব বলা হয়।

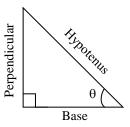
আমরা জানি,

Area = 
$$\frac{1}{2} \times \text{Base} \times \text{Hight}$$

Note: যে কোন ত্রিভূজের ক্ষেত্রফল =  $\frac{1}{2}$  × ভূমি × উচ্চতা



- ত্রিভুজের যে কোন দুই বাহুর বিয়োগফল বা পার্থক্য ৩য় বাহু অপেক্ষা ছোট।
- সমান সমান বাহুর বিপরীত কোণগুলো পরপর সমান হবে। আবার সমান সমান কোণের বিপরীত বাহুগুলো পরস্পর সমান।
- একটি ক্ষেত্রের সবচেয়ে বড় কোণের বিপরীতে সবচেয়ে বড় বাহু থাকবে আবার ছোট কোণের বিপরীতে ছোট বাহু থাকবে।



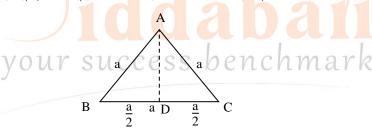


লম্ব বা ভূমি	:	ভূমি বা লম্ব	:	অতিভূজ
1	:	$\sqrt{3}$	:	2
1	:	1	:	$\sqrt{2}$
3	:	4	:	5
5	:	12	:	13
7	:	24	:	25
8	:	15	:	17
9	:	40	:	41
11	:	60	•	61

	0°	30°	45°	60°	90°
	$\sqrt{\frac{0}{4}}$	$\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}}$	$\sqrt{\frac{2}{4}}$	$\sqrt{\frac{3}{4}}$	$\sqrt{\frac{4}{4}}$
$\sin \rightarrow$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	1
cos →	1	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0
tan →	1	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$	1	$\sqrt{3}$	œ
$\cot \rightarrow$	œ	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$	0
$\sec \rightarrow$	1	$\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$	$\sqrt{2}$	2	œ
cosec →	œ	2	$\sqrt{2}$	$\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$	1

## বাহু ভেদে ত্রিভুজ তিন প্রকার:

(i) Equilateral triangle (সমবাহু ত্রিভুজ): যে ত্রিভুজের তিনটি বাহু সমান তাকে সমবাহু ত্রিভুজ বলে।



Area = 
$$\frac{1}{2} \times \text{Base} \times \text{Height}$$
  
=  $\frac{1}{2} \times a \times \frac{\sqrt{3}a}{2}$   
=  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} a^2$ 

Perimeter (পরিসীমা) = 3a

$$\Delta ABC \triangleleft AD^{2} + DC^{2} = AC^{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow AD = \sqrt{AC^{2} - DC^{2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{a^{2} - \frac{a^{2}}{4}}$$

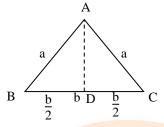
$$= \sqrt{\frac{3a^{2}}{4}}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{3}a}{2}$$

পরিসীমা (Perimeter): যেকোনো ক্ষেত্রের মোট বাহুর যোগফলকে পরিসীমা বলে।

(ii) Isosceles triangle (সমদ্বিবাহ্ছ ত্রিভুজ): যে ত্রিভূজের ২টি বাহু সমান থাকে, তাকে সমদ্বিবাহ্ছ ত্রিভুজ বলে।





$$Area = \frac{1}{2} \times b \times \frac{\sqrt{4a^2 - b^2}}{2}$$
$$= \frac{b}{4}\sqrt{4a^2 - b^2}$$

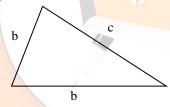
Perimeter (পরিসীমা) = 2a + b

$$\Delta ABC \triangleleft AD^2 + DC^2 = AC^2$$

$$\Rightarrow AD = \sqrt{AC^2 - DC^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{a^2 - \frac{b^2}{4}} = \sqrt{\frac{4a^2 - b^2}{4}} = \frac{\sqrt{4a^2 - b^2}}{2}$$

(iii) Scalene triangle (বিষমবাহু ত্রিভুজ): যে ত্রিভুজের ৩টি বাহু অসমান, তাকে বিষমবাহু ত্রিভুজ বলে।



Area = 
$$\sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$$
  
Perimeter = a + b + c

এখানে, 
$$s =$$
 অর্ধপরিসীমা 
$$= \frac{a+b+c}{2}$$

ত্রিভুজের দুই বাহু ও তাদের অর্ভভুক্ত কোন দেওয়া থাকলে ক্ষেত্রফল হবে  $=rac{1}{2}\,ab\,\sin\! heta\,[a\,$ ও  $b\,$ হলো বাহুর দৈর্ঘ্য,  $heta\,$  অর্ভভুক্ত কোণ]

# Teacher's Discussion

- An electric pole casts a  $\sqrt{3}$  m long shadow on the ground at an elevation  $60^{\circ}$ , the height of the pole is-1. [Combined 7 Banks Senior Officer- 2021]
- B.  $3\sqrt{3}$ m
- C.  $3\sqrt{2}$ m
- D.  $2\sqrt{3}$  m

- 2. The ratio of the angles of a triangle is 2:3:4. What is the largest angle in degrees? [Combined 7 Bank Officer (Cash)-2023]
- B. 60
- C. 80
- D. 90

- If a pole 6m high casts a shadow  $2\sqrt{3}$  m long on the ground, then the elevation of the sun is- [Bangladesh 3. Bank AD- 2018]
  - A. 60°
- B. 45°
- C. 30°
- D. 90°

- Ans: A
- The angle of elevation of the sun, when the length of the shadow of a tree  $\sqrt{3}$  times the height of the tree, is: 4.
  - A. 30°
- B. 45°
- C. 60°
- D. 90°



101	Lecture Sheet	Ban	k Job Lecture Sheet	(Math)	iddabafi your success benchmark
5.	0	ntion of a ladder lear e length of the ladde	0 0	s 60° and the foot of th	e ladder is 4.6 m away
	A. 2.3 m	B. 4.6 m	C. 7.8 m	D. 9.2 m	Ans: D
6.	_	a level ground, the an	_	e top tower is 30°. If the	tower is 100m high, the
	A. 149 m	B. 156 m	C. 173 m	D. 200 m	Ans: D
7.	-	e B is 168 miles du		/ <del>-</del>	miles due north of the re the two airplanes?
	A. 182 miles	B. 119 miles	C. 163.8 miles	D. 238 miles	Ans: A
8.	-	-			miles due north of the wo planes? [Bangladesh
	A. 82	B. 119	C. 65	D. 93	Ans: C
9.	O			4 km then he tu <mark>rned r</mark> line distance from <mark>Tow</mark>	ight and drove straight  A to Town B?
	A. 7 km	B. 5 km	C. 8 km	D. 2 3 km	Ans: B
10.		ing 180 yar <mark>ds due</mark> no est distance <mark>betwe</mark> en	_		ds due west of point P.
	A. 60 yards	B. 300 y <mark>ards</mark>	C. 420 yards	D. 900 yards	Ans: B
11.		due east of B <mark>'s offic</mark> s the straight-li <mark>ne di</mark>			e and 4 km due east of
	A. 4	B. 5	C. 8	D. 10	Ans: D
12.	-	arts <mark>at point R and t</mark> aig <mark>h</mark> t-line distance (i			8 miles directly east to
	A. 25	B. 34	C. 50	D. 62	Ans: C
13.	X is west of Y and	l Y <mark>i</mark> s north of <b>Z.</b> M :	is south of X. Which	direction is 'M to Z?	
	A. North	B. West	C. South	D. East	Ans: D
14.	What is the total s A. 180°	um of all the interior B. 240°	angles of a parallelo C. 360°	ogram? [Combined 9 Bank D. 540°	Senior Officer (General)- 23] Ans: C
15.	If the sum of the in have? [Southeast Ba	V G ULI	gular polygon meas	ures 1440°, how many	sides does the polygon
	A. 10 sides	B. 8 sides	C. 12 sides	D. 9 sides	Ans: A
16.	_	<mark>e</mark> s of the interior ang			
	A. 1080°	B. 1260°	C. 900°	D. 1620°	Ans: B
17.		smaller sides of a r Combined 5 Banks Off		are 5 cm and 12 resp	ectively. The length of
	A. 16 cm	B. 17 cm	C. 19 cm	D. 13 cm	Ans: D
18.	The height of an e	equilateral triangle v	with a side 2 cm is-[	Combined 7 Banks Senior	r Officer- 2021]
	A. $\sqrt{3}$ cm	B. $2\sqrt{3}$ cm	C. $3\sqrt{2}$ cm	D. $\sqrt{5}$ cm	Ans: A
19.	The area of a tria	ngle with sides 3 cm	, <b>5 cm, 6 cm is-</b> [Com	nbined 7 Banks Senior Off	ficer- 2021]
	A. 28 cm <sup>2</sup>	·	C. $3\sqrt{14} \text{ cm}^2$	·	Ans: B
$\mathbb{B}$	iddabari your success benchmark		Page-106		<b></b>

- 20. The angle measure of base angles of an isosceles triangle are represented by x and the vertex angle is 3x + 10. Find the measure of base angle. [Bangladesh Bank AD- 2021]
  - A. 112°
- B. 42.5°
- C. 34°

Ans: C

- 21. The one-third of the complementary angle to 60° is- [Bangladesh Bank AD- 2018]
  - A. 150°
- B. 100°
- C. 40°
- D. 10°

Ans: D

- 22. The three sides of a triagle are x + 1, 2x 1 and 3x + 1 respectively and the perimeter is 25cm. The length of the smallest side is- [Bangladesh Bank Officer- 2019]
  - A. 5 cm
- B. 3 cm
- C. 4 cm
- D. 7 cm

Ans: A

- 23. A triagnle has a perimeter 13. The two shorter side have integer lengths equal to x and x + 1. Which of the following could be the length of the other side? [Southeast Bank, PO-2020]
  - A. 2

- B. 4
- D. 6

Ans: D

- 24. A tree of height 4 meter casts a shadow of length 6.5 meter. What is the height of a house casting a shadow 26 meter long? [Sadharon Bima Corporation Junior Officer- 2019]
  - A. 14 meter
- B. 17 meter
- C. 15 meter

Ans: D

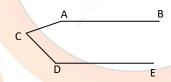
- 25. A trianglular plot with sides of 25 feet, 40 feet and 55 feet is to be surrounded by a fence built of pillars set 5 feet apart. How many pilars will be required to surround the plot? [Islami Bank PO- 2019]
  - A. 21
- B. 22
- C. 23
- D. 24

Ans: D

- 26. The hypotenuse of a right triangle is 2 centimeters more than the longer side of the triangle. The shorter side of the triangle is 7 centimeters less than the longer side. Find the length of the hypotenuse. [Probashi Kallayan Bank Senior Officer- 2021]
- B. 15
- C. 17
- D. 19

Ans: C

27. In the below diagram, AB is parallel to DE,  $\angle$ BAC = 150° and  $\angle$ ACD = 100°. Calculate the value of  $\angle$ CDE.



- A. 110°
- B. 120°
- C. 145°
- D. 150°

Ans: A

28. In the figure below, AB = AC, AB is parallel to DE, BD bisects  $\angle ABC$ .  $\angle BDE = 25^{\circ}$ . Calculate  $\angle BAC$ 



- A. 65°
- B.70°111 S11C:75°2 SS
- D. 80°

Ans: D

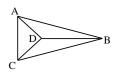
29. In the below figure, AD = AB, AD = DC and  $\angle ABD = 65^{\circ}$ . Find  $\angle BDC$ 



- A. 15°
- B. 25°
- C. 30°

Ans: A

30. In the figure below, AD = DB = CD. If  $\angle DCB = 30^{\circ}$  and  $\angle ABD = 50^{\circ}$ , calculate  $\angle DCA$ .



- A. 10°
- B. 20°
- C. 45°
- D. 60°

Ans: A



- 31. The sides of a triangle are in the ratios 4:7: 8 and its perimeter is 38 cm. what is the longest side of the triangle?
  - A. 8 cm
- B. 16 cm
- C. 14 cm
- D. 28 cm

Ans: B

- 32. Using the three sides given, which triangle is a right triangle?
  - A. 6, 9, 11
- B. 9, 15, 17
- C. 3, 5, 6
- D.  $1\frac{1}{2}$ , 2,  $2\frac{1}{2}$

Ans: D



# **Student's Drill**

- 1. A tree of height 4 m casts a shadow of length 6.5 m. What would be the height of a house casting a shadow 26 m long?
  - A. 18 m
- B. 17 m
- C. 16 m
- D. 15 m

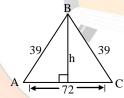
Ans: C

- 2. What is the angle that is half of its own complement?
  - A. 30°
- B. 45°
- C. 60°
- D. 150°

- Ans: A
- 3. In a triangle the lengths of two sides are 5 and 9 and the length of the third side is represented by x. Which statement is always true?
  - A. x > 5
- B. x < 9
- C.  $5 \le x \le 9$
- D. 4 < x < 14

Ans: D

4. In the isosceles triangle ABC above, what is the length of altitude h?



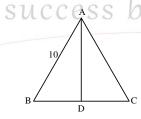
- A. 12
- R 13
- C. 14
- D. 15

- Ans: D
- 5. The sides of a triangle are in the ratios 4:7:8 and its perimeter is 38 cm. what is the longest side of the triangle?
  - A. 8 cm
- B. 16 cm
- C. 14 cm
- D. 28 cm

- A no. D
- 6. The lengths of two sides of a triangle are 7cm and 4cm respectively. The length of the third side is-
  - A. Greater than 3cm B. Less than 3cm
  - C. Equal to 3cm

D. All are true

- Anc. A
- 7. What is the altitude of an isosceles triangle in inches if one of its two equal sides is 10 inches and its base is 12 inches?



- Α. 6
- B. 7
- C. 7.5
- D. 8

- Ans: D
- 8. Length of each equal side of an isosceles triangle is 10 cm and the included angle between those two sides is 45°. Find the area of the triangle.
  - A.  $30\sqrt{2}$  square cm

B.  $32\sqrt{2}$  square cm

C.  $25\sqrt{2}$  square cm

- D.  $20\sqrt{2}$  square cm **Ans:** C
- 9. If the hypotenuse of an isosceles right triangle has length of 8, then the area of the triangle is-
  - A. 4
- B.  $4\sqrt{2}$
- C.16
- D.  $8\sqrt{2}$

Ans: C

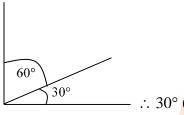
# **Solution of Student's Drill**

#### **Solution:** 1.

$$\frac{4}{6.5} = \frac{x}{26}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{26 \times 4}{6.5} = 16 \text{ m (Ans.)}$$

#### 2. **Solution:**



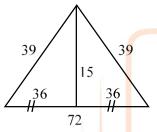
∴ 30° (Ans.)

#### **3. Solution:**

5, 9, x  

$$14 > x$$
;  $4 < x$   $\therefore 4 < x < 14$  (Ans.)

#### 4. **Solution:**



39:36:15 13:12:5 ... Ans: 15

#### 5. **Solution:**

$$4x + 7x + 8x = 38$$

$$\Rightarrow 19x = 38 \quad \therefore \quad \mathbf{x} = 2$$

$$\therefore 8x = 8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ (Ans.)}$$

#### **6. Solution:**

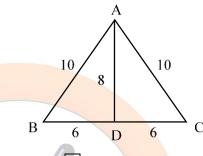
Let, 
$$3^{rd}$$
 side = x

According to the condition of Triangle,

$$\therefore 7 + 4 > x \qquad \text{Or, } 7 - 4 < x$$
  
$$\Rightarrow 11 > x \qquad 3 < x$$

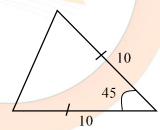
:. Ans: Greater than 3cm

#### 7. **Solution:**



**4**6 : 10 : **8** 3:5:4' :: Ans: 8

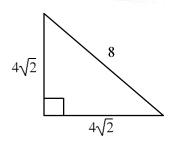
#### **Solution:**



Area =  $\frac{1}{2}$  ab  $\sin\theta$ 

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times 10 \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{50}{\sqrt{2}} = 25\sqrt{2} \text{ (Ans.)}$$

# ur success bench



Area = 
$$\frac{1}{2} \times 4\sqrt{2} \times 4\sqrt{2} = 16$$
 (Ans.)





# **Home Practice**

1.	If the ratio of the angles of a triangle is $2:3:4$ then what is the measure of the largest angle in the triangle?				
	A. 90°	B. 80°	C. 75°	D. 70°	Ans: B
2.	If $AB = AC$ of the t	riangle ABC, then	which one of the fo	ollowing is not true?	
	A. AB < AC + BC		B. AC < AB +	BC	
	C. AC + BC = AB +	- BC	D. $BC + AC >$	AB + BC	Ans: D
3.	If the ratio of the angles of a triangle is 2:3:4, then what is the value of the largest angle?				angle?
	A. 40°	B. 70°	C. 75°	D. 80°	Ans: D
4.	Which one of the fo	ollowings set is not	the sides of a right-	-angled triangle?	
	A. 3, 4, 5	B. 5, 12, 13	C. 7, 24, 25	D. 9, 12, 16	Ans: D
5.	How many right an				
	A. 2	B. 4	C. 6	D. None	Ans: D
6.	Two supplementar	v angles are in the	ratio of 2 : 3. Wha	t is the number of the de	
	angle?	, <b>.</b>			9
	A. 18	B. 36	C. 54	D. 72	Ans: D
7.	Which set of follow	ings cann <mark>ot be t</mark> he	ratio of the sides of	f a triangle?	
	A. 3:4:5	B. 4:5:7	C. 3:4:7	D. 10:12;14	Ans: C
8.	ABC is triangle who	ere the angle <mark>ABC</mark> =	= 960 and AB $=$ BC,	, what is the m <mark>easurem</mark> ent	of the angle ACB?
	A. 42°	B. 45°	C. 60°	D. 90°	Ans: B
9.	A car travel from A	d's house 10 miles s	outh to Bari's hous	se and then 6 miles cast. W	What is the distance
	from Al's House to				
	A. $2\sqrt{34}$	B. $2\sqrt{14}$	C. 4	D. 8	Ans: A
10.	If the lengths of a r	ight triangle are 3 a	and 4, then the leng	gth of hypotenuse is appro	oximately?
	A. 3	B. 4	C. 5	D. 6	Ans: C
11.	City B is 5 miles ea	st of City A. City (	C is ten miles south	neast of city B. Which of t	the following is the
	closest distance from	- / /			<b>.</b>
	A. 15 miles	B. 12 miles	C. 13 miles	D. 14 miles	Ans: B
12.	B and C are points	on a straight-line A	AD. Where AB = B	C = CD. What percent of	AC is AD?
	A. 1.5%	B. 66.6%	C. 133.33%	D. 150%	Ans: B
13.	ABC is a triangle v	where the angle AB	$BC = 96^{\circ}$ and $AB =$	BC, what is the measure	ement of the angle
	ACB? [BUP (FBS): 2	2021-22]			
	A. 42°	B. 45°	C. 60°	D. 90°	Ans: A
14.	_		AC = 16, BC = 12,	CD is perpendicular to A	AB and $AD = 12.8$ .
	How long is CD? [B	, ,	a	D 0.4	
15	A. 9.5	B. 9	C. 6.5	D. 9.6	Ans: D
15.	2021-22]	rement of each exte	erior angle of a reg	gular polygon if it has 12	sides? [BUP (FBS):
	A. 14°	B. 20°	C. 25°	D. 30°	Ans: D
16.				neasuring 15 cm. What is	
	circle? [BUP (FBS): 2021-22]				
	A $5\sqrt{3}$	B √5	$C \sqrt{5}\sqrt{3}$	D 15	Ans. A