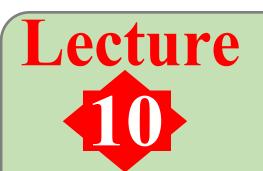




# **BCS** English Lecture Sheet





## **Lecture Contents**

**☑** Group Verb/Phrasal Verb

## **Group Verb/Phrasal Verb**

### ACT এর ব্যবহার:

Act on or upon (উপদেশ/পরামর্শ অনুযায়ী কাজ করা)

Act on or upon (affect, ক্ষতি করা)

Act under (act in obedience to, আদেশ অনুসারে কাজ করা)

Act up to (act according to, অনুসারে কাজ করা)

Act for (on behalf of, কারও অনুপস্থিতে কাজ করা)

Act up (ঝগড়া করা)

#### **'A' Related Others:**

Absorb in (deep attention, গভীরভাবে মনোনিবেশ করা)

Ask for (pray for, চাওয়া)

Appear at (পরীক্ষা দেওয়া)

Attend to (মনোযোগ দেওয়া)

Attend at (গমন করা)

## Bear এর ব্যবহার:

Bear away/off (win, জিতে নেওয়া): Rafael Nadel bore away the man of the prize.

Bear down (crushed by force, defeat, পরাভূত করা): The government was unable to bear down the mass movement in Bangladesh.

Bear in mind (remember, take into consideration, মনে রাখা): Always bear in mind that you must repay for your deeds.

**Bear upon** (be relevant to, প্রাসঙ্গিক হওয়া): This useless evidence is not bear upon the inquiry.

**Bear with** (tolerate, put up with, সহ্য করা) : None can bear with your deeds.

**Bear Out** (support, confirm, সমর্থন করা, নিশ্চিত করা): It took quite a while to bear out all our luggage.

**Bear on** (সম্পর্কিত হওয়া)– Her remark does not bear on this matter.

Bear up (মনের জোর বজায় রাখা) – His patience born him up in the crisis.

## Blow এর ব্যবহার:

Blow away (remove, সরিয়ে নিয়ে যাওয়া): The wind has blown away the big tree.

Blow down (throw down, ভেঙে ফেলা) : The house was blown down by the storm.

Blow out (extinguish/ put out, ফুঁ দিয়ে নেভানো): She blew out the lamp and went to bed.

**Blow over** (stop, থেমে যাওয়া): The storm will soon blow over.

Blow off (emit, নিৰ্গত)—The ship blows off oil in the river.

Blow up (বিস্ফোরণের সাহায্যে উড়িয়ে দেওয়া) – Bengali soldier blew up many bridge in 1971.

## Break এর ব্যবহার:

**Break away** (run away suddenly, হঠাৎ পালিয়ে যাওয়া): The thief broke away from the jail.

Break down (suffer a physical or mental weakness, decline; শারীরিক বা মানসিকভাবে দুর্বল হয়ে পড়া): His health broke down for arduous act.

**Break down** (become useless, অচল হয়ে পড়া) : The car broke down after a long journey.

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**Break into** (enter by force, বলপূর্বক প্রবেশ করা): The robbers broke into the house and ran away with the ornaments.

**Break off** (stop suddenly, হঠাৎ থামা) : Akbor broke off in the middle of his journey.

Break off (চুক্তি/ শর্ত ইত্যাদির অবসান ঘটানো): USA and Turkey have recently broken off their valuable deeds.

Break in (চুপি চুপি প্রবেশ করা): The enemy broken in the house with big guns.

**Break out** (প্রাদুর্ভাব হওয়া): Suddenly a devastating fire broke out in the village.

Break out (occur suddenly, হঠাৎ ঘটা): The French Revolution did not break out only for a issue.

Break up (end, সমাপ্ত হওয়া): Our school breaks up at 3 pm.

**Break with** (end a relation with/ quarrel; সম্পর্ক ছেদ করা, ঝগড়া করা) : Sakib Khan has broken with Apu Biswas.

**Break through** (force a path, জোর করে সরানো)— The man broke through the stone.

## Bring এর ব্যবহার:

Bring about (cause to happen, ঘটানো): Taslima's over confidence will bring about her ruin.

Bring forth (produce, জন্ম দেওয়া) : The timely rain brings forth good crops.

Bring in (produce a profit, মুনাফা করা): Our business brings in TK.700000 a month.

Bring in (introduce, উত্থাপন করা): The cabinate will bring in a new bill on child development.

Bring forward (cause to be seen, উপস্থাপন করা): Can you bring forward further evidence on it?

Bring out (publish, প্ৰকাশ করা): Anisuzzaman will bring out an important book on Bengali.

Bring up (rear, লালন-পালন করা) : Hazrat Mohammad (sm) was brought up by Halima.

Bring under (subdue, পরাভূত করা ): At the end, the police could bring under the situation.

**Bring round** (recover, **আরো**গ্য করা) : The patient was brought round after serious operation.

Bring off (rescue, উদ্ধার করা): Kamal brought off the passengers of the wrecked ship.

Bring through (cure, আরোগ্য লাভ করা) : The new medicine has brought the patient through.

**Bring out** (make noticeable, দৃষ্টিগোচর করা) : A crisis brings out the best and the worst in people.

Bring down (reduce, নিমুমুখী করা) : The good harvest brought down the price of commodities.

## Burst এর ব্যবহার:

Burst into (express emotion, হঠাৎ আবেগ প্রকাশ করা/কান্নায় ভেঙে পড়া)— Kanchon burst into tears hearing the accident news.

**Burst out** (begin suddenly, হঠাৎ হাসা শুরু করা)— Shahjahan Khan burst out hearing the news.

### Call এর ব্যবহার:

Call at (visit, অল্প সময়ের জন্য কোনো স্থানে গিয়ে দেখা করা): Basar will call at your office tomorrow.

Call on (meet, কোনো ব্যক্তির সাথে দেখা করা): He called on (or upon) me at my house.

Call on (invite, আহ্বান করা): I now call on (or upon) Jibon Hasan to address the meeting.

Call for (demand, দাবি করা): The agitated students of Bangladesh called for reforming quota.

Call for (require, পদক্ষেপ, মন্তব্য, গুণের প্রয়োজন হওয়া): This situation calls for immediate action.

Call off (cancel/ withdraw, বাতিল কুরা): The agitated students called off their meeting.

Call out (shout, চিৎকার করা): Tonu called out for help to save herself from rapist.

Call over (reading of a list of names, নাম ডাকা): The teacher called over the role of the students.

Call up (recollect/ remember, শ্ৰৱণ করা) : I could not call up your address.

Call up (telephone, কাউকে ফোন করা): My father called me up to tell me the good news.

Call in (send for, summon, ডেকে পাঠানো): Please call in a doctor immediately.

Call forth (কাজে লাগানো): He is to call forth your own resources.

## Come এর ব্যবহার:

Come about (happen, ঘটা): I have no idea how the accident came about yesterday.

Come across (happen to meet, দেখা পাওয়া): I have never come across such a fastidious person you are.

Come by (get, পাওয়া): How did you come by this mobile?

Come down (fall decrease, নেমে আসা): The price of book will not come down ever.

**Come down** (কালক্রমে চলে আসা) : This custom has come down to us from our parents.

Come out (be known, প্ৰকাশ পাওয়া): At last, the atrocity of Trump came out.

**Come of** (attain adulthood, প্রাপ্ত বয়স্ক হওয়া): My daughter has come of age.

**Come of** (জন্মগ্রহণ করা) : Saratchandra comes of a aristocratic family.

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**Come round** (recover, আরোগ্য লাভ করা) : Your father will come round very soon.

Come up to (be equal to, সমান হওয়া): His word did not come up to my expectation.

Come off (take place, অনুষ্ঠিত হওয়া) : The 50<sup>th</sup> convocation of Dhaka University came off smoothly.

Come on (come along, চলে আসা) : Come on swiftly baby!

Come up (উত্থাপিত হওয়া): Many issues came up for discussion.

**Come after** (follow, অনুসরণ করা) : The police came after the thief with a big stick.

Come at (get the reach of, নাগাল পাওয়া): The fox tried to come at the grapes but failed.

Come at (move to attack, আক্রমণে উদ্যত হওয়া): He came at me with a knife.

Come down with (become ill with, খুব গুরুতর নয় এমন রোগে আক্রান্ত হওয়া): During the summer, many people comes down with intestinal disorders.

Come down on (criticize strongly, ব্যাপক সমালোচনা করা):
The officer came down heavily on me for not paying my income tax.

## Cut এর ব্যবহার:

Cut out (omit, বাদ দেওয়া): Writers should cut out unimportant lines from the book.

Cut down (cause to fall by cutting/ reduce, কেটে ফেলা) : One should cut down unnecessary expenses.

Cut off (separate/dislocate বিচ্ছিন্ন): The robbers cut off the telephone connection.

Cut down/on (reduce, ক্মানো): The doctor advised me to cut down my working hours.

Cut off (die, মারা যাওয়া): He was cut off at an early age. Cut up (grieve, be upset, মর্মাহত হওয়া): He was cut up by your piercing criticism.

Cut in (কথার মাঝে ঢুকে পড়া): Babu's secretary cut in to tell him he had a phone call.

Cut down on (কোনো কিছুর ব্যয় কমানো): If you are to save money, it is wise to cut down on clothing rather than food.

## Cast এর ব্যবহার:

Cast about (move about, কোনো কিছুর সন্ধানে ঘোরা)— He is casting about for an opportunity.

Cast aside/away/off (throw off, ছুড়িয়ে ফেলা/ত্যাগ করা/দূরে রাখা)— He cast aside (or, cast away, or cast off) his old shoes.

**Cast out** (reject, পরিত্যাগ করা)— As he is my friend, I shall not cast him out.

### Catch এর ব্যবহার:

Catch at (take the opportunity, সুযোগ গ্রহণ করা)— A drowning man catches at a straw.

Catch up (come up with, নাগাল ধরা)— India is trying to catch up with the advanced countries.

**Catch on** (ধরা): Japanese houses are made of woods, so they easily catch on fire.

## Cry এর ব্যবহার:

**Cry down** (decry, খাটো করা) : Do not cry down anything without considering the pros and cons.

Cry to (beg, দান গ্ৰহণ): The people of Franch cried to Louis 14<sup>th</sup> for a piece of bread everyday.

Cry up (extol, বাড়িয়ে বলা): A trader cries up his own goods.

Cry for (demand, দাবি করা)—They are crying for a master plan for the prevention of flood.

Cry out (shout, চিৎকার করা)— He cried out for help.

## Carry এর ব্যবহার:

Carry on (চালিয়ে যাওয়া): You should carry on for your success.

Carry out (পালন করা): You must carry out my order.

**Carry away** (সরানো/বহন করা) : The patient was carried away to the hospital.

Carry off (জয়লাভ করা): She carried off all the prizes.

**Carry through** (সফল হওয়া): His sincere work will carry him through.

Carry with (এক হওয়া): He carried the audience with him.

#### Consist এর ব্যবহার:

Consist of (গঠিত): A week consists of seven days.

Consist in (বিদ্যমান): Seven days consist in a week.

Consistent with(কিছু নিয়ে গঠিত): Your action is not consistent with the rules.

## Do এর ব্যবহার: 1 111 21 R

**Do away with** (abolish, রহিত/বন্ধ করা) : You should do away with your anti-social activities.

**Do without** (manage without, কোনো কিছু ছাড়া চালানো): Mr. Zaman can't do without the help of his wife

**Do for** (serve the purpose of, কাজে লাগা): This cloth will do for a flag.

Do up (put into order, গুছানো): He had to do up many rooms everyday.

Do up (আটকে থাকা): My pants do up at the door.

**Do with** (deal with, ব্যবহার করা): He has to do with all sorts of people.

**Do over** (নতুন করে সাজানো): When spring comes, people often feel inclined to do over their houses.







**Do away with** (to get rid of, মুক্ত করা বা হওয়া) : Computerization has enabled us to do away with a lot of paper work.

Do away with (stop using something, আইন বাতিল করা, বিলোপ করা, কোনো কিছুর সমাপ্তি ঘটানো): The old law of tax has been done away with.

### Draw এর ব্যবহার:

**Draw away** (divert, অন্যদিকে নেওয়া) : My attention was drawn away by the noise.

Draw back (retreat, পশ্চাৎপদ হওয়া/পিছাইয়া আসা): We should not draw back from our promise.

**Draw on** (approach, নিকটে আসা) : The Eid ul Azha is drawing on.

Draw on (উভোলন করা): I have to draw on the bank for cash.

Draw out (prolong, লম্বা করা): He draws out his points at great length.

Draw out (withdraw from, পশ্চাৎপদ হওয়া): I cannot draw out of the contract now.

Draw to (feel attracted by, আকৃষ্ট হওয়া): I drew to the boy from the first day.

Draw up (সাজানো, চূড়ান্ত): The troops were drawn up orderly for the war.

**Drive away** (turn out, বিতাড়িত করা)— Boktiar was driven away from the village.

## Die এর ব্যবহার:

Die of (অসুস্থ, ক্ষুধা, তৃষ্ণা বা রোগে মারা যাওয়া): My uncle died of cholera.

Die off (অধিক পরিমাণে মরা): Numerous people died off in the year of 1772.

Die from (কোনো কিছুর প্রভাবে/আঘাত/ক্ষত/জখমে মারা যাওয়া/, an effect): He died from over eating.

Die for (দেশের জন্য/মহৎ উদ্দেশ্যে জীবন উৎসর্গ করা): Millions of people died for our freedom.

Die by (poison, দুর্ঘটনা/আঅ্<mark>হ</mark>ত্যা/সহিংসতা/বিষক্<mark>রিয়ায় মারা</mark> যাওয়া): Socrates died by hemlock.

Die in peace (শান্তিতে ম<mark>রতে দেওয়া</mark>): Let me die in peace. Die hard (সহজে না মরা): Our old habits die hard.

Die down (loss energy, শক্তি হারানো/দুর্বল হওয়া): Braves

don't die down easily.

Die out (loss forever, বিলুপ্ত হওয়া/চিরতরে হারানো): This

customs died cut about 2 hundred years ago.

**Die away** (ক্রমশ বিলীন হয়ে য়াওয়া): The sweet melody died away into the distance.

Die through (অযত্নে/অবহেলায় মারা যাওয়া) : Mr. Khan died through the neglect his sons.

Die in (যুদ্ধে/দরিদ্রতায়/ঘুমের মধ্যে/শান্তিতে/কর্মরত অবস্থায় মারা যাওয়া): My grand father died in harness in Dhaka. The captain died/was killed in a bloody battle.

### Eat এর ব্যবহার:

Eat out (বাইরে খাওয়া): Instead of eating at home, we decided to eat out.

Eat at (পরিবর্তন করা): It seems like something has been eating at Rasel lately.

## Fall এর ব্যবহার:

Fall off (lessen, decrease, কমে যাওয়া): The demand for Walton mobile has fallen off in the last three months.

Fall at (show disappointment, নৈরাশ্যের ভাব দেখানো)— His face fell at the news.

Fall among (happen to come among, মধ্যে এসে পড়া)—I fell among the cunning people.

Fall back on/upon (have recourse to, শেষ অবলম্বনরপে গ্রহণ করা)— Having lost my job I fell back upon writing.

Fall out (quarrel, ঝগড়া করা): Ruby and her husband fell out over the education of their children.

Fall through (fail, ব্যর্থ হওয়া): The project fell through for want of funds.

Fall in with (agree with, একমত হওয়া)—I cannot fall in with your proposal.

Fall from (come out, বের হওয়া)—Not a word fell from his lips.

Fall on/ upon (attack, আক্রমণ করা): The merciless police fell upon/ on the students.

Fall to (start, শুরু করা): We fell to eat because we were very hungry.

Fill in up (complete, পূরণ করা): Fill in (up) the gaps carefully.

**Fall away** (leave, সরে পড়া): His friend fell away in his danger.

Fall off (কোনো কিছুর উপর হতে পড়ে যাওয়া): He fell off the roof of his house.

Fall in with (একমত হওয়া) : I cannot fall in with his views

Fall into (অনিচ্ছাকৃতভাবে হলেও কোনো কিছু শুরু করা): I fell into my job quite by accident.

Fall about (হাসিতে ফেটে পড়া): Della's hair fell about her rippling and shining.

## Get এর ব্যবহার:

Get about (spread, প্রচারিত হওয়া) : The news got about that he was emigrating to Canada.

Get back (return, ফিরে আসা): When will you get back home?

Get away (escape, পালিয়ে যাওয়া): The thief got away with the money.

Get up (leave bed after sleeping, ঘুম থেকে ওঠা): He gets up early in the morning.

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Get down (write, লেখা): Get down what I say.

Get over (reach the end of something unpleasant, অতিক্রম করা): He got over his difficulties.

**Get through** (reach the end of, সম্পন্ন করা) : Get through the work within an hour.

Get to (reach, পৌছা/খাপ খাইয়ে চলা): He can't get to with his wife.

Get at (নাগালে পাওয়া): The clocks is locked up and I cannot get at it.

Get away with (পালানো): The thief could not get away with the watch.

Get by (কোনো রকমে প্রয়োজন মেটানো): He only earns just enough to get by.

Get down (নামা): He got down from the train.

Get off (ত্যাগ করা): If we can get off by seven o'clock, the roads will be clearer.

Get on (যানবাহনে ওঠা/অগ্রসর হওয়া) : Get on the bus carefully.

Get out (বের হওয়া): Get out of the class.

#### Give এর ব্যবহার:

Give away (distribute, দান করা, বিতরণ করা): Mohasin gave away all the wealth he had.

Give back (return, ফিরিয়ে দেওয়া) : When will you give me back my laptop?

Give out (disclose, প্ৰকাশ করা)— He will never give out the truth.

Give in (ইস্তফা দেওয়া): Atiur Rahman had given in his resignation.

Give in (yield, বশ্যতা স্বীকার করা): The government did not give in to the demand of the students.

Give up (relinquish, ত্যাগ করা): We should give up our bad habit.

Give off (emit, নিৰ্গত করা): The cooking coal gives off a lot of smoke.

Give over (make over, হস্তান্তরিত করা): He will give over charge tomorrow.

Give over (stop, বন্ধ হওয়া/পরিত্যাগ করা): The rain will soon give over.

Give in (admit defeat, প্রাজয় স্বীকার করা): The rebel were forced to give in.

## Go এর ব্যবহার:

Go about (move about, ঘুরে বেড়ানো)— He goes about canvassing his goods.

Go away (leave the place, প্রস্থান করা)— He has gone away with all his belongings.

Go after (follow, পশ্চাদপদ করা)— The dog went after the thief.

Go against (oppose, বিরুদ্ধে যাওয়া)— This goes against the interest of the people.

Go back on (withdraw, পিছিয়ে আসা)— He won't go back on his word.

Go beyond (exceed, অতিক্রম করা)— You have gone beyond your limit.

Go by (act according to, অনুসারে চলা)— I have to go by rules.

Go forth (be issued, বের হওয়া)— The order went forth for the public yesterday.

**Go in for** (sit for, প্রতিযোগিতা করা)— He is going in for the W.B.C.S. Examination.

Go off (be tired or be thrown, ছুটে যাওয়া)— The gun (The arrow) went off by accident.

Go on (continue, চালিয়ে যাওয়া)— Go on with your studies. Go out (extinguish, নিভে যাওয়া)— The light has gone out. Go over (change, পরিবর্তন করা)— He went over to the other party.

Go through (read, পড়া)— He has gone through the nobel book.

Go through (bear, সহ্য করা)—He has gone through many hardships.

Go through (review, পুনর্বিবেচনা করা)— I am going through your proposal.

Go up (increase, বৃদ্ধি পাওয়া)—The cost of living has gone up.

Go with (agree, একমতে চলা)— He will not go with you in this matter.

Go without (live without, অভাবে কাটানো)— They have to go without from time to time.

## Hand এর ব্যবহার:

Hand over (place someone or something at the custody of some other, কারও হাতে তুলিয়ে দেওয়া)—The thief was handed over to the police.

Hand down (pass on, অতিক্রম করা): This legend has been handed down from age to age.

**Hand in** (tendered, সমর্পণ করা) : He has handed in his resignation.

**Hand on** (pass on, হাতে সঁপে দেওয়া) : Hand on the book to your father.

## Hang এর ব্যবহার:

**Hang around** (hesitate, ইতন্তত করা) : Why are you hanging around the solution?

Hang upon (listen attentively to, মনোযোগ দিয়ে শোনা) : The crowd hung upon the speaker's words.

**Hang over** (postponed, মুলতবি থাকা) : The debate had been hung over.

Hang up (suspend, ঝুলানো) Hang up this picture in my study.



**Hang for** (death sentence, ফাঁসিতে ঝোলানো) : He was hanged for murder.

Hang about (loiter near, কোনো স্থানের নিকটে ঘুরে বেড়ান) : Why do you hang about?

**Hang back** (hesitate, ইতস্তত করা) : I cannot hang back when others are advancing.

**Hang down** (মাথা নিচু করা): He hung down his head with shame.

**Hang on** (depend on, নির্ভর করা) : We should not hang on others.

**Hang up** (প্রদর্শন করা) : The students hung out flags to welcome the president.

### Hold এর ব্যবহার:

Hold by (adhere to, লেগে থাকা): If you want to be a BCS cadre, you should hold by studying.

Hold off (keep aloof, দূরে থাকা): We should hold off from evil friends.

Hold out (offer or promise, বাড়িয়ে দেওয়া বা প্রতিশ্রুতি দেওয়া)— He held out a helping hand to me.

**Hold out** (yield, বশ্যতা স্বীকার না করা) : The rebels held out for months.

**Hold over** (postpone, মুলতবি রাখা/ থাকা) : The debate has been held over.

Hold back (keep secret, গোপন করা): Do not holdback anything from me.

Hold back (পিছনে পড়ে থাকা): When others are moving on, I cannot hold back.

Hold in (check, সংযত করা): We should hold in our temper.

Hold to (stick to, লেগে থাকা): Do you still hold to your plan?

Hold together (একত্রে থাকা) : The brothers held together for a long time.

Hold up (stop, থামা): All traffic was held up for an hour. Hold with (agree, একমত হওয়া): I hold with you in this matter.

**Have up** (পরিধান করা) : He has up a new dress.

## Keep এর ব্যবহার:

Keep off (remain at a distance, দূরে থাকা): Keep off the fire

Keep on (continue চলে যাওয়া): He kept on shouting.

**Keep up** (maintain, বজায় রাখা) : She tired to keep up her spirits.

**Keep at** (stick to, লেগে থাকা) Farhana kept at her efforts/He is too fickle to keep at anything.

Keep back (conceal, গোপন করা) : I will keep back nothing from you.

**Keep away** (stay away, দূরে থাকা) : Keep away from evil company.

**Keep from** (prevent, বিরত থাকা) : I could hardly keep from laughing.

**Keep on** (continue, অব্যাহত রাখা): She kept on knocking at the door.

Keep in (prevent from going out, আটকে থাকা): They were kept in by rain.

Keep in with (keep good terms, বন্ধুত্ব বজায় রেখে চলা): I can't keep in with you any longer.

**Keep down** (সংযত রাখা): He could not keep down his anger.

Keep up with (তাল মিলিয়ে চলা) : I had to run to keep up with the rickshaw.

### Look এর ব্যবহার:

Look after (take care, যত্ন নেওয়া) : His grandmother looked after him.

Look at (gaze, তাকানো)— He is looking at the moon.

Look forward to (expect, প্রতীক্ষা করা) : I am looking forward to meeting you.

Look for (search,খোঁজা)—He is looking for a job.

Look into (investigate, তদন্ত করা): He was assured me that he would look into the matter/ The police is looking into the matter.

Look upon/ on (regard, মনে করা) : I look upon (or on) you as my younger brother.

**Look over** (examine, পরীক্ষা করা) : Would you please look over my article?

**Look up** (find, out, খুঁজে বের করা) : Look up the word in the dictionary.

Look down upon (hate, খ্ণা করা): Do not look down upon the poor.

Look through (inspect carefully, ভালোভাবে পরীক্ষা করা): The auditor looked through the account. (খুঁজে বের করা)

**Look forward** (expect eagerly, সাগ্রহে প্রতীক্ষা করা): They look forward to your help.

**Look down on** (despise, hate, ঘূণা করা): We should not look down on the poor.

Look up (rise, creep up, (মূল্য) বৃদ্ধি হওয়া): Prices of all things are looking up everyday.

Look to (attend, মনোযোগ দেওয়া): Look to it that this does not happen again.

**Look out** (be careful, watch out, সতর্ক হওয়া): Look out! A car is coming.

**Look up to** (revere, respect, সম্মান করা) : A leader must be one whom the people can look up to.

## Lay এর ব্যবহার:

Lay before (place, পেশ করা)— He laid the facts before the committee.

Lay aside (cast aside, সঞ্চয় করা): Lay aside some money to meet the emergency.

Lay down (উৎসৰ্গ করা): The fighter laid down his life for his country.

Lay down (gave up, ছেড়ে দেওয়া): The king laid down the burden of state.

Lay down (লিপিবদ্ধ): No such rules are laid down in the book.

Lay out (expend, কাজে লাগানো/ খাটানো): He laid out his everything in business.

Lay out (সাজানো): The garden is well laid out.

Lay up (শ্য্যাগত) : I am laid up with fever.

Lay aside (save, ভবিষ্যতের জন্য সরিয়ে রাখা): Lay aside something for old age.

Lay by (store up for future use, জমানো): Lay by something for old age.

## Make এর ব্যবহার:

Make out (understand, বুঝতে পারা) : I could not make out the hidden meaning of the line.

Make of (composed of, গঠিত (মূল বস্তুটি স্পষ্ট বোঝা যাবে): This ring is made of pure gold.

Made from (কোনো কিছু রূপান্তরিত হয়ে তৈরি (মূল বস্তুটি দেখা যাবে না): Paper is made from bamboo.

Make after (chase, ধাওয়া করা): We made after the thief.

Make away with (destroy, শেষ করা): She made away with her own life.

Make away with (steal, চুরি করা): The servant made away with the ornaments.

Make for (proceed towards, ধাৰিত হওয়া): The ship made for the harbour.

Make up (complete, পরিপুরণ করা): I still need rupees one hundred to make up the loss.

Make up one's mind (resolve, মনস্থির করা): He made up his mind to go there.

**Make up for** (compensate, ক্ষতিপূরণ করা) : I must make up for the lost time.

**Make off** (escape, পালিয়ে যাওয়া): The thief make off with luggage.

**Make away** (kill, হত্যা করা): He made away with himself.

Made up of (কোনো কিছুর সমবায়ে বা সমন্বয়ে গঠিত) : Bangladesh is made up of 64 districts.

### Pass এর ব্যবহার:

Pass away (die, মারা যাওয়া)— The patient passed away from overeating.

**Pass over** (over look উপেক্ষা করা)— She may pass over the unimportant deeds.

**Pass through** (to gather experience, অভিজ্ঞতা সঞ্চয় করা)— He had to pass through many difficulties.

**Pass by** (pay no attention to, উপেক্ষা করা)— We should not passed by our mistakes.

Pass by (go along side, পাশ দিয়ে চলে যাওয়া)— He passed by our house.

Pass for (be regarded as, পরিগণিত হওয়া)— He passed for a scholar in the village.

Pass of (to be over, শেষ হওয়া)— The ceremony passed off smoothly.

Pass on (proceed, এগিয়ে যাওয়া)— Kamrul passed on from this.

## Pull এর ব্যবহার:

Pull down (demolish, ধ্বংস করা): It is very easy to pull down than build up.

Pull up (rebuke, তিরস্কার করা): He was pulled up by the principal for being late.

Pull together (work in harmony, মিলেমিশে কাজ করা): Unless we pull together, we cannot succeed.

Pull out (leave the station, স্টেশন ছেড়ে চলে যাওয়া): The train pulled out of the station.

Pull through (overcome, কেটে ওঠা): We should learn to pull through from a critical situation.

Pull at (seize, টানা): The little boy was pulling at my shirt.

Pull in (enter the station, স্টেশনে ট্রেন এসে দাঁড়ানো): The train pulled in on time.

## Put এর ব্যবহার:

Put off (take off, খুলে ফেলা): You should not put off your socks in a public place.

Put up with (bear, সহ্য করা): I cannot put up with such a inhuman deed.

**Put down** (write, লেখা): Please put down your address on this paper.

Put forth (exert, প্রয়োগ করা) : I put forth all my energy to do well in the examination.

Put by (save, সঞ্জ্য করা) : We should put by some properties for future.

Put down (quell, দমন করা): The government put down the rebellion with a high hand.

Put forward (উত্থাপন করা): He has put forward his proposal for the board's consideration.

**Put off** (postpone, স্থগিত রাখা): The examination was put off for the hartal.







Put off (get rid off, মুক্ত হওয়া): You must put off your doubts. Put off (purpose, স্থগিত করা, ফেলে রাখা): Don't put off until tomorrow what you can do today.

Put out (extinguish, নিভিয়ে ফেলা): Put out the lamp.

Put aside (save for special purpose, সঞ্চয় করে রাখা): He puts aside a little every month for a deposit on a house. Put away (leave, ছেড়ে দেওয়া, ত্যাগ করা): He put away all

ideas of being a doctor.

Put on (wear, পরিধান করা): Put on your dress.

Put up (live/stay, অস্থায়িভাবে কোথাও থাকা): Where do you put up?

## Run এর ব্যবহার:

Run away (escape, পালানো) : Seeing police, Ershad Sikdar ran away from there.

Run over (knock down and pass over, চাপা দেওয়া): The bus ran over two school children at Mirpur.

Run over (read through quickly, দ্রুত পড়ে নেওয়া): He ran over his notes before starting his lecture.

Run after (pursue, অনুসরণ করা): The dog ran after me.

Run at (attack, আক্রমণ করা): The dog ran at the cat.

Run into (meet unexpectedly, হঠাৎ দেখ<mark>া হওয়া)</mark>: One day I ran into an old friend at the airport.

Run into (to be involved in, জড়িত হওয়া): He ran into heavy debts.

Run into (fall into, পতিত হওয়া): He ran into danger.

Run off (steal and take away, চুরি করে নিয়ে যাওয়া): The thief ran off my shoe.

Run out (expire, ঘাটতি পড়া/ মেয়াদ শেষ হওয়া): Our deed will run out after 10 years.

Run against (fighting, যুদ্ধ করা): He is running against heavy odds.

Run across (met by chance, হঠাৎ সাক্ষাৎ হওয়া): I ran across my old friend in the market.

Run away with (steal, চুরি করে পালানো): The thief ran away with all the valuables.

Run down (disparages, নিন্দা করা): He always runs down his rivals.

## Set এর ব্যবহার:

Set to (begin, শুরু করা): At present police has set to check driving license properly.

**Set about** (begin, শুরু করা) : Nazrul has set about writing a poet.

Set in (begin, শুরু হওয়া): Winter sets in December in Bangladesh.

**Set off** (begin a journey, যাত্রা শুরু করা) : We set off for Cox's Bazar.

Set out (begin a journey, যাত্রা শুরু করা): They set out on a long journey.

**Set up** (found, স্থাপন করা) : He has decided to set up a gymnasium.

Set aside by (annul, বাতিল করা): The judgment of the sessions court was set aside by the High Court.

**Set on/upon** (লেলিয়ে দেওয়া) : The children set a dog on the old woman.

Set back (stop progress of, অগ্রগতি বন্ধ করা): Public opinion is setting back the program.

**Set apart/aside** (reserve, পৃথক করে রাখা) : He set apart a part of his income for charity.

Set against (বিরুদ্ধে যাওয়া) : Public opinion is setting against the proposal.

Set by (lay by, সঞ্চয় করা): Set by something for old age. Set forth (start, যাত্রা করা): They set forth early in the morning.

Set down (record, লিখে নেওয়া) : The judge set down my objection.

## Stand এর ব্যবহার:

Stand by (support, সমর্থন করা/পাশে দাঁড়ানো) : He stood by me in my difficulty.

Stand for (symbolise, প্রতীক হওয়া): Flowers stand for innocence.

Stand up for (পক্ষে কথা বলা) : He always stands up for the downtrodden people.

Stand at (be at a certain level, যোগ করলে যা দাঁড়ায়): The loss incurred by the company stood at about taka 5 crore.

**Stand against** (oppose, বিরুদ্ধে দাঁড়ানো) : They stood against their common enemy.

Stand for (contest for, প্রার্থীরূপে দাঁড়ানো): He stood for president ship in the last election.

Stand out (be prominent, বিশিষ্ট হওয়া): His work stands out form that of the others.

Stand over (be postponed, স্থান): Let this matter stand over till the next meeting.

Stand to (stick to, লেগে থাকা, যুক্তিসংগত হওয়া): He stands to his promise.

Stand to (abide by, মেনে চলা): It stands to reason that the best boy will get the best prize.

## See এর ব্যবহার:

**See off** (to bid good-bye, বিদায় জানাতে যাওয়া) : I went to the station to see my friend off.

See through (understand, বুঝিয়া ফেলা) : I have seen through his plan.

See to (deal with, সামলানো, ব্যবস্থা করা) : I have seen through his plan.

See to it that (make sure that, নিশ্চিত করা): I'll see to it that you get home all right.

## Tell এর ব্যবহার:

**Tell upon** (affects, হানি করা, ক্ষতি করা): Over-eating may tell upon our health.

Tell off (selected and appointed to a special duty, বিশেষ কাজে নিযুক্ত করা): The superintendent told off a polic to guard the house.

**Tell out** (proclaim abroad, খোলাখুলিভাবে ঘোষণা করা): The Prophet told out the followers that God is one.

Tell over (তসবিহ পড়া): I tell over beads everyday.

### Take এর ব্যবহার:

Take after (to resemble, সাদৃশ্য হওয়া): Tara takes after her mother.

Take off (fly, আকাশে ওড়া, উড্ডয়ন করা): The plane will take off soon.

**Take out** (remove, দ্রীভূত করা) : The dentist took out my bad teeth.

Take back (to withdraw, ফিরিয়ে নেওয়া): she will not take back her words.

Take down (record, write down, লেখা): The policeman took down the number of the car.

Take down (to cheat-usually about money, প্রভারিত করা)
: That businessman is dishonest; he took my brother down for a lot of money.

Take for (regard mistakenly, প্রান্তভাবে কিছু মনে করা): He took me for his brother. I took the rope for a snake.

Take off (put off, খুলে ফেলা): Don't take off your socks in a public place.

Take over (accept the charge, দায়িত্ব গ্ৰহণ করা): The new prime minister will take over tomorrow.

Take to (to get into the habit, অভ্যস্ত হওয়া): He has taken to drinking pepsi after his supper.

Take to (to like, পছন্দ করা): I didn't take to your friend; he is very sarcastic.

Take up (occupy, ব্যাপ্ত করা): This work will take up too much time.

Take up (undertake, থাইণ করা): He will take up the problem and try to solve it.

Take away (নিয়ে যাওয়া): She took away the dirty dishes. Take by (ধরা): He took the man by his neck.

Take off (খুলে ফেলা): Take off your coat.

**Take through** (শিখতে সাহায্য করা): The director took us through the play scene by scene.

Take to (অভ্যাস করা, আসক্ত হওয়া): None should take to drinking.

## Turn এর ব্যবহার:

**Turn down** (reject, প্রত্যাখ্যান করা) : She turned down my proposal of marrying her.

Turn against (become hostile, শক্রভাবাপন্ন হওয়া) : When I was in difficulty my relatives turned against me.

Turn back (ফিরে আসা) : As it was getting dark, we turned back.

Turn up (happen, ঘটা): Nobody can say what will turn up next.

Turn to (go for help, শ্রণাপন্ন হওয়া): Turn to Allah for help.

Turn out (produce, উৎপাদন করা): The factory turns out twenty tons of fertilizer a day.

Turn out (prove, প্ৰমাণ করা): His statement turned out to be false.

Turn up (appear, হাজির হওয়া): She could not turn up in time because she was caught in a traffic jam.

Turn away (অন্যদিকে চলে যাওয়া): He turned away in disguise.

Turn around (দিক ঘোরানো): The bus turned around and went the other way.

**Turn into** (পরিবর্তন করা): Turn this passage into English.

Turn off (বন্ধ করা): Turn off the switch.

Turn on (চালু রাখা): Turn on the computer.

Turn over (উল্টানো): The captain left the boat because it turned over.

Turn after (সদৃশ হওয়া): The girl turns after her mother.

## Work এর ব্যবহার:

Work on (influence/ continue working, অবিরত কাজ করা)
: Akij Mia worked on all the night.

Work out (solve, সমাধান করা): He worked out the problem in a few minutes.

Work up (excity, উত্তেজিত করা): Antony worked up the feelings of the Roman mob by his speech.

Work at (be engaged in, স্যত্নে কোনো কিছুতে নিযুক্ত থাকা)— He is working at the statue.







## **Class Work**

#### Act (Upon / for)

- 1. I don't want to act him. (upon)
- 2. He acts his brother in the examination. (for)

#### Bear (away / off / down)

- 3. Finally we **bore**—the game. (away/off)
- 4. The police **bore** the revolution —. (down)

#### Blow (Out/ away /over)

- 5. The light has been **blown**—. (out)
- 6. The storm **blew**—the trees. (away)
- 7. The storm will soon **blow**—. (over)

#### Break (away/down/out)

- 8. The thief **breaks** the room. (away)
- 9. Why are you **breaking**—at the sad news. (down)
- 10. Cholera has been **breaking**—all over the country.

## Bring (forth / about/ out/ round/ down /up/ in)

- 11. The mother **brings**—a new baby. (forth)
- 12. It **brings** a new change in the history. (about)
- 13. I can't **bring** your idea. (out)
- 14. The patient has **brought** after months. (come round)
- 15. The price of rice will **bring** soon. (down)
- 16. The child was not **brought** by its parents. (up)
- 17. The legislator will **bring**—a new bill. (in)

#### Burst (into / out)

- 18. The woman **bursts** tears. (into)
- 19. The man **bursts**—laughter. (out)

## Call (on / at / off / in / to / over / up / for / upon)

- 20. I called him New Market. (on, at)
- 21. Finally the opposition party **called** the strike. (off)
- 22. Please **call** a doctor for him. (in)
- 23. Please **call** Karim loudly for this purpose. (to)
- 24. The teacher **called** the roll of the students. (over)
- 25. For next audition just **call** her . (up)

- 26. She **called** some money. (for)
- 27. Hon'ble Prime Minister **called** . (upon)

#### Cast (aside/ away/off/out/ down/up)

- 28. Finally he **cast** long habit of smoking. (aside / away, off, out)
- 29. Finally she **cast** the list of shopping . (down)
- 30. After **casting** all voters, she was declared defeated. (up)

#### Carry (about/ on/ off/ away)

- 31. He carries a costly mobile phone. (about)
- 32. You need to **carry**—your speech? (on)
- 33. Cholera **carried**—hundreds of People in the past. (off, away)

#### Come (down/ up with/ across/ down upon/ by/ of)

- 34. The price of rice is **coming**—. (down)
- 35. She always tries to **come** her colleagues. (up with)
- 36. I **come** him after a long time. (across)
- 37. Don't **come** the poor. (look down upon)
- 38. Jobs are very difficult to come —. (by)
- 39. She comes a rich family. (of)

#### Cry (down/ up)

40. Do not **cry** — your best friend. (down)

#### Cut (down/ off/)

- 41. You should **cut**—your expense. (down)
- 42. He cuts the tree . (off)

#### Do (up/ for/ away with)

- 43. She likes to **do** her room. (up)
- 44. Your advice will not **do** me. (for)
- 45. The United Nations has **done** all supports to Myanmar. (away with)

#### Drop (away/ out)

- 46. A true friend can not **drop** in the need of his friend. (away)
- 47. Many students have been **dropping** in the Pandemic Covid-19. (out)

#### Fall (back/ upon)

48. Being failed there, I **fall** — a new way. (upon)

## Get (into/ off/ over/ about/ along with/ up)

- 49. She **gets**—the bus. (into, off)
- 50. The man **gets**—his crisis. (over)
- 51. The ill news is **getting** all over the country. (about)
- 52. The man always tries to **get** his colleagues. (along with)
- 53. She **gets** at 5 a.m (up)

#### Give (Over/ up/ in)

- 54. He **gave**—the charge to his manager. (Hand over)
- 55. He **gives** smoking. (up)
- 56. Why are you **giving** him, while he is misbehaving with you? (in)

#### Go (aside/ by/ over/ after)

- 57. Why are you **going**—the path of truth? (aside)
- 58. I will try to go your advice. (by)
- 59. He is **going** the machine. (over)
- 60. Why are you **going** her? (run after)

#### Hand (down/ over)

- 61. The power has been **handed** from the authority. (down)
- 62. Mr. Zoe has **handed**—the charge. (over)

#### Hang (about/ around/ over/ for)

- 63. The boy always **hangs** here and there. (about, around)
- 64. They **hung** their journey suddenly. (over)
- 65. The man was **hanged** murder. (for)

#### Hold (up/ over/ back)

- 66. Mr. Arefin likes to **hold** him —. (up)
- 67. Why do you **hold** your journey? (over)
- 68. You should not **hold** anything from me. (back)

#### Keep (up with/ away/ off/ down)

- 69. The man **keeps** his Collegues. (up with)
- 70. We should **keep** medicine from children. (away, off)
- 71. You should **keep** your anger before your father. (down)

#### Lay (by/ aside/ with/ up with)

- 72. **Lay** something for your old age. (by)
- 73. Lay Your dog before coming here. (aside)
- 74. **Lay** the floor—carpet. (with)

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75. The woman **laid** — fever. (up with)

#### Look (out/up/for/down upon)

- 76. **Look**—! there is a snake. (out)
- 77. **Look** the word in the dictionary. (up)
- 78. I am **looking** a new job. (for)
- 79. Don't **look** the poor. (down upon)

#### Make (away with/ out/ of/ from/ for)

- 80. The man has **made** his whole life—in vain. (away with)
- 81. I make your problem. (out)
- 82. The table is made wood. (of)
- 83. The paper is made bamboo. (from)
- 84. This ship is **made** London. (for)

#### Pass (away/ on)

- 85. The patient **passed** at night. (away)
- 86. The hilsha of Padma is passing Meghna. (on)

#### Pick (at/ out/ up/ up with)

- 87. Someone always tries to **pick** others foult. (at)
- 88. You have to **pick** him among the people. (out)
- 89. The man has **picked** many costly stones from the sea-shore. (up)
- 90. I **pick** him at new market. (up with)

#### Pull (apart/down)

- 91. Failing to convince me, Mr. Azad started **pulling** me. (apart)
- 92. You have to **pull** your old building. (down)

#### Put (across/ down/ up with/ by/ up)

- 93. He could not **put**—his ideas to his boss. (across)
- 94. He **puts**—a letter. (down)
- 95. I can not **put** your misbehave. (up with)
- 96. **Put** some money for your future crisis. (by)
- 97. Mr. Rob **put** our national flag on 2<sup>nd</sup> march 1971, in presance of our father of the nation Bangabandhu Sheikh Mujibur Rahman. (up)





	Run (	over/	across/	away (	(with)	)/ :	after
--	-------	-------	---------	--------	--------	------	-------

- 98. An old man **runs** by a bus. (over)
- 99. I **run** him on the way. (across)
- 100. The thief **run** some money. (away with)
- 101. I **run** the thief. (after)

#### Stand (by/ against/ aside/ to)

- 102. He **stood** me when I was ill. (by)
- 103. Why are you **standing** your own brother? (against)
- 104. Why did you **stand** from the contest? (aside)
- 105. The man always **stands**—his boss. (to)

#### Take (over/ to/ after/)

106. After joining the office, he takes — the charge. (over)

107. Some bad boys <b>take</b> — wine. (to	e — wine. (to	take —	boys	bad	Some	107.
--	---------------	--------	------	-----	------	------

108. The child **takes**—its mother. (after)

#### Tell (on/ upon/ off)

- 109. Over exercise **tells** one's health. (on, upon)
- 110. One should not **tells**—the poor. (off)

#### Work (off/ out)

- 111. Unless you **work** your excess fat, you will fall ill soon. (off)
- 112. The sum has been worked —. (out)

#### Write (off)

113. The man has finally **written** — all the debts of his neighbor. (off)

## **Class Work**

				4		_		
1.	'To do away with'	means— /৩ <mark>৬তম</mark>	<mark>বিসি</mark> এস]	10. The	<mark>governm</mark> en	t gave –	– the den	nands of the
	a to repeat	<b>6</b> to start		peopl	le.		[২	৪তম বিসিএস পরীক্ষা]
	© to get rid of	@ to drive off	Θ	a int	to <b>b</b> in	© to	d ove	r to a
2.	'Pass away' means	s—	[৩৩তম বিসিএস]	11. The t	eam is—e	leven <mark>pl</mark> a	yers. [২৪	তম (বাতিল) বিসিএস
	a disappear	6 die				উপজেলা <mark>মহিল</mark>	<mark>ৰ্যা বিষ</mark> য়ক কৰ্মকড	র্গা নিয়োগ পরীক্ষা-০৬]
	© erase	@ fall	0	@ ma			de up of	
3.	While living in po	overty, the poet	had to — a	© ma	de up	@ ma	de	•
	great deal of suffer	* // ·	[৩১তম বিসিএস]	12. The S	Second Wo	<mark>rld W</mark> ar l	oroke—i	n September,
	a see through	6 put up with		1939.				তম (বাতিল) বিসিএস]
	© pass by	@ fall back	6	@ thre	ough 🕞 aw	ay © out	d in	Θ
4.	The rich should no	ot loo <mark>k</mark> down — t	he poor.		-		, because i	it- [২৩তম বিসিএস]
	[২৭তম বিসিএস পরীক্ষা]				ned down	_	ned up	
	a at b for	© towards @ up	on <b>d</b>		ned bottom		ned over	0
<b>5.</b>	The lights have b	e <mark>en bl</mark> own — by	the strong	14. Trees	s have — of	ff their le	aves. [২৩তা	া বিসিএস পরীক্ষা,
	wind.	[ 20	তম বি <mark>সিএ</mark> স <mark>পরীক্ষা]</mark>	(a) the				্) নিয়োগ পরীক্ষা-০৬;
	a out b away	y <mark>© Up</mark> @ off	0 1 0		rown <b>b</b> fa		_	
6.	Choose the correct	t preposition:	rsucc	leave		ntence:	rees nav	e — off their [২৩তম বিসিএস]
	The police is looki	ng—the case.	[২৬তম বিসিএস]		own ⓑ fal	len @ cas	t @ put	- 1
	a after b on	© up @ into	0		te of my re			_
7.	The tree has been			io. mspi	ic of my re	quest, ne	વાવ not — [ર	— • ২তম বিসিএস পরীক্ষা/
			৬ ও ২১তম বিসিএস] -		উপসহকারী প্রকেঁ	শৈলী মেকানিক্য	াল) (বাংলাদেশ	রেলওয়ে) পরীক্ষা-০৬]
	a away b up	© off d out	<b>a</b>	@ giv	ve in	<b>b</b> fall	in	
8.	Fill in the blank wi	ith the correct phi	ase:	© ge	t off	@ giv	e forth	0
	-your shoes befo	re entering the m	osque.	17. The	second an	niversar	y celebra	tion of our
	[২৬তম বিসিএস] -	- 00		colleg	ge will be he	eld on De	cember 15	
	@ put out	6 put off					0	orrect phrase
•	© put away	@ put on	Ф	for 'v	vill be held	' above?	[১৪তম বিসিএস]	
9.	The man died — o	O	[২৫তম বিসিএস]	0	es off	0	nes off	
	<ul><li>a by</li><li>b of</li></ul>	© for @ from	n <b>()</b>	© wil	l bring abou	ıt @ wil	l come rou	and <b>6</b>

18.	Which of the foreplace 'tolerate'	tolerate bad temper for long. llowing phrases is the best in the above sentence? [১৩তম	28.		run — debt. Which one of correct preposition? স অ্যাসিসটেন্ট ম্যানেজার (ট্রেইনি জেনারেল)	
		রিচালক (পাসপোর্ট এন্ড ইমিগ্রেশন) পদে নিয়োগ ার পরিদর্শক পদে নির্বাচনী পরীক্ষা-৯২]		a on b into		<b>6</b>
	-, -,	(b) put up with	29.	-	airport to see her—	•
10	© stand up for	d pull on with			ন্ত্র ১০০ - ১০০ নাদেশ বেসামরিক বিমান চলাচল কর্তৃপক্ষ (CAAI সহকারী নিরাপত্তা কর্মকর্তা ,	
19.	Look — the word	in the dictionary. [বিভিন্ন মন্ত্ৰণালয় : ব্যক্তিগত কৰ্মকৰ্তা-২০২২]		a off b of	© after @ away	<b>a</b>
	a after b up	© into @ for <b>b</b>	30.	•	their first child, they put	
20.	- 1	w the Indian cricket team is			is education. [স্বরাষ্ট্র মন্ত্রণালয়ের সুরক্ষ য়িত্ত্রণ অধিদপ্তরের ওয়ারলেস অপারেটর ২০২১]	া সেবা
		th the difficult and scamer-		(a) aside (b) bes	side © outside @ under	<b>a</b>
		Australia. Choose the option	31.	The patient will	come — soon.	
		n meaning to the underlined		_ [সংস্কৃতি বিষ	রয়ক মন্ত্রণালয়ের প্রত্নতত্ত্ব অধিদপ্তরের এস্টিমেটর	২০২১]
	phrase in the above	'e sentence. গার জেনারেল ডিফেস ফাইন্যাস কার্যালয় অডিটর-২০২২]		a in b off		Θ
	a put up with	गांत एक्षमारत्नम् । ७६.कन्न कार्यमान् कार्यामत् आ७७५-२०२२] ⓑ put in with	32.		ities advised passengers to	
	© put down to	d put up against		-	ng people passing through	
21	'ডাক্তার ডাক' বাক্যটির <sup>হ</sup>			international te কর্মকর্তার কার্যালয়ের সহকার	rminal. প্রিতিরক্ষা মন্ত্রণালয়ের প্রধান প্রশ	াসনিক
41.	איניונייור יייום גויטוט	<<েরাজ অনুমাণ ২েম [খাদ্য অধিদপ্তর উচ্চমান সহকারী-২০২১]		a look for	চ look out for	
	② Call a doctor.	(b) Call for doctor.		© look after	@ look at	0
	© Call in a doctor.	0	33	•	poverty, the poet had to -	
22		ter his mother. Here 'takes	33.	great deal of suf		— а
	•	দেশ বেসামরিক বিমান চলাচল কর্তৃপক্ষ (CAAB)-		১৫তম শি	ক্ষক নিবন্ধন ও প্রত্যয়ন পরীক্ষা (ক্ষুল/সমপর্যায়) ।	২০১৯]
	এর উপ-সহকারী প্রকৌশলী (ই/			a see through	<b>6</b> put up with	
	② resemblance	6 go behind		© pass by	fall back	0
	© follow	d take the same way	34.	'Pass out' mean		
23.	Instead of 'extinge	uish' we can say—		•	নি ও খনিজ সম্পদ মন্ত্রণালয়ের নিরাপত্তা কর্মকর্তা 🕡	২০১৯/
		শ বেসামরিক বিমান চলাচল কর্তৃপক্ষ (CAAB)-এর হকারী প্রকৌশলী (ই/এম) ও হিসাব সহকারী ২০২১]		<ul><li>a die</li><li>c disappear</li></ul>	<ul><li>faint</li><li>cross</li></ul>	6
	ⓐ Put by	© Put out	35		or and the candle blew — . [	
	© Put up	@ Put on <b>6</b>	33.	ও খনিজ সম্পদ মন্ত্রণালয়ের নি		બુંગામ
24.	*	- with my friend as I needed		a out b off	© over @ on	<b>a</b>
		গরিগরি শিক্ষা অধিদপ্তরের ক্রাফট ইনস্ট্রাক্টর	36.	I cannot — wha	t you say. সেরকারি মাধ্যমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক	২০১৯]
	For Walking	⑤ For a walk		a make out	<b>ⓑ</b> take out	
	© To walk	@ walk		© take over	@ make over	<b>a</b>
25.	I had to run to —	the rickshaw. প্রিতিরক্ষা মন্ত্রণালয়ের সামরিক ভূমি ও ক্যান্টনমেন্ট	37.	To complete the — at 7 pm'. wee	e sentence 'The plane will te need—	take
		অধিদপ্তরের জুনিয়র শিক্ষক ২০২১]		_	[ডাক অধিদপ্তরের বিল্ডিং ওভারশিয়ার ১	२० <b>১</b> ৮]
	a keep up	(b) keep with			er © at @ off	0
•	© keep up with	(d) keep on	38.	I — Chattogran		1
26.	'To get along with	' means— ধিদপ্তরের লাইব্রেরিয়ান , এলডিএ কাম স্টোরকিপার ,			প্রণা./বিভাগ/ অধি. ব্যক্তিগত কর্মকর্তা (সাধারণ) ১	२०३४।
		টারকিপার , কেয়ারটেকার , ক্রাফট ইঙ্গট্রাক্টর ২০২১]		<ul><li>a set away</li><li>set down</li></ul>	<ul><li>b set up</li><li>d set off</li></ul>	0
	a to adjust	<b>b</b> to accompany	39	_	b 'break into' means —	•
	© to interest	d to walk		a stop suddenly		
27.		her grandmother. Fill in the		© enter by force	<del>-</del>	Θ
	blank with—	_ ভেওয়াইফারি অধিদপ্তরের সিনিয়র স্টাফ নার্স ২০২১]	40.	What does the p	hrase 'give in' mean? र्ड जिथ. डिश-मर श्रुटको. ७ फ्वाक्टिमग्राग/ मिल्लि	
	(a) after	(b) to		(a) complete	b surrender	~~JU]
	© about	d according a		© give away	(a) distribute	6
		<u> </u>	 		÷	
	Your Success Benchmark		79			<b>②</b>



42.	A lucrative career is not very easy to come—  Banks and 1 Financial Institutions: SO (General) 2021]  a up b out c in by  Excuses do not work. You should try and cut—it.  [BSC 7 Govt. Banks & 2 Financial Institutions SO-2021]  back  b out  up to d back on  The new king did not take after his father. [Exim		meeting. Unfortunations them all.  a) came in c) came down He has gone —	resting points — at the ately, we didn't have tin চিব বি (বিকাল: সেট-১ (হালদা)) ২০ (a) came up (d) came off many novels of Human চিব ইউনিট ডি (বিকাল: সেট-১) ২০২০ (b) through	ne to
	Bank Ltd. Trainee Officer 2020]  (a) precede (b) follow (c) run after (d) contradict (e) resemble	57.	© by	্ত্ত for rn down' is—[চবি এ (শিফট-৩): ২ ৳ throw away	<b>চ</b> হ০-২১]
44.	I just had to — the orders of my employer. [BSC (5 Govt. Banks) Officer (Cash); Sonali Bank Ltd. Officer [Freedom Fighter] 2019]  (a) carry on (b) carry through (c) carry away (d) carry out (d)		If the rain continue game. Here 'call of a enjoy continue	s, we shall have to call of f' means—. চিবি এ (শিফট-৪): ⓑ watch ⓓ cancel	ff the
45.	I promise to — you in all circumstances.  [BSC Senior Officer (3 Banks) 2018]  (a) stand up to (b) stand with (c) stand off (d) stand by (d)		Please look — the i ঢোবি অধিভূত (a) in (b) on "Dead Ringer" refe	<sup>হ</sup> সরকারি সাত কলেজ ইউনিট বাণিজ্য ২০ © <mark>out</mark> @ into	0
46.	Choose the right meaning: Take off  [BSC Senior Officer (IT/ICT) 2018]  (a) Stop sleeping (b) Leave the world (c) Leave the ground (d) Stop driving		<ul><li>A duplicate</li><li>Outstanding</li><li>Kalam found it ha</li></ul>	<ul><li>The hottest day</li><li>Don't rely on it</li><li>get up from bed</li></ul>	<b>a</b> fter
47.	We should — for a rainy day.  [Sonali Bank Ltd. Senior Officer 2018]  a put down  b put into	62.	<ul><li> sent out</li><li> went off</li></ul>	at six a.m. াঢাবি ইউনিট ক ২০ ⓑ th <mark>rew ou</mark> t ⓓ t <mark>ook out</mark> ning out. Here 'running	Θ
48.	© put something by @ put things off  She — a brief appearance at the end of party.  [Standard Bank Ltd. Trainee Assistant Officer (TAO) 2018]  @ put on	/ .	means— a ignore fall into	্রিরাবি ইউনিট বি (অবাণিজ্য) ২০ (b) falling down (d) becoming exhausted	
49.	© put across @ put up  I cannot put — with his insolence.  IGST গুচ্ছভুক্ত বিশ্ব. ইউনিট বি (মানবিক) ২০২০-২১/	63.	rather than food.  a cut up	<mark>ion</mark> ey, it is wise to — clot <i>চিৰি ইউনিট ডি ২০</i> ⓑ cut out	_
50.	(a) out (b) up (c) in (d) through  I ran — Nehal at the store.  (GST গুচছভুক্ত বিশ্ব, ইউনিট বি (মানবিক) ২০২০-২১) (a) into (b) in (c) at (d) with	64.	If the gala party	@ cut down on y is scheduled to go means tomorrow the pa ্যুৰি ইউনিট বি (সেট-বি) ২০	rty –
51.	I had to run to — the rickshaw.  [GST গুচ্ছভুক্ত বিশ্ব. ইউনিট বি (মানবিক) ২০২০-২১]  (a) keep to (b) keep up (c) keep up (d) keep into	65.	<ul><li>ends</li><li>has a break</li><li>During my study ti</li></ul>	<mark>ⓑ takes</mark> p <mark>lac</mark> e ⓓ peaks ime, I came — this beau	<b>o</b> ıtiful
52.	The sudden breeze made the candles —.  [চবি ইউনিট বি, (চাৰু , নাট্যকলা ও সংগীত) ২০২০-২১]  (a) blew out  (b) blow out	66	<ul><li>a past</li><li>o onto</li></ul>	টনিট বি (বিজ্ঞান ও প্রকৌশল অনুষদ) ২০ ⑤ over ⓓ upon age. বিশেমুরবিপ্রবি ইউনিট ডি ২০	<b>0</b>
53.	© blown out @ blow off  John — some interesting points at the last meeting. I was particularly interested in his thoughts on HR. চিবি ইউনিট বি (বিকাল; সেট-১ (হালদা)): ২০-২১/  ® brought off  ⑤ brought on		<ul><li>a died off</li><li>died down</li></ul>	lage. ানং-শুরাবিধাৰ ২ভানচাভ ২০ ⓑ died away ⓓ died out ny delay. ারাবি ২০১৮-২৯; ইউ ⓒ Set up	<b>a</b>
54.	© brought on @ brought up ©  The scholarly professors told the students to turn—.  [চিবি ইউনিট ডি (সকাল) ২০২০-২১]  @ in timely @ up timely	68.	© Set down <b>Take this medicine</b> চিবি ২০১৮-১৯; ইউনিট D (২ @ round	(d) Set on e and you will soon come সকাল)। (b) over	_
	© up in time	80	© down	⊕ off     ↓ idda     ↓ idda     ↓ iversumen	bari benchmark

## **For Your Home Practice**

নিচের শূন্যছানগুলো পূরণ করে বাংলা অর্থসহ বাক্য লিখতে হবে।

## Lecture 10

	Act (	(Upon /	<u> for /</u>	on/	up	to)	
--	-------	---------	---------------	-----	----	-----	--

- 1. I don't want to act ----- him.
- 2. He **acts** ---- his brother in the examination.
- 3. He **acted** ---- her behavior.
- 4. This mobile does not **act**---- my expectation.

#### Bear. (away / off / down / on / with / out)

- 5. Finally we **bore** ----- the game.
- 6. The police **bore** the revolution-----.
- 7. He tried to **bear**----the manner of aristocracy.
- 8. He **bore** ----- his brother's maltreation.
- 9. We **bear** him ----- in the election

#### Blow. (Out / off/ up/ in, into/ away /over)

- 10. The light has been **blown** -----.
- 11. A bad smell is **blowing** -----
- 12. Why are you **blowing** ----- in front of me.
- 13. The robbers **blew** ----- the room.
- 14. The storm **blew** ---the trees.
- 15. The storm will soon **blow** ------

## Break. (off/with/ away/into/down/out/forth/In upon)

- 16. The leader suddenly **break** ----- in the middle or his speech.
- 17. He **broke** ---- his wife.
- 18. The thief **breaks** ----- the room.
- 19. Why are you **breaking----** at the sad news.
- 20. Cholera has been **breaking** -----all over the country.
- 21. Suddenly the thief **breaks** ----- his pistol.
- 22. Why are you **breaking** ---- the meeting without any permission.

## Bring. (forth /on/about/ out/ round/ down / up/ to light/ in)

- 23. The mother **brings** ----- a new baby.
- 24. It **brings** ----- a new change in the history...
- 25. I can't **bring** ----- your idea.
- 26. The patient has **brought** ----- after months.
- 27. The price of rice will **bring** ----- soon.
- 28. The child was not **brought-----** by its parents.
- 29. The man **brought** the truth -----.
- 30. The legislator will **bring** ---- a new bill.

#### Burst. (out/ into/ forth/ upon)

- 31. The woman **bursts** ----- tears.
- 32. The man **bursts**----laughter.
- 33. Suddenly a tiger **bursts** ------from the forest.
- 34. Finally the truth **bursts** -----his mouth.

#### Call.(forth / on/ upon/at/off/in/to/over/up/for)

- 35. The soldiers heroism **called ---** the admiration of all.
- 36. I called ----- him ---- New Market.
- 37. Finally the opposition party **called** ---- the strike.
- 38. Please **call** --- a doctor for him. Please **call** ---- Karim loudly for this purpose.
- 39. The teacher **called** ---- the roll of the students.
- 40. For next audition just **call** her -----
- 41. She **called** ----- some money.

#### Cast. (aside/ away/off/out/about for/ down/up)

- 42. Finally he **cast-----** long habit of smoking.
- 43. The man is casting ---- a new opportunity to harass him.
- 44. Finally she **cast** the list of shopping -----.
- 45. After casting ----- all voters, she was declared defeated.

#### Carry. (out/ about/ on/ up/ off/ away)

- 46. I carry ---- him as my brother.
- 47. He **carries** ----- a costly mobile phone.
- 48. You need to **carry-----** your speech?
- 49. Do you want to **carry** ----my present position.
- 50. Cholera carried ----- hundreds of People in the past.

#### Come.(down/ up with/ across/ down upon/ by/ of)

- 51. The price of rice is **coming** -----
- 52. She always tries to **come**----- her colleagues
- 53. I **come** ----- him after a long time.
- 54. Don't **come** ---- the poor.
- 55. Jobs are very difficult to **come** ------.
- 56. She comes --- a rich family.

#### Cry. (down/ off/ to/ up)

- 57. Do not **cry** ----- your best friend.
- 58. Why are you **crying** --- your this job?
- 59. The man **cries** ----- God.
- 60. You should not **cry** ----- your customer.

Benchmark





#### Cut. (in/ down/ off/ out/ up)

- 61. Why are you **cutting** ---- while I am delivering my speech.
- 62. You should **cut**---- your expense.
- 63. He **cuts** the tree -----
- 64. The man always tries to **cut** me -----
- 65. Zuli always uses harsh word and that **cuts---**---Tamim.

#### Do. (up/for/on/away with)

- 66. She likes to **do** ----- her room.
- 67. Your advice will not **do** ----me.
- 68. He does --- a shirt.
- 69. The United Nations has **done** --- all supports to Myanmar.

#### Drop. (away/ off/out/in)

- 70. A true friend can not **drop** --- in the need of his friend.
- 71. After taking sleeping pill, she **dropped-----**
- 72. Many students are **dropping** ----- in this syllabus.
- 73. I **drop** ---- him on the way.

#### Draw. (to/ back/ away/ aside/ out/ on/ up)

- 74. I **draw**----- the scenery in the first sight.
- 75. The result of examination is **drawing-----**
- 76. He **draws** his mind ———from me.
- 77. Please **draw** the line -----until I stopped you.
- 78. The date of examination is **drawing** ------.
- 79. She is **drawing** ---- her room.

## Fall. (back upon/ away/ off/ in with/ on/ through.)

- 80. Being failed there, I fall ----- a new way.
- 81. Gradually the girl **falls** ----- from the **friends**.
- 82. I could not **fall**----- him at hospital.
- 83. The crazy woman suddenly fall----- the thief.
- 84. Mr. Gary **falls**-----his new business.

## Get. (into/ off/ over/ about /abroad/ through/ along with/ in/ up)

- 85. She **gets** ----- the bus.
- 86. The man **gets** ----- his crisis.
- 87. The ill news is **getting**-----all over the country.
- 88. Finally the boy **got** ----- his last exam.
- 89. The man always tries to **get----** his colleagues.
- 90. I **got** there -----.
- 91. She **gets** ----- at 5.am

#### Give. (Over/ away/ off/ forth/ up/ in)

- 92. He gave ----- the charge to his manager.
- 93. The man **gave** ----- his daughter in marriage.
- 94. This flower **gives** ----- a nice fragrance.
- 95. He gives ----- smoking.
- 96. Why are you giving ----- him, while he is misbehaving with you?

## Go. (back upon (from)/ aside/ down/ by/ over/ forth/ after/ at/ round).

- 97. The man can not **go** ---- his word.
- 98. Why are you **going -----** the path of truth.
- 99. The price of all commodities is not going ----.
- 100. I will try to go ----- your advice.
- 101. He is **going ----- the machine**.
- 102. A negative word always goes ---- to all.
- 103. Why are you **going** ----- her?
- 104. Suddenly the angry man went ---- his friend.
- 105. Finally the patient went ---- .

### Vocabulary section: Group Verb-2

#### Hand. (down/in/on/over)

- 106. This legend has been handed ----- from the past.
- 107. The man has **handed** ----- his resignation letter
- 108. Read the book and hand ----it to me.
- 109. Mr. Zoe has **handed** ----- the charge.

## Hang: (about/ around/ down/ on/ upon/ over/ for)

- 110. The boy always hangs ---- here and there.
- 111. His rough behavior always hangs me ----- with shame.
- 112. You can hang ---- my word.
- 113. **Hang** ---- my word first and then answer my question.
- 114. They **hung** ---- their journey suddenly.
- 115. The man was hanged -----murder.

## Hold. (up/ in/ over/ back)

- 116. Mr. Arefin likes to hold him -----.
- 117. Though Mr. Bush tried to **hold** -----The Taliban and Osama but failed.
- 118. Why do you **hold** ----- your journey.?
- 119. You should not **hold** ---- anything from me

## Keep. (up with/ in with/ away/ off/ down)

- 120. The man **keeps** ---- his Collegues.
- 121. The man always **kept** ---- his son and the reason why his son became a terrorist.
- 122. You should **keep** medicine ---- from children.
- 123. You should **keep** ---- your anger before your father.

**Lecture Sheet** 

## 157. **Pull** the fridge ----- left corner of the room.

#### 124. **Lay** ----- something for your old age. 158. Please **pull** --- your shoes before entering the room.

- <u>Lay. (by/ out/ aside/ off/ down/ with/ up with)</u> 124. <u>Lay -----</u> something for your old age.
- 125. The man is **laying** ---- his all properties for future.
- 126. Lay Your dog ----- before coming here.
- 127. Mr. Gias **laid** him ----his institution though the man begged pardon to him.
- 128. At last the man **laid----** all of his expectation.
- 129. Lay the floor ---- carpet.
- 130. The woman **laid** ---- fever.

#### Look. (out/ over/ up/ about for/ for/ down upon)

- 131. **Look** ----! there is a snake.
- 132. You need not **look** ---- him. He is an honest man.
- 133. **Look** --- the word in the dictionary.
- 134. I am **looking** ---- a new job.
- 135. Don't **look** ----- the poor.

## Make. (away with/ out/ of/ from/ over/ after/ for/ off/ up for)

- 136. The man has **made** ---- his whole life in vain.
- 137. I make --- your problem.
- 138. The table is **made** ---- wood.
- 139. The paper is **made** ----- bamboo.
- 140. He **made** ----- the charge.
- 141. At that time he was **making** ---- the thief.
- 142. This ship is **made** ----- London .
- 143. A true friend can not make ---- his friend.
- 144. I am trying to **make** ---- my problem.

#### Pass. (away/ off/ over/ by/ through/ on)

- 145. The patient **passed** ----- at night.
- 146. The marriage ceremony has been **passed** --- .
- 147. Someone always tries to **pass** ---- their juniors.
- 148. I **passed** ----- a great experience.
- 149. The hilsha of Padma is **passing -----** Meghna

## Pick. (at/ out/ up/ up with)

- 150. Some one always tries to pick ---- others foult.
- 151. You have to **pick** ---- him among the people.
- 152. The man has **picked** ----- many costly stones.
- 153. I **pick** ----- him at new market.

#### Pull. (apart/ at/ through/ off/ down)

- 154. Failing to convince me, Mr. Azad started **pulling** me----.
- 155. I have been **pulled** ----- all of my problems by the grace of Allah.

159. You have to **pull** ----- your old building.

## Put. (across/ down/ off/ on/ forward/ up with/ by/ up)

- co. The state of t
- 160. He could not **put** ----- his ideas to his boss.
- 161. He **puts** ----- a letter.
- 162. You have to **put** --- the bill to the committee.
- 163. I can not **put** ----- your misbehave.
- 164. **Put** ----- some money for your future crisis.
- 165. Mr. Rob **put** -- our national flag on 2<sup>nd</sup> march 1971.

## Run. ( up to/ over/ upon/ across/ away (with)/after/ up)

- 166. My telephone bill **runs** ----- a large sum.
- 167. An old man **runs** ----- by a bus.
- 168. A bus **runs** ---- a train.
- 169. I **run** ----- him on the way.
- 170. The thief **run** ----- some money.
- 171. I **run** ----- the thief.
- 172. Being deceived, he ran ---- his business.

## Set. (aside/ apart/ forth/ out/ up/ on/ upon/ off/ aback/ in/to)

- 173. The High Count **set** --- the judgment of the lower count.
- 174. He is ready to **set** ----- his next journey.
- 175. **Set** ----- your mind to study.
- 176. He **sets** his dog --- the thief.
- 177. He sets ----- a new business again.

#### Stand. (by/ for/ against/ aside/ to)

- 178. He **stood** ----- me when I was ill.
- 179. The old man **stands** ----- an honest man.
- 180. Why are you **standing** ----- your brother.
- 181. Why did you **stand** ----- from the contest.
- 182. The man always **stands** ----- the his boss.

#### Take. (down/ for/ over/ up with/ to/ after/ about/ in)

- 183. **Take** the letter -----.
- 184. I **took** him ----- my brother.
- 185. After joining the office, he takes ---- the charge.
- 186. The boy always **takes** ----- his study.
- 187. Some bad boys **take** ----- wine.
- 188. The child **takes** ----- its mother.
- 189. He **takes** ----- the boy's misbehavior.
- 190. I was **taken** ----- his flattery word.





- 191. Over exercise **tells** ----- one's health.
- 192. One should not **tells** ----- the poor.
- 193. The commentators are **telling** ---- the match.
- 194. Why are you **telling** ----- me.

#### Turn. (up/against/into/down/aside/in/out/on/off)

- 195. He could not **turn** ----- there in time.
- 196. The boy is **turning**----- his family members.
- 197. The care taker government wants to turn ----- the system of past.
- 198. Mr. Bush **turns** ----- the demand of the world.
- 199. The boy is **turning** ---- from the path of truth.
- 200. He **turns** ---- an unknown house.
- 201. The Principal **turns** the boy -----
- 202. He **turned** ----- his business.

#### Work. (off/ in/ out/ up/ on)

- 203. Unless you **work** --- your excess fat, you will fall ill soon.
- 204. The leader **works** ----- his proposal at parliament.
- 205. The sum has been **worked** -----.
- 206. He is **working** ----- me by telling this type of negative attitude.
- 207. He is **working**----- his business.

#### Write. (off/ down/ out/ up/ back)

- 208. The man has finally written ----- all the debts of his neighbor.
- 209. Write ----- your name.
- 210. Write -----the application completely.
- 211. You have to write ---- your speech.
- 212. I will try to write you -----soon

## **For Your Home Practice**

1.	We round —	the m	neal w	ith s	weets.		
					। চলাচল <mark> কর্তৃ</mark>	পক (CAA	B)-এর
		উপ-সহৰ	কারী প্রকে	নশলী (ই	(এম) ও হিস	াব সহকারী	২০২১]
	a off b	out	© up	)	@ down	L	0
2.	He could be	easily	arre	sted	because	the p	olice
	were tipped	off in	adva	nce.	Here '	tipped	off'
	means—			[BSEC	্র-এর সহকারী	পরিচালক	२०२১]
	Toppled ov	er	® Re	ward	led		
	© Threatened						
	Given adva	nce in	forma	tion			0
3.	The speaker				d I coul	dn't ta	ke_
٥.	- what he me		ot cica	ai aii	d I coul	un t ta	IKC
			রেগুলেট	রি অথরি	টি অ্যাসিসটে	ট ডিরেক্টর	२०२३।
		for	© in	7/	@ into		160
4.	To <u>lay up</u>				্ বাংলাদেশ বে	কমিক্যাল ই	ভাস্টিজ
	_ 5	কর্তে	র্ণারে <b>শ</b> নের	সহকারী	প্রকৌশলী (		
	To be confi	ned to	bed				
	b Live peacef	fully					
	© To tolerate	•					
	To be coope	erative	,				a
5.	The plane co			heca	use of	dense	foσ
٥.	The plane c				म्थान प्रान्तवाना		_

জরিপ অধিদপ্তরের উপসহকারী পরিচালক (ড্রিলিং প্রকৌশল) ২০২১]

**(b)** take off

d move

5.	First imp	pressions	are impo	<mark>rt</mark> ant becau	ise / how
	you — in	itially car	n be <mark>as im</mark>	<mark>p</mark> ortant as	what you
	say.		[2	তিরক্ষা মন্ত্রণালয়ের :	প্রধান প্রশাসনিক
			কর্মকর্তার ক	ার্যালয়ের সহকারী প	রিচালক ২০১৯]
	a come b	y	6 come	back	
	© come o	ut	@ come	across	0
7.	The old r	nan was '	very weal	k. His healtl	n broke –
	– under t	he pressi	ure of wol	k.	
		[১৫তম শিক্ষ	ক নিবন্ধন ও প্রত	্যয়ন পরীক্ষা (স্কুল প	ৰ্যায়-২) ২০১৯)
	a down	<b>6</b> upon	© throug	gh @ away	<b>a</b>
3.	Safina w	or <mark>e a be</mark> at	utif <mark>ul</mark> n <mark>ec</mark> l	kl <mark>ac</mark> e made	—silver.
	[পরিবার পরিক	রন <mark>া অ</mark> ধি. পরিবা	র কল্যাণ পরিদর্ণি	ৰ্ণকা ২০১৮]	
0 0	<ul><li>a by</li><li>The police</li></ul>	6 with	© of	@ off	Θ
). $^{\circ}$	The polic	e is looki	ing — the	case.	
		[C	Combined 8 B	ank: Officer (Ge	eneral)-2022]
	a after	<b>b</b> up	© into	d on	Θ
10.	At first I	found le	arning E	nglish very	easy, but
	now I do	n't think	I'm — a	any progres	s at all.
		[BS	C 5 Govt. B	anks Officer (C	Cash) 2021]
	a doing		6 makii	ng	

@ getting

**(b)** look after

d look upon

[Janata Bank Ltd. Senior Officer (Textile Eng.) 2020]

a start

© take up

© showing

a look at

© look into

11. There is none to — the orphan.

0

12.	When it was morn	ing they decided	to put at an 2	23.	The students, espe	ecially the brighter o	ones are
	inn.	[Premier Bo	ank Ltd. Trainee			erm papers on Wedne	
	- 5		(General) 2020]		[চবি ই	উনিট বি১ (চারু , নাট্যকলা ও সংগীত	ō) ২০২০-২ <b>১</b> ]
		Put off at			(a) turn in	6 turn on	
	© Put at		•		© turn up	d bear with	<b>a</b>
13.	Children must be —					the traffic signs thro	ough the
		(6 Govt. Banks) Senie			torrential rainfall.		
	(a) brought up	brought about	_		`	3 মানববিদ্যা) সকাল; [সেট-২; সাঙ্গু-	२) २०२०-२১)
1.4	© brought for	@ brought as	<b>a</b>		a make up	ⓑ make out	
14.	I am exactly like r	•			© make at	@ make for	•
	her.[BSC (6 Govt. Ban	ks) Senior Officer 20.	<sup>19]</sup> 2			ed — by the overw	_
	<ul><li>a taken to</li><li>taken over</li></ul>	(d) taken after			•	neighbors. চিবি ইউনিট ডি	(সকাল; সেট-
15	Do not look — on	_	0		١) ২০২০-২১]	O talvan haals	
13.		women. Pubali Bank Ltd. Junio	or Officer 20191		(a) taking aback	ⓑ taken back	
	(a) right (b) left	© up @ dov	ım 🐧		© taken aback	@ taking back	•
16.	His friend — his w		-   2	26.	'Hand around' me		
		[BB Officer 2018]			a to log bobind	চিব ইউনিট ডি (সকাল; সেট-: ⓑ to go forward	) २०२०-२३)
	a went back on	<b>b</b> went away from	om		<ul><li>a to lag behind</li><li>to loiter</li></ul>	•	•
	© went with	@ went in	<b>a</b>			@ to keep aloof	9
17.	Organizing some	extra-curricula a	activities has 2		•	ve had a bad day,	
	occupied a lot of m	-	BSC Senior		·	and get on with your	
	Officer (3 Banks) 2018]				• • •	ourself together' mea সকাল; সেট-১ (কর্ণফুলী-১) ২০২০-	
	(a) taken in	ⓑ taken up			(a) to calm down and		رد)
	© taken over	d taken after	0		<b>b</b> to take preparation	·	
18.	This evidence —		•		© to hire friends for		
	(S) (a) ties in	Sonali Bank Ltd. Seni	or Officer 2018]		(a) to stay away from	• •	A
	© gives in	@ goes down	<b>a</b> 2				<b>(2)</b>
10	Do you get — well	· ·	9   2		=	hief is trying to —	on the
17.	• 0	[ঢাবি	ইউনিট ক ২০২০-২১]		current drug prob		ডি ২০১৯-২০]
	(a) by, to	<b>6</b> on, with	_		@ crack down	<b>6</b> crack over	
	© into, with	@ in, to	•		© crack up	@ crack out	<b>a</b>
20.	He finds it hard to			29.	They — an old pho	otograph of the place	•
	class as they are n					[ইবি ইউনিট বি (সেট-এ	ন) ২০১৯-২০]
	the appropriate	-	mplete the		a came up	<b>b</b> came across	
	sentence. [तानि रेडेनिंगे व				© came into	@ came after	6
	(a) fall through	(b) call in		30.	They took no notic	ce of the accident and	l simply
21	© catch up	@ come up	<b>©</b>		walked — . [কুবি ইউনিট	ট সি (বিজনেস স্টাডিজ অনুষদ) ২০:	১৯-২০]
21.	The girl takes — n	nother. চিবি ইউনিট এ (শিফট-২	· (전로 2) 2020 29		a by	6 in	
	<ul><li>a after</li><li>b about</li></ul>	`	a		© across	@ through	<b>a</b>
22.	Instead of 'tolerate		9 3	31.	My son — chicken		
	instead of total att		• শিফট-৪) ২০২০-২১]			[জাককানইবি ইউনিট	এ ২০১৯-২০]
	a bear up	<b>b</b> bear on				<b>b</b> came along with	
	© bear in	d bear with	<b>3</b> . <b>6</b> . <b>6</b>		© came down with	@ came over with	Θ



32.	Even if you do not — what I have to say. I would
	appreciate your listening to me with an open
	mind. বিশেষববিপ্রবি ইউনিট ডি ২০১৯-২০

- @ concur with
- **b** reject
- © clarify
- d hear to
- **a**

33. The cat — a rat.

[রাবি ২০১৮-২৯; ইউনিট B]

- a run down
- **b** run into
- © run at
- d run out
- 34. My mother has been in hospital, I wonder how she —. [ঢাবি 'ক' ইউনিট ২০১৮-১৯]
  - a is getting on
- **b** gets on
- © has got across
- @ is getting away
- **a**
- 35. It took quite a while all our luggage.

[চবি ২০১৮-১৯; ইউনিট D (সকাল)]

- a fall out
- **b** keep out
- © sort out
- d put out



- 1. 'Pass away' means—
  - (a) disappear
- (b) die
- © erase
- d) fall
- 2. The team is eleven players.
  - a made of
- (b) made up of
- © made up
- d) made
- 3. It is too difficult to tolerate bad temper for long. Which of the following phrases is the best replace 'tolerate' in the above sentence?
  - a cope up with
- b put up with
- © stand up for
- d pull on with
- 4. Airport authorities advised passengers to suspicious looking people passing through the international terminal.
  - (a) look for
- (b) look out for
- © look after
- d look at
- 5. The phrasal verb 'break into' means
  - a stop suddenly
- b move very fast
- © enter by force
- d attack violently

- 6. Excuses do not work. You should try and cut
  - it.
  - (a) back
- **b** out
- © up to
- d back on
- 7. The scholarly professors told the students to turn—.
  - (a) in timely
- **b** up timely
- © up in time
- d up to timely
- 8. At first, I found learning English very easy, but now I don't think I'm any progress at all.
  - (a) doing
- (b) making
- © showing
- d getting
- 9. I am exactly like my mother. I think I have her.
  - (a) taken to
- (b) taken off
- © taken over
- d taken after
- 10. 'Hand around' means —.
  - a to lag behind
- nind b to go forward
  - © to loiter
- d to keep aloof

#### **Answer Sheet**

1 B 2 B 3 B 4 B 5 C 6 B 7 B 8 B 9 D 10 C