

A. IMPLEMENTATION DETAILS

1 extend.py

BLAST queries done by NcbiblastpCommandline from Bio.Blast.Applications, saved to XML and parsed by NCBIXML. Full sequences obtained by batch request to Entrez, next written as list of sequences to 'blast_out.fa' file using Bio.SeqIO module. I chose that implementation because of its simplicity (no strange caveats and hacking).

2 scan_pfam.py

Parsing HMMSCAN output is done manually (because of response format that changed recently). csv.writer 'likes' list of list to be dumped as a table, so to achieve it I keep maps seq2domains (seq -> [domain] type), dom2id and seq2id. Everything interesting is done by given lines:

```
1         for seq, dom_list in seq2domains.items():
2             for dom in dom_list:
3                 res[seq2id[seq]][dom2id[dom]] = str(1)
```

3 fisher.py

Really nothing special here, just fisher test implementation and its usage with inputs csvs. I used numpy to easily add up by rows and columns. For 'clean code nad modularity' purpose, I dump results to csv file 'results.csv', with both fisher test implementation results contained (next script creates diagrams)

4 pipeline.py

Script that runs whole pipeline, draws charts and tables, nothing special here.

B. RESULTS

5 Fisher's test implementation benchmark

Let's start with Fisher test implementation. As shown in figure 1, custom, straightforward way leads to results deformed with row of size 1e-15, which is rather negligible.

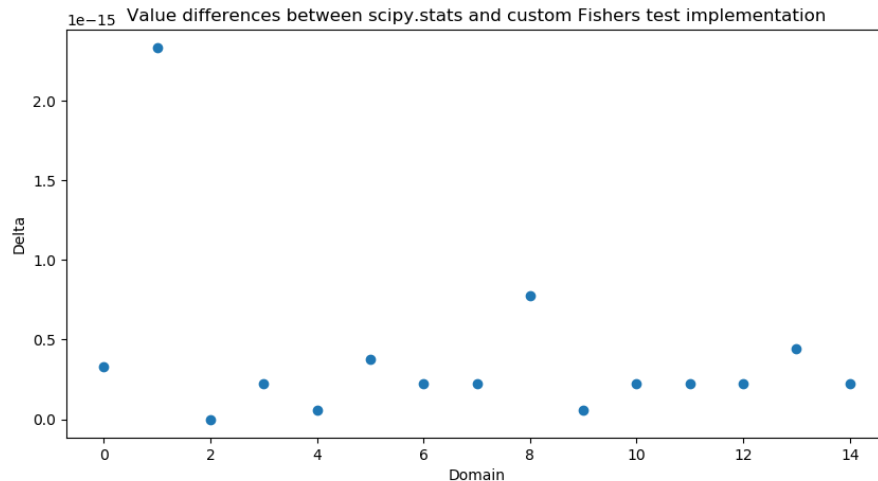


Figure 1: Fisher's deltas

6 Enrichment results

As a ground truth I used results from scipy.stats Fisher's test implementation from obvious reasons. Results of whole experiment clearly indicates enrichment in area of PF00271.31 domain (FT value about $10e-7$, table 1), which represents *Helicase_C* family. There are no reasons to conclude enrichment in case of another examined domains, where results of Fisher's exact test were greater than 0.12 (I consider statistically significant with $\alpha = 0.05$).

What is worth noticing, PF07717 and PF04408 approaches significant boundary with it's same result of 0.17. About PF07717 we can read "This family is found towards the C-terminus of the DEAD-box helicases (PF00270). In these helicases it is apparently always found in association with PF04408" which strongly suggest correlation with *Helicase_C* and PF04408. Another interesting family is PF00270.29 with it's 0.12. It's family of DEAD-/DEAH box helicases, as PF07717 and PF04408, which strengthens significance of whole observation.

Domain	custom Fisher's	scipy.stats Fisher's
PF17191.4	0.27	0.27
PF00176.23	0.82	0.82
PF00271.31	$1.06 \cdot 10^{-7}$	$1.06 \cdot 10^{-7}$
PF03880.15	0.72	0.72
PF02151.19	0.25	0.25
PF00270.29	0.12	0.12
PF08494.11	0.72	0.72
PF13091.6	0.72	0.72
PF04851.15	0.35	0.35
PF12344.8	0.25	0.25
PF18766.1	0.52	0.52
PF07717.16	0.17	0.17
PF04408.23	0.17	0.17
PF17757.1	0.57	0.57
PF13959.6	0.52	0.52

Table 1: Enrichment Results

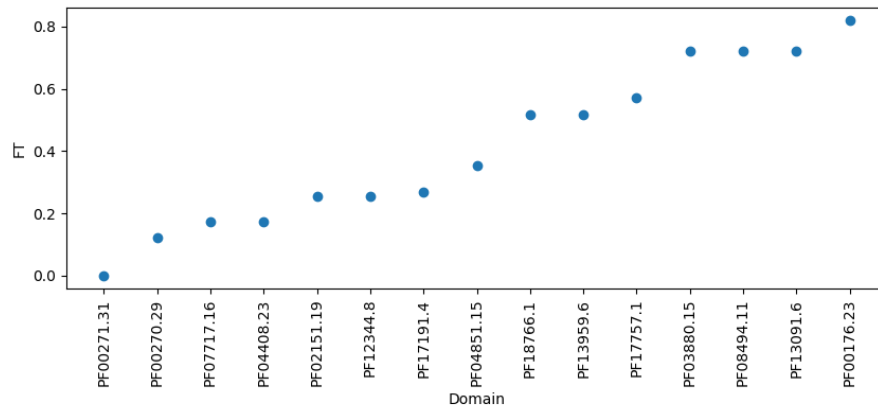


Figure 2: Sorted results of Fisher's test for each domain