climada module **country risk** david.bresch@gmail.com

This module runs all (available) perils for one country. It generates earthquake (EQ), tropical cyclone (TC), torrential rain (TR) and storm surge (TS) hazard event sets, checks for European winter storm (WS) exposure and runs all risk calculations for a given country.

```
country_risk=country_risk_calc(country_name,probabilistic,
    force_recalc,check_plots)
country_risk_report(country_risk,print_unsorted,plot_DFC)
```

Procedure is as follows:

- 1) generate centroids for the country (uses climada_create_GDP_entity)
- 2) figure which hazards affect the country
- 3) create the hazard event sets, using
 - climada_tc_hazard_set (tropical cyclone wind¹)
 - climada tr hazard set (tropical cyclone rain²)
 - climada ts hazard set (tropical cyclone surge³)
 - eq global hazard set (earthquake⁴)
 - European winter storm (hazard not generated, just assigned⁵)
- 4) run the risk calculation for all hazards

In essence, you define the country and the code runs the generation of centroids, default assets (from nightlight intensity, see climada module GDP_entity) and the EQ, TC, TR and TS hazard event sets plus checks for WS Europe exposure. It even figures whether the country is exposed to more than one ocean basin and in such a case generates a suite of TC/TS/TR hazard event sets for each ocean basin. The code is ready for upgrade with additional hazards (usually a new hazard is a new climada module). That's why the code notifies the user if the specific hazard module is missing (even indicates the github location where to get it from).

Simply call e.g. country risk calc('El Salvador'). See code for details.

Behind the scenes, the code centroids_generate_hazard_sets does the heavy lifting, i.e. steps 2) and 3) from above. This way one can generate all relevant hazard sets with one call to centroids_generate_hazard_sets for any set of centroids (e.g. only a part of a country, a region, a city...⁶):

```
centroids_hazard_info=...
  centroids generate hazard sets(centroids, force recalc, check plots)
```

The resulting structure centroids_hazard_info contains the names of the generated hazard sets (or the ones generated earlier if just called to check for step 2) in centroids hazard info.res.hazard(i).hazard set file (the

¹ Core climada contains the basic tropical cyclone hazard, but please add the module https://github.com/davidnbresch/climada_module_tc_hazard_advanced to generate useful probabilistic hazard event sets (see parameter probabilistic in country risk calc)

² See climada module https://github.com/davidnbresch/climada_module_tc_rain

³ See climada module https://github.com/davidnbresch/climada_module_tc_surge which also requires the module https://github.com/davidnbresch/climada_module_etopo

See climada module https://github.com/davidnbresch/climada_module_eq_global

⁵ See climada module for European winter storm, which contains the hazard sets https://github.com/davidnbresch/climada_module_ws_europe

⁶ See e.g. the code climada_cut_out_GDP_entity from https://github.com/davidnbresch/climada module GDP entity

somewhat complicated nested structure is due to the flexibility required by country risk calc).

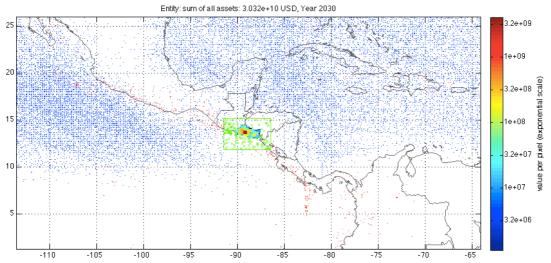


Figure: Step 1 (generate centroids, assets distribution, color scale indicates value per centroid) and step 2 (hazard selection). The green box shows the selection area around the country, the blue dots are all the TC track nodes (historic) and the red dots the epicenters (historic). This figure is generated if check_plot=1 in the call, e.g. country_risk_calc('El Salvador',0,0,1).

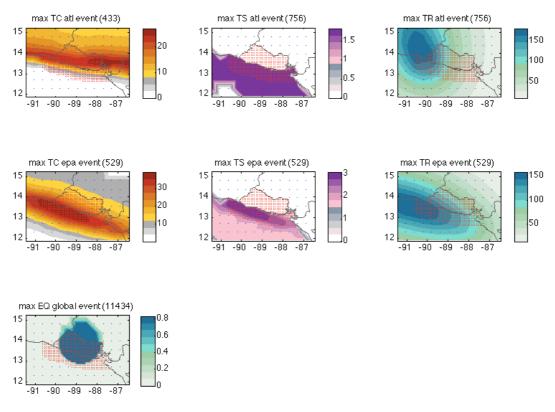


Figure: The most intense single event for all hazard generated for El Salvador (Step 3). Note that El Salvador is both exposed to tropical cyclones from the East and West, that's why there are two hazard events sets for TC/TS/TR, one for the Atlantic side (atl for Atlantic), one for the Pacific side (epa for East Pacific Ocean). The earthquake model is global. Note further the nice feature of hazard (or peril) – dependent color scales; and the coarser resolution of centroids (blue) around the

country (with red dots at high-density centroids) to support plotting hazard intensities around the country, too. This figure is generated if check_plot=1 in the call, e.g. country_risk_calc('El Salvador',0,0,1)

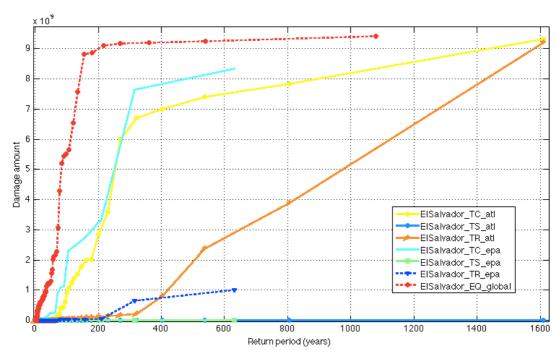


Figure: The resulting damage frequency curves (DFC) for all seven (!) hazards affecting El Salvador. This figure is generated if check_plot=1 in the call, e.g. country risk report(country risk calc('El Salvador',1,1),0,1)

```
If one runs some select countries, country_risk_report comes handy, e.g:
country_risk=country_risk_calc('Barbados')
country_risk(2)=country_risk_calc('El Salvador')
country_risk(3)=country_risk_calc('Costa Rica')
```

And then country_risk_report(country_risk) results in the following output to stdout:

```
Barbados (1)
  TR EL=36572051.496470 (8.481508%oo) Barbados_TR atl
  TC EL=23083330.494007 (5.353308%oo) Barbados TC atl
  TS EL=7531.966739 (0.001747%00)
                                      Barbados TS atl
 EQ EL=0.000000 (0.000000%00)
                                      Barbados EQ global
ElSalvador (2)
  EQ EL=415631535.361110 (17.943889%oo) ElSalvador EQ qlobal
  TR EL=141613002.072040 (6.113800%oo)ElSalvador TR epa
  TC EL=59386249.565168 (2.563858%oo) ElSalvador TC atl
  TC EL=16152772.894979 (0.697357%oo) ElSalvador TC epa
  TR EL=621784.438763 (0.026844%00) ElSalvador TR atl
                                      ElSalvador TS epa
  TS EL=0.000000 (0.000000%00)
                                      ElSalvador TS atl
  TS EL=0.000000 (0.000000%00)
Costa Rica (3)
  EQ EL=523833928.441207 (12.396559%oo) Costa Rica EQ global
  TR EL=1530537.767294 (0.036220%oo)
                                      Costa Rica TR epa
  TC EL=73978.520263 (0.001751%oo)
                                      Costa Rica TC epa
                                      Costa Rica TR atl
  TR EL=5765.009179 (0.000136%oo)
  TS EL=1689.347413 (0.000040%oo)
                                      Costa Rica TS atl
  TC EL=60.830655 (0.000001%00)
                                      Costa Rica TC atl
```

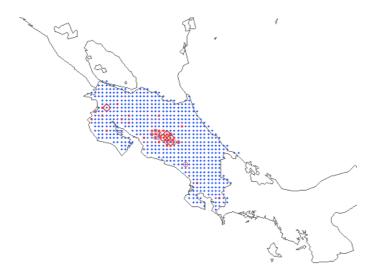


Figure: The local damage for a given peril (here EQ) for one country (here Costa Rica) in spatial resolution (e.g. at each centroid). Produced by the call (following from above resulting structure country risk):

```
country_i=3; hazard_i=7';
climada_circle_plot(...
country_risk(country_i).res.hazard(hazard_i).EDS.ED_at_centroid,...
country_risk(country_i).res.hazard(hazard_i).EDS.assets.Longitude,...
country_risk(country_i).res.hazard(hazard_i).EDS.assets.Latitude)
```

⁷ Note that the number seven here corresponds to the 7th hazard analyzed (EQ). The report to stdout shows EQ as the first result, since country_risk_report sorts by descending damage, unless it is called with the second parameter (print_unsorted) set to 1.