

Macroecología y la dinámica temporal de la biodiversidad a nivel global

Seminario ISCB-RSG Uruguay: Por los barrios más remotos 2

Flo Grattarola | Modelling of Biodiversity Lab, Czech University of Life Sciences Prague



Agenda

*

Mi recorrido: Uruguay > UK > República Checa

Estudios de **cambios temporales**:

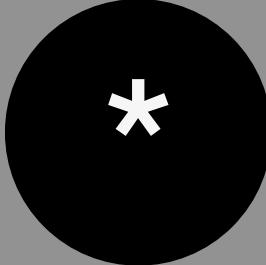
1

en el rango de distribución de mamíferos **carnívoros** en la **región Neotropical**

2

en la diversidad de **aves** a nivel **(casi) global**

Mi recorrido



Paysandú - Uruguay

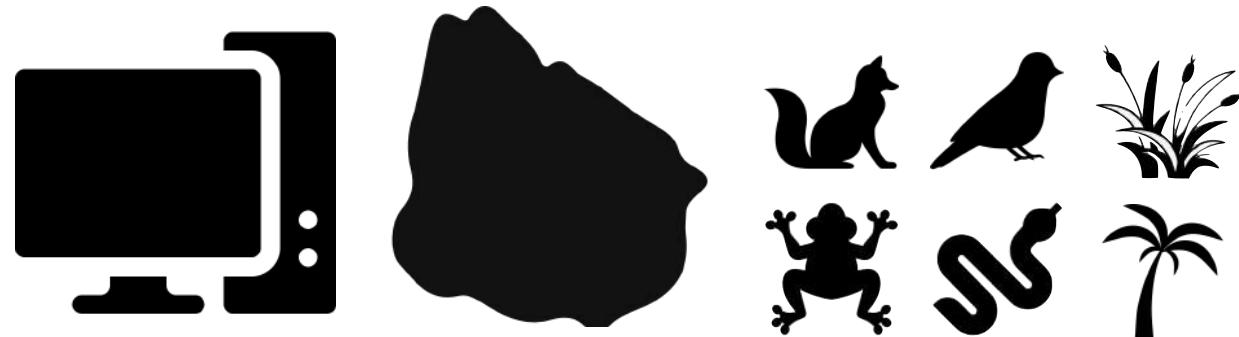
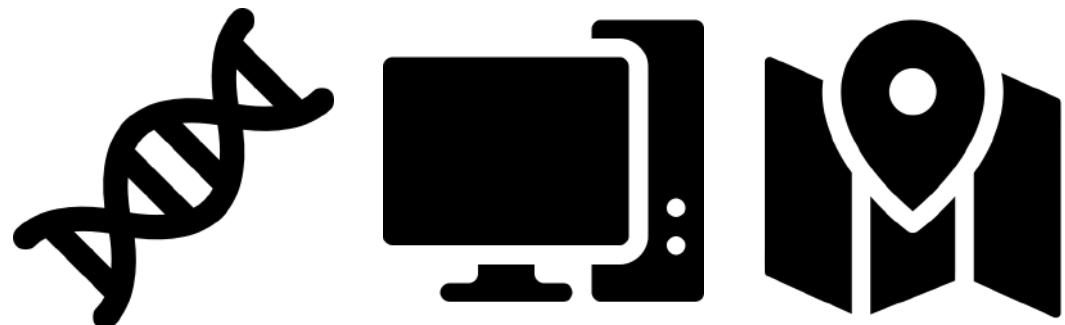


176,215 km² / 3.387 millones

Praga - República Checa



78,871 km² / 10.88 millones



Licenciatura en Biología



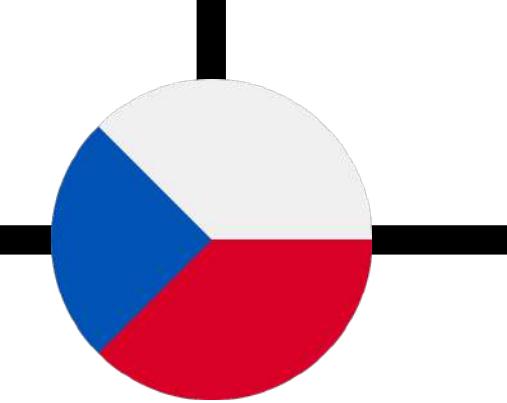
Maestría en Biología



PhD in Life Sciences



Postdoc

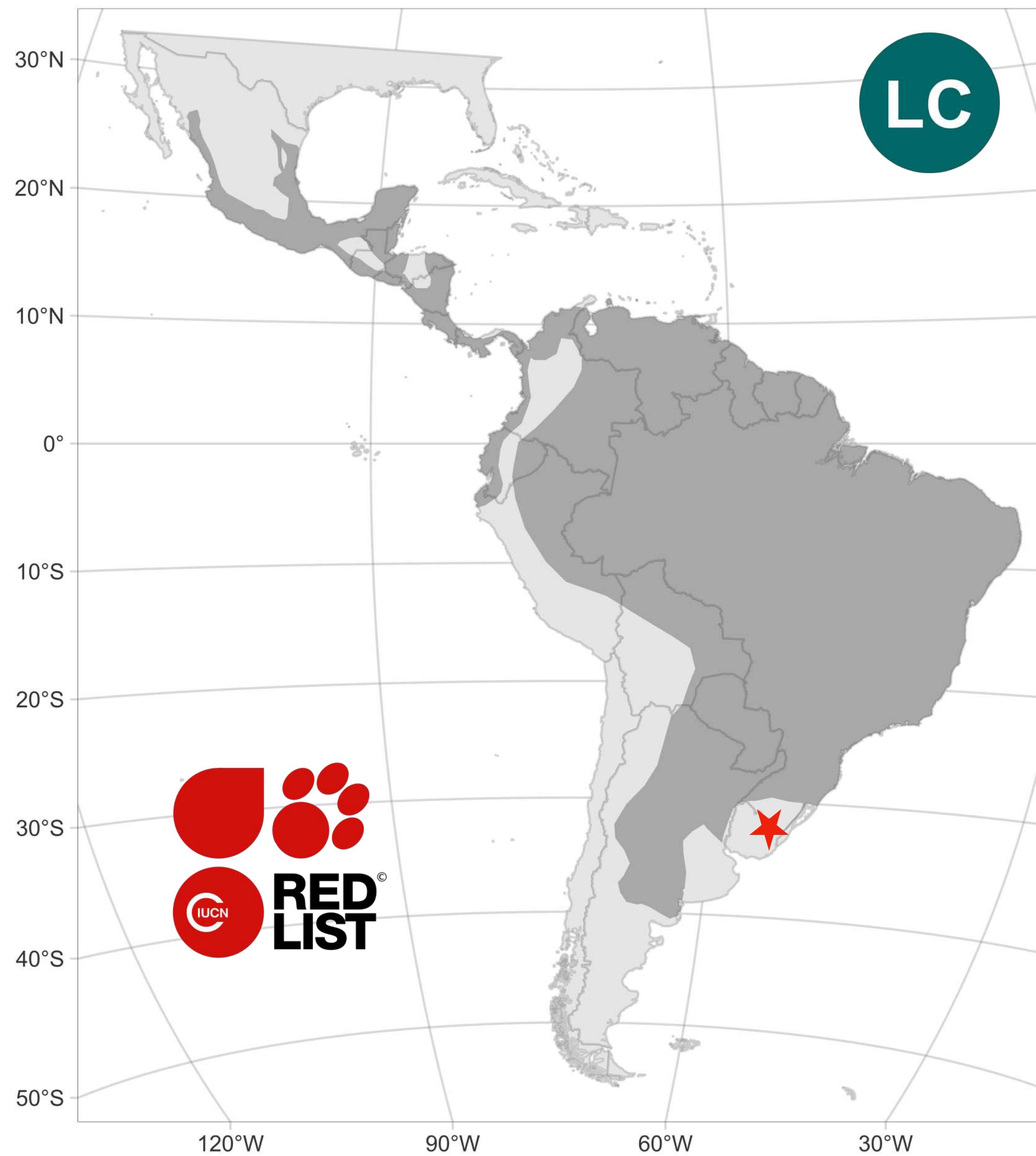


taxa: mamíferos carnívoros

región: Neotropical

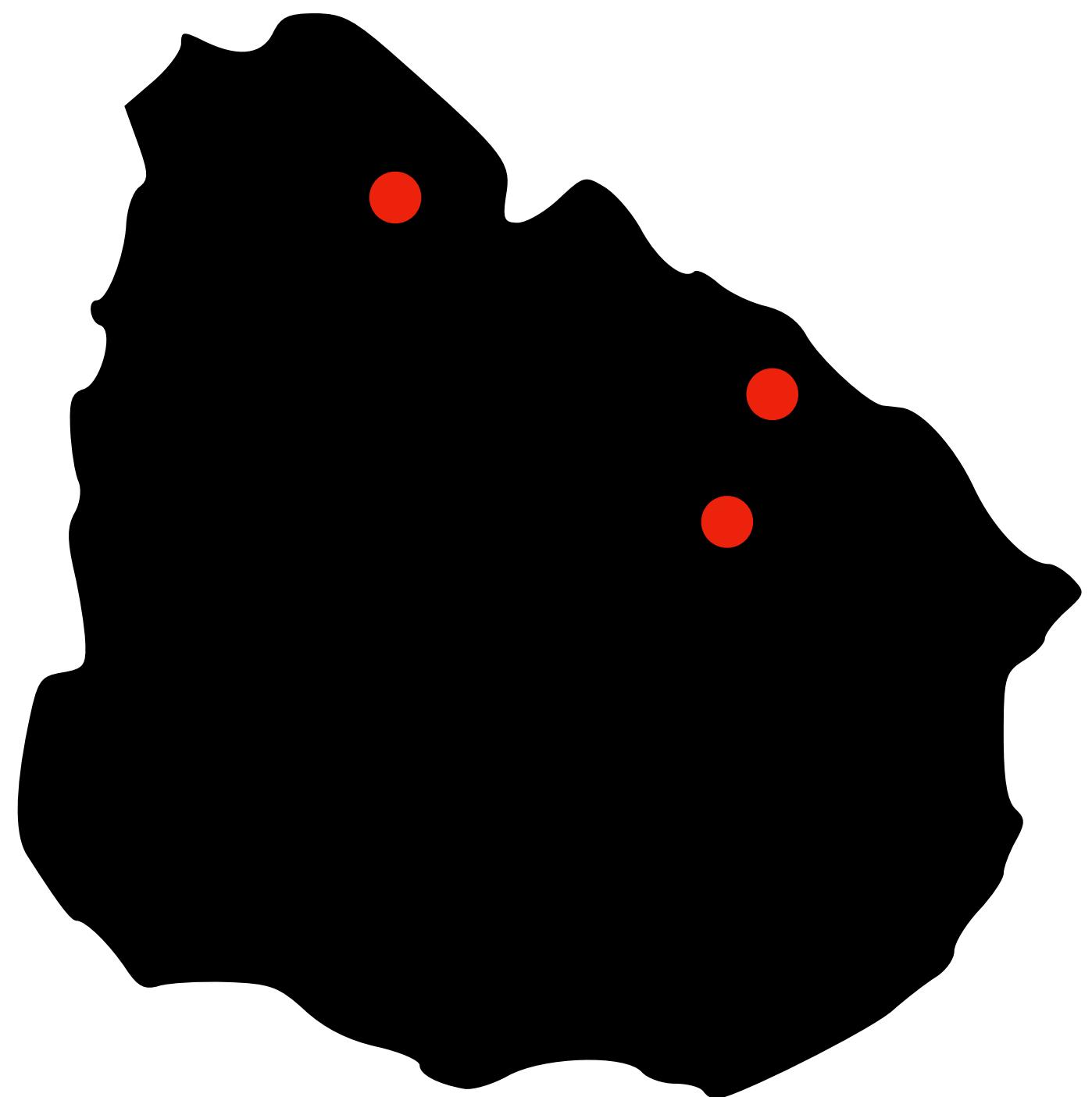
Cambios temporales en el rango de distribución de mamíferos carnívoros en la región Neotropical



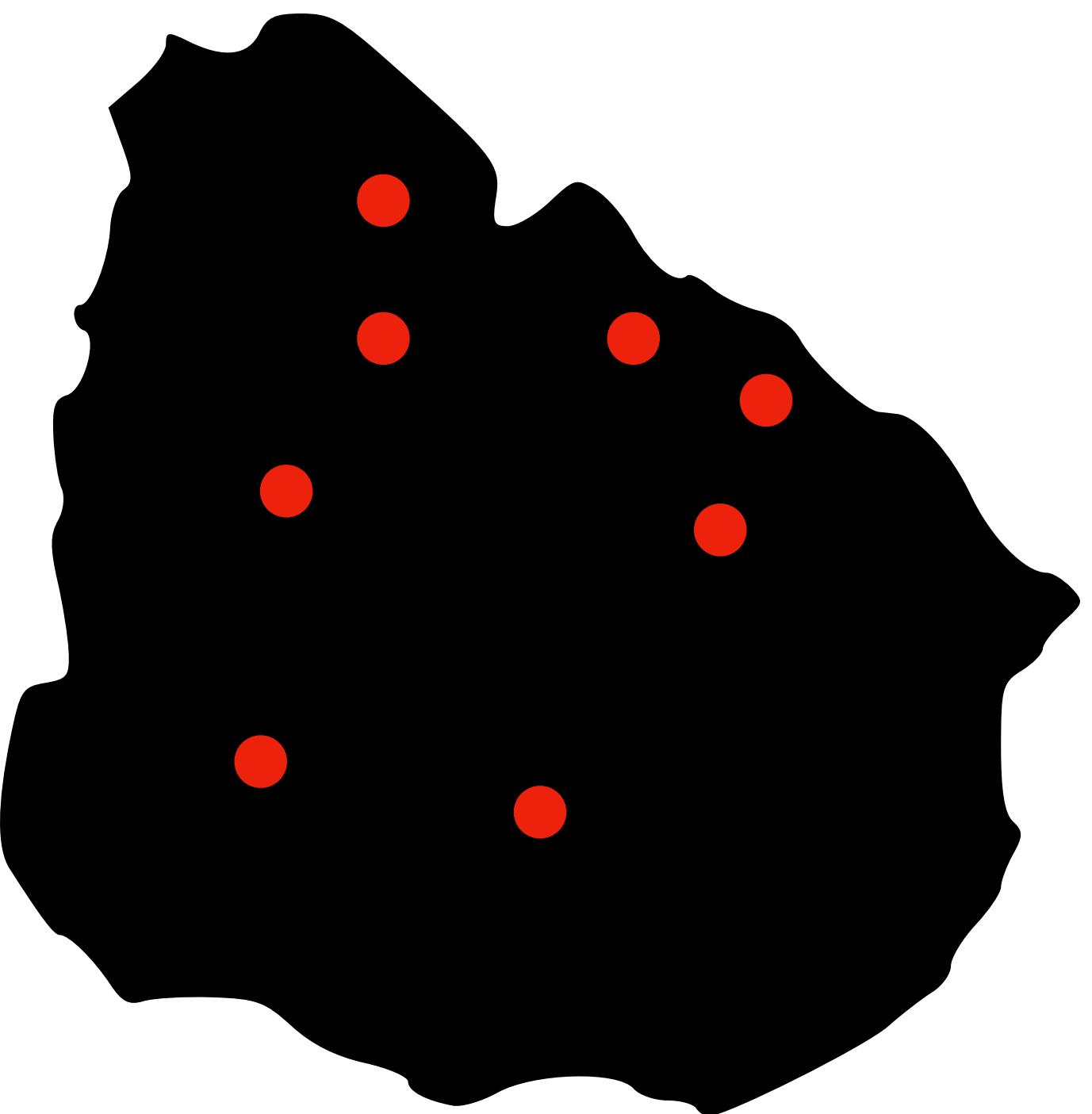


datos de sólo presencia

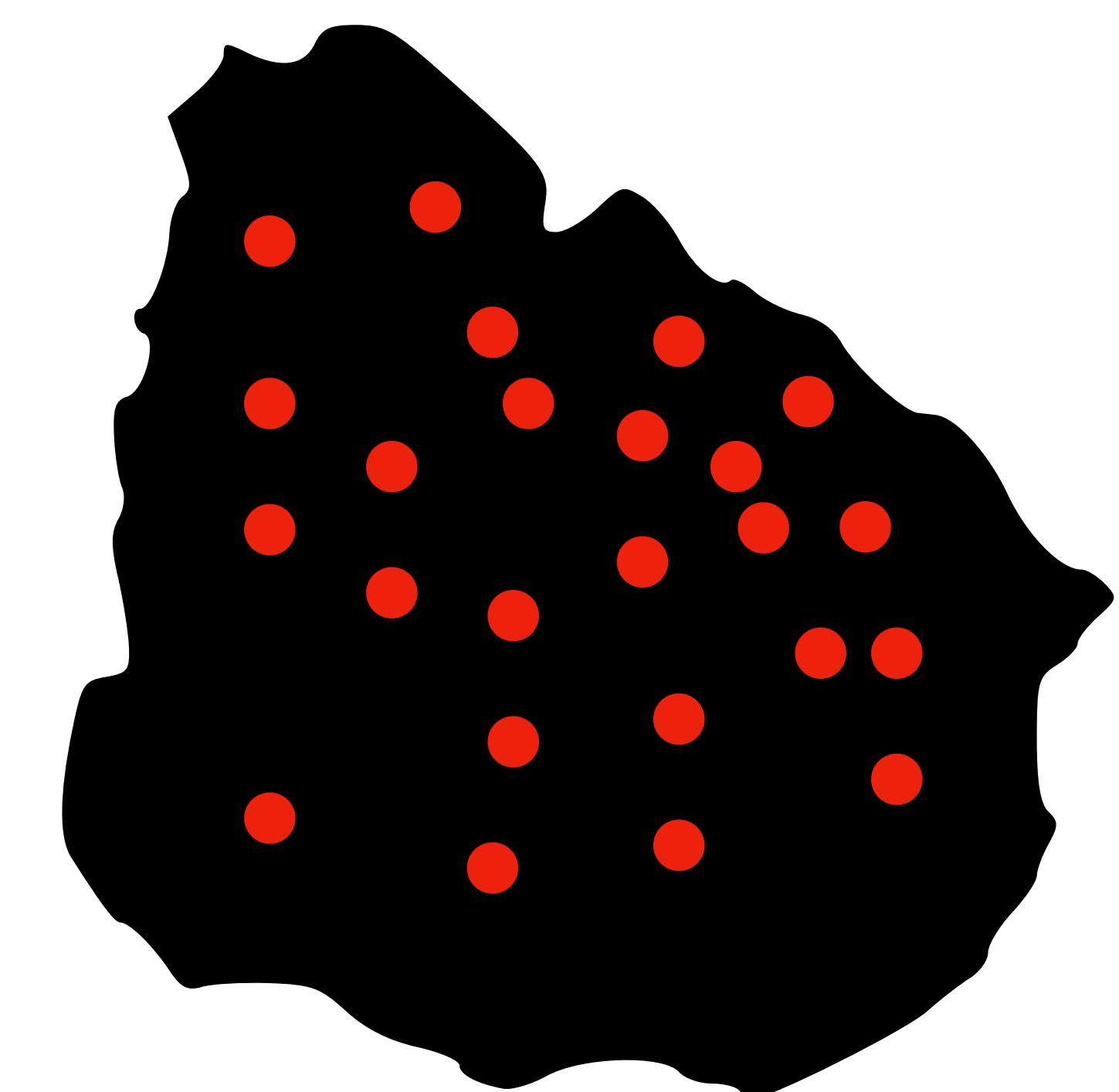
¿Se expandió al sur?



2000



2010

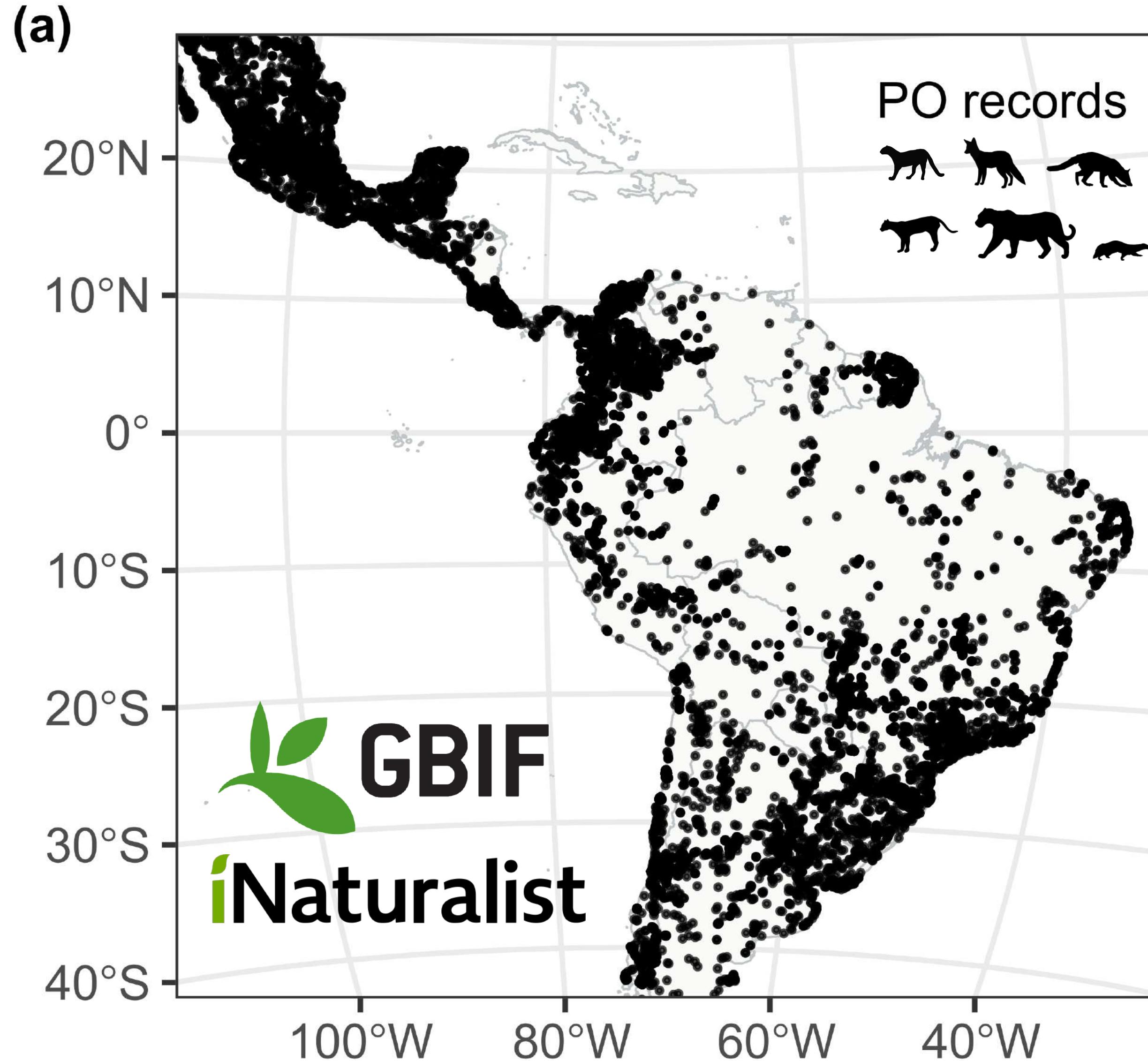


2020

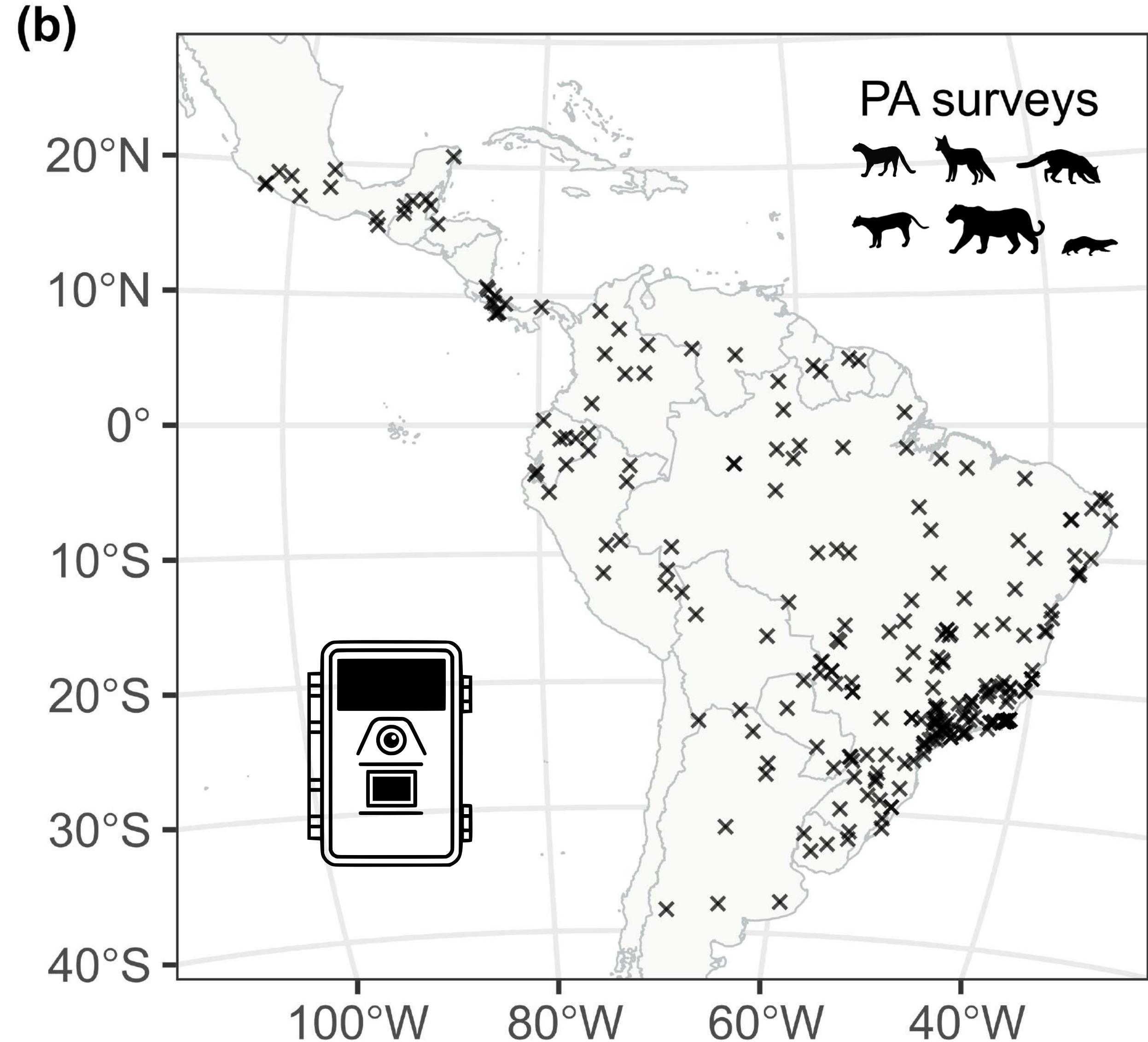
Si no existen datos estandarizados para esta especie a lo largo de su rango geográfico,

¿cómo podemos estudiar cómo cambia su distribución en el tiempo?

datos de sólo presencia

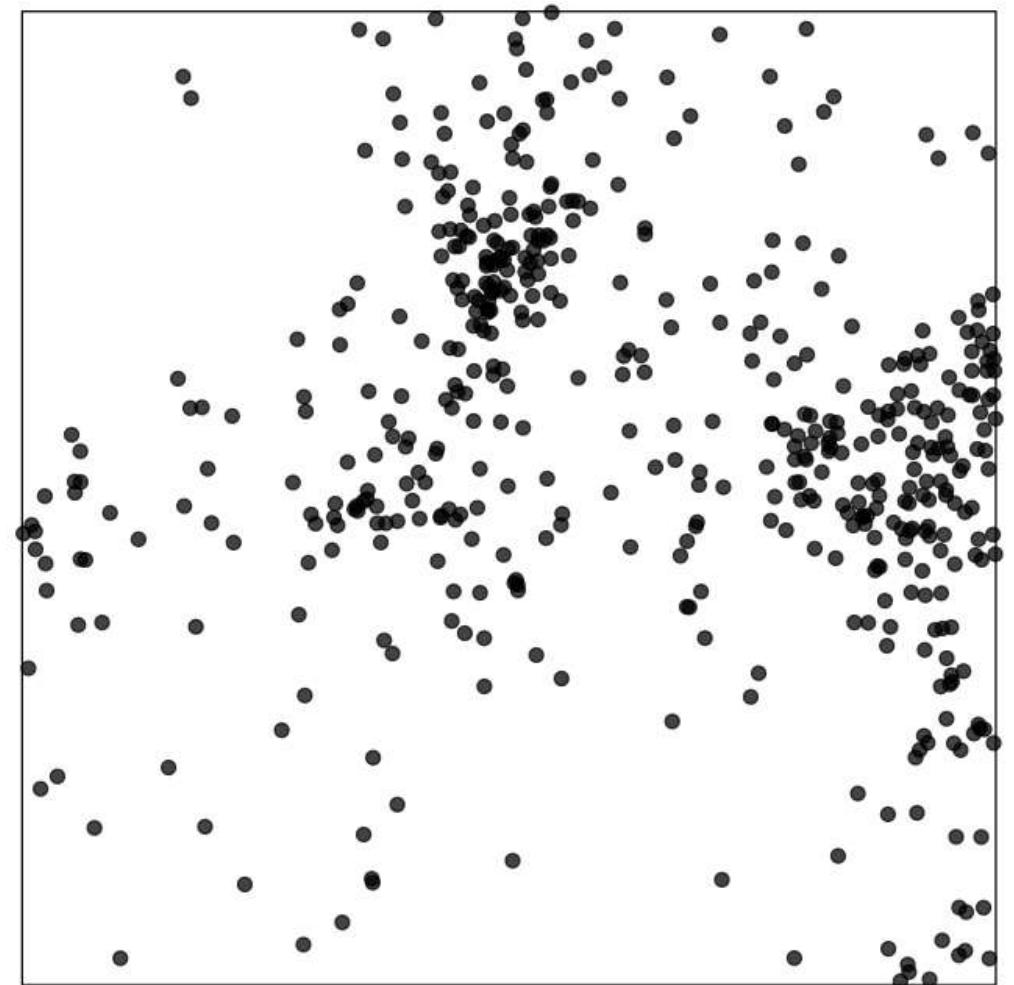


datos de presencia ausencia



Modelo ISDM Bayesiano

localización real de
los individuos



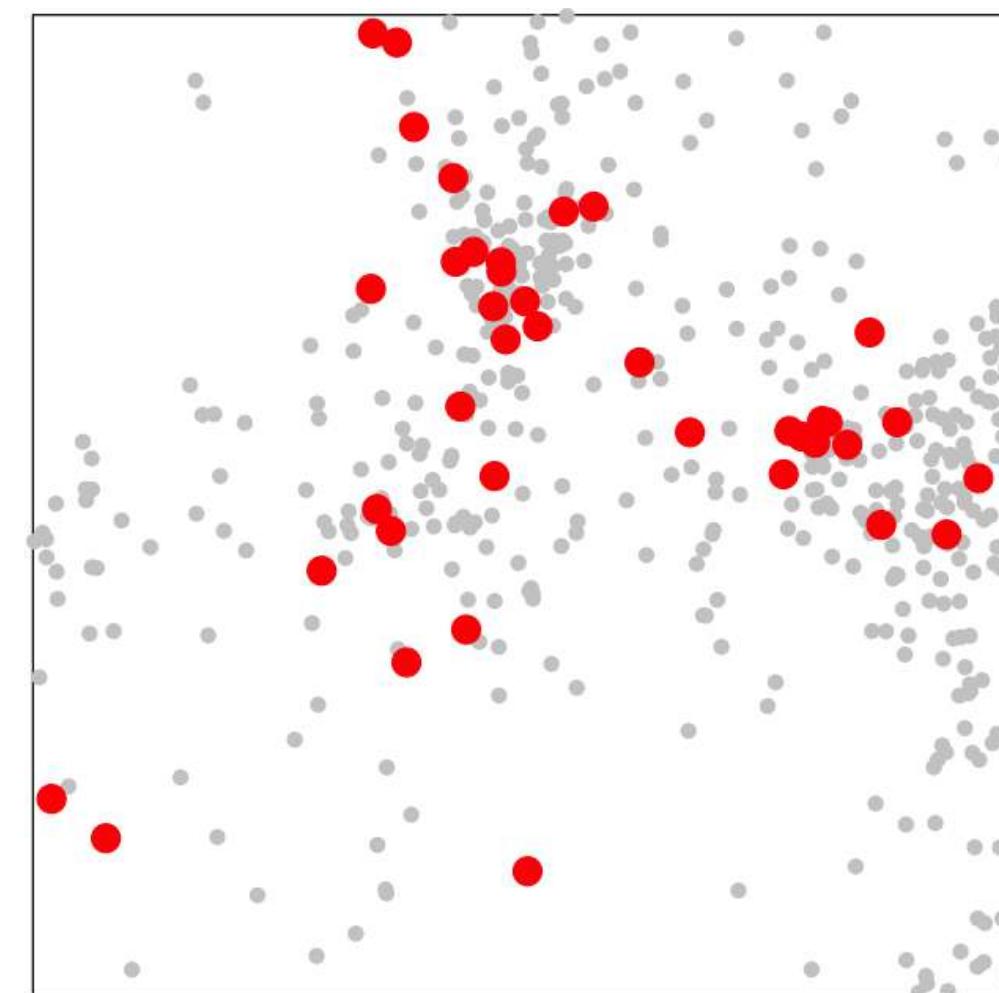
ESTADO LATENTE

thinning espacial

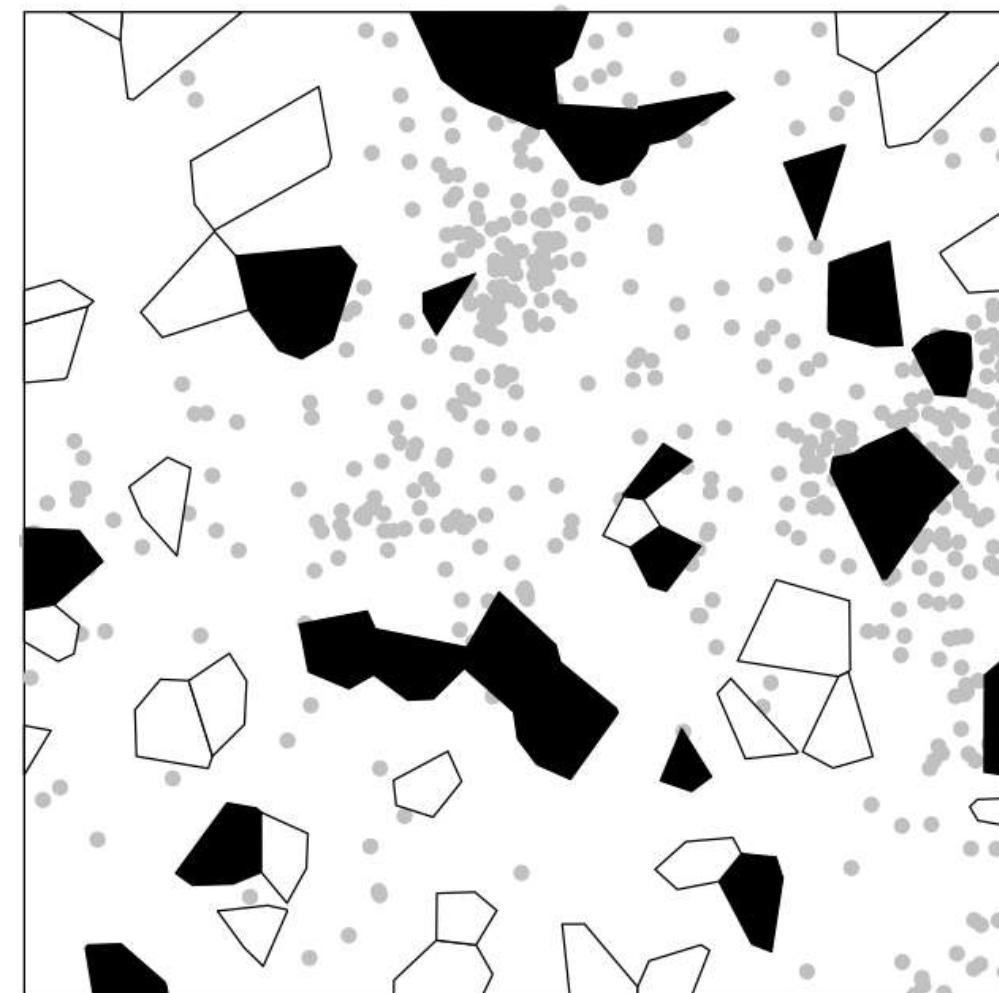
detección imperfecta de especies

PROCESO DE OBSERVACIÓN

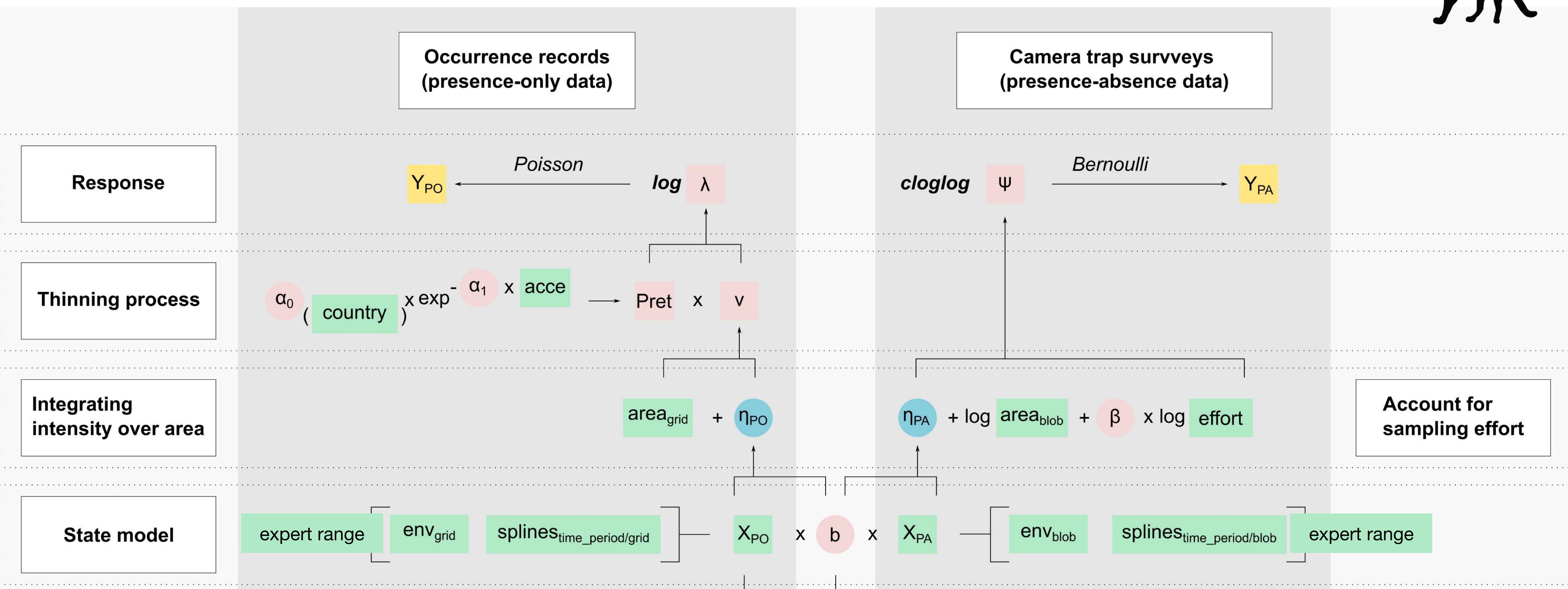
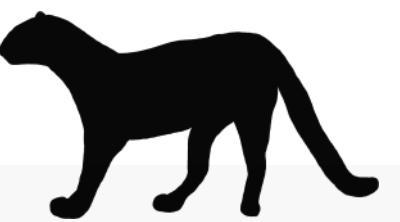
sólo presencias observed locations



presencia-ausencia observed site occupancy



DATOS OBSERVADOS



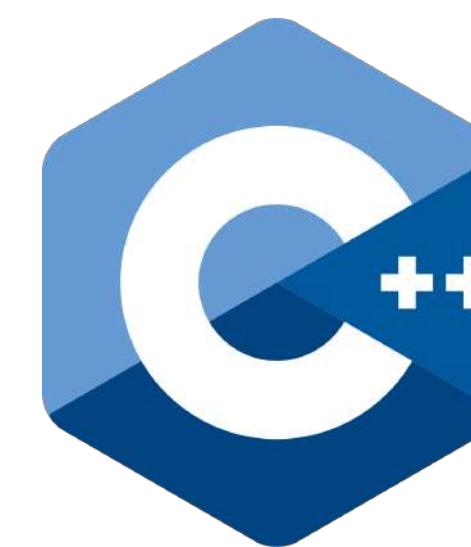
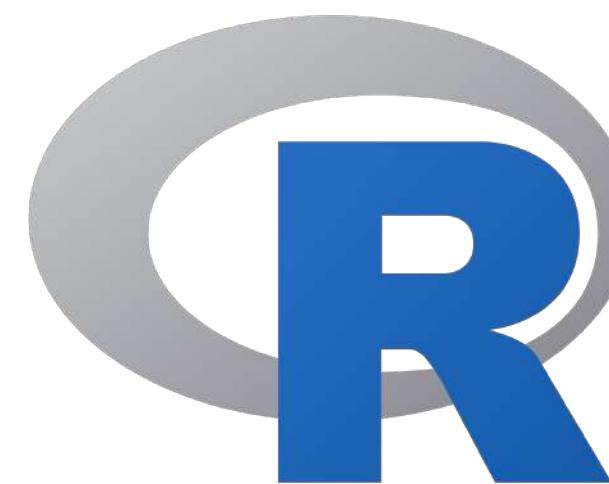
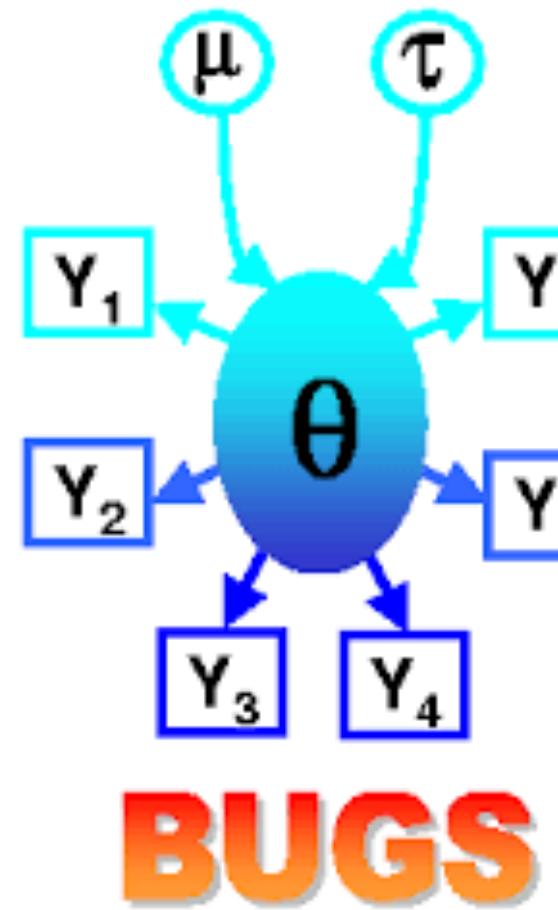
● estimated parameters
■ estimated variables

● linear predictors

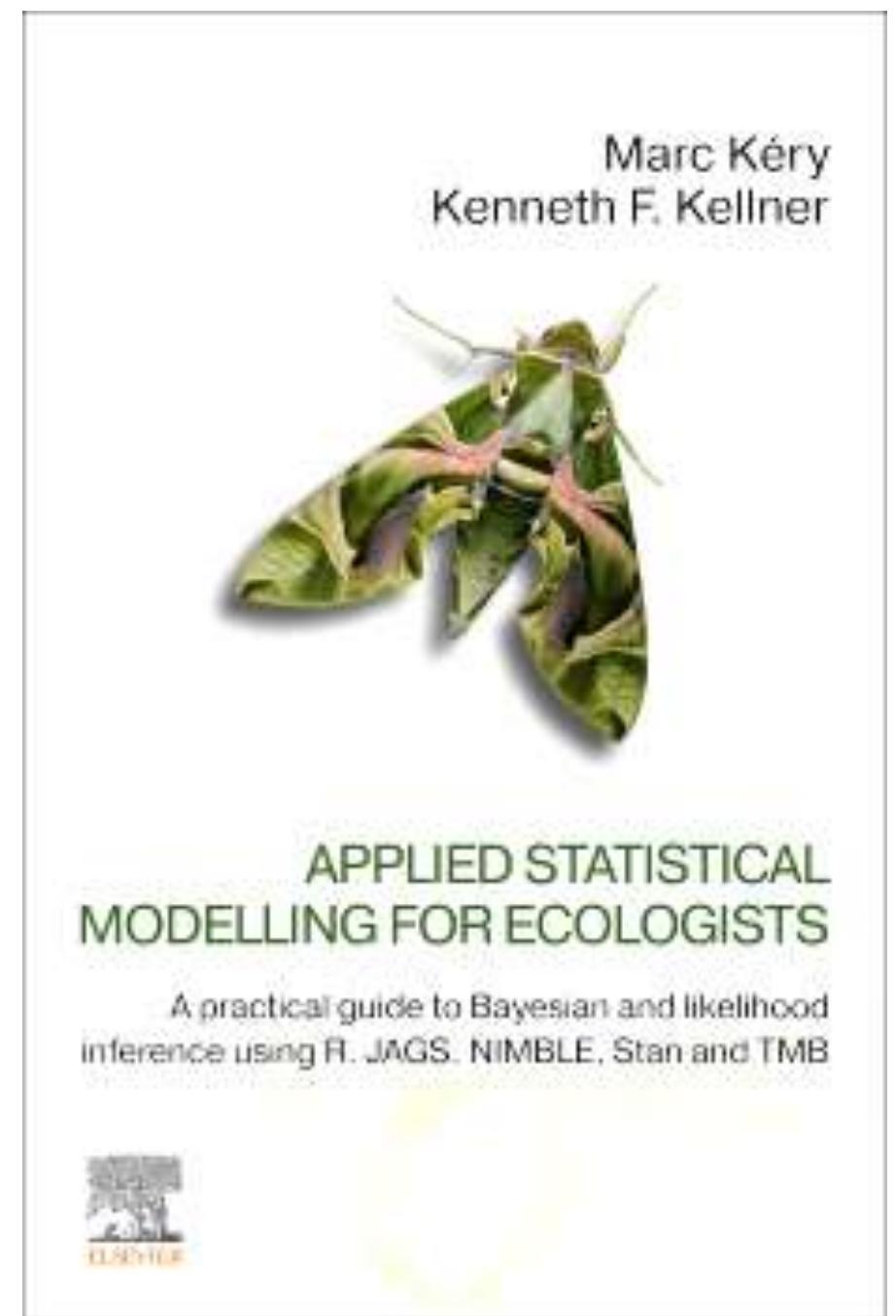
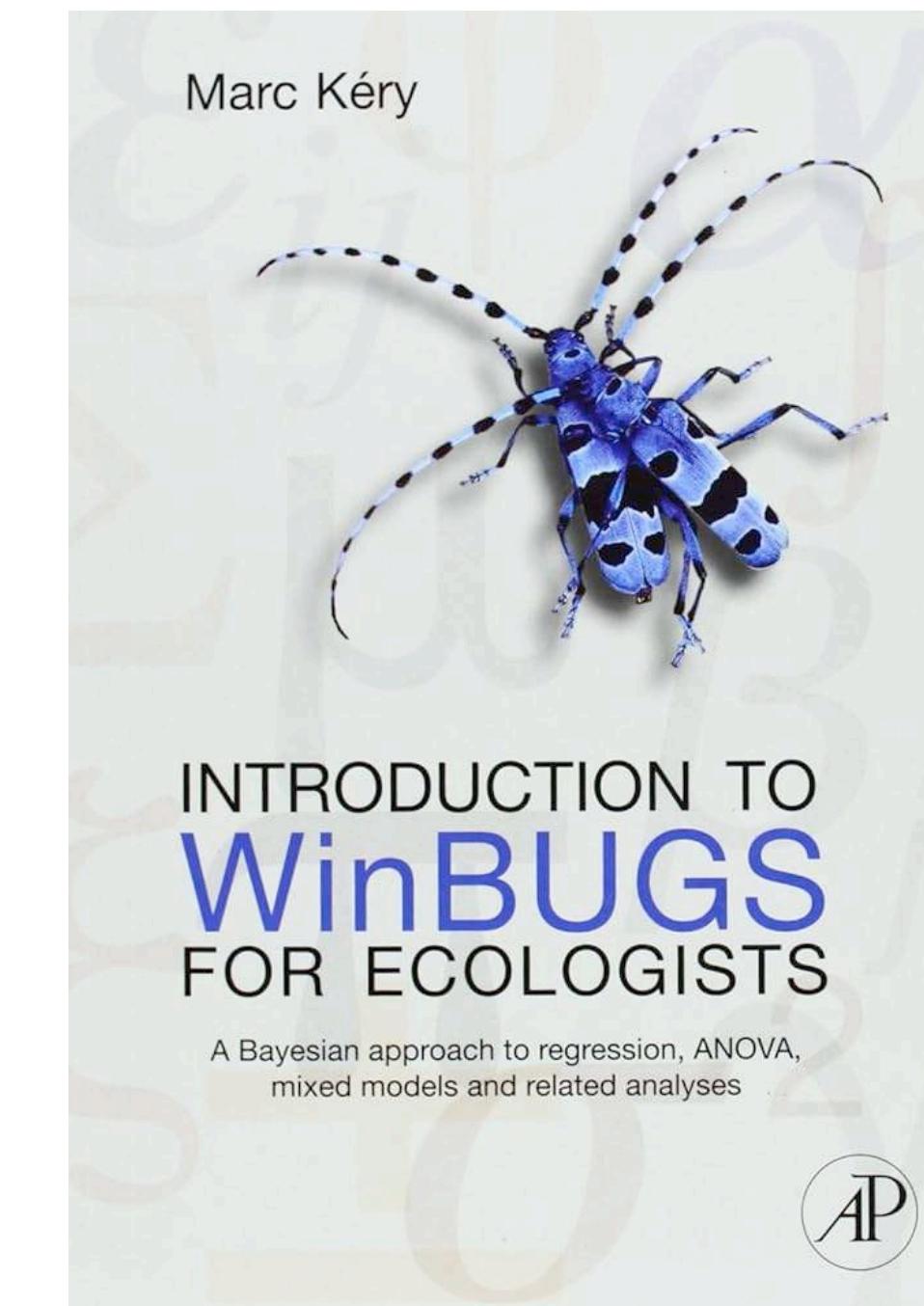
■ data
■ response

Modelos Jerárquicos Bayesianos

Herramientas



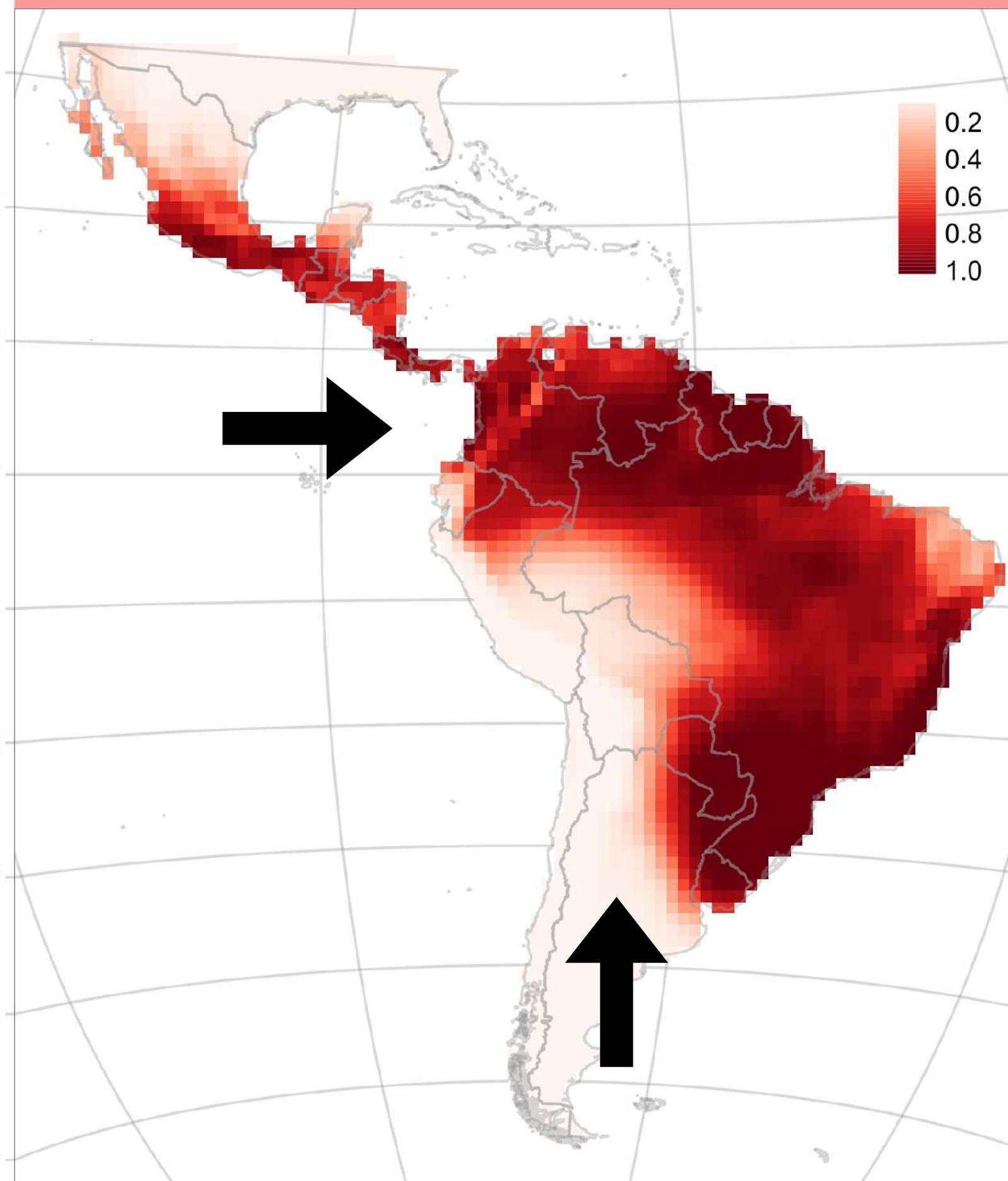
JAGS



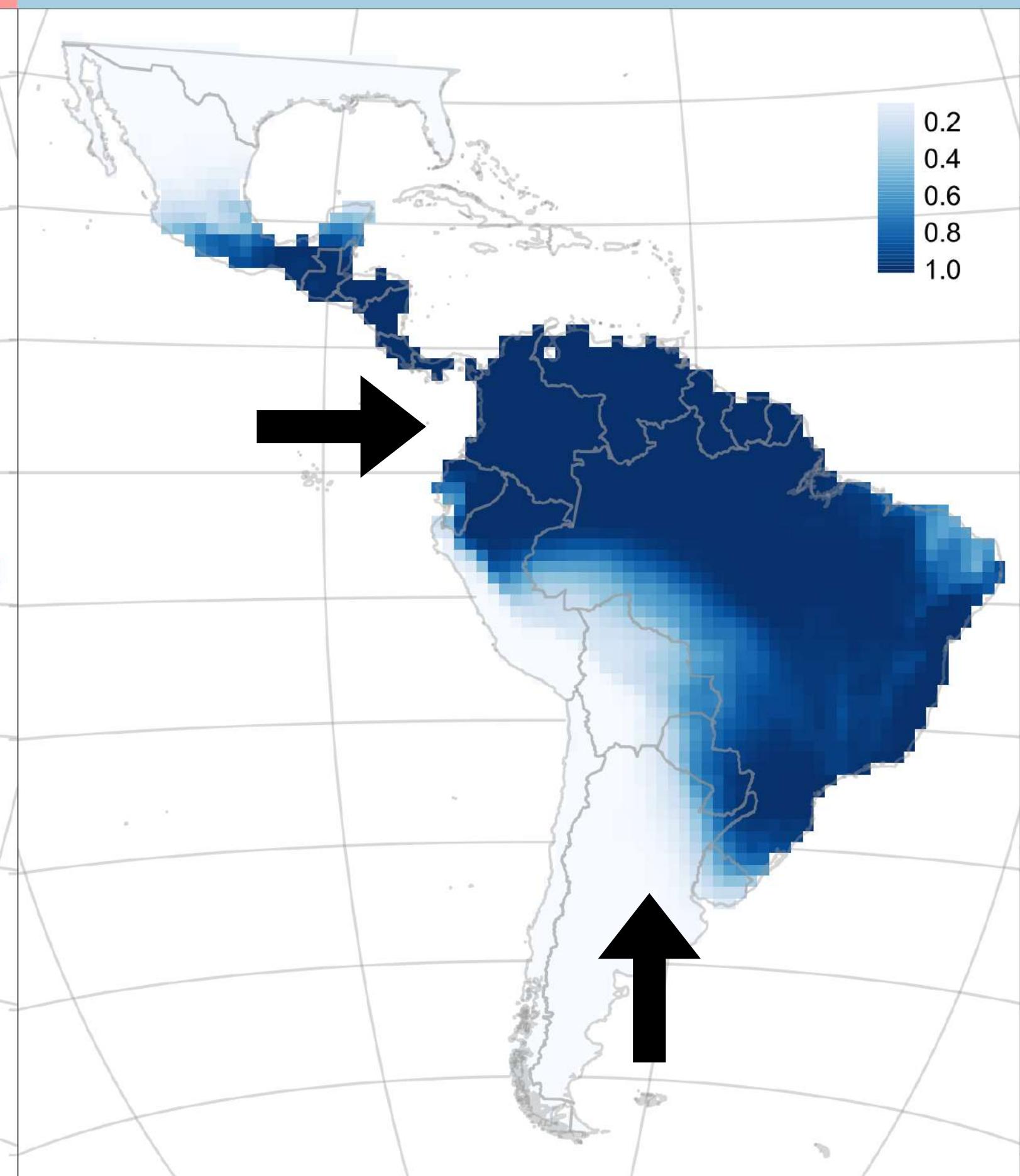
Rango UICN



Rango_{tiempo1} (2000-2013)

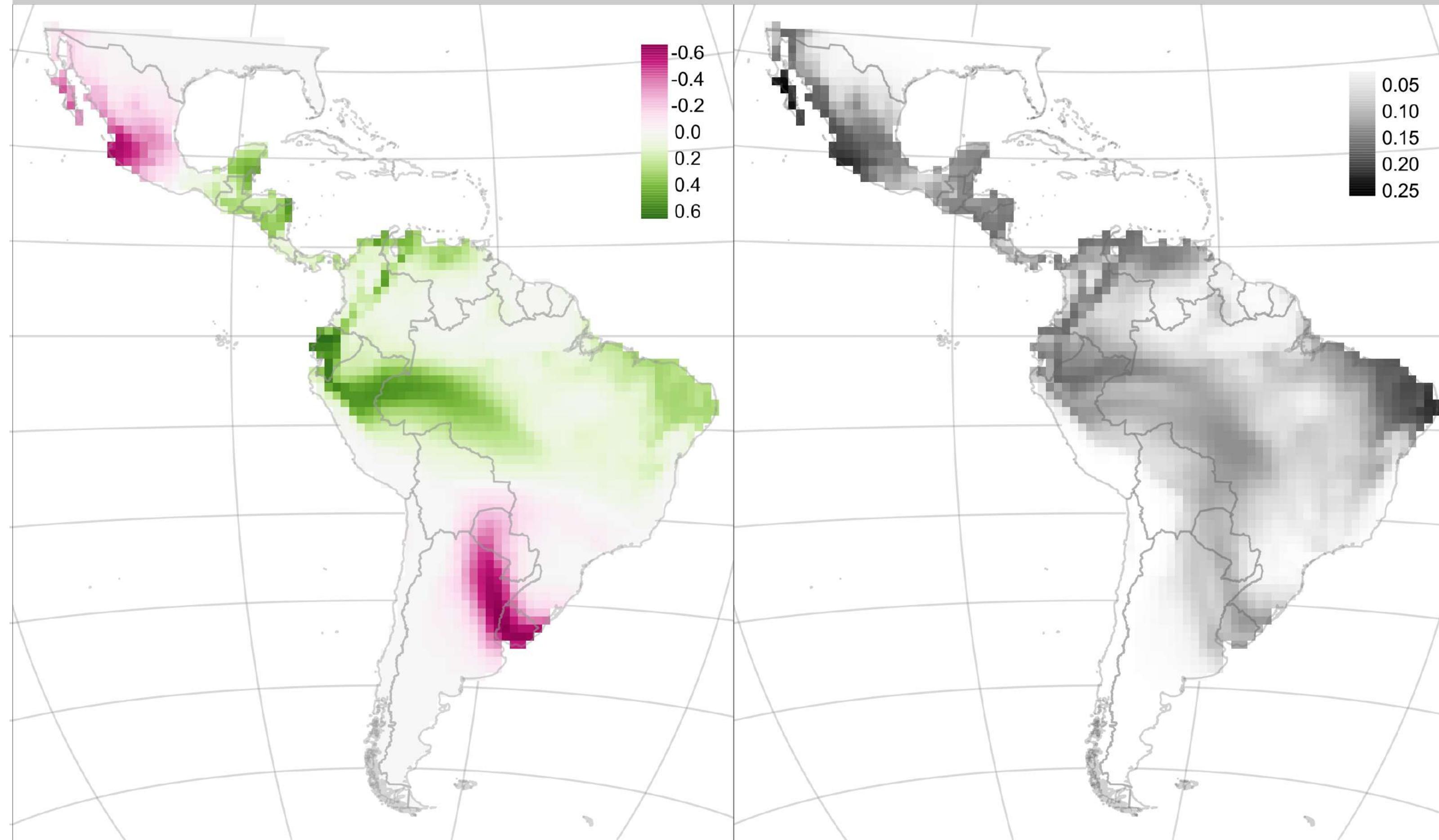


Rango_{tiempo2} (2014-2021)

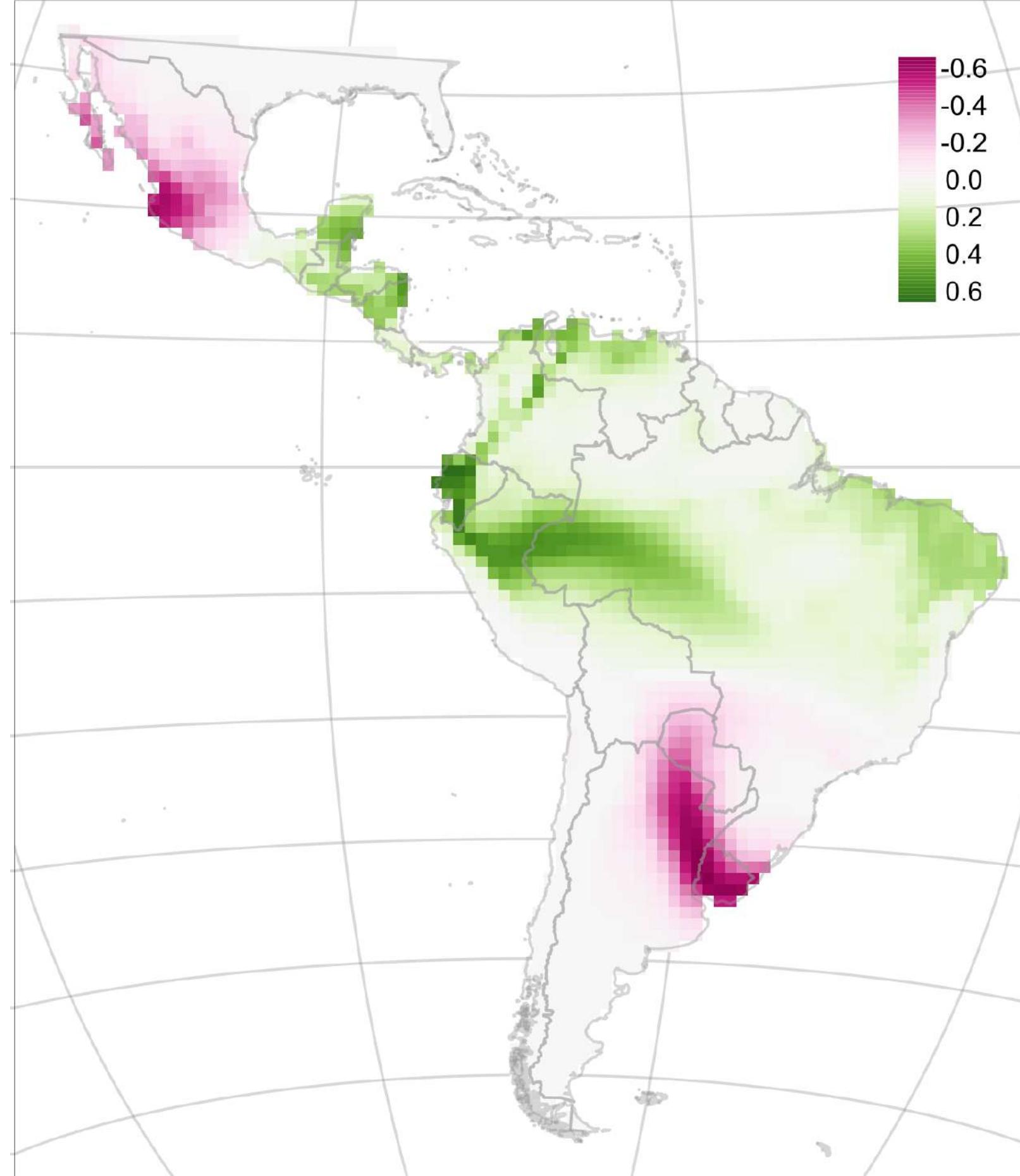


Rango_{tiempo2} - Rango_{tiempo1}

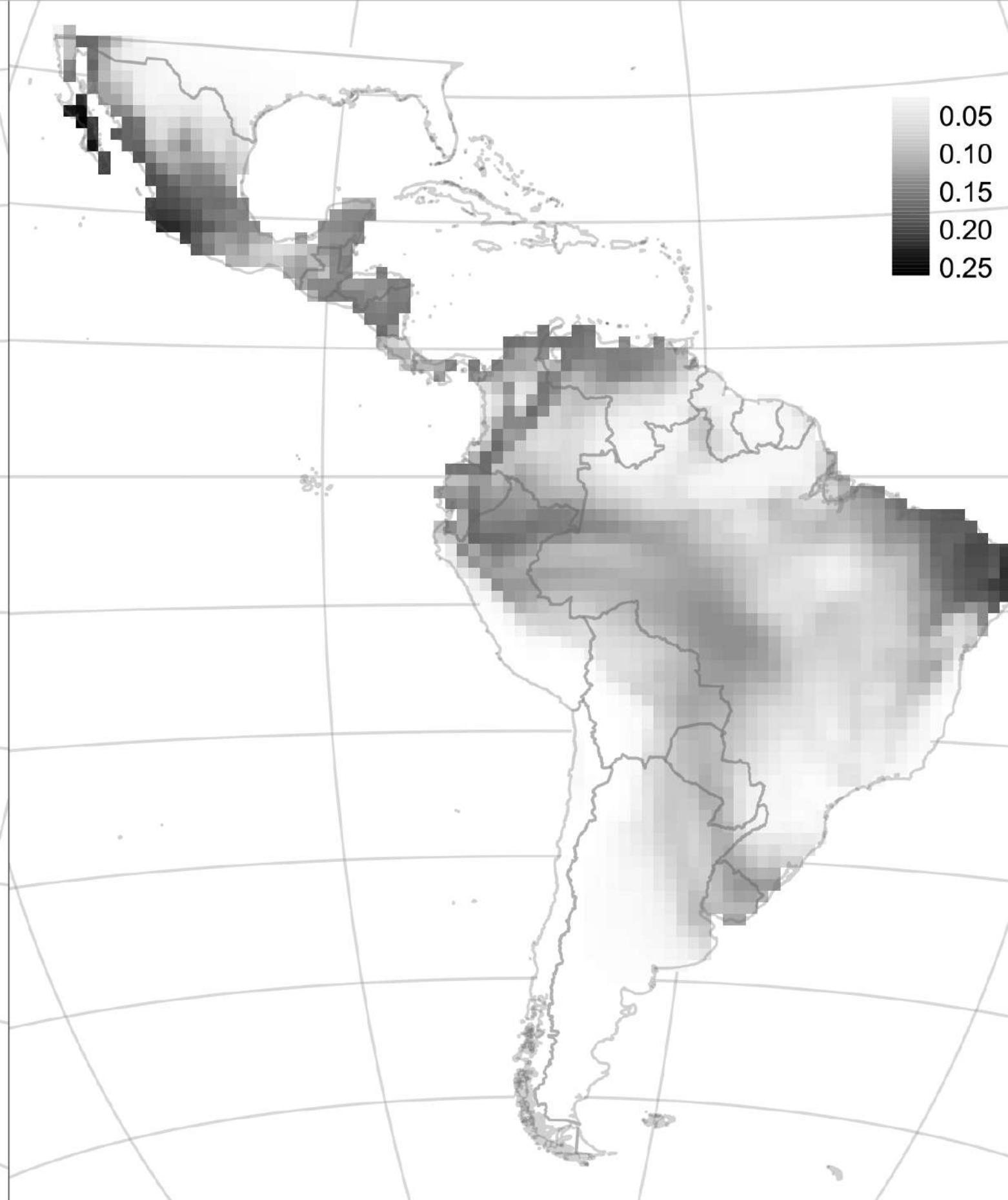
Incertidumbre (SD)



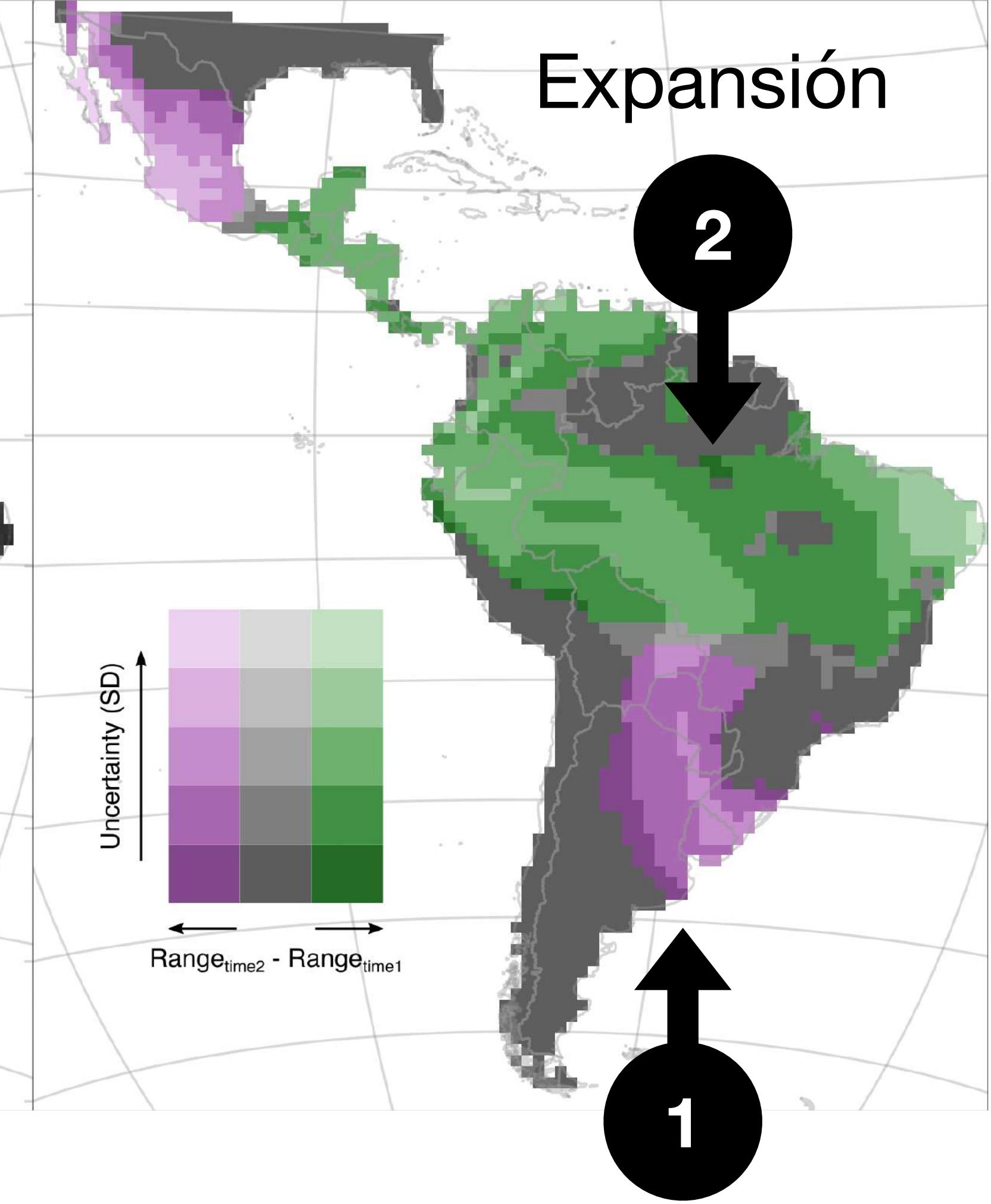
$\text{Rango}_{\text{tiempo}2} - \text{Rango}_{\text{tiempo}1}$



Incertidumbre (SD)



$\text{Rango}_{\text{tiempo}2} - \text{Rango}_{\text{tiempo}1} * \text{SD}$



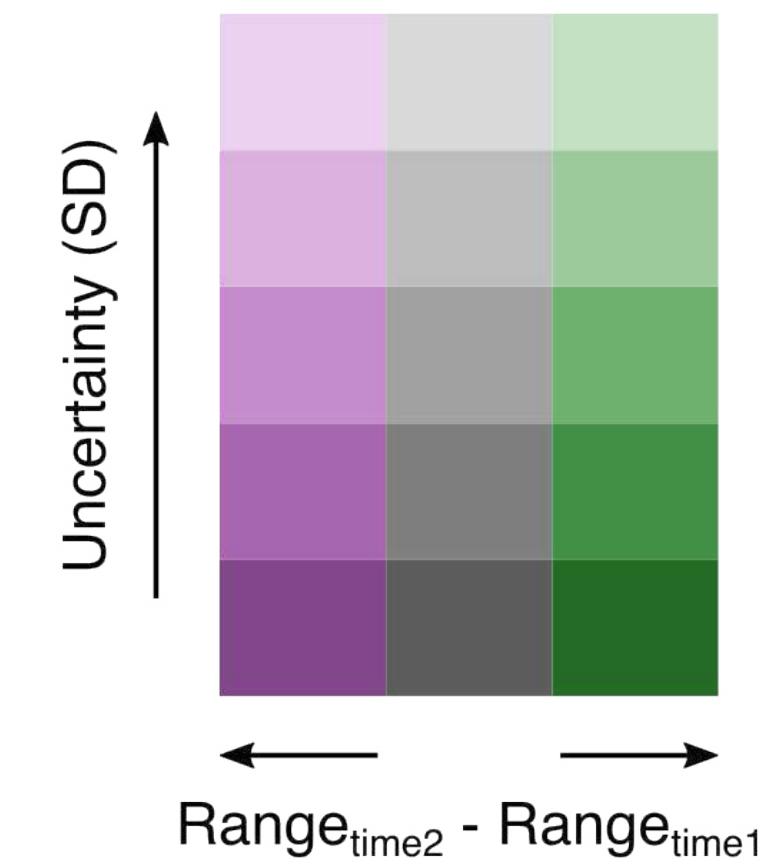
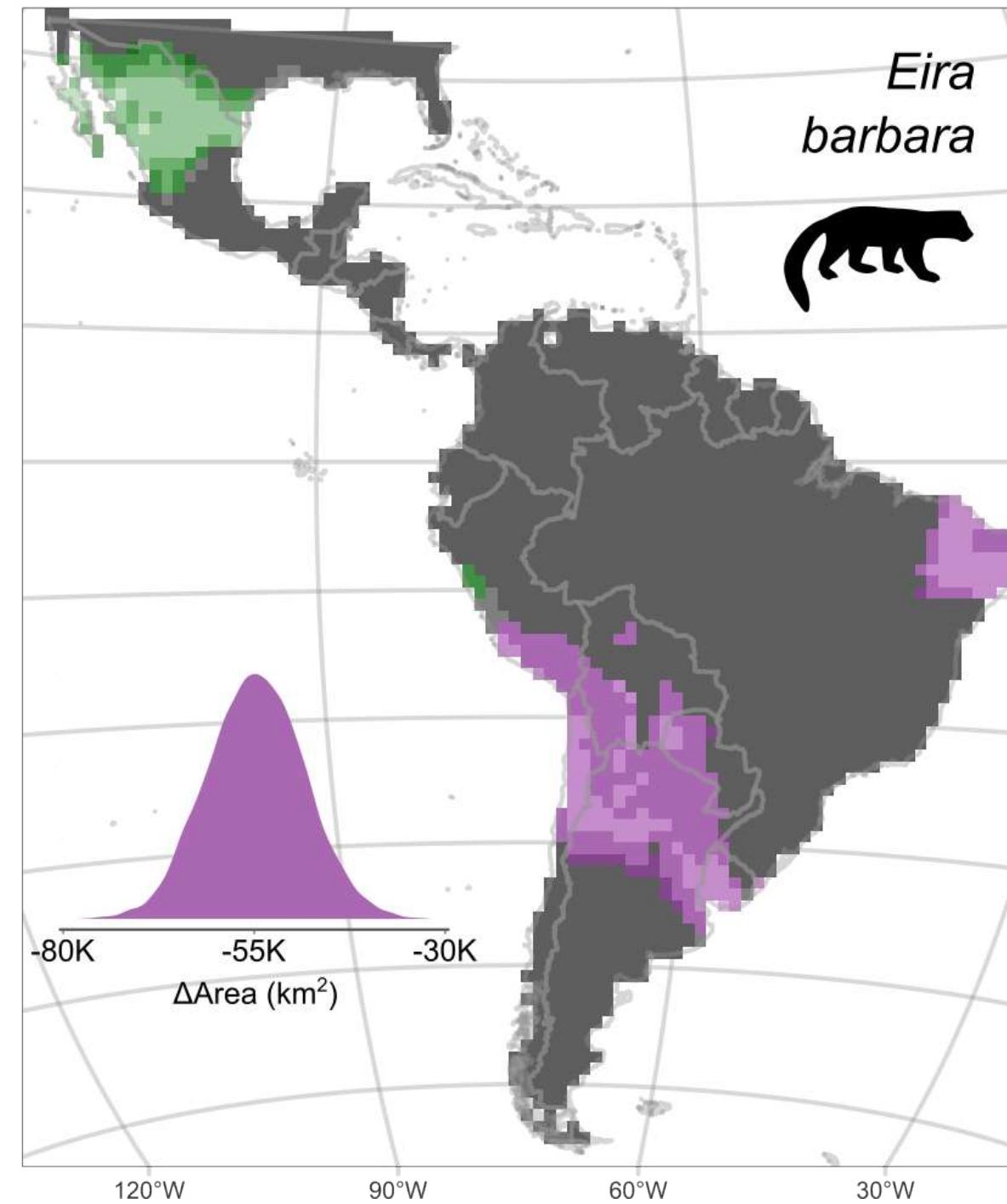
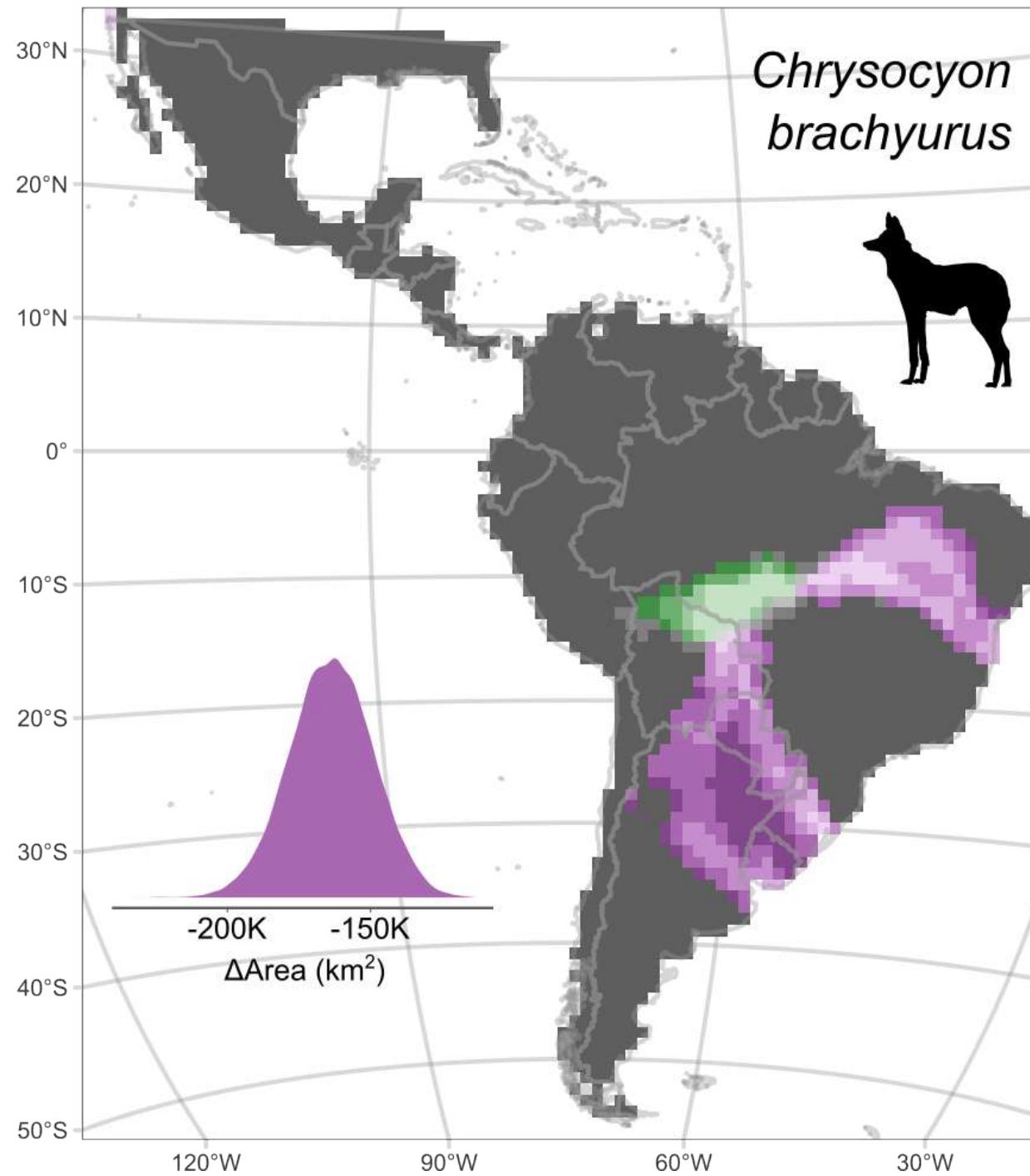
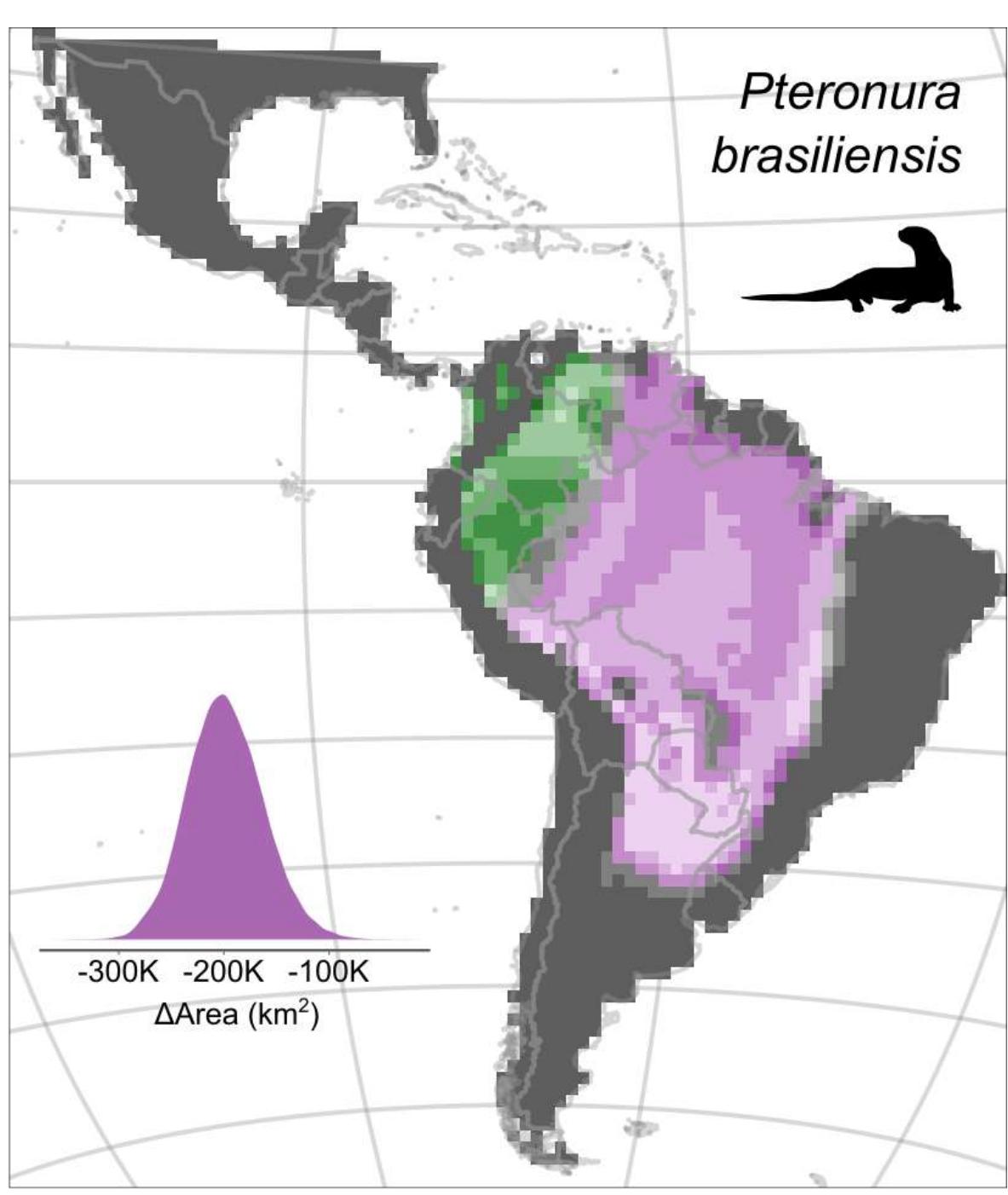
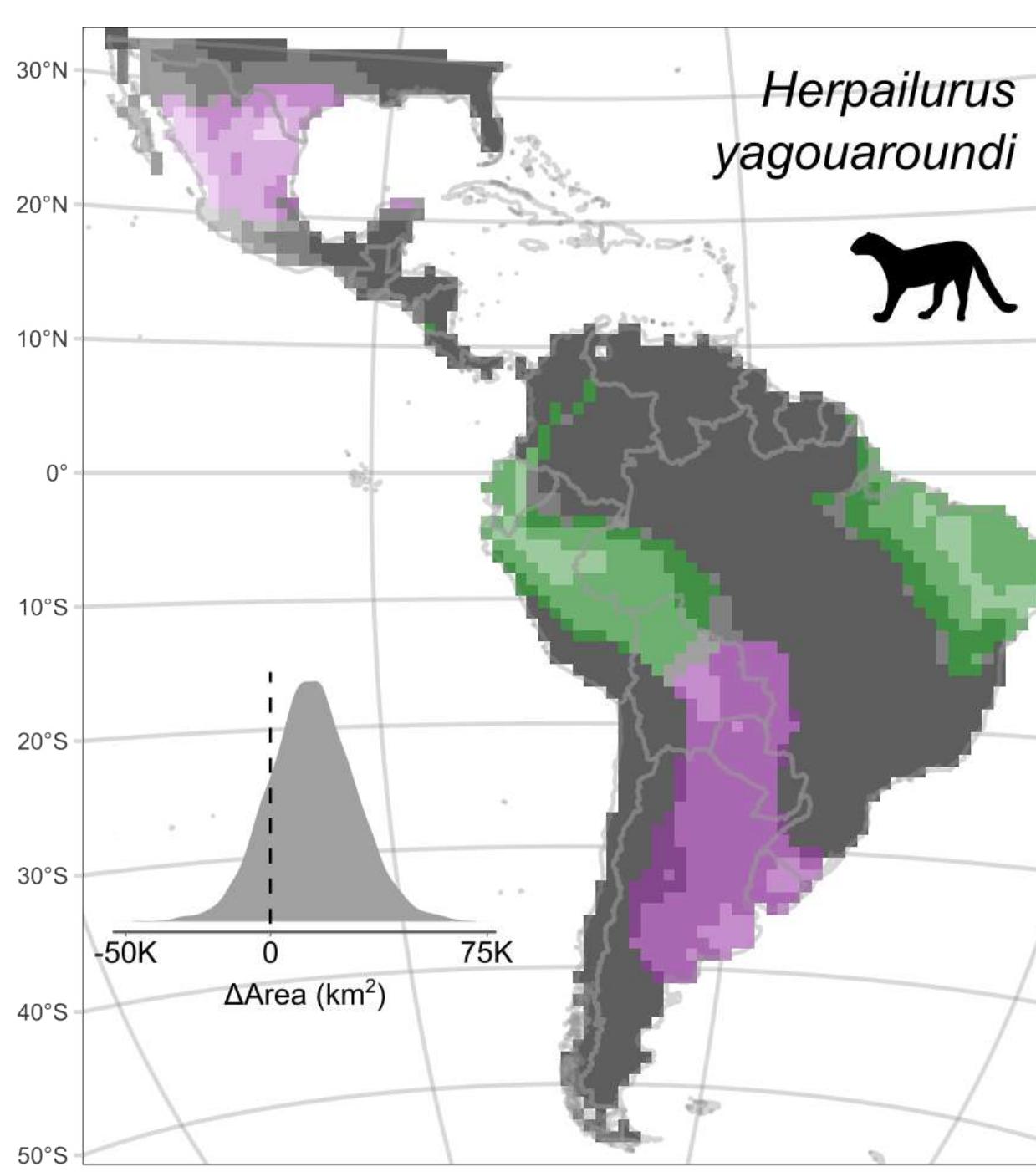
Contracción

2

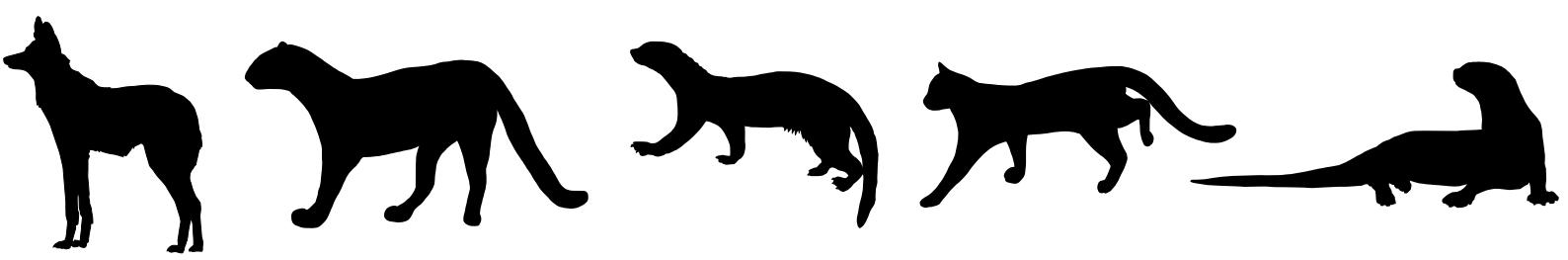
1



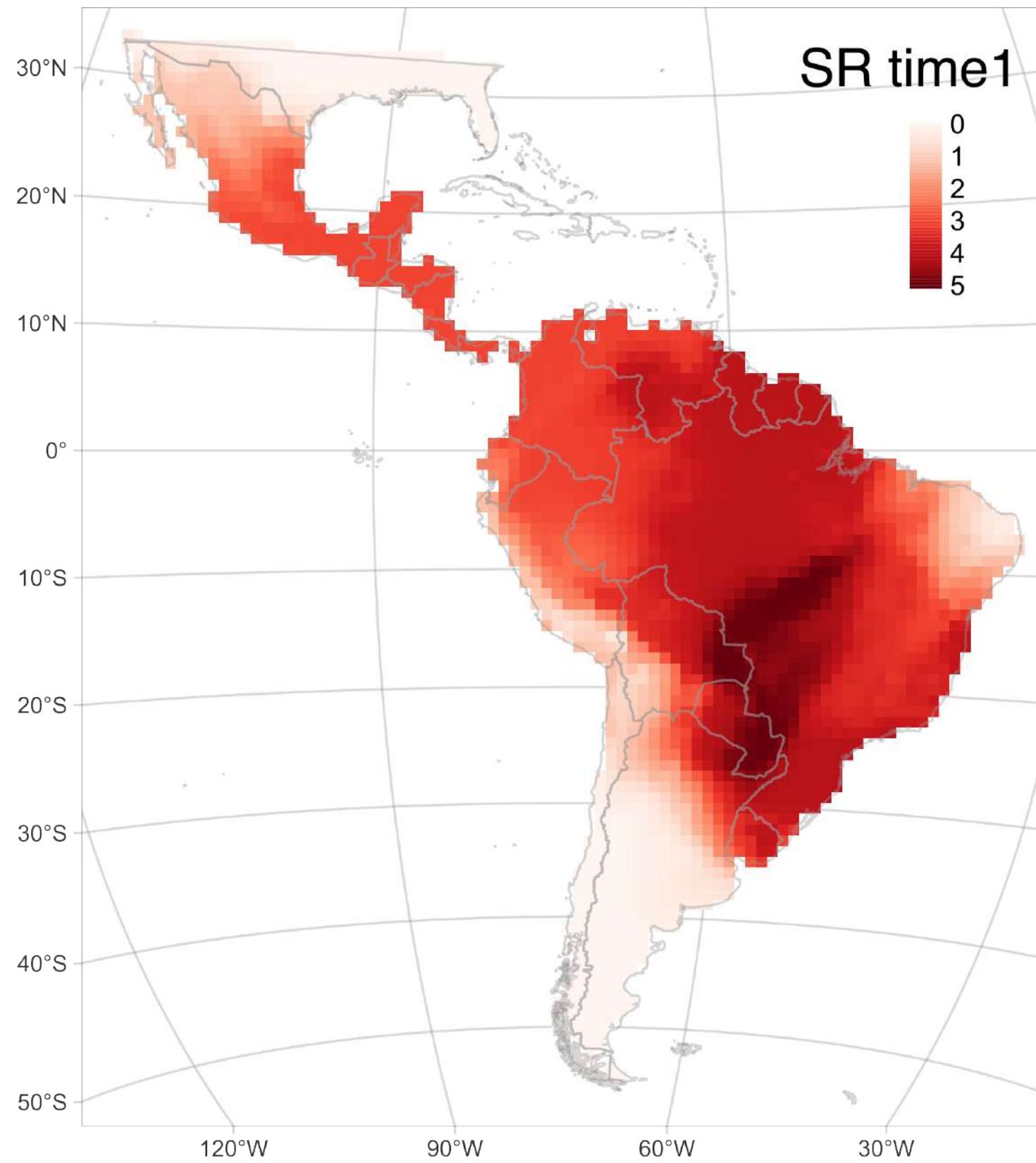
yaguarundí (*Herpailurus yagouaroundi*) por @hhulsberg, aguará guazú (*Chrysocyon brachyurus*) por @constanzamcl, eira (*Eira barbara*) por @christoph_moning, margay (*Leopardus wiedii*) por @bigsam, and lobo de río gigante (*Pteronura brasiliensis*) por @npdowling (iNaturalist.org).



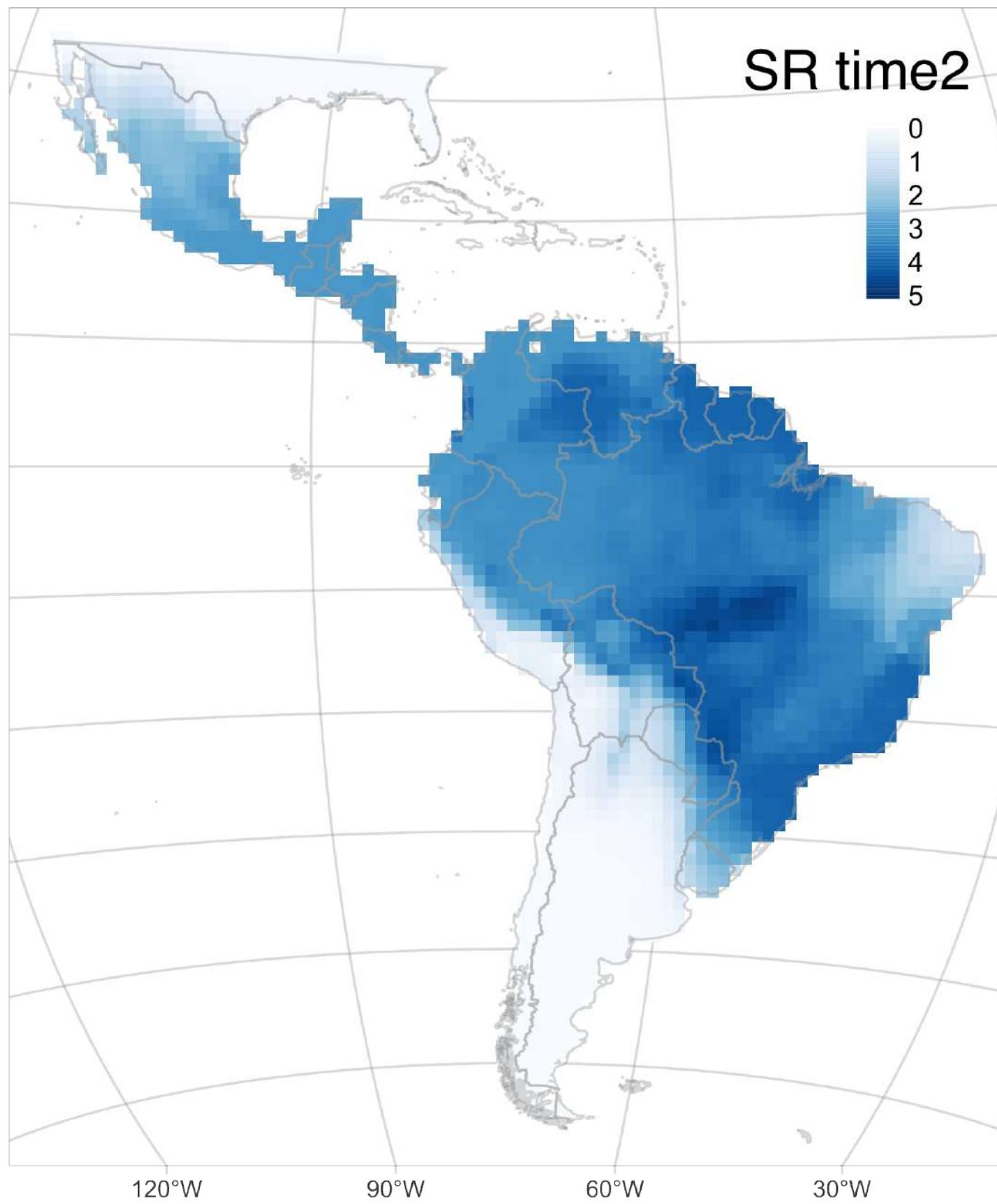
Cambio temporal en la riqueza de especies



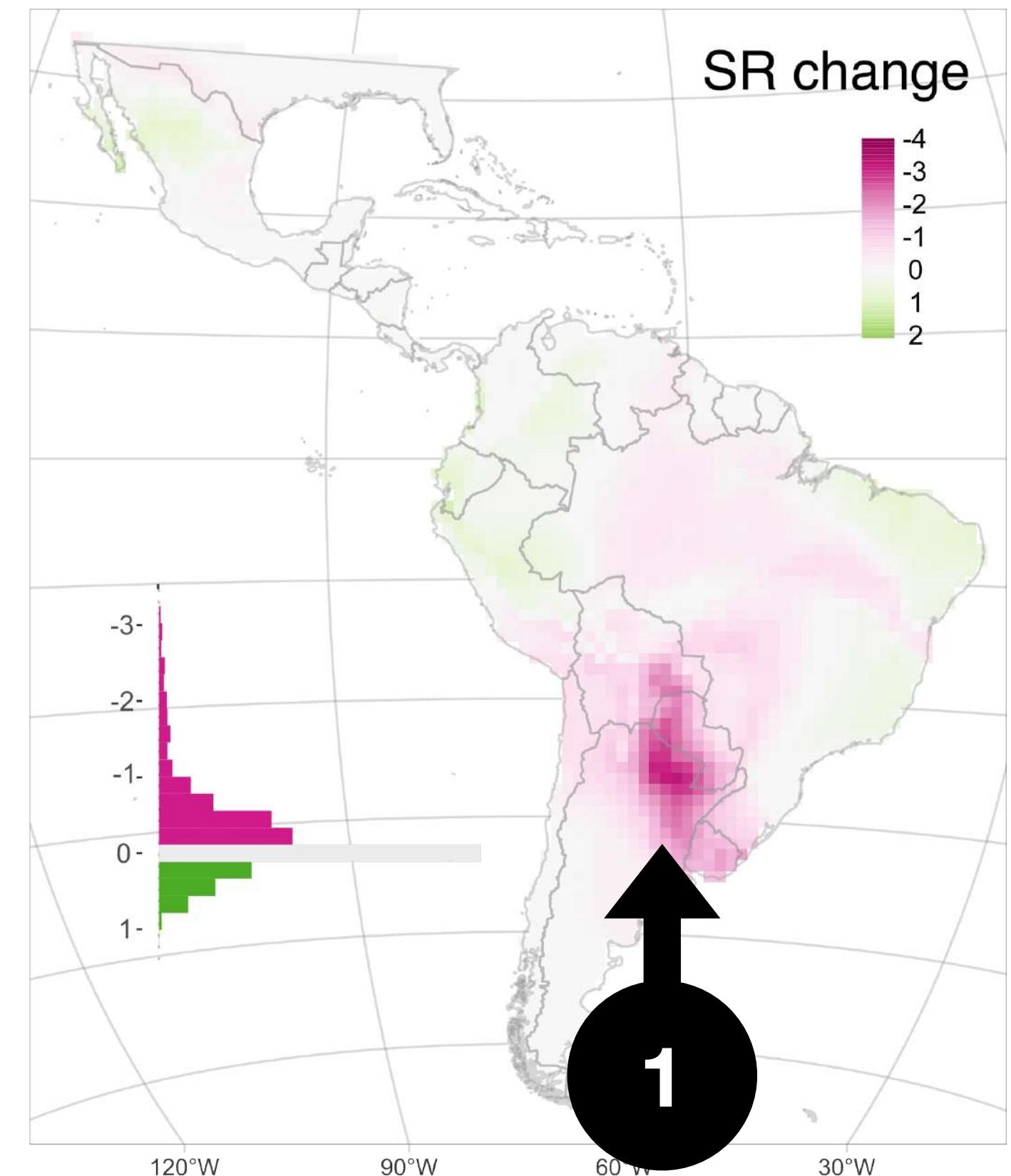
A



B



D



Pérdida

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RESEARCH ARTICLE

Integrating presence-only and presence-absence data to model changes in species geographic ranges: An example in the Neotropics

Florencia Grattarola¹  | Diana E. Bowler^{2,3,4} | Petr Keil¹

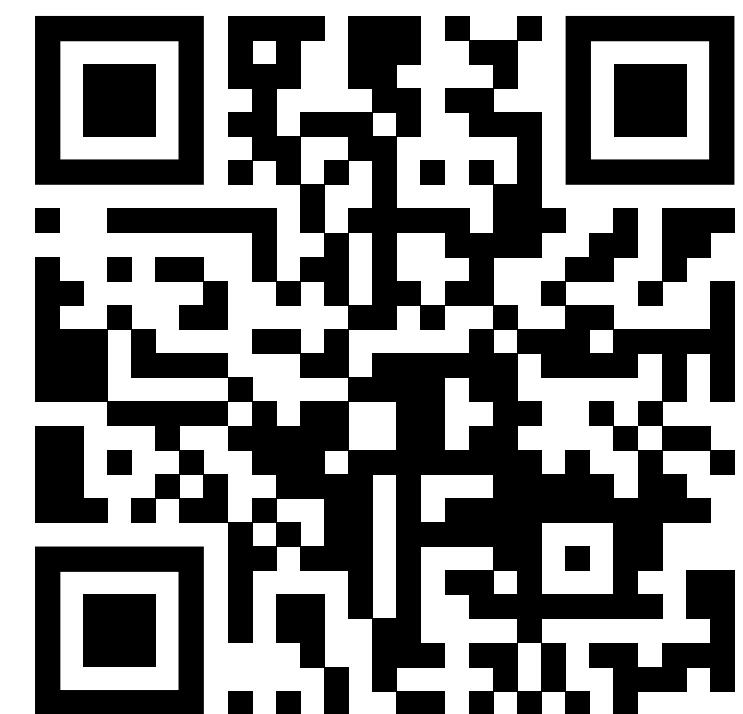
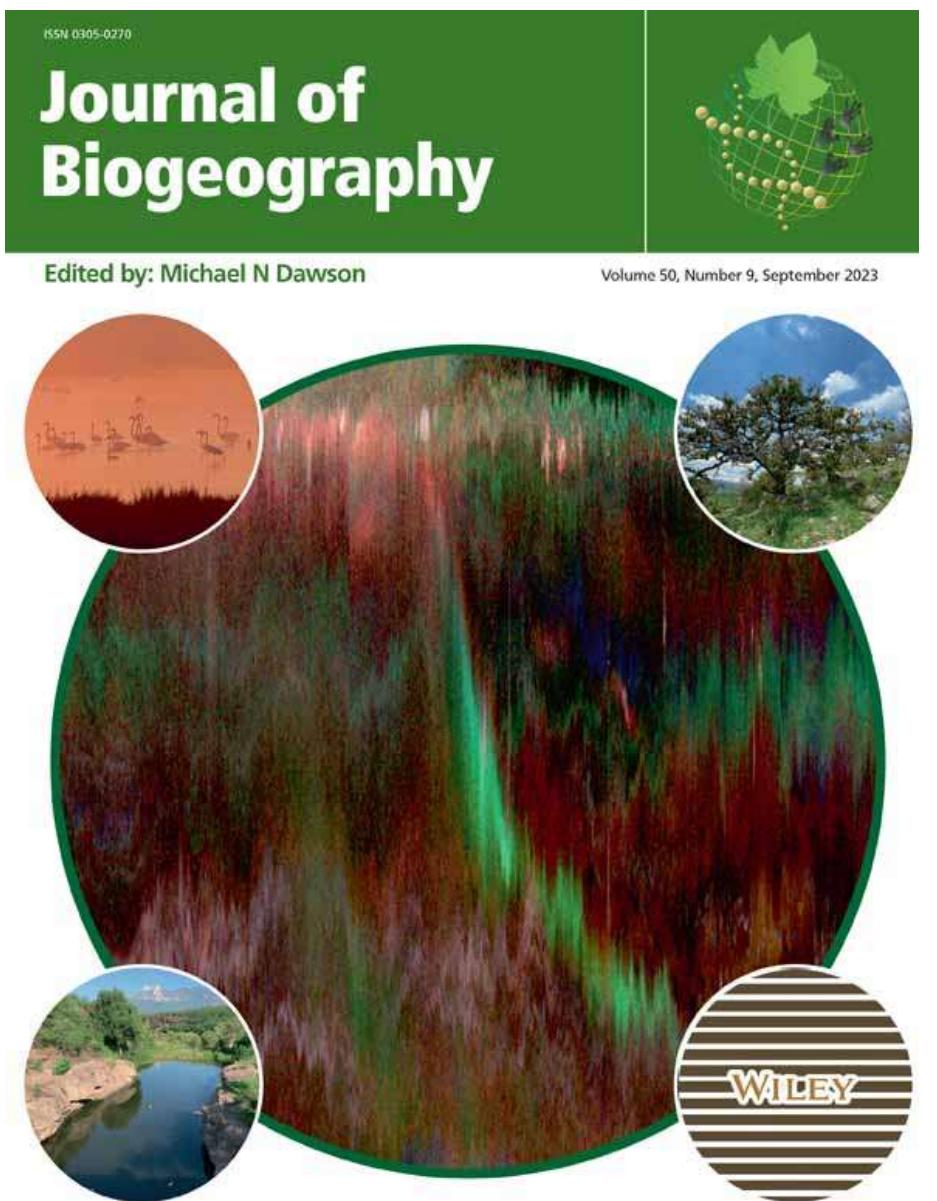


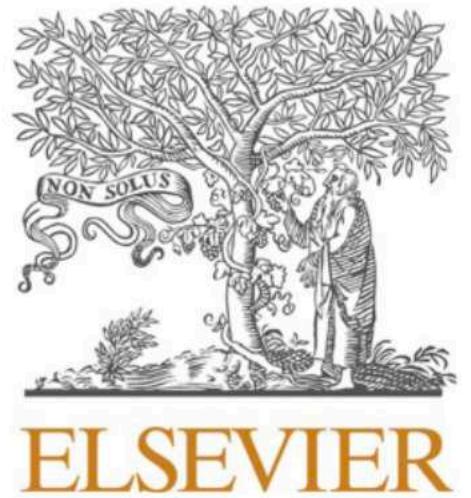
<https://doi.org/10.1111/jbi.14622>

Journal of
Biogeography



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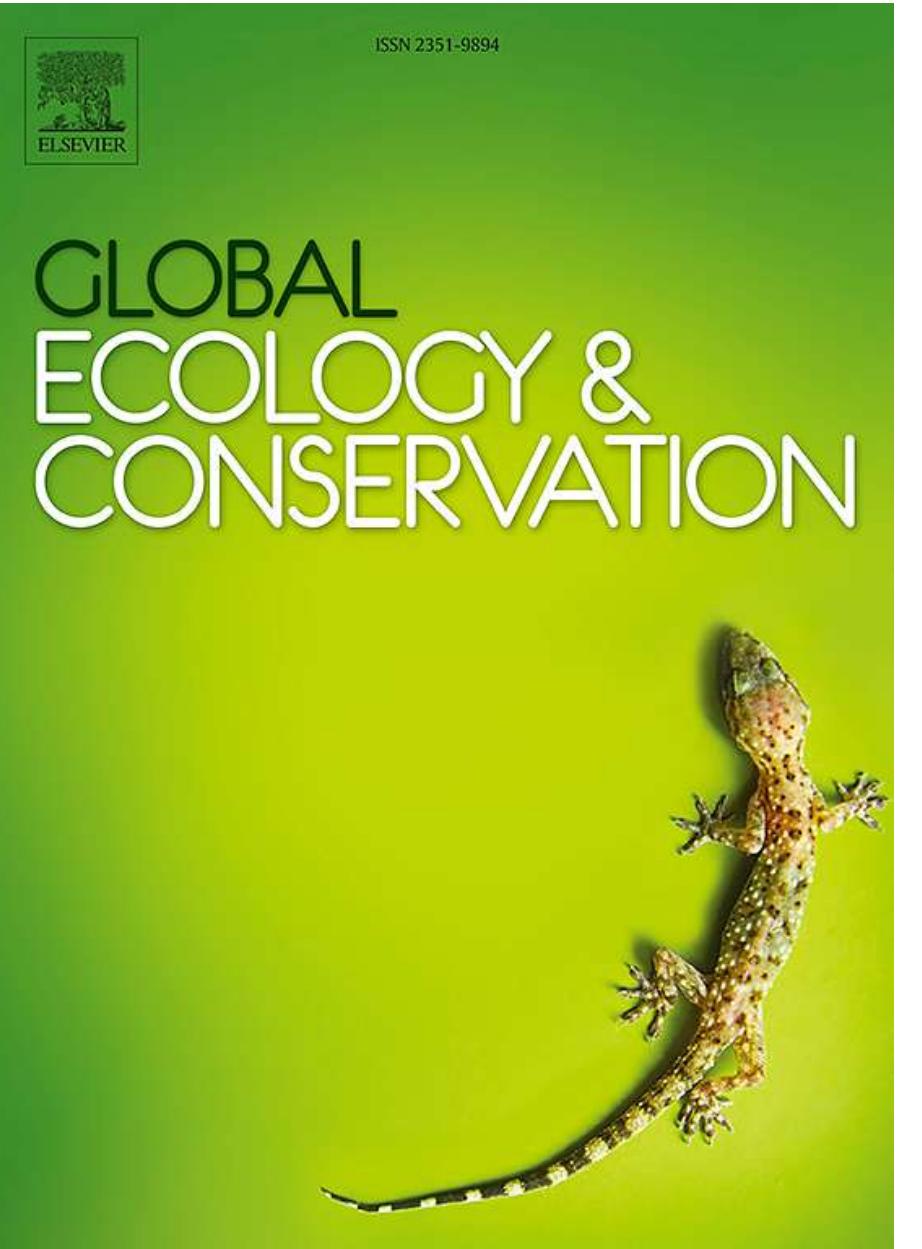
A continental-wide decline of occupancy and diversity in five Neotropical carnivores

Florencia Grattarola ^{*,1}, Kateřina Tschernosterová ², Petr Keil

Faculty of Environmental Sciences, Czech University of Life Sciences Prague, Kamýcká 129, Praha – Suchdol 16500, Czech Republic



<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.gecco.2024.e03226>



MIAU: An analysis-ready dataset on presence-only and presence-absence data of Neotropical carnivores (Mammalia, Carnivora) from 2000 to 2021

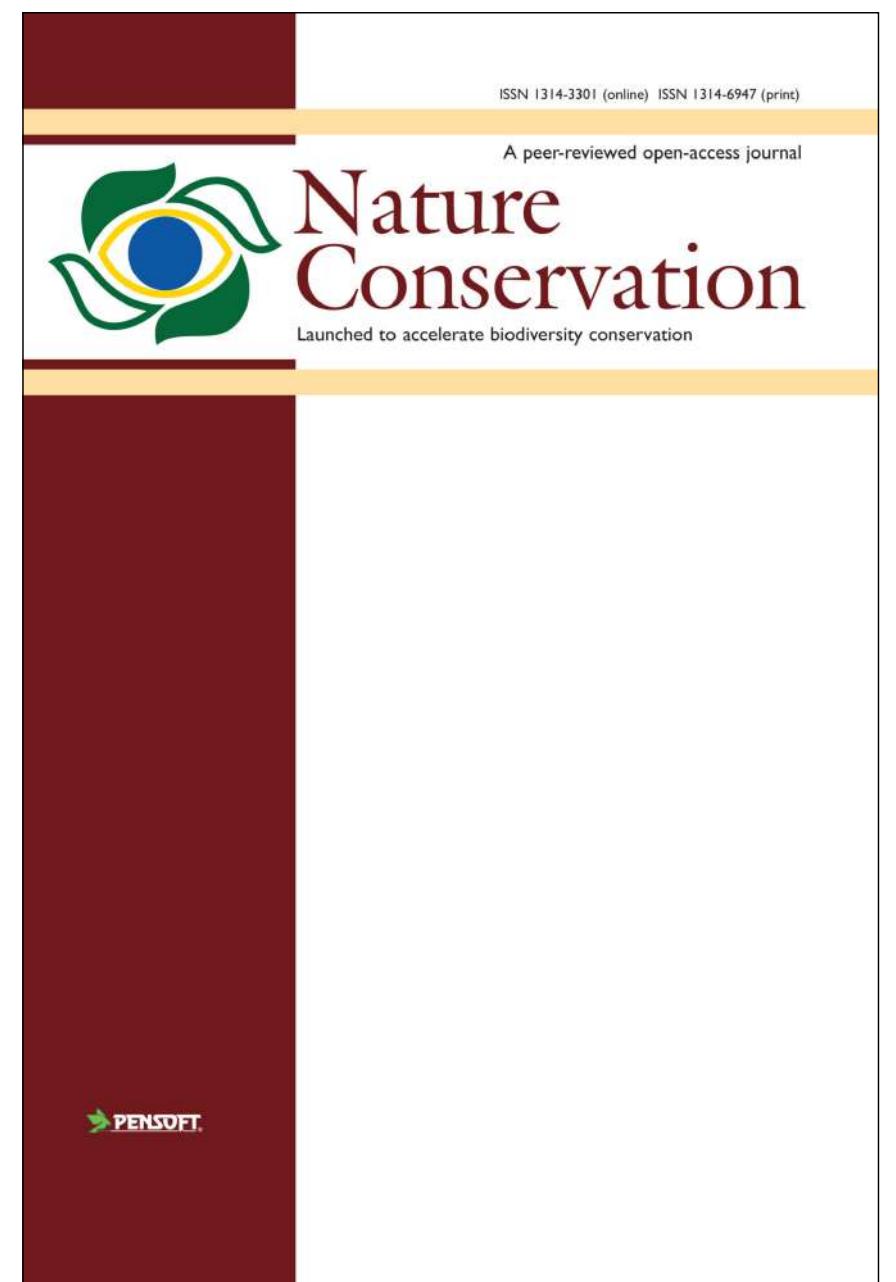
Florencia Grattarola¹, Kateřina Tschernosterová¹, Petr Keil¹

¹ Faculty of Environmental Sciences, Czech University of Life Sciences Prague, Kamýcká 129, Praha - Suchdol, 16500, Czech Republic

Corresponding author: Florencia Grattarola (flograttarola@gmail.com)



<https://doi.org/10.3897/natureconservation.58.140644>



taxa: aves

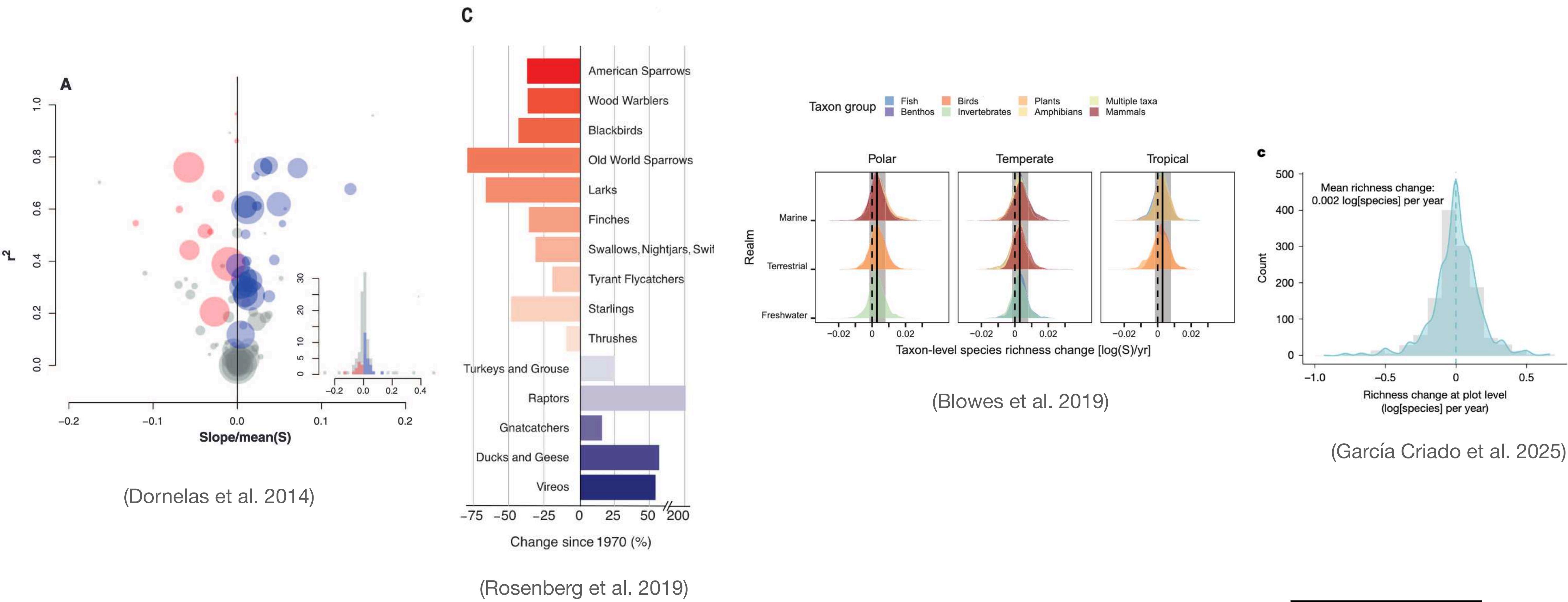
region: global

Cambios temporales en la diversidad de aves a nivel (casi) global



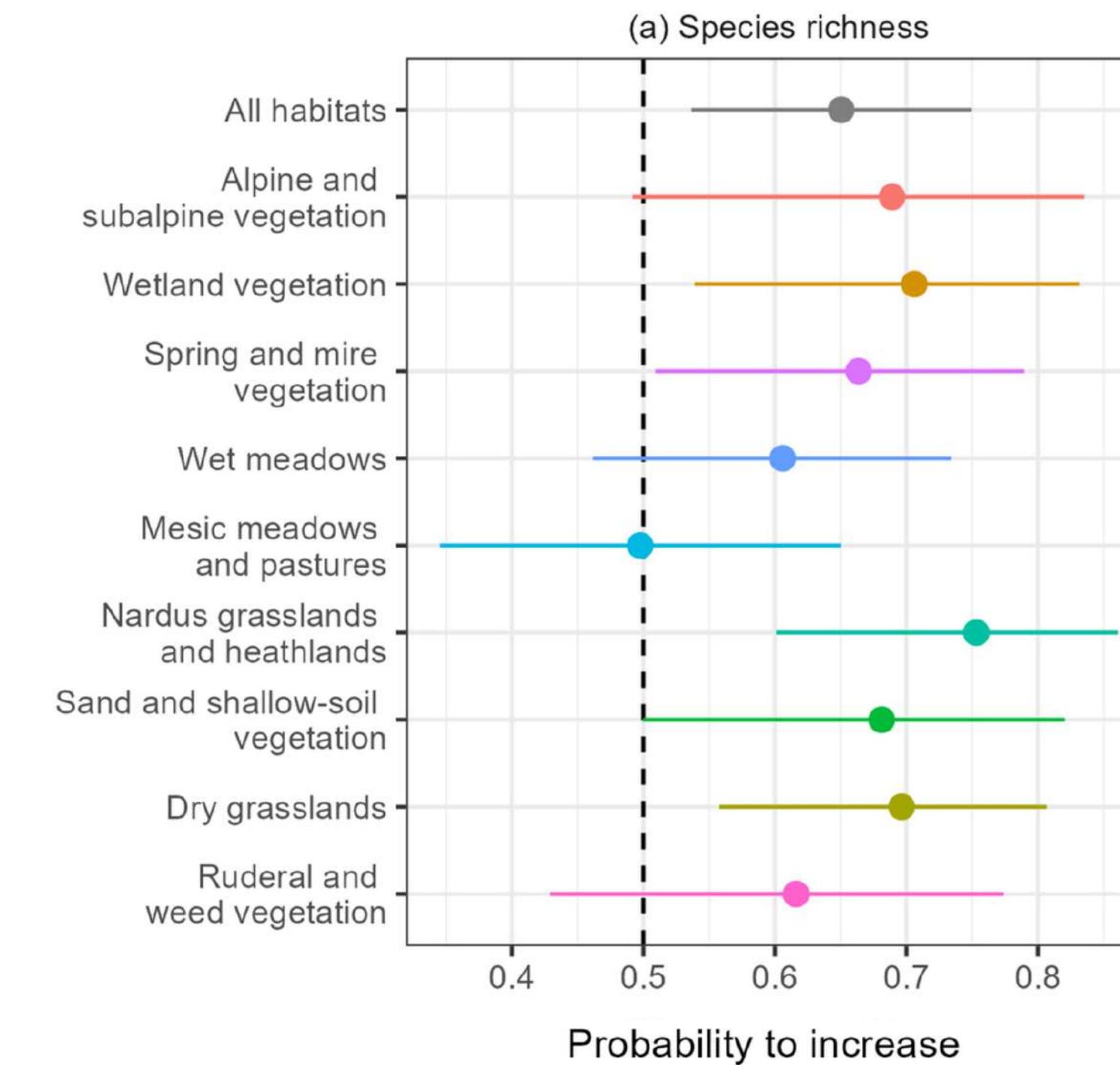
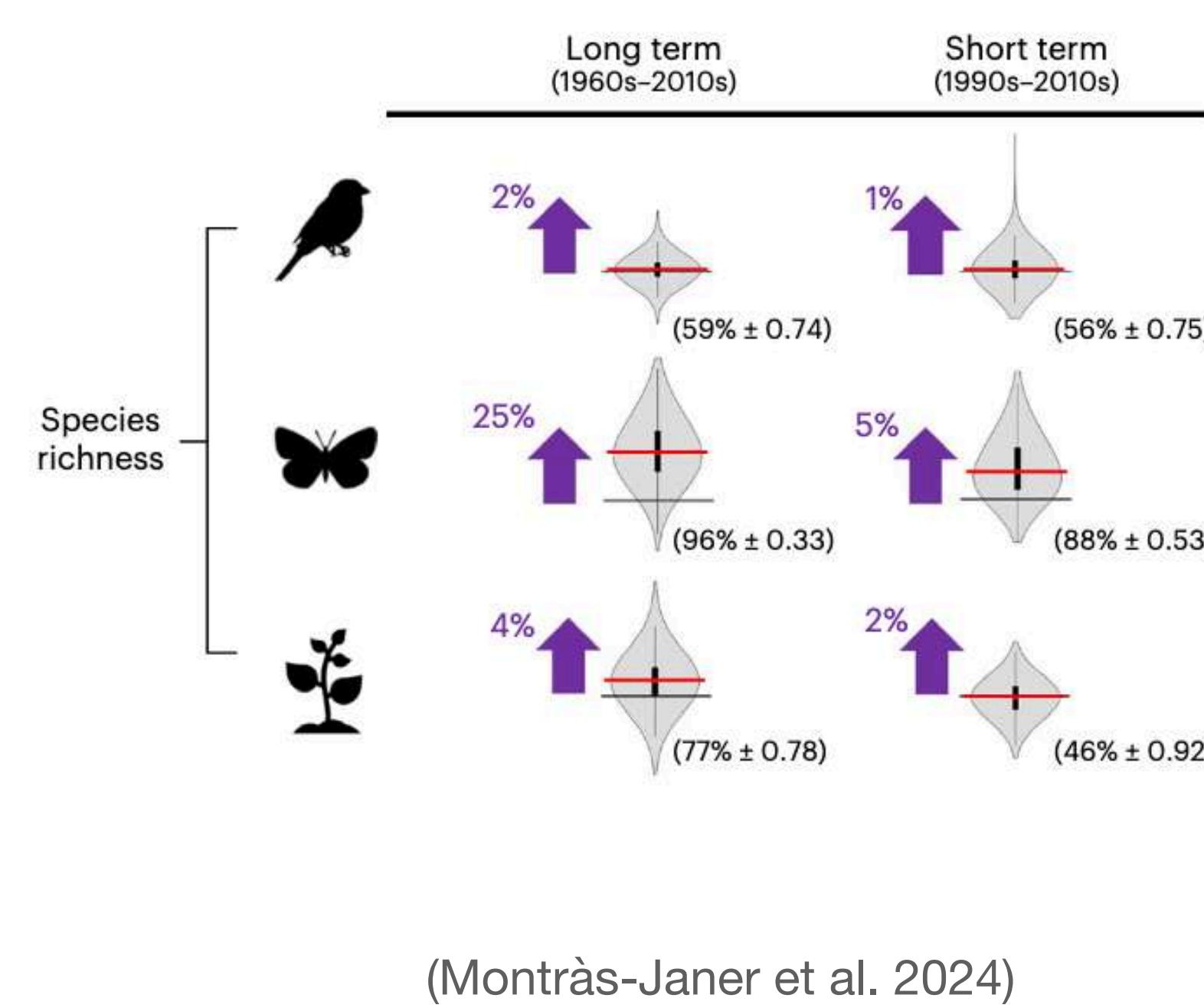
La biodiversidad está disminuyendo

¿La biodiversidad está disminuyendo?



escala local

¿La biodiversidad está disminuyendo?



gran escala

**La biodiversidad parece
disminuir a escalas espaciales
pequeñas y aumentar o
mantenerse a grandes escalas,**

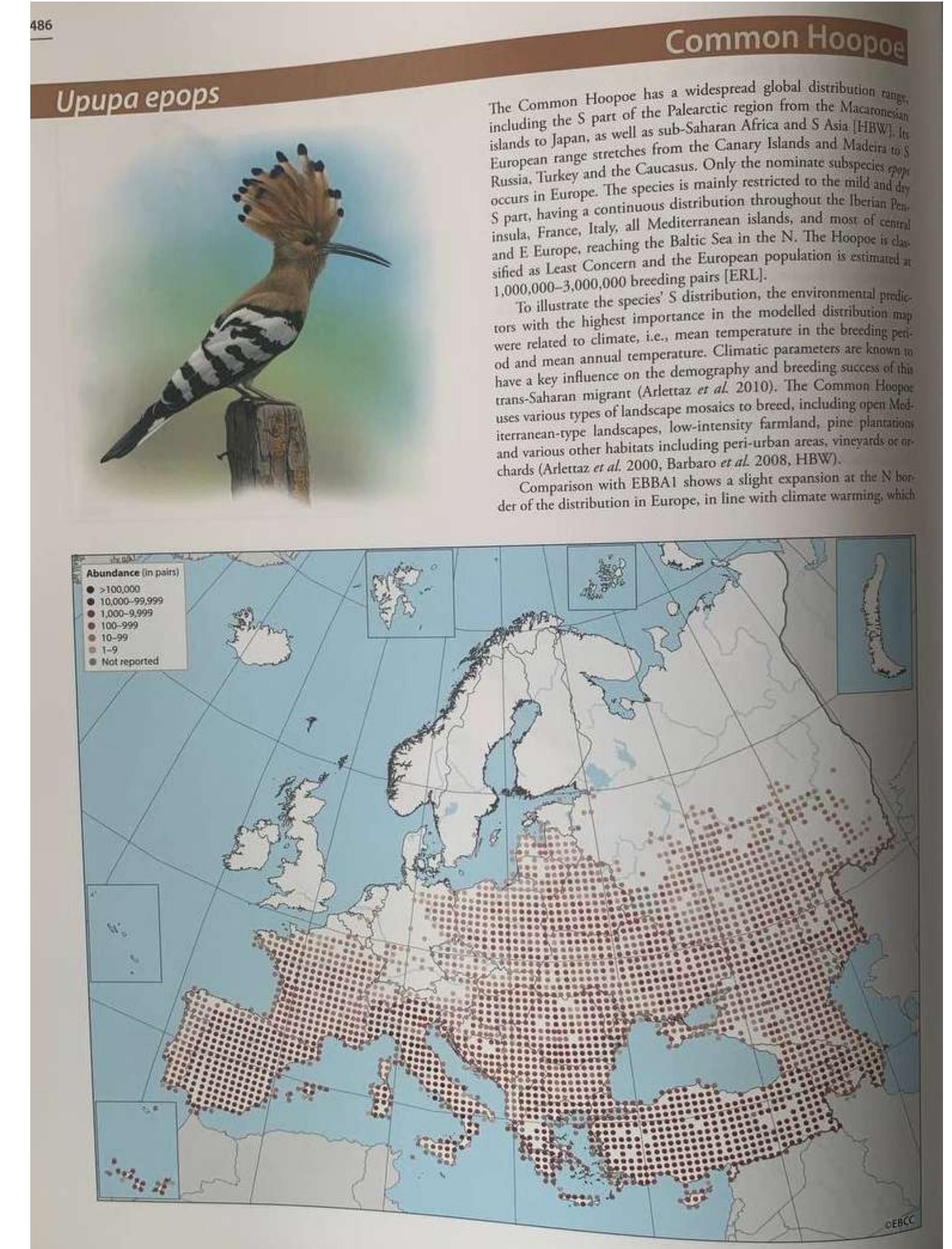
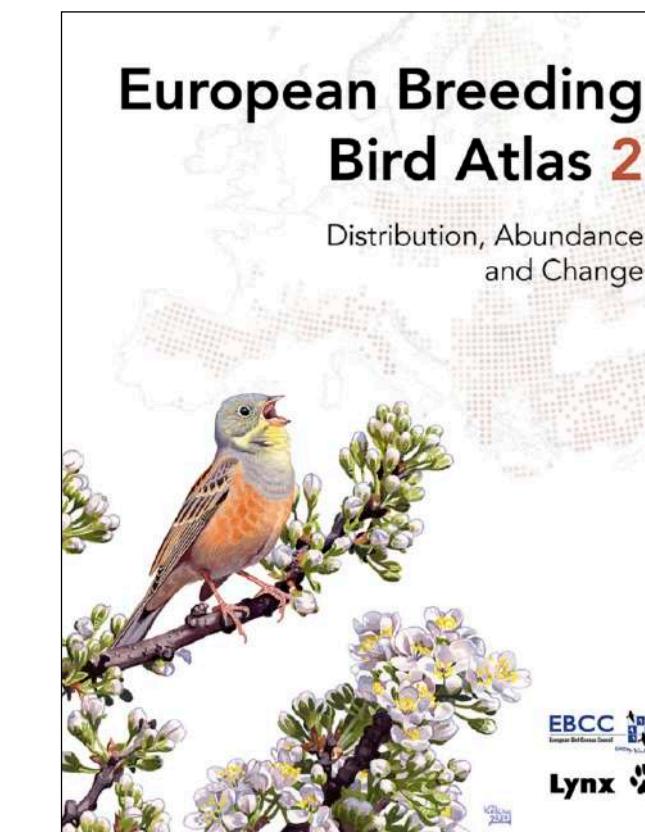
¿pero qué pasa a escalas medias?

datos de presencia ausencia

atlas de aves anidando



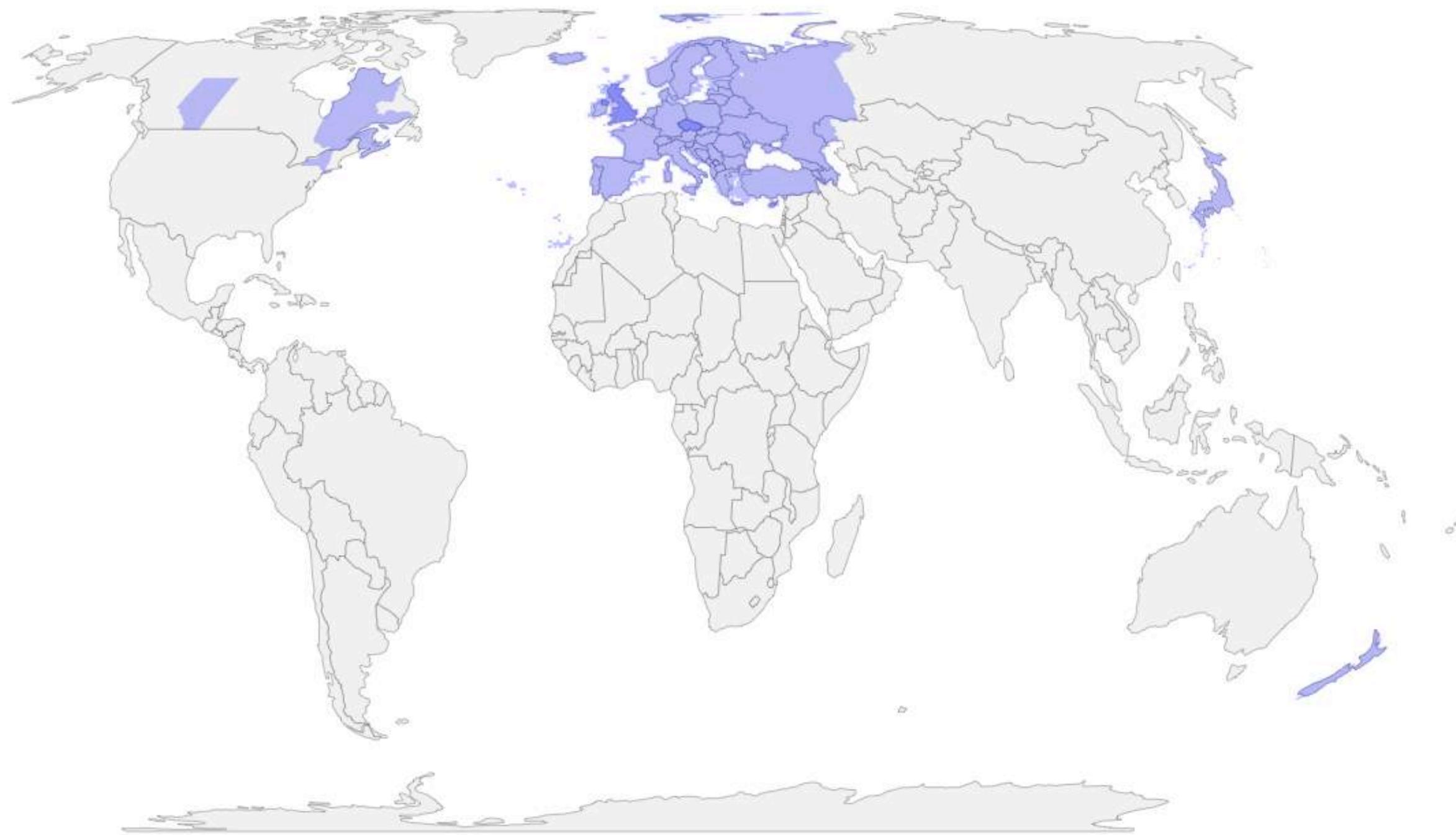
1 hora
10x10km



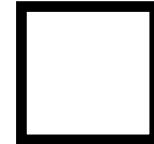


BEAST
Project

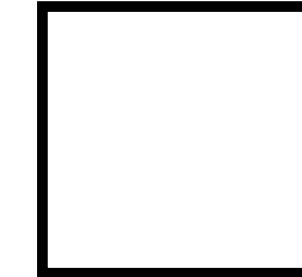
distribución espacial



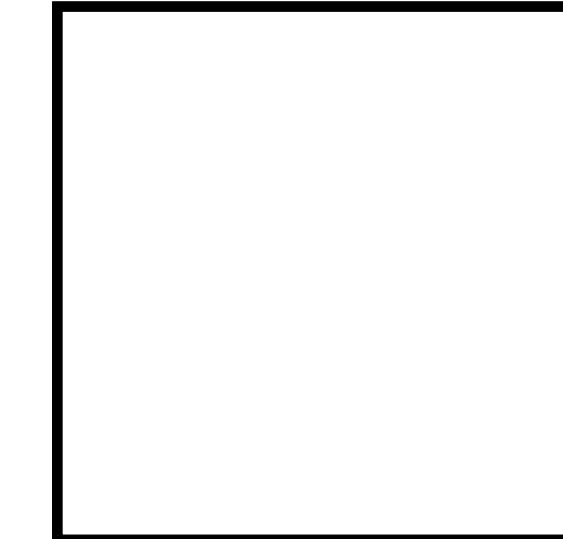
10x10km



20x20km

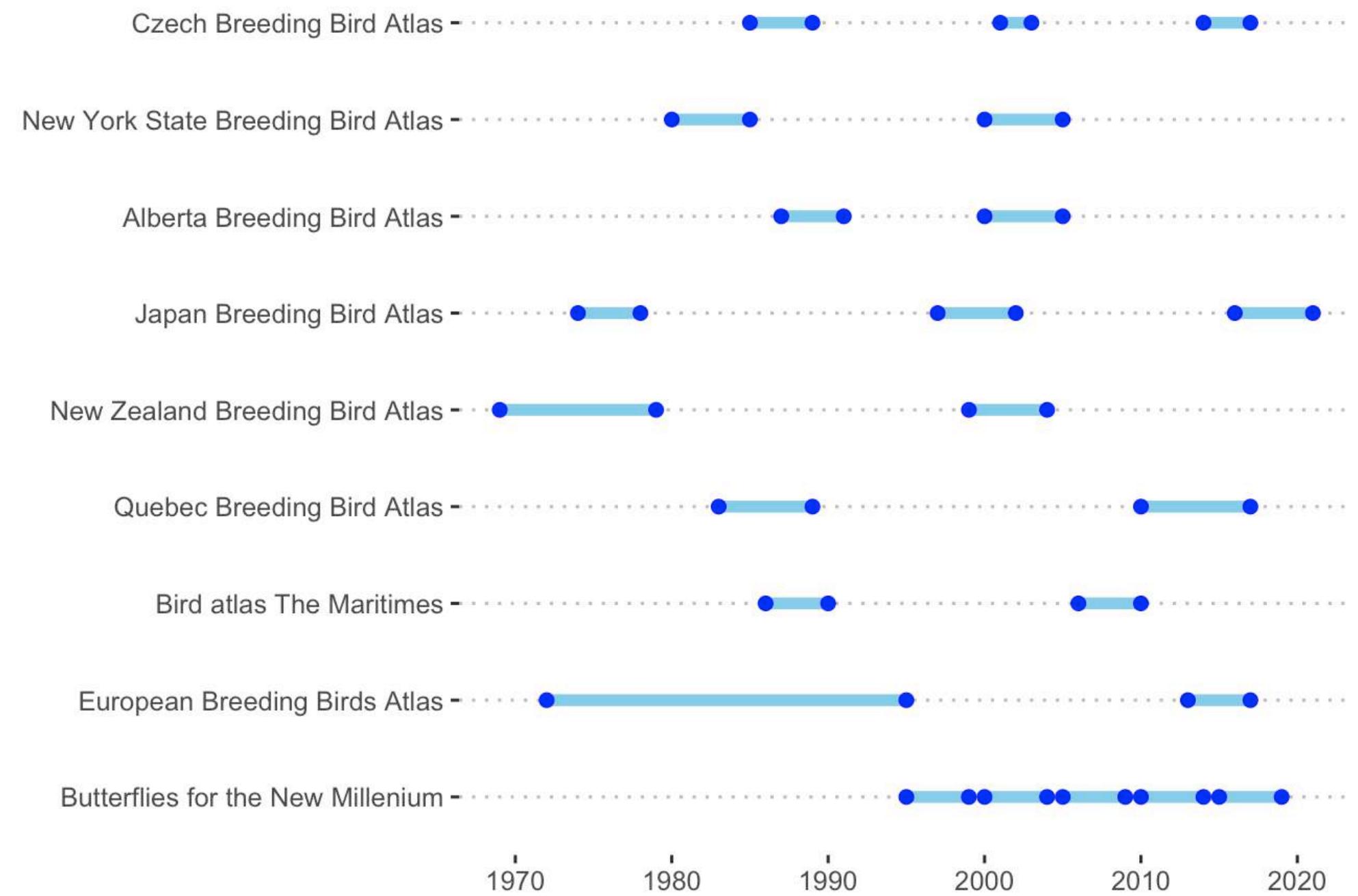


50x50km

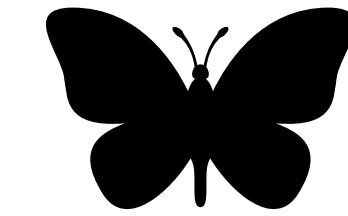
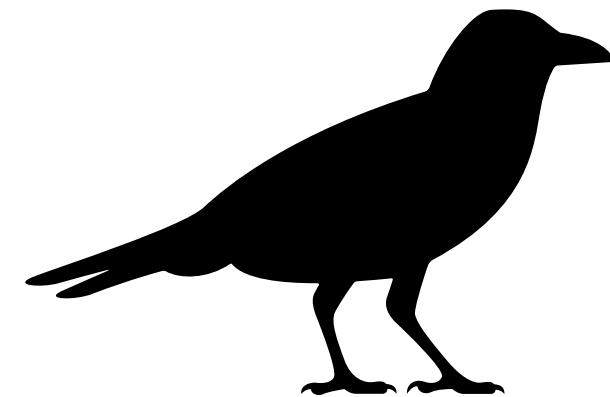


resolución

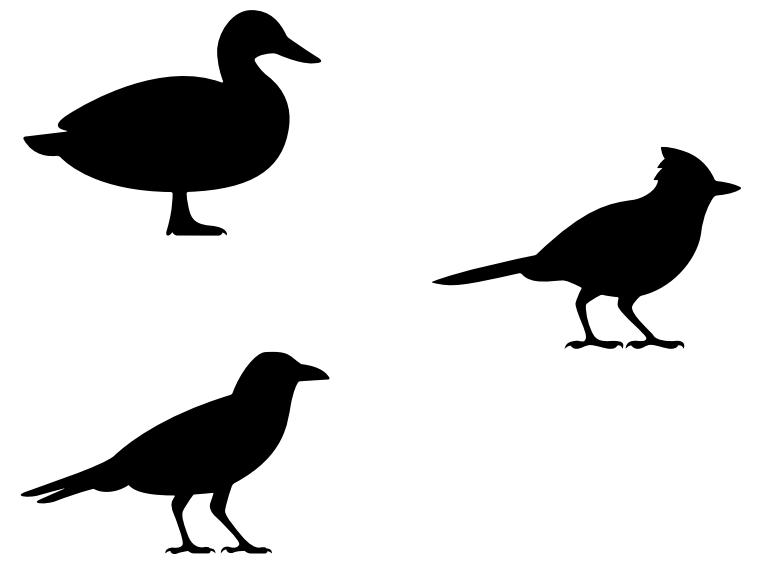
distribución temporal



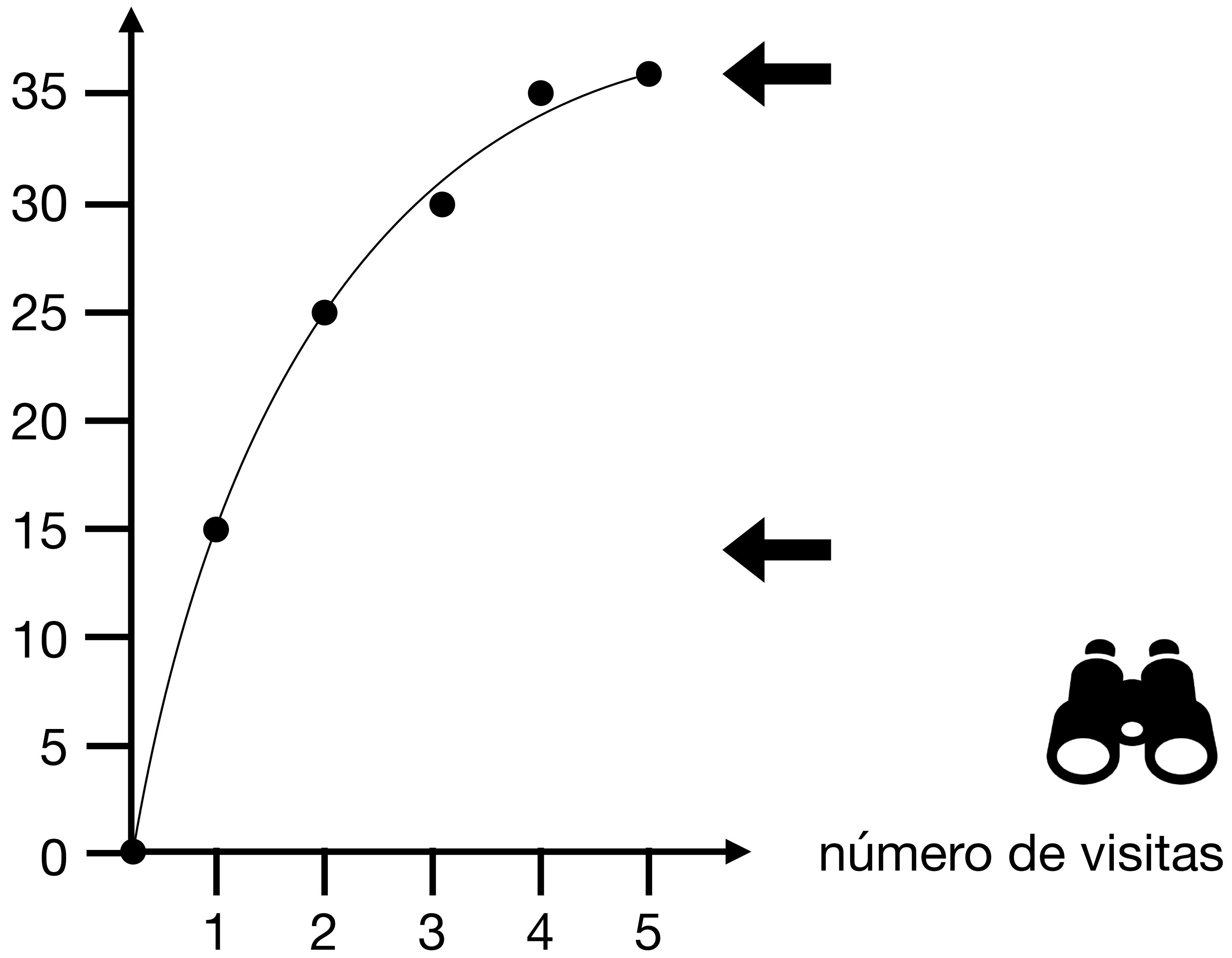
taxa



esfuerzo de muestreo

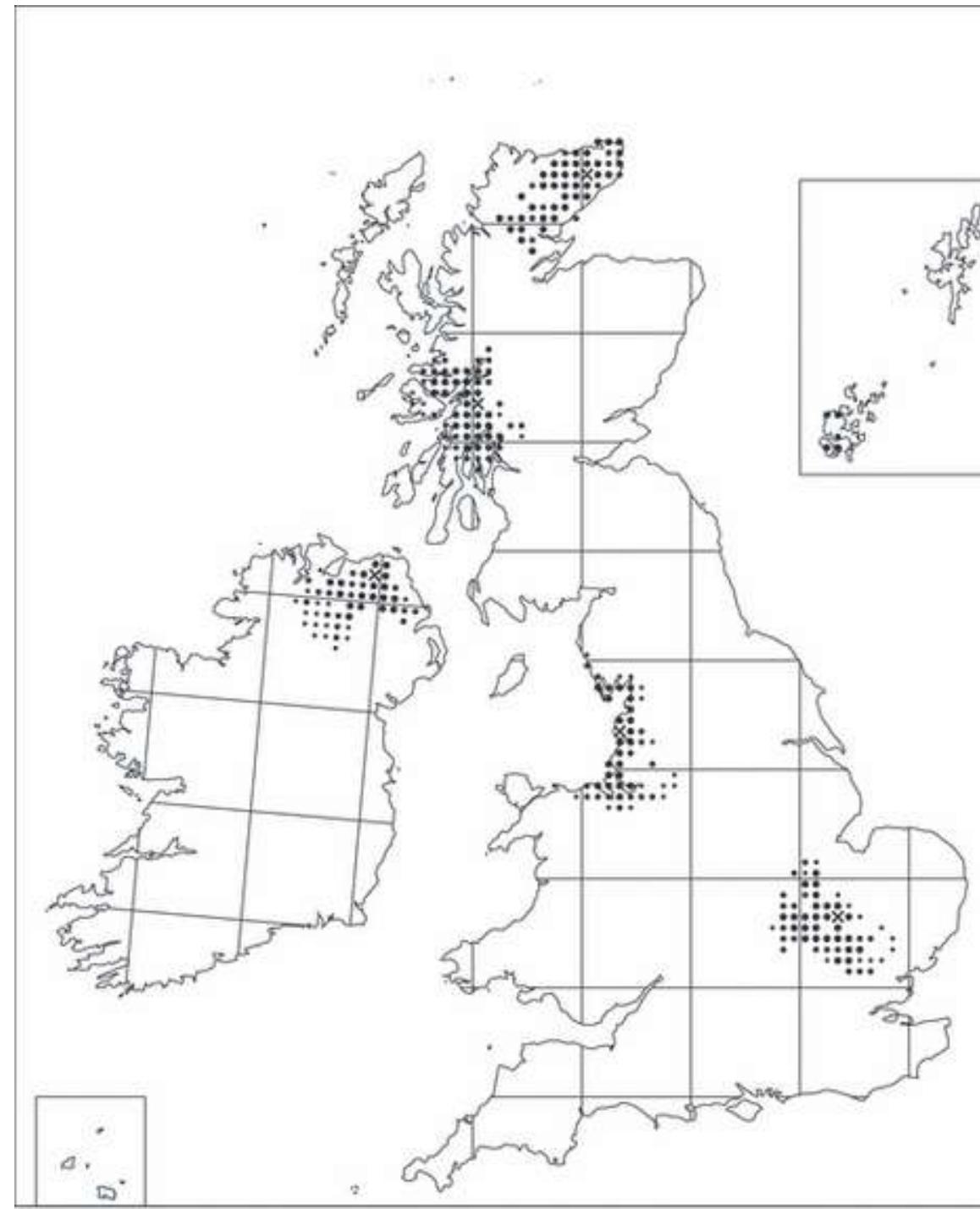


número de especies

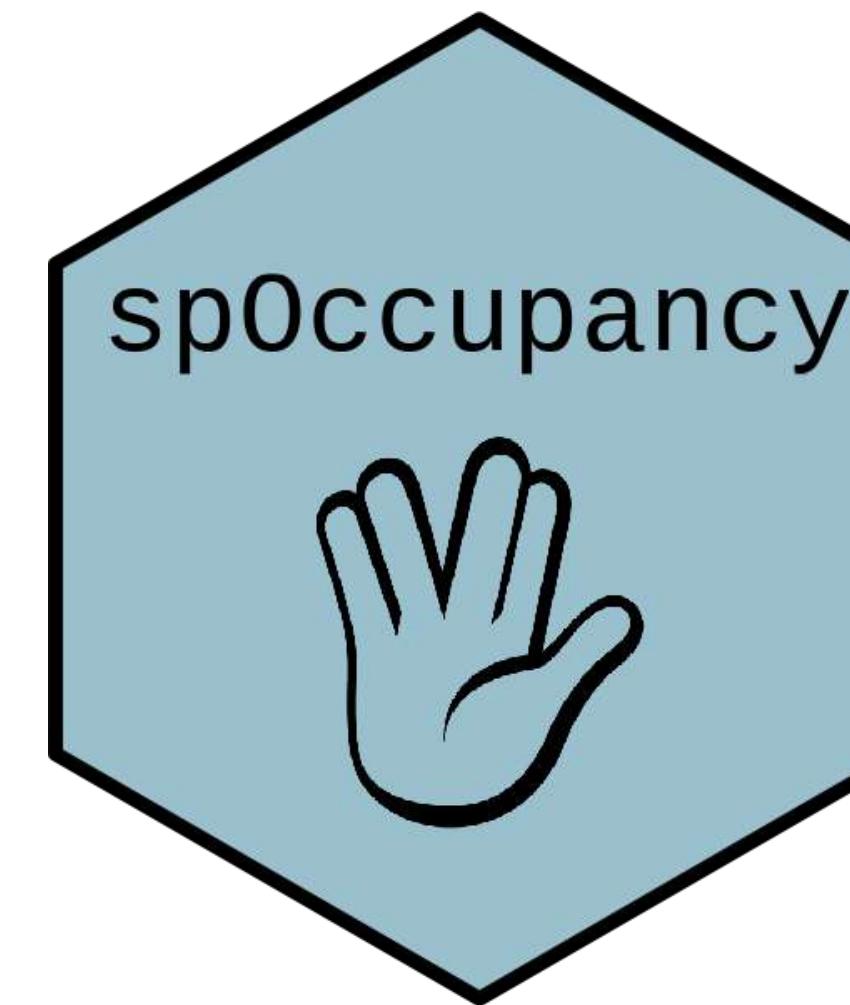


Frescalo (local frequency scaling) + Modelo de ocupación Bayesiano

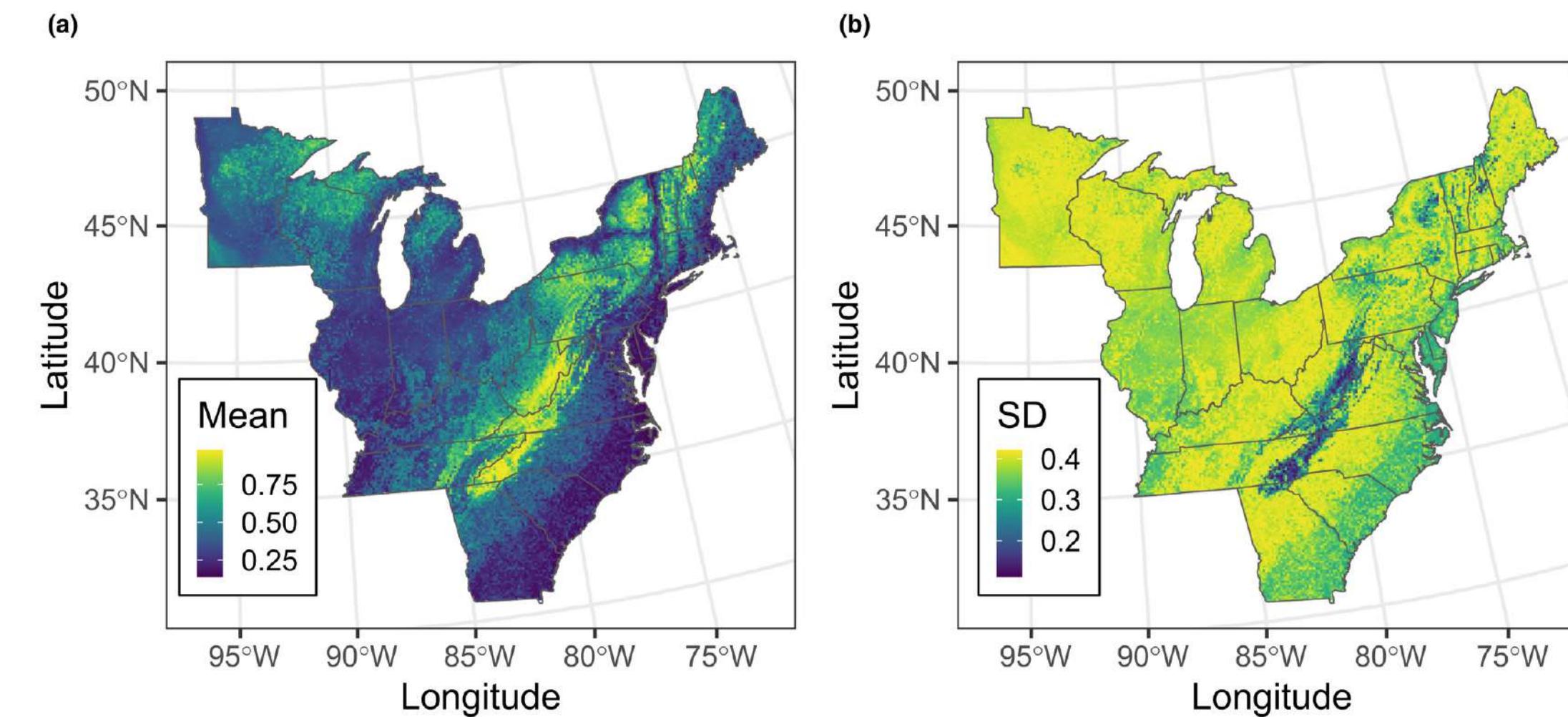
SPARTA
frescalo()



+



spPGOcc()
Single-species spatial occupancy

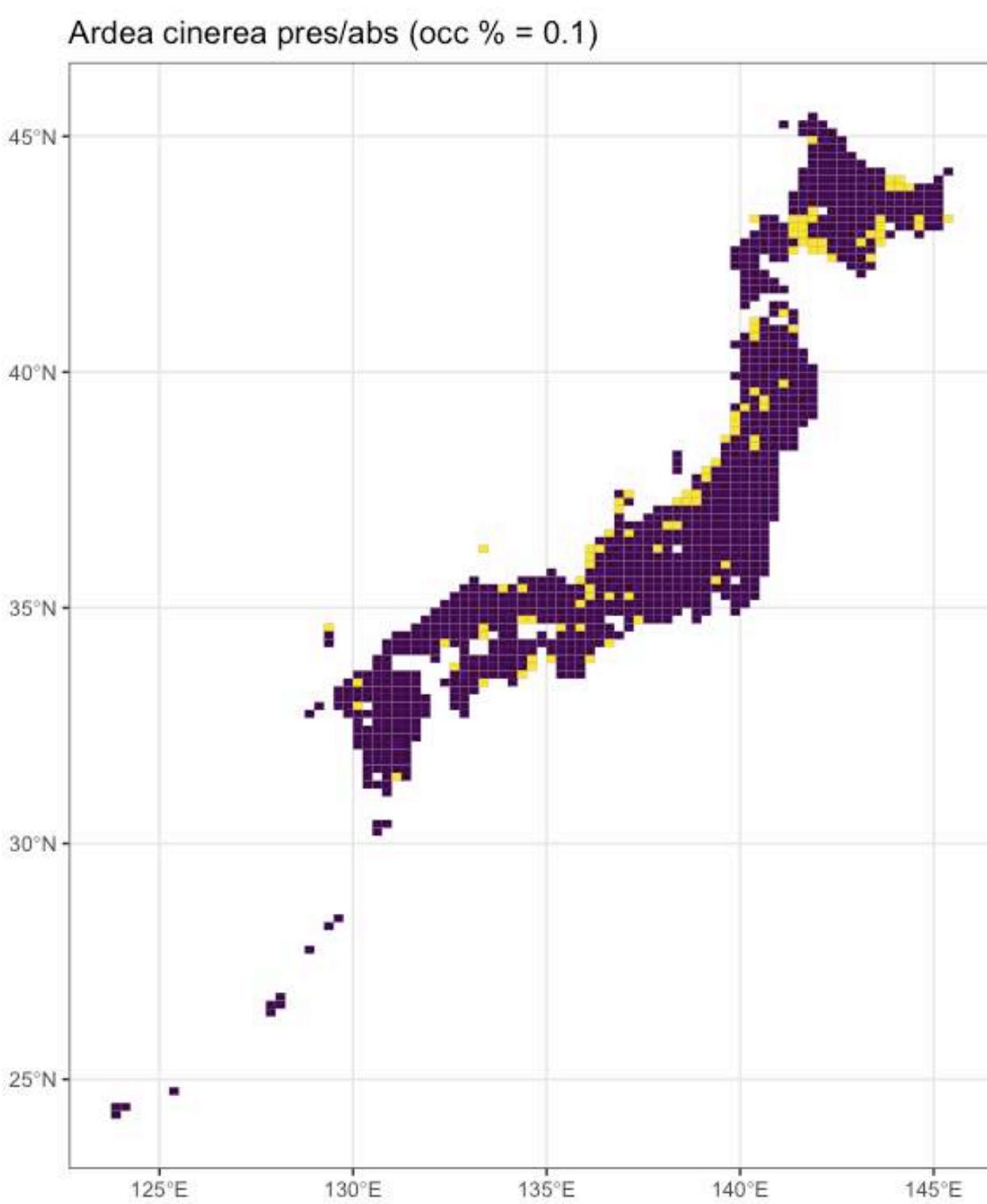


Japón

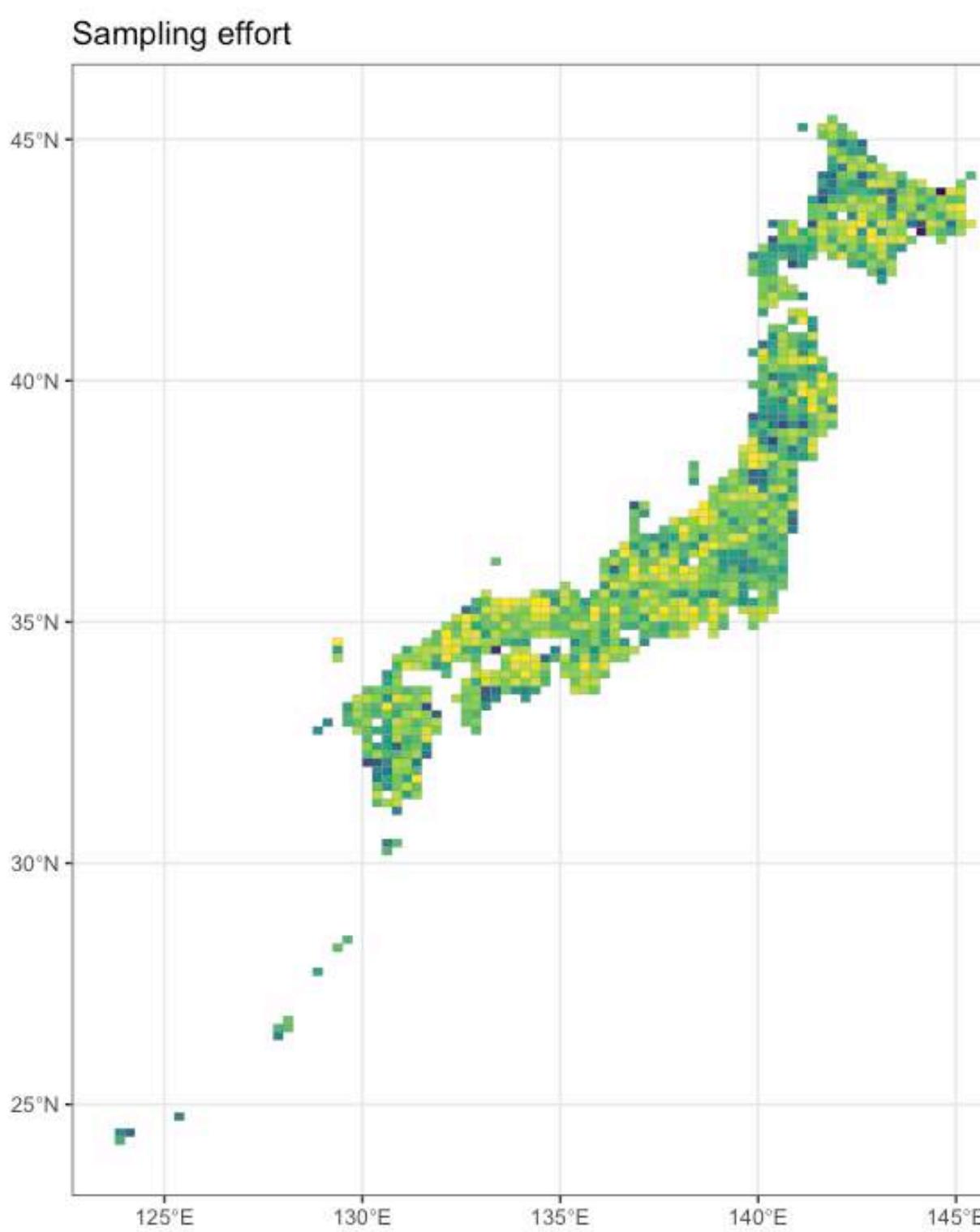
Ardea cinerea



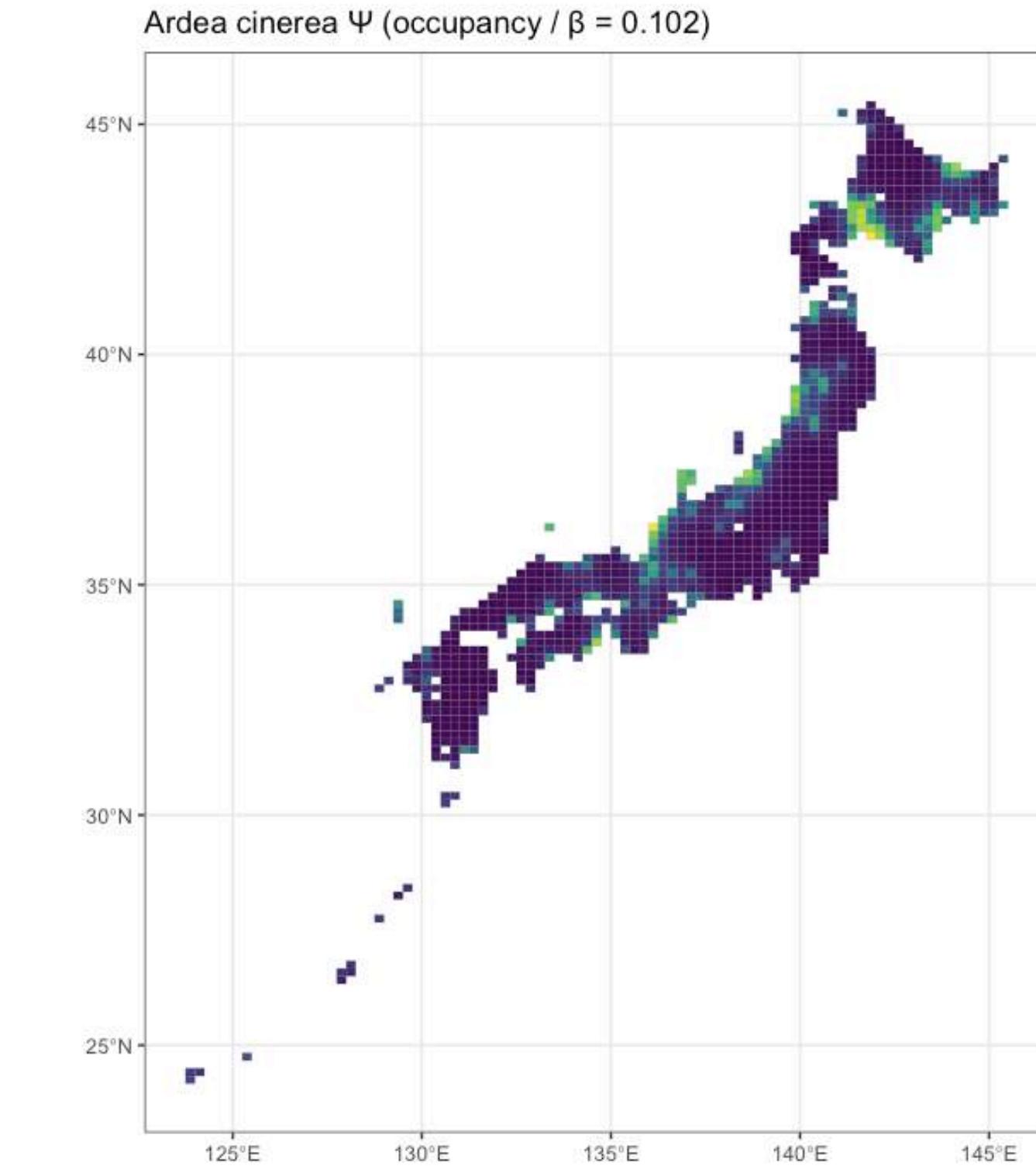
@leaf0605



presencia ausencia



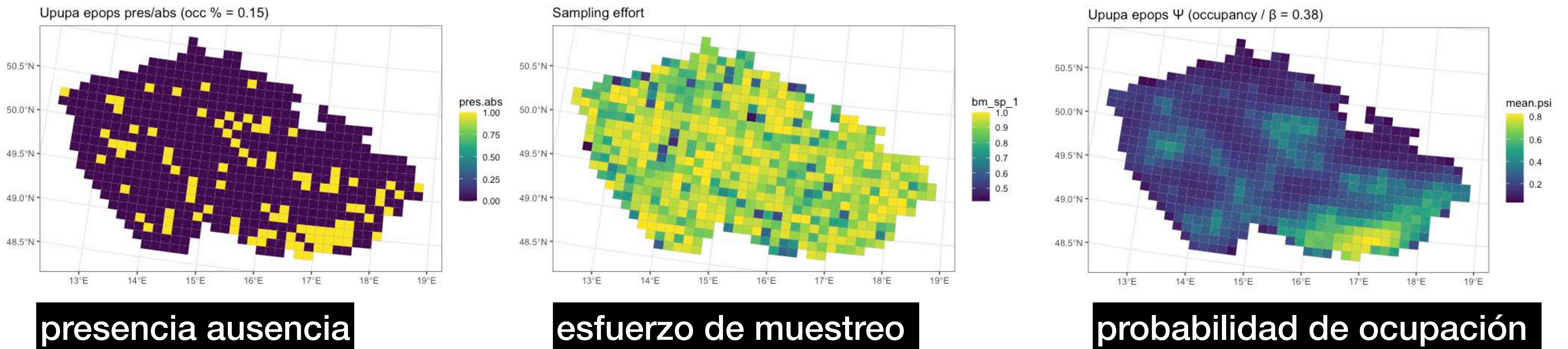
esfuerzo de muestreo



probabilidad de ocupación

República Checa

Upupa epops

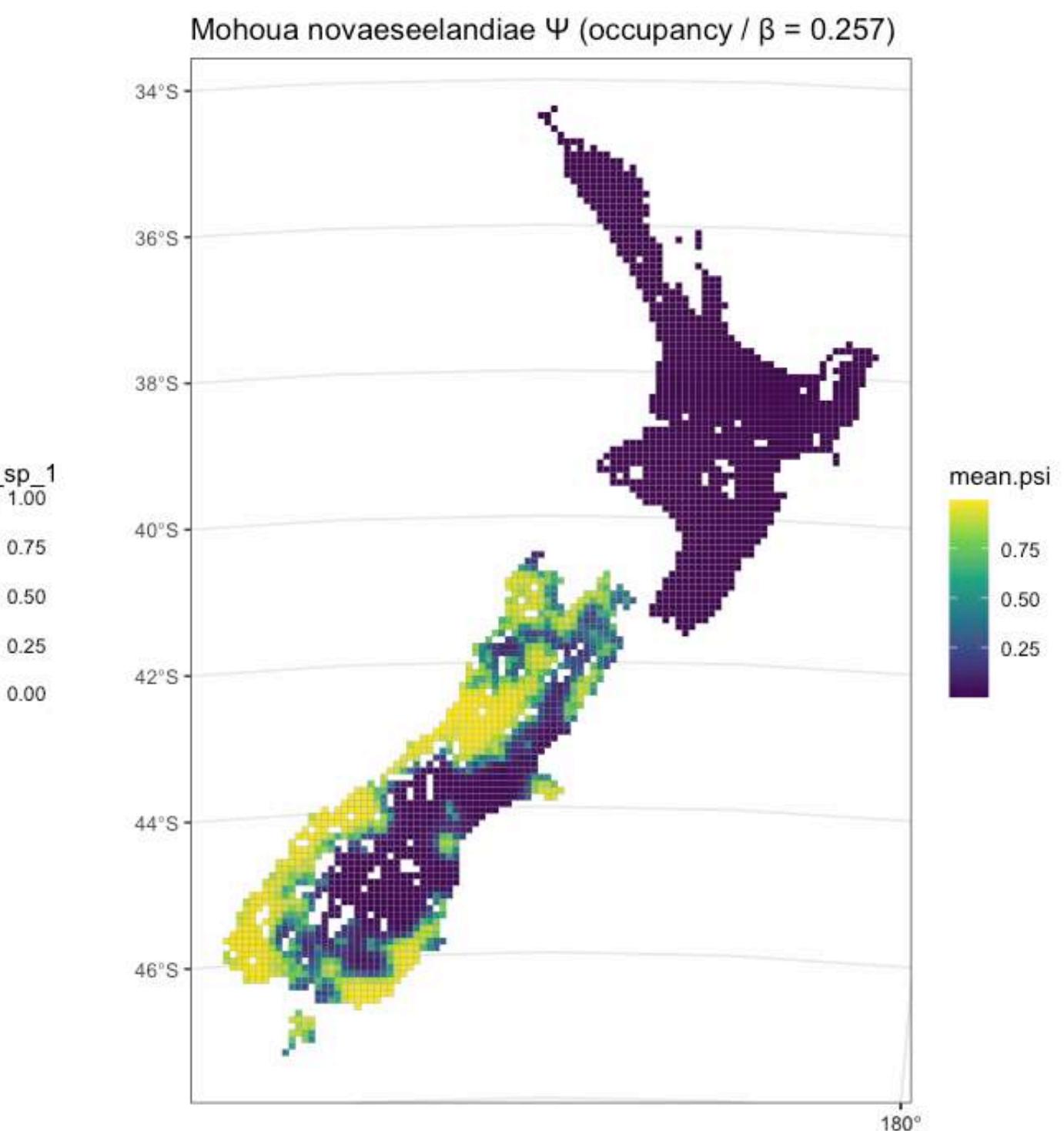
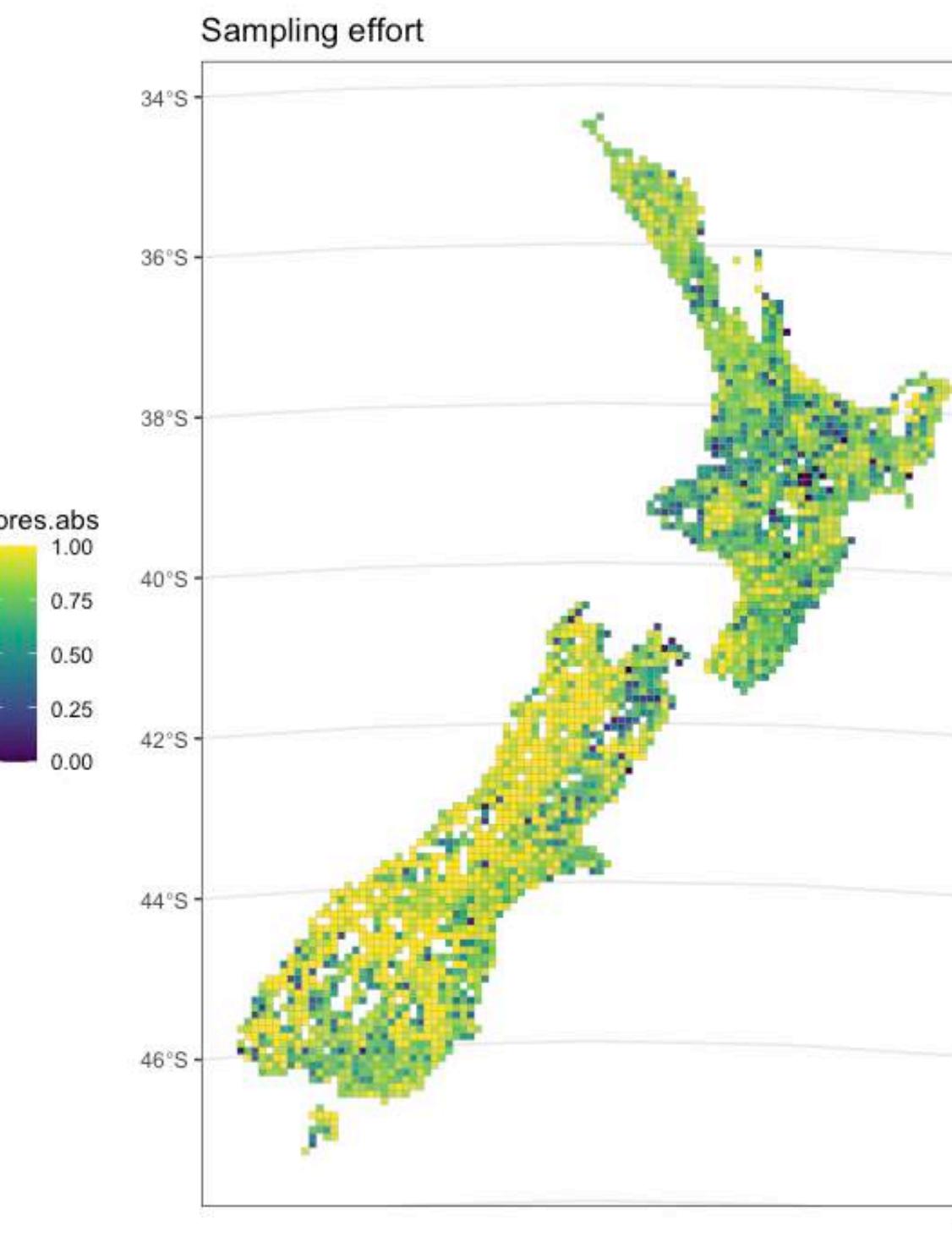
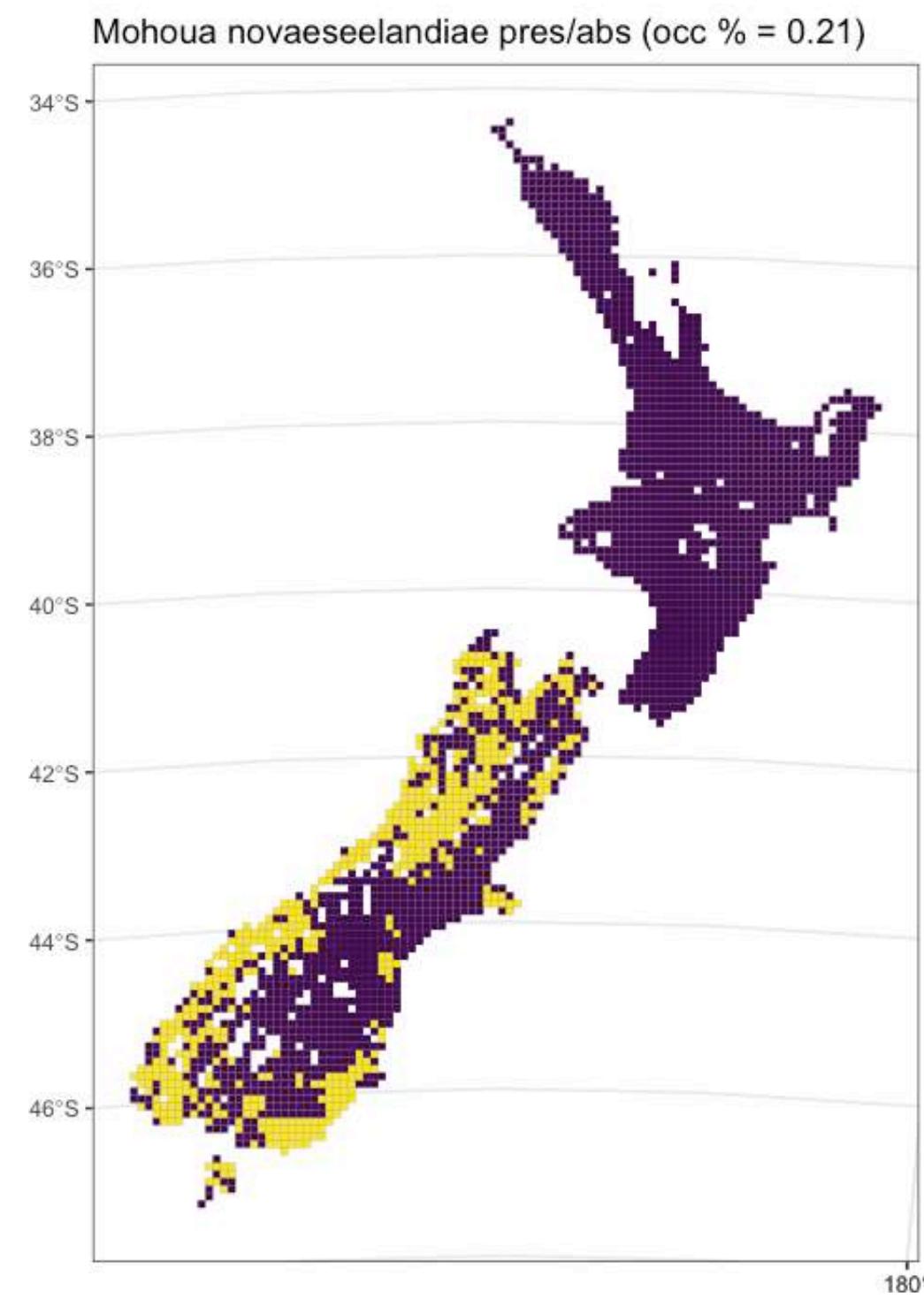


Nueva Zelanda

Mohoua novaeseelandiae



@possumsend



presencia ausencia

esfuerzo de muestreo

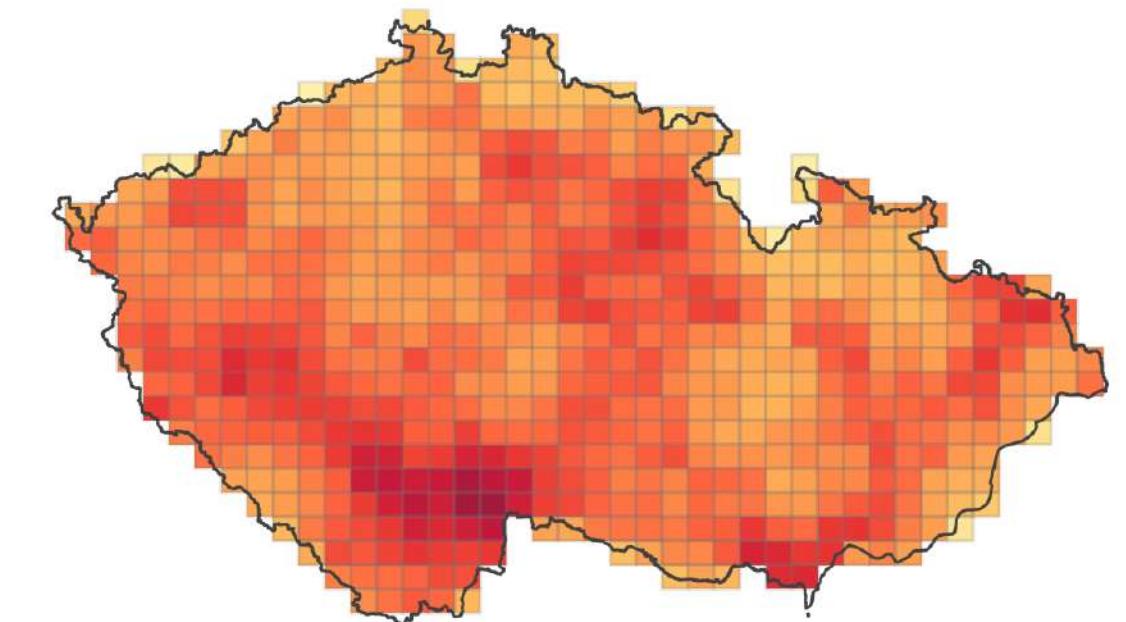
probabilidad de ocupación

República Checa

riqueza de especies por período

fortaleza de los
modelos Bayesianos

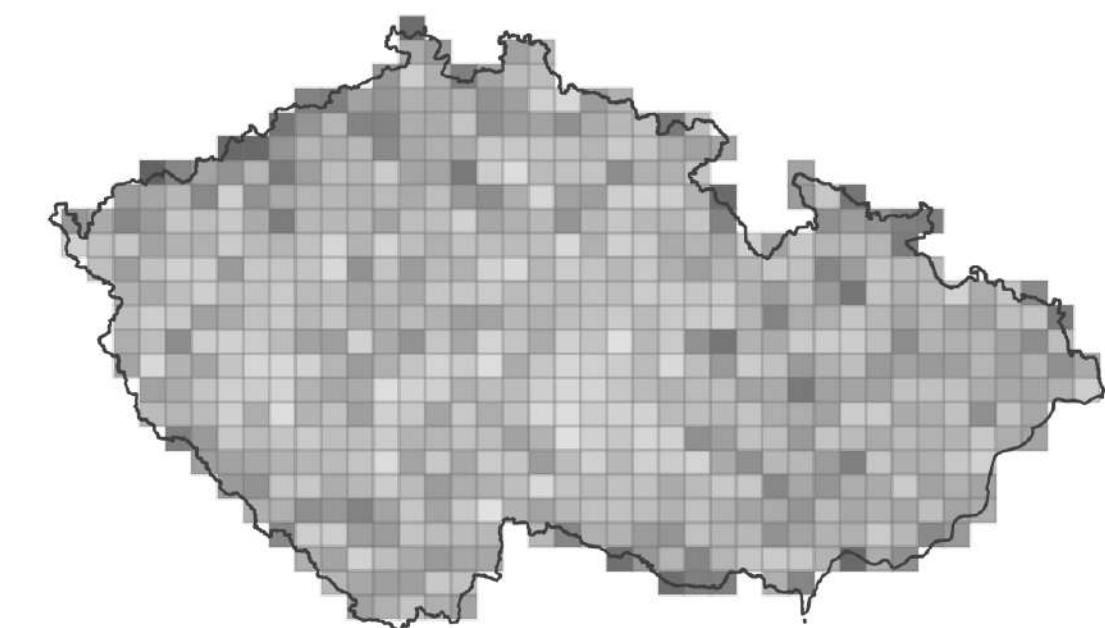
Species richness - 1985-1989



N species

151
123
113
103
93

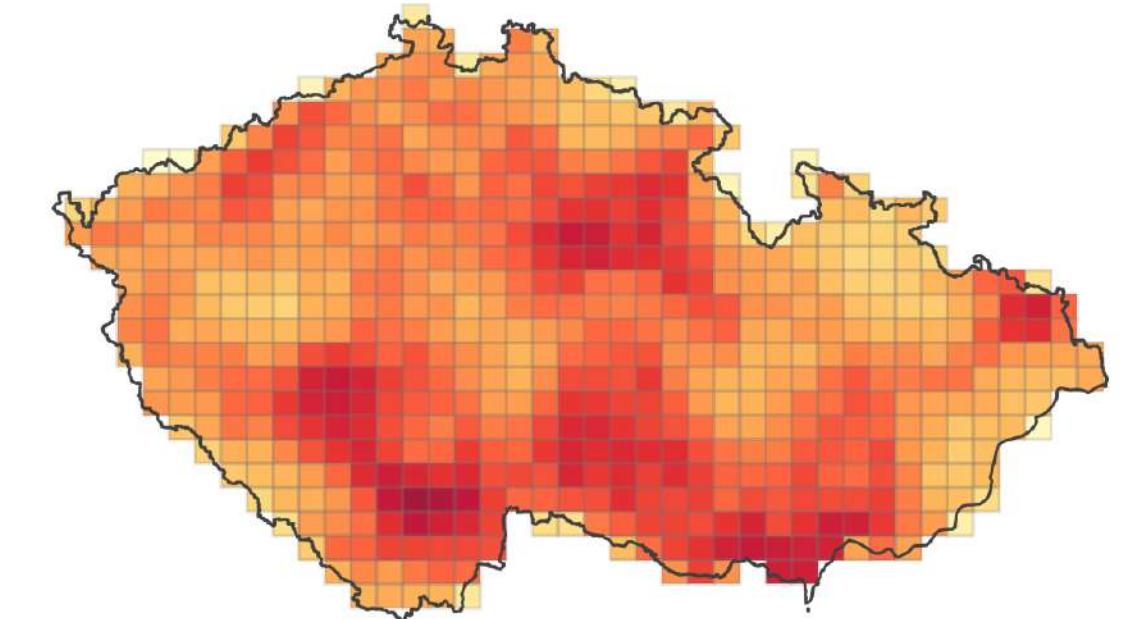
uncertainty



N species

-3.0
-2.0
-1.5
-1.0

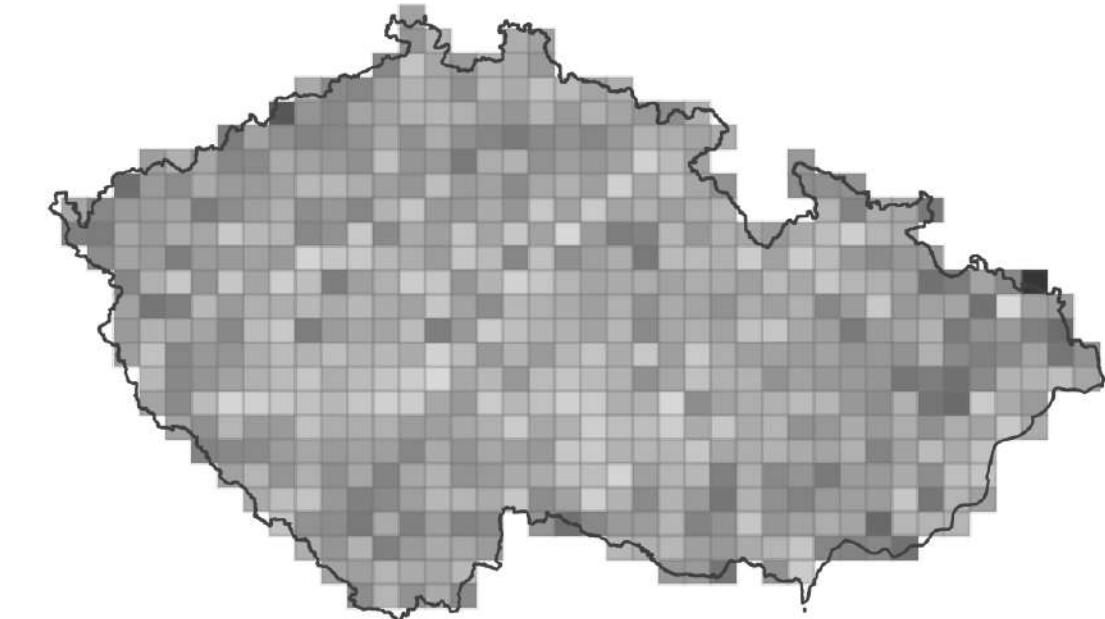
Species richness - 2014-2017



N species

151
123
113
103
93

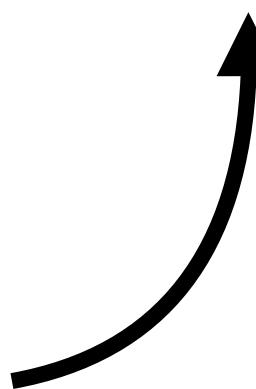
uncertainty



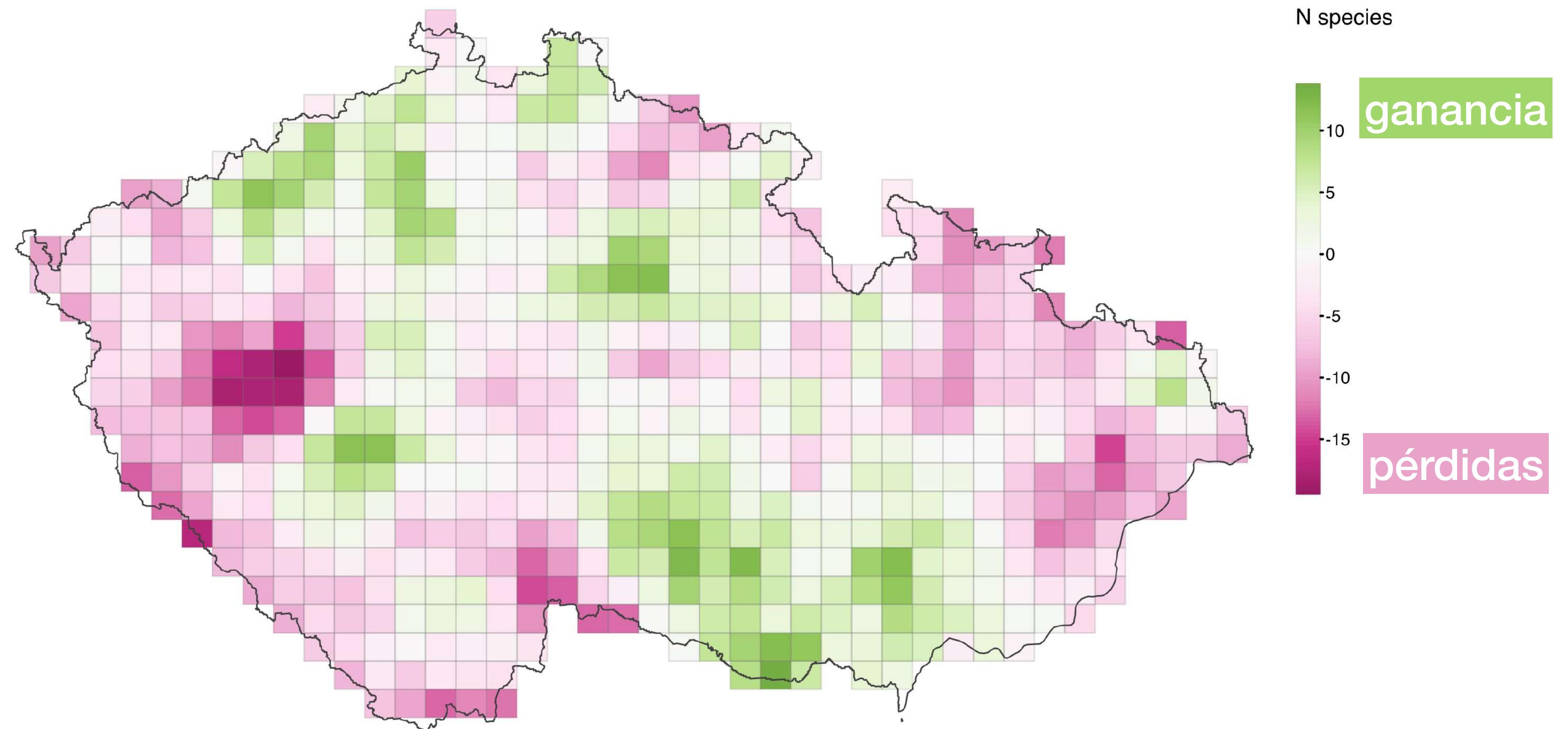
N species

-3.0
-2.0
-1.5
-1.0

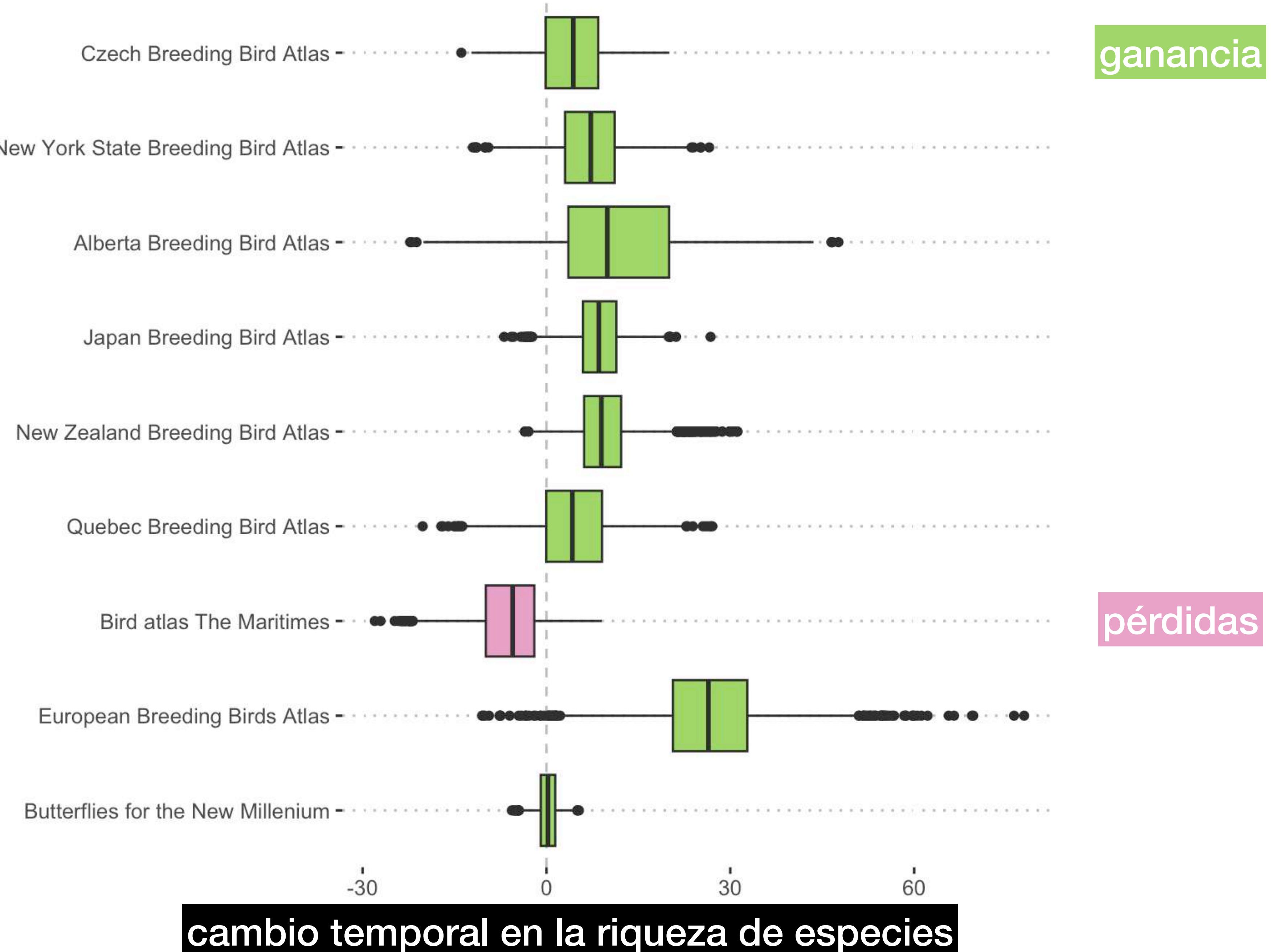
incertidumbre



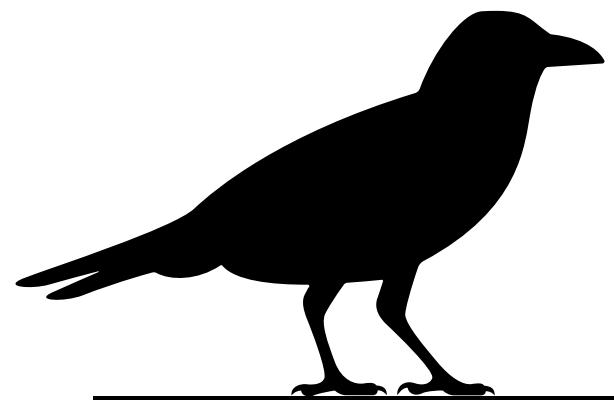
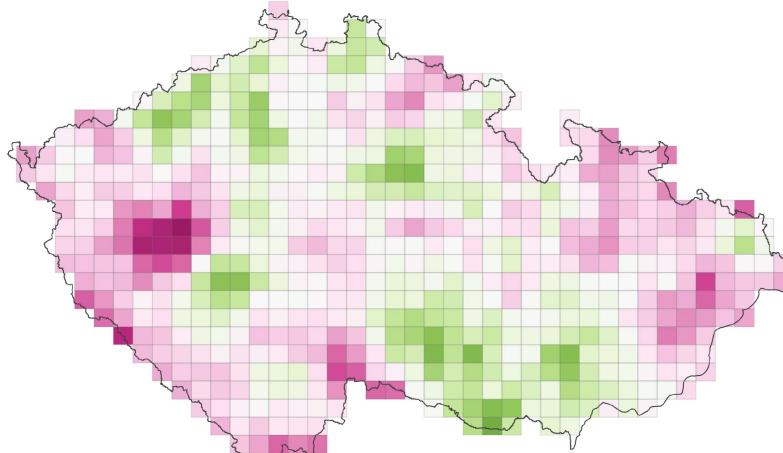
República Checa



cambio temporal en la riqueza de especies



¿Cómo podemos explicar estos cambios?

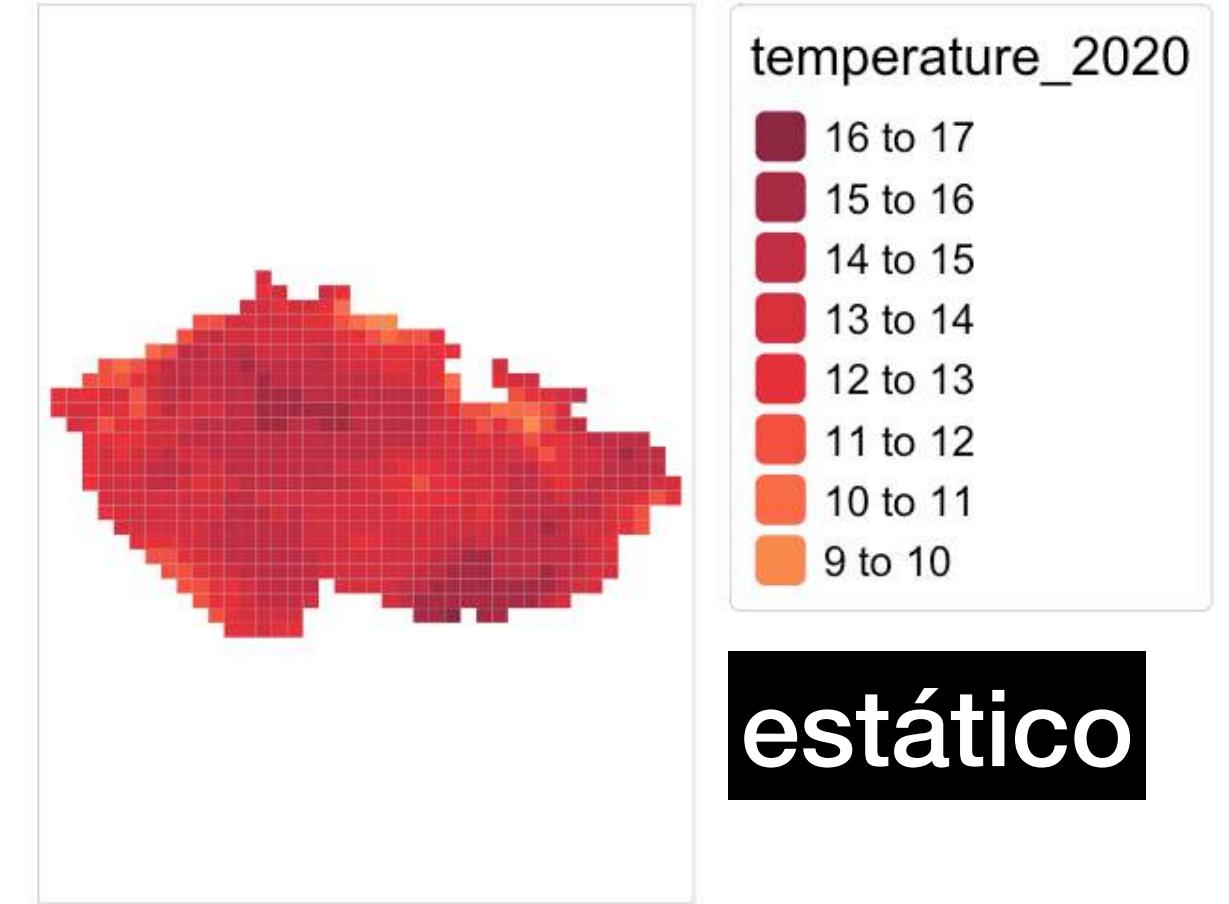


predictores	Static	Dynamic
temperature	2020	1970-2021
precipitation	2020	1970-2021
human footprint	2009	1993-2009
cropland area	2019	2003-2019
tree coverage	2020	2020-2022

clima

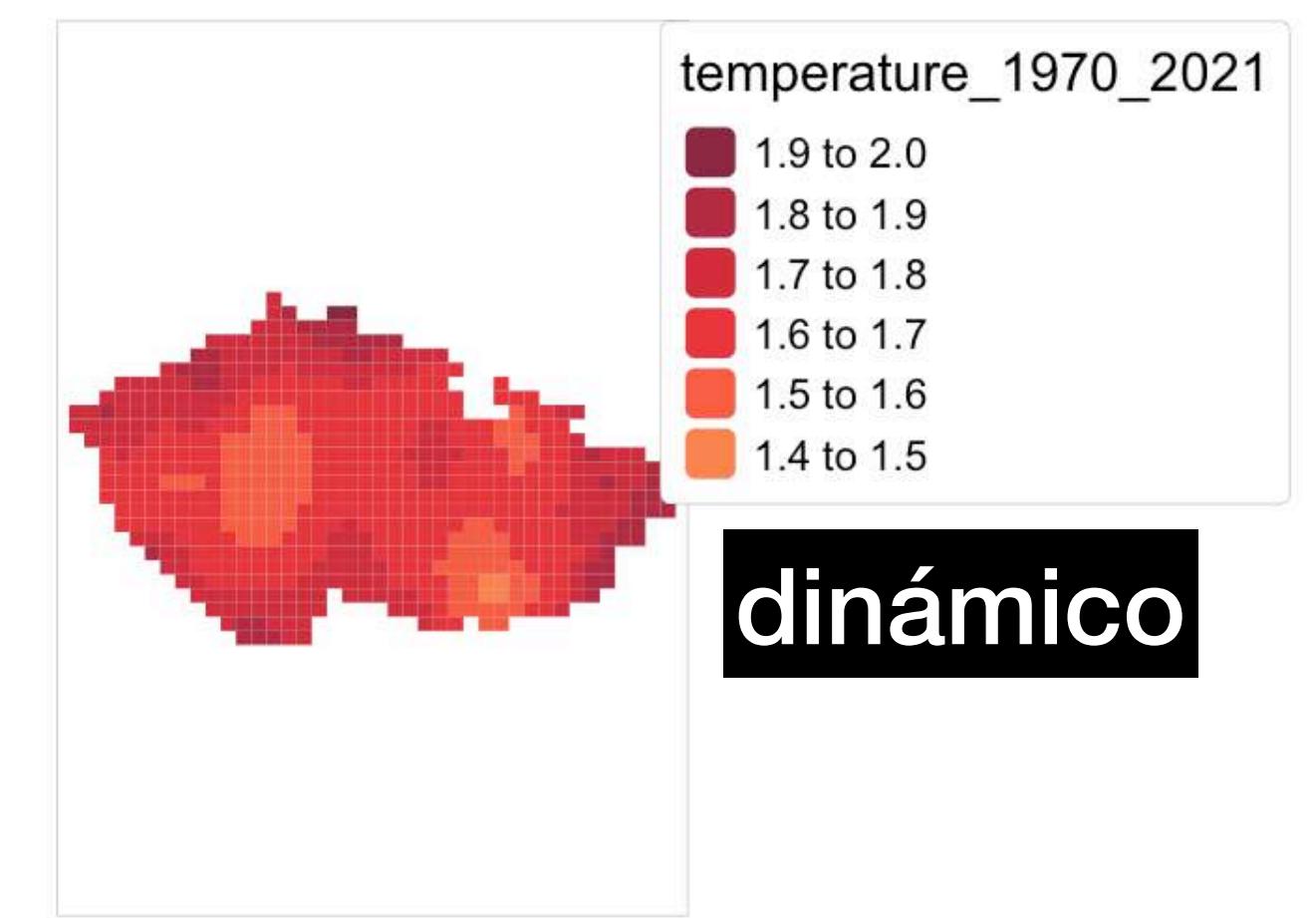
humanos

uso de suelo



temperature_2020
16 to 17
15 to 16
14 to 15
13 to 14
12 to 13
11 to 12
10 to 11
9 to 10

estático



temperature_1970_2021
1.9 to 2.0
1.8 to 1.9
1.7 to 1.8
1.6 to 1.7
1.5 to 1.6
1.4 to 1.5

dinámico

Continuará...



GRACIAS

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